

## LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Comm: RCS 02/16/2010

The Committee on Banking and Insurance (Fasano) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 494.00297, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

494.00297 Reverse mortgage loans.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the term:
- (a) "Department" means the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- (b) "Making a reverse mortgage loan" means the funding and closing of a reverse mortgage loan under this section.

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- (c) "Maximum claim" means the maximum amount of proceeds over the life of the reverse mortgage loan which the mortgagor is entitled to receive under the loan.
  - (d) "Mortgagor" means an individual who:
  - 1. Is, or whose spouse is, at least 62 years of age;
- 2. Holds title to the entire property that is the security for the reverse mortgage loan, or if there are multiple mortgagors, all the mortgagors collectively hold title to the entire property;
- 3. Has received adequate counseling, as provided in subsection (8); and
- 4. Has received full disclosure of all costs charged to the mortgagor, including costs of estate planning, financial advice, and other services that are related to the reverse mortgage loan but are not required to obtain the loan, which disclosure clearly states which charges are required to obtain the loan and which are not required to obtain the loan.
- (e) "Originating a reverse mortgage loan" means taking an application for a reverse mortgage loan pursuant to this section.
- (f) "Program" means the Home Equity Conversion Mortgage Program of the Federal Housing Administration.
- (g) "Reverse mortgage loan" or "loan" means a loan providing future payments which is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or equivalent security interest in the principal residence of the mortgagor, whether or not made under the program. Future payments include lump sum, periodic cash advances, or lines of credit based on the equity or the value in the place of residence.

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- (2) MORTGAGE LENDERS.—Only mortgage lenders and mortgage brokers licensed under ss. 494.001-494.0077 may engage in originating or making a reverse mortgage loan under this section.
- (3) LOAN LIMITATIONS AND PARAMETERS.—A reverse mortgage loan must comply with all of the following:
- (a) Any prepayment of the loan by the mortgagor, in whole or in part, is permitted without penalty at any time during the term of the loan. For purposes of this paragraph, the term, "penalty" does not include any fees, payments, or other charges that would otherwise have been due upon the reverse mortgage loan being due and payable.
- (b) If a reverse mortgage loan provides for periodic advances to a mortgagor, the advances may not be reduced in amount or number based upon adjustments in the interest rate.
- (c) The loan balance is due and payable in full if any of the following events occur:
- 1. The mortgagor dies and the property is not the principal residence of at least one other mortgagor.
- 2. The mortgagor conveys all of his or her title in the property and no other mortgagor retains title to the property.
- 3. The property ceases to be the principal place of residence of the mortgagor or, for a period of longer than 12 consecutive months, a mortgagor fails to occupy the property because of physical or mental illness and the property is not the principal residence of at least one other mortgagor.
- 4. An obligation of the mortgagor under the mortgage is not performed.
  - (d) The loan requires no payment of principal or interest

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until the entire loan becomes due and payable.

(4) ORIGINATION FEES.—

- (a) The mortgage lender may collect, in cash at the time of closing or through an initial payment under the reverse mortgage loan, a charge to compensate the lender for expenses incurred in originating and closing the loan, which may be fully financed by the loan mortgage. The origination fee is equal to 2 percent of the maximum claim amount of the loan, up to a maximum claim amount of \$200,000, plus 1 percent of any portion of the maximum claim amount which is greater than \$200,000 and is subject to a maximum origination fee of \$6,000.
- (b) The mortgagor may not be required to pay any additional origination fee of any kind to a mortgage broker or loan originator. A mortgage broker's fee may be included as part of the origination fee only if the mortgage broker is engaged independently by the homeowner and if there is no financial interest between the mortgage broker and the mortgage lender.
  - (5) DISCLOSURES.—
- (a) A mortgage lender shall provide the mortgagor, at any time during the reverse mortgage loan process but before the loan closing, with a document disclosing in plain language a summary of the core terms and conditions of the loan. The terms and conditions must include, but are not limited to:
  - 1. The interest rate.
  - 2. Whether the rate is fixed or adjustable.
- 3. If the rate is adjustable, the frequency of the rate change and the maximum amount the rate can change in any period.
- 4. The public index to which any changes in the interest rate are tied.



100 5. The term of the loan.

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- 6. The schedule of payments paid out during the term of the loan.
  - 7. The conditions under which repayment is required.
- (b) The commission may adopt rules requiring mortgage lenders to make specific disclosures to mortgagors regarding a reverse mortgage loan. In adopting such rules, the commission shall consider general industry standards as provided in the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, as amended, 12 U.S.C. ss. 2601 et eq., the federal Truth in Lending Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1601 et seq., the federal Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, Pub. L. No. 110-289, the federal Housing and Community Development Act of 1987, 12 U.S.C. 1715z-20, and any regulations adopted under such acts.
  - (7) CROSS-SELLING.
- (a) A mortgage lender or any other party may not require an applicant for a reverse mortgage loan to purchase insurance, an annuity, or similar financial product, excluding title insurance or hazard, flood, or other peril insurance, as a condition of obtaining a reverse mortgage loan.
- (b) A mortgage lender or a mortgage broker arranging a reverse mortgage loan may not participate in, be associated with, or employ any party that participates in or is associated with any other financial or insurance activity unless the mortgage lender or mortgage broker demonstrates to the office that the mortgage lender or other party maintains, or will maintain, firewalls and other safeguards designed to ensure that:
  - 1. Individuals participating in the origination of the

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reverse mortgage loan have no involvement with, or incentive to provide the mortgagor with, any other financial or insurance product; and

- 2. The mortgagor will not be required, directly or indirectly, as a condition of obtaining a reverse mortgage, to purchase any other financial or insurance product.
- (8) COUNSELING AND CONSUMER EDUCATION.—Before making a reverse mortgage loan, a mortgagor must receive counseling as provided in this subsection.
- (a) The mortgage lenders shall provide the mortgagor with a list of at least five counseling agencies approved by the department, including at least two agencies that can provide counseling by telephone. The counseling agency must be an independent third party that is not, directly or indirectly, associated with or compensated by a party involved in:
  - 1. Originating or servicing the reverse mortgage loan;
- 2. Funding the loan underlying the reverse mortgage loan; or
- 3. Funding the sale of annuities, investments, long-term care insurance, or any other type of financial or insurance product.
- (b) Counseling may be face-to-face or by telephone. The information covered in the counseling session must include:
- 1. Options other than a reverse mortgage loan which are available to the mortgagor, including other housing, social service, health, and financial options.
- 2. Other reverse mortgage loan options that are or may become available to the mortgagor, including, but not limited to, sale-leaseback financing, deferred payment loans, and



property tax deferrals.

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- 3. The financial implications of entering into a reverse mortgage loan.
- 4. A disclosure that a reverse mortgage loan may have tax consequences, affect eligibility for assistance under federal and state programs, and have an impact on the estate and heirs of the mortgagor.
- 5. Any other information that the commission may require by rule.
- (c) For mortgagors represented by an individual who is a court-appointed guardian or possesses a durable power of attorney for the mortgagor, such representative must complete the counseling requirements.
- (d) Upon the request of the mortgagor, other parties shall be permitted to attend the counseling with the mortgagor. This paragraph does not create an obligation or duty on the part of the mortgage lender to inform, notify, or advise any other party of the opportunity to attend the counseling.
- (e) The mortgagor may be assessed a fee for the counseling. The fee may be financed under the loan amount as limited by the department.
- (f) A mortgage lender may not accept a final and complete application for a reverse mortgage loan from a prospective mortgagor or assess and collect any fees from a prospective mortgagor without first receiving a certification from the mortgagor or the mortgagor's authorized representative that the mortgagor has received counseling from an approved agency.
- 1. The certification must be signed by the mortgagor and the agency counselor and include the dates of the counseling and

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the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the counselor and the mortgagor. An electronic facsimile copy of the counseling certification satisfies the requirements of this paragraph.

- 2. The mortgage lender shall maintain the certification in an accurate, reproducible, and accessible format for the term of the reverse mortgage loan.
  - (9) OTHER PROVISIONS.—
- (a) For purposes of this section, a property is deemed to be owner-occupied notwithstanding that legal title to the property is held in the name of a trust if the occupant of the property is a beneficiary of the trust.
- (b) An arrangement, transfer, or lien subject to this section may not be invalidated solely because of the failure of a mortgage lender to comply with any provision of this section. However, this section does preclude the application of any other existing civil remedies provided by law.
- (10) The commission may adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 2011.

207 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 208 And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to reverse mortgage loans; creating s. 494.00297, F.S.; providing definitions; specifying who may originate or make a loan; specifying the requirements for reverse mortgage loans; authorizing

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certain fees and charges for loans; requiring mortgage lenders to disclose certain loan information to mortgagors; prohibiting lenders from requiring reverse mortgage loan applicants to purchase certain financial products; providing counseling and consumer education requirements for reverse mortgage lenders and the mortgagor; providing for construction; authorizing the Financial Services Commission to adopt rules; providing an effective date.