HB 1565 2010

A bill to be entitled

1 2 An act relating to rulemaking; amending s. 120.54, F.S.; 3 4 5 6 7

requiring each agency, before adopting, amending, or repealing a rule, to determine whether the rule would adversely affect small businesses or increase the regulatory costs of small businesses; requiring the agency to conduct an independent economic analysis under certain specified circumstances; prohibiting a state agency from producing its own economic analysis or an economic analysis for another state agency; requiring that the economic analysis be certified as valid by the Office of Economic and Demographic Research; requiring the agency to request further independent analysis if the rule would adversely affect or increase the regulatory costs of small businesses; requiring a rule to be ratified by the Legislature if the state agency cannot prove that the rule creates new jobs and lowers the unemployment rate for the state; requiring that rules subject to ratification be accompanied by a report from the agency explaining why the rule does not create new private-sector jobs and reduce

19 20

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

21 22

23

24 25

26

27

28

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

act is not applicable to certain specified rules;

Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 120.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 1 of 6

the unemployment rate for the state; providing that the

providing an effective date.

120.54 Rulemaking.-

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

4142

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

- (3) ADOPTION PROCEDURES. -
- (b) Special matters to be considered in rule adoption.-
- 1. Statement of estimated regulatory costs.—Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule other than an emergency rule, an agency is encouraged to prepare a statement of estimated regulatory costs of the proposed rule, as provided by s. 120.541. However, an agency shall prepare a statement of estimated regulatory costs of the proposed rule, as provided by s. 120.541, if the proposed rule will have an impact on small business.
 - 2. Small businesses, small counties, and small cities.-
- Each agency, before the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, shall consider the impact of the rule on small businesses as defined by s. 288.703 and the impact of the rule on small counties or small cities as defined by s. 120.52. Whenever practicable, an agency shall tier its rules to reduce disproportionate impacts on small businesses, small counties, or small cities to avoid regulating small businesses, small counties, or small cities that do not contribute significantly to the problem the rule is designed to address. An agency may define "small business" to include businesses employing more than 200 persons, may define "small county" to include those with populations of more than 75,000, and may define "small city" to include those with populations of more than 10,000, if it finds that such a definition is necessary to adapt a rule to the needs and problems of small businesses, small counties, or small cities. The agency shall consider each of the following

methods for reducing the impact of the proposed rule on small businesses, small counties, and small cities, or any combination of these entities:

- (I) Establishing less stringent compliance or reporting requirements in the rule.
- (II) Establishing less stringent schedules or deadlines in the rule for compliance or reporting requirements.
- (III) Consolidating or simplifying the rule's compliance or reporting requirements.
- (IV) Establishing performance standards or best management practices to replace design or operational standards in the rule.
- (V) Exempting small businesses, small counties, or small cities from any or all requirements of the rule.

b.

57

58

59

60

61

6263

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

- (I) If the agency determines that the proposed action will affect small businesses as defined by the agency as provided in sub-subparagraph a., the agency shall send written notice of the rule to the Small Business Regulatory Advisory Council and the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development not less than 28 days prior to the intended action.
- (II) Each agency shall adopt those regulatory alternatives offered by the Small Business Regulatory Advisory Council and provided to the agency no later than 21 days after the council's receipt of the written notice of the rule which it finds are feasible and consistent with the stated objectives of the proposed rule and which would reduce the impact on small businesses. When regulatory alternatives are offered by the

Page 3 of 6

Small Business Regulatory Advisory Council, the 90-day period for filing the rule in subparagraph (e)2. is extended for a period of 21 days.

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

(III) If an agency does not adopt all alternatives offered pursuant to this sub-subparagraph, it shall, prior to rule adoption or amendment and pursuant to subparagraph (d)1., file a detailed written statement with the committee explaining the reasons for failure to adopt such alternatives. Within 3 working days of the filing of such notice, the agency shall send a copy of such notice to the Small Business Regulatory Advisory Council. The Small Business Regulatory Advisory Council may make a request of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives that the presiding officers direct the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to determine whether the rejected alternatives reduce the impact on small business while meeting the stated objectives of the proposed rule. Within 60 days after the date of the directive from the presiding officers, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall report to the Administrative Procedures Committee its findings as to whether an alternative reduces the impact on small business while meeting the stated objectives of the proposed rule. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall consider the proposed rule, the economic impact statement, the written statement of the agency, the proposed alternatives, and any comment submitted during the comment period on the proposed rule. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall submit a report of its findings and

recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The Administrative Procedures Committee shall report such findings to the agency, and the agency shall respond in writing to the Administrative Procedures Committee if the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability found that the alternative reduced the impact on small business while meeting the stated objectives of the proposed rule. If the agency will not adopt the alternative, it must also provide a detailed written statement to the committee as to why it will not adopt the alternative.

3. Job creation.-

- <u>a. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph g., each agency shall initially determine, before adopting, amending, or repealing a rule, whether the rule would:</u>
 - (I) Adversely affect small businesses; or
- (II) Increase regulatory costs to those small businesses affected.
- b. If the agency initially determines the rule would adversely affect small businesses or increase the regulatory costs of small businesses, the agency shall retain an independent entity to conduct an economic analysis to determine the extent to which the rule as adopted, amended, or repealed, would adversely affect a small business or increase its regulatory costs. The agency shall also initiate an independent economic analysis if it receives an electronic or written request from the Small Business Regulatory Advisory Council to do so.

c. The independent entity used to conduct the analysis may be the Legislature or a third party. However, the agency proposing the rule may not conduct its own economic analysis and an agency may not conduct an analysis for any other agency. The completed analysis must be certified as valid by the Office of Economic and Demographic Research.

- d. If the independent analysis shows that the rule would adversely affect small businesses or increase the regulatory costs of small businesses, the agency shall request the independent entity to further analyze whether the rule as adopted, amended, or repealed, would:
- (I) Result in the net creation of new private-sector jobs; and
 - (II) Reduce the state's unemployment rate.
- e. If an agency cannot demonstrate that the rule as adopted, amended, or repealed would result in the net creation of new private-sector jobs and reduce the state's unemployment rate, the rule may not take effect until the rule is submitted to and ratified by the Legislature.
- f. Rules subject to ratification by the Legislature must be accompanied by a report from the agency which explains why the rule does not result in the creation of new private-sector jobs or reduce the state's unemployment rate.
- g. A proposed rule is not subject to this subparagraph if the proposed rule is initiated by an agency pursuant to its emergency rulemaking powers.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.