By Senator Baker

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to public-private partnership infrastructure projects; creating s. 287.09475, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent; defining terms; providing for state agencies and local governments to receive or solicit proposals to enter into a public works infrastructure project agreement with a private entity, or a consortium of private entities, to build, operate, or finance a public works infrastructure project; providing criteria for the selection of the project and the private entity that will enter into a partnership agreement with the participating governmental unit to build or operate the project; requiring all reasonable costs to the state which are related to the infrastructure project and not part of the governmental unit's work plan to be borne by the private entity; authorizing the private entity to impose user fees for the use of the infrastructure project by the public; setting forth financing and revenue criteria for the infrastructure project agreement; requiring that each infrastructure facility be in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, construction standards, and performance standards; authorizing each participating governmental unit to exercise any lawful power possessed by it to aid in the development and construction of the infrastructure project; specifying applicable procurement procedures; requiring the procurement documents to provide for the payment of

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subcontractors; requiring a governmental unit to provide an independent analysis of the costeffectiveness and public benefit of a proposed project; authorizing a participating governmental unit to use innovative financing techniques for the infrastructure project; authorizing a governmental unit to enter into a public-private infrastructure project agreement that provides for payments based on performance; limiting the term of the infrastructure project agreement to a specified number of years; prohibiting the department or a participating governmental unit from soliciting proposals from or entering into an agreement with a private entity that engages in or benefits from dealings with a terrorist state; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 287.09475, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

287.09475 Public-private partnership infrastructure projects.—

(1) The Legislature finds and declares that there is a public need for the rapid construction of public works infrastructure projects for the purpose of improving the economic, environmental, social, and cultural infrastructure of this state, and that it is in the public interest to provide for the construction or expansion of public works infrastructure projects.

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(2) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Governmental unit" means a state agency, county, municipality, school district, or an independent special district.

- (b) "Infrastructure project" or "public works infrastructure project" means a project to construct, operate, or maintain the basic public works of this state, including telecommunications, cable television, electricity, and broadband technology infrastructure; infrastructure for the transportation of gas, oil, or crude oil products; solid waste, waste water, and storm water infrastructure not connected with highway drainage; or other similar projects. The term does not include a transportation facility as defined in s. 334.03(31).
- (c) "Maintain" includes ordinary repair, rehabilitation, capital maintenance, maintenance replacement, and any other categories of maintenance on an infrastructure project as designated by a participating governmental unit.
- (d) "Operate" or "operation" means an action to construct, maintain, rehabilitate, improve, equip, or modify an infrastructure project.
- (e) "Private entity" means a person who enters into a public-private infrastructure project agreement with a participating governmental unit.
- (f) "Participating governmental unit" means the
  governmental unit that enters into a public-private
  infrastructure project agreement with a private entity.
- (g) "Public-private infrastructure project agreement" means the document representing the agreement between a private entity and a participating governmental unit. The agreement must

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## include:

- 1. Acceptance by the participating governmental unit of a private contribution, including a money payment, in exchange for allowing the private entity to construct, operate, manage, or maintain a public works infrastructure project or services connected with an infrastructure project;
- 2. The means of delivering a project or service to the public; and
- 3. Cooperation in researching, developing, and implementing projects or services for an infrastructure project.
- (h) "User fee" means the rate, toll, fee, or other charges imposed on the public by a private entity for use of all or part of an infrastructure project.
- (3) (a) A governmental unit may receive or solicit proposals and enter into a public-private infrastructure project agreement with a private entity, or a consortium of private entities, to build, operate, manage, maintain, or finance a public works infrastructure project. A participating governmental unit may advance a project included in its adopted work program or 10-year plan. The project may use funds provided by the private entity, which shall be reimbursed from user fees derived from the project as programmed in the adopted work program.
- (b) Governmental units shall adopt rules to establish an application fee for the submission of unsolicited proposals under this section. The fee may not exceed the cost of evaluating the proposal.
- (c) A governmental unit may engage the services of private consultants to assist in the evaluation of proposals.
  - (d) Before approving a project, the governmental unit must

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determine whether the proposed infrastructure project:

- 1. Is in the public interest;
- 2. Will have adequate safeguards in place to ensure that no additional costs or service disruptions would affect the public and residents of the state if the private entity defaults or if the governmental unit cancels the project;
- 3. Will have adequate safeguards in place to ensure that the governmental unit or the private entity has the opportunity to add capacity to the proposed project and other infrastructure projects serving similar goals and objectives; and
- 4. Will be owned by the governmental unit upon completion or termination of the public-private infrastructure project agreement.

A participating governmental unit shall require all reasonable costs related to infrastructure projects that are not part of a participating governmental unit's work plan to be borne by the private entity. This includes all design, development, and installation costs related to the project. The costs associated with the design, development, and installation of the public-private infrastructure project may be recouped in the user fee, if applicable. The participating governmental unit shall also require that all reasonable costs to the state and substantially affected local governments and utilities related to the infrastructure project are borne by the private entity for infrastructure projects that are owned by private entities.

- (4) If a public-private infrastructure project agreement authorizes the private entity to impose user fees:
  - (a) The participating governmental unit may lease an

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existing public works facility to a private entity through a

public-private partnership. The public-private partnership

infrastructure project agreement must require that the

infrastructure facility is properly operated, maintained, and

renewed in accordance with the participating governmental unit's

standards.

- (b) The participating governmental unit may develop new infrastructure projects or increase capacity of existing projects through public-private partnerships. The public-private partnership infrastructure project agreement must require that the public works infrastructure project is properly operated and maintained in accordance with the participating governmental unit's existing standards.
- (c) Revenue from user fees must be regulated by the participating governmental unit. The regulations governing future increases in fees or rates must be included in the public-private partnership infrastructure project agreement.
- (d) The public-private partnership infrastructure project agreement must include provisions requiring that a portion of revenue from projects that generate revenue is returned to the participating governmental unit over the term of the agreement. If an infrastructure project agreement includes the lease of an existing public works facility, the participating governmental unit must receive a portion of the funds upon closing the agreement, with the remainder paid from excess revenue that accrues during the term of the public-private infrastructure project agreement.
- (e) The private entity must provide to the participating governmental unit an investment-grade usage and revenue study

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prepared by an internationally recognized public works revenue expert who is recognized by the national bond rating agencies. The private entity must also provide a financing plan that identifies the project costs; lists the projected revenue by source; states the methodology of the financing plan, including supporting calculations and assumptions used to evaluate costs and revenues, and the internal rate of return on private investments; specifies whether any government funds are necessary in order to deliver a cost-feasible project; and provides a total cash flow analysis beginning with implementation of the project and extending for the term of the public-private infrastructure project agreement.

- (5) Each infrastructure project constructed pursuant to this section shall be constructed in compliance with all requirements of federal, state, and local laws; state, regional, and local comprehensive plans; applicable rules, policies, procedures, and standards for infrastructure public works projects; and any other conditions that a participating governmental unit determines to be in the public interest.
- (6) The participating governmental unit may exercise its powers with respect to the development and construction of state and local public works infrastructure projects, including eminent domain, to facilitate the development and construction of infrastructure projects under this section. The participating governmental unit may provide services to the private entity, but the public-private infrastructure project agreement must provide for full reimbursement for these services.
- (7) Except as otherwise provided in this section, this section does not grant additional powers to, or further

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restrict, local governmental entities from regulating and entering into cooperative arrangements with private entities for the planning, construction, and operation of infrastructure projects.

- (8) Procurement conducted by a governmental unit shall adhere to the requirements set forth in s. 287.057.
- (a) Procurement documents must include provisions for performance by the private entity and payment of subcontractors, including, but not limited to, surety bonds, letters of credit, parent company guarantees, and lender and equity partner guarantees. The governmental unit must make a good faith effort to balance the structure of the security requirements with the cost of the security in order to ensure the most efficient pricing.
- (b) The governmental unit must provide an independent analysis of the proposed public-private infrastructure project agreement which demonstrates its cost-effectiveness and overall public benefit before moving forward with procurement and, if the procurement moves forward, before awarding the contract.
- (9) A governmental unit may use innovative finance techniques associated with a public-private partnership under this section, including, but not limited to, federal loans as provided in 23 and 49 C.F.R. and commercial bank loans.
- (10) A participating governmental unit may enter into a public-private infrastructure project agreement that includes extended terms providing annual payments for performance based on the availability of services or the opening of a facility to the public. In addition to other provisions in this section, the following apply:

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(a) The annual payments under a public works infrastructure project agreement must be included in the participating governmental unit's tentative work program and the long-range infrastructure plan for the applicable metropolitan planning organization. The participating governmental unit shall ensure that annual payments on multiyear, public-private infrastructure project agreements are prioritized ahead of new capacity projects in the development and updating of the tentative work infrastructure project.

- (b) The annual payments must be subject to annual appropriation by the Legislature as specified in the General Appropriations Act or subject to appropriation by the governing body of the governmental unit that provides the initial funding support for the program.
- (11) A public-private infrastructure project agreement under this section is limited to a term not exceeding 50 years. All renewals of the agreement must be expressly approved by the governing body of the participating governmental unit or an agency head.
- (12) A participating governmental unit may not receive or solicit proposals from, or enter into a public-private infrastructure project agreement with, any private entity or consortium of private entities to build, operate, manage, maintain, or finance a public works infrastructure project under this section if the private entity or consortium of private entities engages in or in any way benefits from dealings with, or activities related to or involving, a terrorist state. For the purposes of this section, "terrorist state" is defined as any state, country, or nation designated by the United States

| Department of State as a state sponsor of terrorism.  Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 201 | .0. |
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| Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 201   | .0. |
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