By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senators Bennett and Richter

591-02483-10 2010300c1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to pretrial proceedings; providing a short title; amending s. 948.06, F.S.; providing that at the first appearance of a probationer or an offender on community control arrested for a new offense for which the court finds the existence of probable cause, the court may determine the likelihood of a prison sanction for the violation based on the new arrest; providing that the court may order detention if it appears more likely than not that a prison sanction may be forthcoming on the violation; providing that the court may release the probationer or offender on community control with or without bail on the violation; providing that the court may order the probationer or offender's arrest and return to the original sentencing court under s. 948.06(1)(a), F.S.; providing for dismissal of a detention or release order if no affidavit alleging a violation is filed within a specified period; providing for a hearing if an affidavit alleging a violation is timely filed; exempting persons subject to hearings under specified provisions; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Officer Andrew Widman Act."

Section 2. Present paragraphs (c) through (f) of subsection (1) of section 948.06, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as

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paragraphs (d) through (g), respectively, and a new paragraph (c) is added to that subsection to read:

948.06 Violation of probation or community control; revocation; modification; continuance; failure to pay restitution or cost of supervision.—

(1)

- (c) Notwithstanding s. 907.041, when a probationer or an offender on community control is arrested and alleged to have committed a new violation of law for which the court at first appearance finds probable cause, based upon the facts made known to the court the court may:
- 1. Determine whether it is more likely than not that the probationer or offender on community control will receive a prison sanction for violating the terms of community supervision based upon the arrest for the new violation of law.
- 2. Detain the probationer or offender to await further hearing to determine the outcome of the violation if it appears more likely than not that the probationer or offender on community control will receive a prison sanction, or release the probationer or offender with or without bail on the violation.
- a. If an affidavit alleging a violation is not filed and made known to the court within 10 days after the arrest on the new violation of law, the order detaining or releasing the probationer or offender shall be dismissed.
- b. If an affidavit alleging a violation is filed within 10 days after the arrest and made known to the court, the court shall schedule a hearing no later than 10 days after the filing of the affidavit, unless waived by the probationer or offender, to determine whether its order of detention or release shall

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591-02483-10 2010300c1 59 remain in effect. 60 3. Order the arrest and return of the probationer or offender to the court that granted community supervision under paragraph (a). 64 This paragraph does not apply to a probationer or offender on community control who is subject to the hearing requirements under subsection (4) or paragraph (8)(e).

Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2010.