By Senator Hill

	1-00667C-10 20102294
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to unemployment compensation; amending
3	s. 443.036, F.S.; defining the terms "agency,"
4	"alternative base period," and "member of the
5	individual's immediate family"; redefining the term
6	"base period"; amending s. 443.091, F.S.; revising the
7	requirements for eligibility to receive benefits;
8	prohibiting a determination of ineligibility based
9	solely on the fact that the individual is available
10	only for part-time work; providing for an alternative
11	base period under certain circumstances; amending s.
12	443.101, F.S.; revising the definition of "good
13	cause"; prohibiting a determination of ineligibility
14	based solely on the fact that the individual is
15	available only for part-time work; amending ss.
16	443.1216 and 443.131, F.S.; conforming cross-
17	references; amending s. 443.151, F.S.; requiring an
18	employer to provide wage information to support an
19	individual's eligibility for benefits; authorizing the
20	Agency for Workforce Innovation to accept an affidavit
21	from the claimant to support eligibility for benefits;
22	providing an effective date.
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24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
25	
26	Section 1. Section 443.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to
27	read:
28	443.036 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
29	(1) "Able to work" means physically and mentally capable of

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30 performing the duties of the occupation in which work is being 31 sought.

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(2) "Agency" means the Agency for Workforce Innovation.

33 <u>(3)</u>(2) "Agricultural labor" means any remunerated service 34 performed:

(a) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife.

(b) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane if the major part of the service is performed on a farm.

47 (c) In connection with the production or harvesting of any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity as defined in s. 48 49 15(f) $\frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}$ (46 Stat. 1550, s. 3; 12 U.S.C. s. 1141j); the ginning of 50 cotton; or the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, 51 52 reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming 53 54 purposes.

(d)1. In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured

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60	the operator produced more than one-half of the commodity for
61	which the service is performed.
62	2. In the employ of a group of operators of farms, or a
63	cooperative organization of which the operators are members, in
64	the performance of service described in subparagraph 1., but
65	only if the operators produced more than one-half of the
66	commodity for which the service is performed.
67	3. Subparagraphs 1. and 2. do not apply to service
68	performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial
69	freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural
70	commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for
71	distribution for consumption or in connection with grading,
72	packing, packaging, or processing fresh citrus fruits.
73	(e) On a farm operated for profit if the service is not in
74	the course of the employer's trade or business.
75	(4) "Alternative base period" means the last four completed
76	calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of an
77	individual's benefit year.
78	(5)(3) "American aircraft" means an aircraft registered
79	under the laws of the United States.
80	(6)(4) "American employer" means:
81	(a) An individual who is a resident of the United States.
82	(b) A partnership, if two-thirds or more of the partners
83	are residents of the United States.
84	(c) A trust, if each of the trustees is a resident of the
85	United States.
86	(d) A corporation organized under the laws of the United
87	States or of any state.

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88	<u>(7)</u> "American vessel" means <u>a</u> any vessel documented or
89	numbered under the laws of the United States. The term includes
90	<u>a</u> any vessel that is <u>not</u> neither documented or numbered under
91	the laws of the United States <u>or a, nor documented under the</u>
92	laws of any foreign country, if its crew is employed solely by
93	one or more citizens or residents of the United States or
94	corporations organized under the laws of the United States or $rac{\partial f}{\partial f}$
95	any state.
96	(8) (6) "Available for work" means actively seeking and
97	being ready and willing to accept suitable employment.
98	<u>(9)</u> "Base period" means the first four of the last five
99	completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day
100	of an individual's benefit year. If the agency determines,
101	pursuant to s. 443.091(1)(f), that an alternative base period
102	will be used, the term has the same meaning as the alternative
102 103	will be used, the term has the same meaning as the alternative base period.
103	base period.
103 104	base period. (10) (8) "Benefits" means the money payable to an
103 104 105	<pre>base period. (10)(8) "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her</pre>
103 104 105 106	<pre>base period. (10)(8) "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her unemployment.</pre>
103 104 105 106 107	<u>base period.</u> <u>(10)-(8)</u> "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her unemployment. <u>(11)-(9)</u> "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year
103 104 105 106 107 108	<u>base period.</u> <u>(10) (8)</u> "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her unemployment. <u>(11) (9)</u> "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which
103 104 105 106 107 108 109	<u>base period.</u> <u>(10) (8)</u> "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her unemployment. <u>(11) (9)</u> "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual first files a valid claim for benefits and,
103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110	<u>base period.</u> <u>(10) (8)</u> "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her unemployment. <u>(11) (9)</u> "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual first files a valid claim for benefits and, thereafter, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of
103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111	<pre>base period. (10)-(8) "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her unemployment. (11)-(9) "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual first files a valid claim for benefits and, thereafter, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual next files a valid claim</pre>
103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112	<pre>base period. (10) (8) "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her unemployment. (11) (9) "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual first files a valid claim for benefits and, thereafter, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual next files a valid claim for benefits after the termination of his or her last preceding</pre>
103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113	<pre>base period. (10)(8) "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her unemployment. (11)(9) "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual first files a valid claim for benefits and, thereafter, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual next files a valid claim for benefits after the termination of his or her last preceding benefit year. Each claim for benefits made in accordance with s.</pre>
103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114	<pre>base period. (10)-(8) "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual, as provided in this chapter, for his or her unemployment. (11)-(9) "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual first files a valid claim for benefits and, thereafter, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual next files a valid claim for benefits after the termination of his or her last preceding benefit year. Each claim for benefits made in accordance with s. 443.151(2) is a "valid claim" under this subsection if the</pre>

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1-00667C-10 20102294 117 in subsection (43) at the time of filing the claim. However, the 118 agency for Workforce Innovation may adopt rules providing for the establishment of a uniform benefit year for all workers in 119 120 one or more groups or classes of service or within a particular 121 industry if when the agency determines, after notice to the 122 industry and to the workers in the industry and an opportunity 123 to be heard in the matter, that those groups or classes of 124 workers in a particular industry periodically experience 125 unemployment resulting from layoffs or shutdowns for limited 126 periods of time. 127 (12) (10) "Calendar quarter" means each period of 3 128 consecutive calendar months ending on March 31, June 30,

September 30, and December 31 of each year.

130 (13) (11) "Casual labor" means labor that is occasional, 131 incidental, or irregular, not exceeding 200 person-hours in 132 total duration. As used in this subsection, the term "duration" 133 means the period of time from the commencement to the completion 134 of the particular job or project. Services performed by an employee for an his or her employer during a period of 1 135 136 calendar month or any 2 consecutive calendar months, however, are deemed to be casual labor only if the service is performed 137 138 on 10 or fewer calendar days, regardless of whether those days are consecutive. If any of the services performed by an 139 individual on a particular labor project are not casual labor, 140 each of the services performed by the individual on that job or 141 142 project may not be deemed casual labor. Services must constitute casual labor and may not be performed in the course of the 143 144 employer's trade or business in order for those services to be exempt under this section. 145

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146 (14) (12) "Commission" means the Unemployment Appeals
147 Commission.

148 <u>(15) (13)</u> "Contributing employer" means an employer who is 149 liable for contributions under this chapter.

150 <u>(16)(14)</u> "Contribution" means a payment of payroll tax to 151 the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund which is required under 152 this chapter to finance unemployment benefits.

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(17) (15) "Crew leader" means an individual who:

(a) Furnishes individuals to perform service inagricultural labor for another person.

(b) Pays, either on his or her own behalf or on behalf of the other person, the individuals furnished by him or her for the service in agricultural labor performed by those individuals.

(c) Has not entered into a written agreement with the other person under which the individual is designated as an employee of the other person.

163 <u>(18) (16)</u> "Earned income" means gross remuneration derived 164 from work, professional service, or self-employment. The term 165 includes commissions, bonuses, back pay awards, and the cash 166 value of all remuneration paid in a medium other than cash. The 167 term does not include income derived from invested capital or 168 ownership of property.

169 <u>(19) (17)</u> "Educational institution" means an institution, 170 except for an institution of higher education:

(a) In which participants, trainees, or students are
offered an organized course of study or training designed to
transfer to them knowledge, skills, information, doctrines,
attitudes, or abilities from, by, or under the guidance of, an

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     instructor or teacher;
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           (b) Which That is approved, licensed, or issued a permit to
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     operate as a school by the Department of Education or other
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     governmental agency that is authorized within the state to
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     approve, license, or issue a permit for the operation of a
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     school; and
          (c) Which That offers courses of study or training which
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     are academic, technical, trade, or preparation for gainful
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     employment in a recognized occupation.
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          (20) (18) "Employee leasing company" means an employing unit
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     that has a valid and active license under chapter 468, and that
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     maintains the records required by s. 443.171(5), and produces,
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     in addition, is responsible for producing quarterly reports
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     concerning the clients and the internal staff of the employee
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     leasing company and the internal staff of the employee leasing
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     company. As used in this subsection, the term "client" means a
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     party who has contracted with an employee leasing company that
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     provides to provide a worker, or workers, to perform services
     for the client. Leased employees include employees subsequently
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     placed on the payroll of the employee leasing company on behalf
     of the client. An employee leasing company must notify the tax
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     collection service provider within 30 days after the initiation
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197 or termination of the company's relationship with <u>a</u> any client 198 company under chapter 468. 199 (21)(19) "Employer" means an employing unit subject to this

200 chapter under s. 443.1215.

201 (22) (20) "Employing unit" means an individual; an or type 202 of organization, including a partnership, limited liability 203 company, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company,

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1-00667C-10 20102294 204 insurance company, or corporation, whether domestic or foreign; 205 the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee, or successor of 206 any of the foregoing; or the legal representative of a deceased 207 person, who which has or had in his or her its employ one or 208 more individuals performing services for it within this state. 209 (a) Each individual employed to perform or to assist in 210 performing the work of any agent or employee of an employing 211 unit is deemed to be employed by the employing unit for the purposes of this chapter, regardless of whether the individual 212 213 was hired or paid directly by the employing unit or by an agent 214 or employee of the employing unit, if the employing unit had 215 actual or constructive knowledge of the work. (b) Each individual performing services in this state for 216 217 an employing unit maintaining at least two separate 218 establishments in this state is deemed to be performing services 219 for a single employing unit for the purposes of this chapter. 220 (c) A person who is an officer of a corporation, or a 221 member of a limited liability company classified as a 222 corporation for federal income tax purposes, and who performs 223 services for the corporation or limited liability company in 224 this state, regardless of whether those services are continuous, 225 is deemed an employee of the corporation or the limited 226 liability company during all of each week of his or her tenure 227 of office, regardless of whether he or she is compensated for 228 those services. Services are presumed to be rendered for the 229 corporation if in cases in which the officer is compensated by 230 means other than dividends upon shares of stock of the 231 corporation owned by him or her.

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(d) A limited liability company shall be treated as having

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commodities, and orchards.

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1-00667C-10 20102294 233 the same status as it is classified for federal income tax 234 purposes. 235 (23) (21) "Employment" means a service subject to this 236 chapter under s. 443.1216 which is performed by an employee for 237 his or her employer the person employing him or her. (24) (22) "Farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-238 239 bearing animal, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, 240 nurseries, ranges, greenhouses or other similar structures used

243 (25)(23) "Fund" means the Unemployment Compensation Trust 244 Fund created under this chapter, into which all contributions 245 and reimbursements required under this chapter are deposited and 246 from which all benefits provided under this chapter are paid.

primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural

247 <u>(26)(24)</u> "High quarter" means the quarter in an 248 individual's base period in which the individual has the 249 greatest amount of wages paid, regardless of the number of 250 employers paying wages in that quarter.

251 <u>(27)(25)</u> "Hospital" means an <u>establishment</u> institution that 252 is licensed <u>as a hospital under chapter 395</u>, certified, or 253 approved by the Agency for Health Care Administration as a 254 hospital.

255 (28) (26) "Institution of higher education" means an 256 educational institution that:

(a) Admits as regular students only individuals having a
certificate of graduation from a high school, or the recognized
equivalent of a certificate of graduation;

(b) Is legally authorized in this state to provide aprogram of education beyond high school;

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262	(c) Provides an educational program <u>that</u> for which it
263	awards a bachelor's or higher degree, or provides a program that
264	is acceptable for full credit toward a bachelor's or higher
265	degree; a program of postgraduate or postdoctoral studies; or a
266	program of training to prepare students for gainful employment
267	in a recognized occupation; and
268	(d) Is a public or other nonprofit institution.
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270	The term includes each community college and state university in
271	this state, and <u>any</u> each other institution in this state
272	authorized under s. 1005.03 to use the designation "college" or
273	"university . " <u>under s. 1005.03.</u>
274	(29) (27) "Insured work" means employment for employers.
275	(30) (28) "Leave of absence" means a temporary break in
276	service to an employer, for a specified period of time, during
277	which the employing unit guarantees the same or a comparable
278	position to the worker at the expiration of the leave.
279	(31) "Member of the individual's immediate family" means an
280	individual's spouse, parent, or minor child.
281	(32) (29) "Misconduct" includes, but is not limited to, the
282	following, which may not be construed in pari materia with each
283	other:
284	(a) Conduct demonstrating willful or wanton disregard of an
285	employer's interests and found to be a deliberate violation or
286	disregard of the standards of behavior which the employer has a
287	right to expect of his or her employee; or
288	(b) Carelessness or negligence to a degree or recurrence
289	that manifests culpability, wrongful intent, or evil design or
290	shows an intentional and substantial disregard of the employer's
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1-00667C-10 20102294 291 interests or of the employee's duties and obligations to his or 292 her employer. 293 (33) (30) "Monetary determination" means a determination of whether and in what amount a claimant is eligible for benefits 294 295 based on the claimant's employment during the base period of the 296 claim. 297 (34) (31) "Nonmonetary determination" means a determination 298 of the claimant's eligibility for benefits based on an issue 299 other than monetary entitlement and benefit overpayment. 300 (35) (32) "Not in the course of the employer's trade or 301 business" means not promoting or advancing the trade or business 302 of the employer. (36) (33) "One-stop career center" means a service site 303 304 established and maintained as part of the one-stop delivery 305 system under s. 445.009. 306 (37) (34) "Pay period" means a period of 31 or fewer 307 consecutive days for which a payment or remuneration is 308 ordinarily made to the employee by the person employing him or 309 her. 310 (38) (35) "Public employer" means: 311 (a) A state agency or political subdivision of the state; 312 (b) An instrumentality that is wholly owned by one or more 313 state agencies or political subdivisions of the state; or (c) An instrumentality that is wholly owned by one or more 314 315 state agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities of 316 the state and one or more state agencies or political 317 subdivisions of one or more other states. 318 (39) (36) "Reasonable assurance" means a written or verbal 319 agreement, an agreement between an employer and a worker

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1-00667C-10 20102294 320 understood through tradition within the trade or occupation, or 321 an agreement defined in an employer's policy. 322 (40) (37) "Reimbursement" means a payment of money to the 323 Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund in lieu of a contribution 324 which is required under this chapter to finance unemployment 325 benefits. 326 (41) (38) "Reimbursing employer" means an employer who is 327 liable for reimbursements in lieu of contributions made under 328 this chapter. 329 (42) (39) "State" includes the states of the United States, 330 the District of Columbia, Canada, the Commonwealth of Puerto 331 Rico, and the Virgin Islands. 332 (43) (40) "State law" means the unemployment insurance law of any state, approved by the United States Secretary of Labor 333 334 under s. 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. 335 (44) (41) "Tax collection service provider" or "service 336 provider" means the state agency providing unemployment tax 337 collection services under contract with the agency for Workforce 338 Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316. 339 (45) (42) "Temporary layoff" means a job separation due to 340 341 lack of work which does not exceed 8 consecutive weeks and which 342 has a fixed or approximate return-to-work date. (46) (43) "Unemployment" or "unemployed" means: 343 (a) An individual is "totally unemployed" in any week 344 345 during which he or she does not perform any services and for 346 which earned income is not payable to him or her. An individual 347 is "partially unemployed" in any week of less than full-time work if the earned income payable to him or her for that week is

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1-00667C-10 20102294 349 less than his or her weekly benefit amount. The agency for 350 Workforce Innovation may adopt rules prescribing distinctions in 351 the procedures for unemployed individuals based on total 352 unemployment, part-time unemployment, partial unemployment of 353 individuals attached to their regular jobs, and other forms of 354 short-time work. 355 (b) An individual's week of unemployment commences only 356 after his or her registration with the agency for Workforce 357 Innovation as required in s. 443.091, except as the agency may 358 otherwise prescribe by rule. 359 (47) (44) "Wages" means remuneration subject to this chapter 360 under s. 443.1217. 361 (48) (45) "Week" means a period of 7 consecutive days as 362 defined in agency the rules of the Agency for Workforce 363 Innovation. The agency for Workforce Innovation may by rule 364 prescribe that a week is deemed to be "in," "within," or 365 "during" the benefit year that contains the greater part of the 366 week. 367 Section 2. Paragraphs (c) and (f) of subsection (1) of 368 section 443.091, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 369 443.091 Benefit eligibility conditions.-370 (1) An unemployed individual is eligible to receive 371 benefits for any week only if the Agency for Workforce 372 Innovation finds that: 373 (c) $\frac{1}{1}$. She or he is able to work and is available for work. 374 In order to assess eligibility for a claimed week of 375 unemployment, the agency for Workforce Innovation shall develop 376 criteria to determine a claimant's ability to work and 377 availability for work.

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1-00667C-10 20102294 378 1. Notwithstanding any provisions of this paragraph, an 379 otherwise eligible individual may not be found ineligible for 380 benefits solely because he or she is available for only part-381 time work. For the purposes of this paragraph, "available for part-time work" means that the individual is available for the 382 383 number of weekly hours that are comparable to the number of hours the individual worked during the majority of the base 384 385 period. 386 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph, 387 including an individual's availability to work, or paragraphs 388 (b) and (d), an otherwise eligible individual may not be denied 389 benefits for any week because she or he is in training with the 390 approval of the agency for Workforce Innovation, and such an individual may not be denied benefits for any week in which she 391 392 or he is in training with the approval of the Agency for 393 Workforce Innovation by reason of subparagraph 1. relating to

394 availability for work, or by reason of s. 443.101(2) relating to 395 failure to apply for, or refusal to accept, suitable work. 396 Training may be approved by the agency for Workforce Innovation 397 in accordance with criteria prescribed by rule. A claimant's 398 eligibility during approved training is contingent upon 399 satisfying eligibility conditions prescribed by rule.

3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an <u>otherwise eligible</u> individual who is in training approved under s. 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, may not be determined to be ineligible or disqualified for benefits <u>due to</u> with respect to her or his enrollment in such training or because of leaving work that is not suitable employment to enter such training. As used in this subparagraph, the term "suitable

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amended to read:

1-00667C-10 20102294 employment" means, for a worker, work of a substantially equal 407 408 or higher skill level than the worker's past adversely affected 409 employment, as defined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, as 410 amended, the wages for which are at least 80 percent of the 411 worker's average weekly wage as determined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended. 412 413 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an 414 otherwise eligible individual may not be denied benefits for any week by reason of subparagraph 1. because she or he is before 415 416 any federal or state court pursuant to a of the United States or 417 any state under a lawfully issued summons to appear for jury 418 duty. 419 (f) She or he has been paid wages for insured work equal to 420 1.5 times her or his high guarter wages during her or his base 421 period, except that an unemployed individual is not eligible to 422 receive benefits if the base period wages are less than \$3,400. 423 If the individual is ineligible for benefits calculated on a 424 base period wage, wages must be calculated using an alternative 425 base period and the claimant must have the opportunity to choose 426 whether to establish a claim using such wages. Wages can be 427 calculated for an alternative base period only if the base 428 period wages are inadequate to establish eligibility under this 429 paragraph and only for benefit years that begin on or after 430 January 1, 2010. Wages used to establish a monetarily eligible 431 benefit year may not be used to establish monetary eligibility 432 in a subsequent benefit year. Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph 433 434 (a) of subsection (2) of section 443.101, Florida Statutes, are

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          443.101 Disgualification for benefits.-An individual shall
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     be disgualified for benefits:
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           (1) (a) For the week in which he or she has voluntarily left
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     his or her work without good cause attributable to his or her
     employing unit or in which the individual has been discharged by
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     his or her employing unit for misconduct connected with his or
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     her work, based on a finding by the agency for Workforce
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     Innovation. As used in this paragraph, the term "work" means any
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     work, whether full-time, part-time, or temporary.
          1. Disqualification for voluntarily quitting continues for
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     the full period of unemployment next ensuing after he or she has
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     left his or her full-time, part-time, or temporary work
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     voluntarily without good cause and until the individual has
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     earned income equal to or in excess of 17 times his or her
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     weekly benefit amount. As used in this subsection, the term
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     "good cause" includes only that cause attributable to the
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     employing unit or which consists of illness or disability of the
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     individual requiring separation from his or her work. Any other
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     disqualification may not be imposed. An individual is not
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     disqualified under this subsection for voluntarily leaving
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     temporary work to return immediately when called to work by the
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     permanent employing unit that temporarily terminated his or her
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     work within the previous 6 calendar months. For benefit years
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     beginning on or after July 1, 2004, an individual is not
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     disqualified under this subsection for voluntarily leaving work
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     to relocate as a result of his or her military-connected
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     spouse's permanent change of station orders, activation orders,
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     or unit deployment orders.
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2. Disqualification for being discharged for misconduct

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494	individual to reasonably believe that continued employment will
495	jeopardize the individual's safety and the safety of a member of
496	his or her immediate family;
497	c. Illness or disability of a member of the individual's
498	immediate family; or
499	d. The individual's need to accompany her or his spouse if
500	the spouse's relocation resulted from a change in the spouse's
501	employment and the relocation makes it impractical for the
502	individual to commute to her or his workplace.
503	(2) If the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that the
504	individual has failed without good cause to apply for available
505	suitable work when directed by the agency or the one-stop career
506	center, to accept suitable work when offered to him or her, or
507	to return to the individual's customary self-employment when
508	directed by the agency, the disqualification continues for the
509	full period of unemployment next ensuing after he or she failed
510	without good cause to apply for available suitable work, to
511	accept suitable work, or to return to his or her customary self-
512	employment, under this subsection, and until the individual has
513	earned income at least 17 times his or her weekly benefit
514	amount. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall by rule adopt
515	criteria for determining the "suitability of work," as used in
516	this section. The Agency for Workforce Innovation in developing
517	these rules shall consider the duration of a claimant's
518	unemployment in determining the suitability of work and the
519	suitability of proposed rates of compensation for available
520	work. Further, after an individual has received 25 weeks of
521	benefits in a single year, suitable work is a job that pays the
522	minimum wage and is 120 percent or more of the weekly benefit

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523	amount the individual is drawing.
524	(a) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for
525	an individual, the agency for Workforce Innovation shall
526	consider the degree of risk involved to his or her health,
527	safety, and morals; the individual's his or her physical
528	fitness <u>,</u> and prior training <u>,; the individual's</u> experience <u>,</u> and
529	prior earnings <u>,; his or her</u> length of unemployment <u>,</u> and
530	prospects for securing local work in his or her customary
531	occupation; and the distance of the available work from his or
532	her residence. An unemployed individual may not be disqualified
533	for benefits solely because he or she is available for only
534	part-time work. For the purposes of this paragraph, "available
535	for part-time work" means that the individual is available for
536	the number of weekly hours that are comparable to the number of
537	hours the individual worked during the majority of the base
538	period.
539	Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph
540	(f) of subsection (13) of section 443.1216, Florida Statutes,
541	are amended to read:
542	443.1216 EmploymentEmployment, as defined in s. 443.036,
543	is subject to this chapter under the following conditions:
544	(1)(a) The employment subject to this chapter includes a
545	service performed, including a service performed in interstate
546	commerce, by:
547	1. An officer of a corporation.
548	2. An individual who, under the usual common-law rules
549	applicable <u>for</u> in determining the employer-employee
550	relationship, is an employee. However, <u>if</u> whenever a client who $ au$
551	as defined in s. 443.036(18), which would otherwise be

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1-00667C-10 20102294 552 designated as an employing unit has contracted with an employee 553 leasing company to supply it with workers, those workers are 554 considered employees of the employee leasing company. An 555 employee leasing company may lease corporate officers of the client to the client and other workers to the client, except as 556 557 prohibited by regulations of the Internal Revenue Service. 558 Employees of an employee leasing company must be reported under 559 the employee leasing company's tax identification number and 560 contribution rate for work performed for the employee leasing 561 company. 562 a. In addition to any other report required to be filed by 563 law, an employee leasing company shall submit a report to the 564 Labor Market Statistics Center within the agency for Workforce 565 Innovation which includes each client establishment and each 566 establishment of the employee leasing company, or as otherwise 567 directed by the agency. The report must include the following 568 information for each establishment: 569 (I) The trade or establishment name; (II) The former unemployment compensation account number, 570 571 if available; 572 (III) The former federal employer's identification number 573 (FEIN), if available; 574 (IV) The industry code recognized and published by the 575 United States Office of Management and Budget, if available; 576 (V) A description of the client's primary business activity 577 in order to verify or assign an industry code; 578 (VI) The address of the physical location;

579(VII) The number of full-time and part-time employees who580worked during, or received pay that was subject to unemployment

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581	compensation taxes for, the pay period including the 12th of the
582	month for each month of the quarter;
583	(VIII) The total wages subject to unemployment compensation
584	taxes paid during the calendar quarter;
585	(IX) An internal identification code to uniquely identify
586	each establishment of each client;
587	(X) The month and year that the client entered into the
588	contract for services; and
589	(XI) The month and year that the client terminated the
590	contract for services.
591	b. The report shall be submitted electronically or <u>as</u> in a
592	manner otherwise prescribed by the agency and for Workforce
593	Innovation in the format specified by the Bureau of Labor
594	Statistics of the United States Department of Labor for its
595	Multiple Worksite Report for Professional Employer
596	Organizations. The report must be provided quarterly to the
597	Labor Market Statistics Center within the agency for Workforce
598	Innovation, or as otherwise directed by the agency, and must be
599	filed by the last day of the month immediately following the end
600	of the calendar quarter. The information required in sub-sub-
601	subparagraphs a.(X) and (XI) need be provided only in the
602	quarter in which the contract to which it relates was entered
603	into or terminated. The sum of the employment data and the sum
604	of the wage data in <u>the</u> this report must match the employment
605	and wages reported in the unemployment compensation quarterly
606	tax and wage report. A report is not required for any calendar
607	quarter preceding the third calendar quarter of 2010.
608	c. The agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules as

609 necessary to administer this subparagraph, and may administer,

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610	collect, enforce, and waive the penalty imposed by s.
611	443.141(1)(b) for the report required by this subparagraph.
612	d. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term
613	"establishment" means any location where business is conducted
614	or where services or industrial operations are performed.
615	3. An individual other than an individual who is an
616	employee under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., who performs
617	services for remuneration for any person:
618	a. As an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in
619	distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products,
620	bakery products, beverages other than milk, or laundry or
621	drycleaning services for his or her principal.
622	b. As a traveling or city salesperson engaged on a full-
623	time basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the
624	transmission to, his or her principal of orders from
625	wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels,
626	restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for
627	resale or supplies for use in their business operations. This
628	sub-subparagraph does not apply to an agent-driver <u>,</u> or a
629	commission-driver, or and does not apply to sideline sales
630	activities performed on behalf of a person other than the
631	salesperson's principal.
632	4. The services described in subparagraph 3. are employment
633	subject to this chapter only if:
634	a. The contract of service contemplates that substantially
635	all of the services are to be performed personally by the
636	individual;
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b. The individual does not have a substantial investment infacilities used in connection with the services, other than

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639	facilities used for transportation; and
640	c. The services are not in the nature of a single
641	transaction that is not part of a continuing relationship with
642	the person for whom the services are performed.
643	(13) The following are exempt from coverage under this
644	chapter:
645	(f) Service performed in the employ of a public employer as
646	defined in s. 443.036, except as provided in subsection (2), and
647	service performed in the employ of an instrumentality of a
648	public employer as described in <u>s. 443.036(38)(b) or (c)</u> s.
649	443.036(35)(b) or (c), to the extent that the instrumentality is
650	immune under the United States Constitution from the tax imposed
651	by s. 3301 of the Internal Revenue Code for that service.
652	Section 5. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section
653	443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
654	443.131 Contributions
655	(3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT
656	EXPERIENCE
657	(f) Transfer of employment records
658	1. For the purposes of this subsection, two or more
659	employers who are parties to a transfer of business or the
660	subject of a merger, consolidation, or other form of
661	reorganization, effecting a change in legal identity or form,
662	are deemed a single employer and are considered to be one
663	employer with a continuous employment record if the tax
664	collection service provider finds that the successor employer
665	continues to carry on the employing enterprises of all of the
666	predecessor employers <u>,</u> and that the successor employer has paid
667	all contributions required of and due from all of the

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1-00667C-10 20102294 668 predecessor employers, and has assumed liability for all 669 contributions that may become due from all of the predecessor 670 employers. In addition, An employer may not be considered a 671 successor under this subparagraph if the employer purchases a 672 company with a lower rate into which employees with job 673 functions unrelated to the business endeavors of the predecessor 674 are transferred for the purpose of acquiring the low rate and 675 avoiding payment of contributions. As used in this paragraph, 676 Notwithstanding s. 443.036(16) s. 443.036(14), the term 677 "contributions," as used in this paragraph, means all 678 indebtedness to the tax collection service provider, including, 679 but not limited to, interest, penalty, collection fee, and 680 service fee.

681 2. A successor employer must accept the transfer of all of 682 the predecessor employers' employment records within 30 days 683 after the date of the official notification of liability by 684 succession. If a predecessor employer has unpaid contributions 685 or outstanding quarterly reports, the successor employer must pay the total amount with certified funds within 30 days after 686 687 the date of the notice listing the total amount due. After the 688 total indebtedness is paid, the tax collection service provider 689 shall transfer the employment records of all of the predecessor employers to the successor employer's employment record. The tax 690 691 collection service provider shall determine the contribution 692 rate of the combined successor and predecessor employers upon 693 the transfer of the employment records, as prescribed by rule, 694 in order to calculate any change in the contribution rate 695 resulting from the transfer of the employment records. 696 3.2. Regardless of whether a predecessor employer's

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1-00667C-10 20102294 697 employment record is transferred to a successor employer under 698 this paragraph, the tax collection service provider shall treat 699 the predecessor employer, if he or she subsequently employs 700 individuals, as an employer without a previous employment record 701 or, if his or her coverage is terminated under s. 443.121, as a 702 new employing unit. 4.3. The state agency providing unemployment tax collection 703 704 services may adopt rules governing the partial transfer of 705 experience rating when an employer transfers an identifiable and segregable portion of his or her payrolls and business to a 706 707 successor employing unit. As a condition of each partial 708 transfer, these rules must require the following to be filed 709 with the tax collection service provider: an application by the 710 successor employing unit, an agreement by the predecessor 711 employer, and the evidence required by the tax collection 712 service provider to show the benefit experience and payrolls 713 attributable to the transferred portion through the date of the 714 transfer. These rules must provide that the successor employing 715 unit, if not an employer subject to this chapter, becomes an 716 employer as of the date of the transfer and that the transferred 717 portion of the predecessor employer's employment record is removed from the employment record of the predecessor employer. 718 719 For each calendar year after the date of the transfer of the 720 employment record in the records of the tax collection service 721 provider, the service provider shall compute the contribution 722 rate payable by the successor employer or employing unit based 723 on his or her employment record, combined with the transferred 724 portion of the predecessor employer's employment record. These 725 rules may also prescribe what contribution rates are payable by

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1-00667C-10 20102294 726 the predecessor and successor employers for the period between 727 the date of the transfer of the transferred portion of the 728 predecessor employer's employment record in the records of the 729 tax collection service provider and the first day of the next 730 calendar year. 731 5.4. This paragraph does not apply to an employee leasing 732 company and client contractual agreement as defined in s. 733 443.036. The tax collection service provider shall, if the 734 contractual agreement is terminated or the employee leasing 735 company fails to submit reports or pay contributions as required 736 by the service provider, treat the client as a new employer without previous employment record unless the client is 737 otherwise eligible for a variation from the standard rate. 738 739 Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 443.151, Florida 740 Statutes, is amended to read: 741 443.151 Procedure concerning claims.-742 (3) DETERMINATION.-743 (a) In general.-The agency for Workforce Innovation shall promptly make an initial determination for each claim filed 744 745 under subsection (2). The determination must include a statement 746 of whether and in what amount the claimant is entitled to 747 benefits, and, if denied in the event of a denial, must state 748 the reasons for the denial. A determination for the first week 749 of a benefit year must also include a statement of whether the 750 claimant was paid the wages required under s. 443.091(1)(f) and, 751 if so, the first day of the benefit year, the claimant's weekly 752 benefit amount, and the maximum total amount of benefits payable to the claimant for a benefit year. The agency for Workforce 753 754 Innovation shall promptly notify the claimant, the claimant's

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755	most recent employing unit, and all employers whose employment
756	records are liable for benefits under the determination of the
757	initial determination. The determination is final unless within
758	20 days after the mailing of the notices to the parties' last
759	known addresses, or in lieu of mailing, within 20 days after the
760	delivery of the notices, an appeal or written request for
761	reconsideration is filed by the claimant or other party entitled
762	to notice.
763	(b) Determinations involving an alternative base periodIn
764	the case of a claim for benefits involving an alternative base
765	period under s. 443.091(1)(f), if the agency is unable to access
766	wage information through the database of its tax collection
767	service provider, the agency shall request the information from
768	the employer by mail. The employer must provide the requested
769	information within 10 days after the agency mails the request.
770	If wage information is unavailable, the agency may base the
771	determination on an affidavit submitted by the individual
772	attesting to her or his wages for those calendar quarters. The
773	individual must furnish payroll information, if available, in
774	support of the affidavit. Benefits based on an alternative base
775	period must be adjusted if the quarterly report of wage
776	information received from the employer under s. 443.141 results
777	in a change in the monetary determination.
778	<u>(c)</u> Determinations in labor dispute cases.—If a Whenever
779	any claim involves a labor dispute described in s. 443.101(4),
780	the agency for Workforce Innovation shall promptly assign the
781	claim to a special examiner who shall make a determination on
782	the issues involving unemployment due to the labor dispute. The

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special examiner shall make the determination after an

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784	investigation, as necessary. The claimant or another party
785	entitled to notice of the determination may appeal a
786	determination under subsection (4).
787	<u>(d)</u> Redeterminations.—
788	1. The agency for Workforce Innovation may reconsider a
789	determination <u>if</u> when it finds an error or <u>if</u> when new evidence
790	or information pertinent to the determination is discovered
791	after a prior determination or redetermination. A
792	redetermination may not be made more than 1 year after the last
793	day of the benefit year unless \underline{a} the disqualification for making
794	a false or fraudulent representation in s. 443.101(6) is
795	applicable, in which case the redetermination may be made within
796	2 years after the false or fraudulent representation. The agency
797	for Workforce Innovation must promptly give notice of
798	redetermination to the claimant and to any employers entitled to
799	notice in the manner prescribed in this section for the notice
800	of an initial determination.
801	2. If the amount of benefits is increased by the
802	redetermination, an appeal of the redetermination based solely
803	on the increase may be filed as provided in subsection (4). If
804	the amount of benefits is decreased by the redetermination, the
805	redetermination may be appealed by the claimant when a

806 subsequent claim for benefits is affected in amount or duration 807 by the redetermination. If the final decision on the 808 determination or redetermination to be reconsidered was made by 809 an appeals referee, the commission, or a court, the agency for 810 Workforce Innovation may apply for a revised decision from the 811 body or court that made the final decision.

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2. Unless it is withdrawn, If an appeal of an original

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813	determination <u>that</u> is pending when a redetermination is issued $_{m au}$
814	the appeal unless withdrawn is treated as an appeal from the
815	redetermination.
816	<u>(e)</u> Notice of determination or redetermination.—Notice
817	of any monetary or nonmonetary determination or redetermination
818	under this chapter, together with the reasons for the
819	determination or redetermination, must be promptly given to the
820	claimant and to any employer entitled to notice in the manner
821	provided in this subsection. The agency for Workforce Innovation
822	shall adopt rules prescribing the manner and procedure by which
823	employers within the base period of a claimant become entitled
824	to notice.
825	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.