

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
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Floor: 1/AD/2R	•	
04/26/2010 04:00 PM		

Senator Wilson moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 37 - 730
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4 and insert:

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Section 1. Section 943.0585, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history records.—The courts of this state have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a



criminal justice agency to expunge the criminal history record 14 15 of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of 16 this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to expunge a criminal history record until the person 17 18 seeking to expunge a criminal history record has applied for and 19 received a certificate of eligibility for expunction pursuant to 20 subsection (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, 21 22 s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 810.14, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 23 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 24 893.135, s. 916.1075, a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or 25 any violation specified as a predicate offense for registration 26 as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to 27 whether that offense alone is sufficient to require such 28 registration, or for registration as a sexual offender pursuant 29 to s. 943.0435, may not be expunded, without regard to whether 30 adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the 31 32 defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled 33 guilty or nolo contendere to committing, the offense as a 34 delinquent act. The court may only order expunction of a 35 criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident 36 of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this 37 section. The court may, at its sole discretion, order the 38 expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to more than 39 one arrest if the additional arrests directly relate to the 40 original arrest. If the court intends to order the expunction of 41 records pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must 42 be specified in the order. A criminal justice agency may not



43 expunge any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the 44 order to expunge does not articulate the intention of the court 45 to expunge a record pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not prevent the court from ordering the expunction 46 47 of only a portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity. 48 49 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests 50 51 of other jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or 52 confidential handling of criminal history records or information 53 derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the

54 expunction of any criminal history record, and any request for 55 expunction of a criminal history record may be denied at the 56 sole discretion of the court.

57 (1) PETITION TO EXPUNCE A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD.-Each
58 petition to a court to expunge a criminal history record is
59 complete only when accompanied by:

(a) A valid certificate of eligibility for expunctionissued by the department pursuant to subsection (2).

(b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that thepetitioner:

1. Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is
filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or
comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent
for committing any felony or a misdemeanor specified in s.
943.051(3)(b).

69 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated
70 delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the
71 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition



72 pertains.

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3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction, except as provided in subsection (5) and s. 943.059(5), of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, or from any jurisdiction outside the state, unless expunction is sought of a criminal history record previously sealed for 10 years pursuant to paragraph (2) (h) and the record is otherwise eligible for expunction.

4. Is eligible for such an expunction to the best of his or
her knowledge or belief and does not have any other petition to
expunge or any petition to seal pending before any court.

Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNCTION.-Prior to 88 petitioning the court to expunge a criminal history record, a 89 90 person seeking to expunde a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for 91 92 expunction. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to 93 chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for expunction. 94 95 A certificate of eligibility for expunction is valid for 12 96 months after the date stamped on the certificate when issued by 97 the department. After that time, the petitioner must reapply to 98 the department for a new certificate of eligibility. Eligibility for a renewed certification of eligibility must be based on the 99 100 status of the applicant and the law in effect at the time of the



101 renewal application. The department shall issue a certificate of 102 eligibility for expunction to a person who is the subject of a 103 criminal history record if that person:

(a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, a
 written, certified statement from the appropriate <u>clerk of court</u>
 state attorney or statewide prosecutor which indicates:

107 1. That an indictment, information, or other charging108 document was not filed or issued in the case.

2. That an indictment, information, or other charging 109 110 document, if filed or issued in the case, was dismissed or nolle 111 prosequi by the state attorney or statewide prosecutor, or was 112 dismissed by a court of competent jurisdiction, and that none of the charges related to the arrest or alleged criminal activity 113 114 to which the petition to expunge pertains resulted in a trial, without regard to whether the outcome of the trial was other 115 116 than an adjudication of guilt.

117 3. That the criminal history record does not relate to a violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, 118 s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 810.14, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 119 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 120 121 893.135, s. 916.1075, a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or any violation specified as a predicate offense for registration 122 123 as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to 124 whether that offense alone is sufficient to require such 125 registration, or for registration as a sexual offender pursuant 126 to s. 943.0435, where the defendant was found guilty of, or pled 127 guilty or nolo contendere to any such offense, or that the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled 128 129 guilty or nolo contendere to committing, such an offense as a



130 delinquent act, without regard to whether adjudication was 131 withheld.

(b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for
placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust
Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.

(c) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to expunge pertains.

(d) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent for committing any felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).

(e) Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.

(f) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction, except as provided in subsection (5) and s. 943.059(5), of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, unless expunction is sought of a criminal history record previously sealed for 10 years pursuant to paragraph (h) and the record is otherwise eligible for expunction.

(g) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.

(h) Has previously obtained a court order sealing therecord under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33,



159 or former s. 943.058 for a minimum of 10 years because adjudication was withheld or because all charges related to the 160 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to 161 162 expunge pertains were not dismissed prior to trial, without 163 regard to whether the outcome of the trial was other than an adjudication of guilt. The requirement for the record to have 164 165 previously been sealed for a minimum of 10 years does not apply when a plea was not entered or all charges related to the arrest 166 167 or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge 168 pertains were dismissed prior to trial.

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(3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO EXPUNGE.-

170 (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to expunge shall be served upon the 171 172 appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and upon 173 the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any 174 agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state 175 attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to 176 177 expunge.

178 (b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the 179 court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state 180 attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency. 181 The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to 182 any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the 183 criminal history record information to which the order pertains. 184 The department shall forward the order to expunge to the Federal 185 Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency which the records of the 186 187 court reflect has received the criminal history record from the



188 court.

189 (c) For an order to expunde entered by a court prior to 190 July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state 191 attorney or statewide prosecutor of an order to expunde which is 192 contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the 193 record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable 194 ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record 195 sealed or expunged, except as provided in subsection (5) and s. 196 943.059(5). Upon receipt of such notice, the appropriate state 197 attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 198 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the 199 order to expunge. The department shall seal the record until 200 such time as the order is voided by the court.

201 (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other 202 criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to expunge entered by a court when such order does not comply with 203 204 the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, 205 the department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate 206 state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the 207 petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason 208 for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide 209 prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the 210 record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of 211 action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any 212 criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to 213 expunge when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the 214 certificate of eligibility as required by this section or such order does not otherwise comply with the requirements of this 215 216 section.



217 (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD EXPUNCTION.-Any criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered 218 219 expunded by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this 220 section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by any criminal justice agency having custody of such record; except 221 222 that any criminal history record in the custody of the department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history 223 224 record ordered expunded that is retained by the department is 225 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and 226 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not available to 227 any person or entity except upon order of a court of competent 228 jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may retain a notation 229 indicating compliance with an order to expunge.

(a) The person who is the subject of a criminal history
record that is expunged under this section or under other
provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33,
and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge
the arrests covered by the expunged record, except when the
subject of the record:

Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice
 agency;

2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;

239 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under240 this section or s. 943.059;

4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract
with the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency
for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons with
Disabilities, or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be

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246 employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive 247 position having direct contact with children, the 248 developmentally disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided 249 in s. 110.1127(3), s. 393.063, s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 250 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), 251 chapter 916, s. 985.644, chapter 400, or chapter 429;

6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Department of Education, any district school board, any university laboratory school, any charter school, any private or parochial school, or any local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities; or

7. Is seeking authorization from a seaport listed in s.
311.09 for employment within or access to one or more of such seaports pursuant to s. 311.12.

(b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted an expunction under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an expunged criminal history record.

267 (c) Information relating to the existence of an expunged 268 criminal history record which is provided in accordance with 269 paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of 270 s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, 271 except that the department shall disclose the existence of a 272 criminal history record ordered expunged to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., 6., and 7. for their 273 274 respective licensing, access authorization, and employment

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SENATOR AMENDMENT

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275 purposes, and to criminal justice agencies for their respective 276 criminal justice purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., 277 278 subparagraph (a)5., subparagraph (a)6., or subparagraph (a)7. to 279 disclose information relating to the existence of an expunged 280 criminal history record of a person seeking employment, access 281 authorization, or licensure with such entity or contractor, 282 except to the person to whom the criminal history record relates 283 or to persons having direct responsibility for employment, 284 access authorization, or licensure decisions. Any person who 285 violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first 286 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 287 (5) EXPUNCTION OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD AFTER PRIOR 288 SEALING OR EXPUNCTION.-289 (a) A court may expunge a person's criminal history record 290 after a prior criminal history record has been sealed or 291 expunged only if the person obtains a certificate from the 292 department to expunge the criminal history record. The 293 department shall issue the certificate for a second expunction 294 only if: 295 1. The person has had only one prior expunction of his or 296 her criminal history record under this section or one prior 297 expunction following the sealing of the same arrest or alleged 298 criminal activity that was expunded; 299 2. The person has not been arrested in this state during 300 the 10-year period prior to the date on which the application 301 for the certificate is filed; and 302 3. The person has not previously sealed or expunded a criminal history record that involved the same offense to which 303

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304 the petition to expunge pertains.

305 (b) All other provisions and requirements of this section 306 apply to an application to expunge a second criminal history 307 record.

308 <u>(6) (5)</u> STATUTORY REFERENCES.—Any reference to any other 309 chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this 310 section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of 311 incorporation by reference.

312 Section 2. Section 943.059, Florida Statutes, is amended to 313 read:

314 943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history records.-315 The courts of this state shall continue to have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, sealing, 316 317 and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent 318 319 with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by 320 this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice agency to seal the criminal history record of a 321 322 minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this 323 section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to 324 seal a criminal history record until the person seeking to seal 325 a criminal history record has applied for and received a 326 certificate of eligibility for sealing pursuant to subsection 327 (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of s. 328 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 329 800.04, s. 810.14, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 330 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, s. 916.1075, a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or any violation 331 332 specified as a predicate offense for registration as a sexual



333 predator pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to whether that 334 offense alone is sufficient to require such registration, or for 335 registration as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, may 336 not be sealed, without regard to whether adjudication was 337 withheld, if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, 338 339 was found to have committed or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing the offense as a delinquent act. The court may only 340 341 order sealing of a criminal history record pertaining to one 342 arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, except as 343 provided in this section. The court may, at its sole discretion, 344 order the sealing of a criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests directly relate 345 346 to the original arrest. If the court intends to order the sealing of records pertaining to such additional arrests, such 347 intent must be specified in the order. A criminal justice agency 348 may not seal any record pertaining to such additional arrests if 349 350 the order to seal does not articulate the intention of the court 351 to seal records pertaining to more than one arrest. This section 352 does not prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a 353 portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or 354 one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any 355 law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other jurisdictions 356 357 relating to sealing, correction, or confidential handling of 358 criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This 359 section does not confer any right to the sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for sealing a criminal history 360 361 record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.

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362 (1) PETITION TO SEAL A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD.-Each
363 petition to a court to seal a criminal history record is
364 complete only when accompanied by:

365 (a) A valid certificate of eligibility for sealing issued366 by the department pursuant to subsection (2).

367 (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the 368 petitioner:

369 1. Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is 370 filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or 371 comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent 372 for committing any felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 373 943.051(3)(b).

374 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated 375 delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the 376 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to 377 seal pertains.

378 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction, except 379 <u>as provided in subsection (5)</u>, of a criminal history record 380 under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, former 381 s. 943.058, or from any jurisdiction outside the state.

4. Is eligible for such a sealing to the best of his or her
knowledge or belief and does not have any other petition to seal
or any petition to expunge pending before any court.

386 Any person who knowingly provides false information on such 387 sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third 388 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 389 775.084.

(2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SEALING.-Prior to

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391 petitioning the court to seal a criminal history record, a 392 person seeking to seal a criminal history record shall apply to 393 the department for a certificate of eligibility for sealing. The 394 department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, 395 establish procedures pertaining to the application for and 396 issuance of certificates of eligibility for sealing. A 397 certificate of eligibility for sealing is valid for 12 months 398 after the date stamped on the certificate when issued by the 399 department. After that time, the petitioner must reapply to the department for a new certificate of eligibility. Eligibility for 400 a renewed certification of eligibility must be based on the 401 402 status of the applicant and the law in effect at the time of the renewal application. The department shall issue a certificate of 403 404 eligibility for sealing to a person who is the subject of a 405 criminal history record provided that such person:

406 (a) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the
407 disposition of the charge to which the petition to seal
408 pertains.

409 (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for
410 placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust
411 Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.

(c) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent for committing any felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).

(d) Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated
delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the
arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to



420 seal pertains.

(e) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction, except
as provided in subsection (5), of a criminal history record
under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or
former s. 943.058.

(f) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.

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(3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO SEAL.-

429 (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of 430 the completed petition to seal shall be served upon the 431 appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and upon 432 the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any 433 agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state 434 attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency 435 may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to 436 seal.

437 (b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the 438 court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state 439 attorney or the statewide prosecutor and to the arresting 440 agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the 441 order to any other agency to which the arresting agency 442 disseminated the criminal history record information to which 443 the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to 444 seal to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the 445 court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency 446 which the records of the court reflect has received the criminal 447 history record from the court.

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(c) For an order to seal entered by a court prior to July



449 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state 450 attorney or statewide prosecutor of any order to seal which is 451 contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the 452 record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable 453 ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record 454 sealed or expunded, except as provided in subsection (5). Upon 455 receipt of such notice, the appropriate state attorney or 456 statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 days, to 457 correct the record and petition the court to void the order to 458 seal. The department shall seal the record until such time as 459 the order is voided by the court.

460 (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other 461 criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to 462 seal entered by a court when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the 463 464 department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate state 465 attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason 466 467 for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide 468 prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the 469 record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any 470 criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to 471 472 seal when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the 473 certificate of eligibility as required by this section or when 474 such order does not comply with the requirements of this 475 section.

476 (e) An order sealing a criminal history record pursuant to477 this section does not require that such record be surrendered to



478 the court, and such record shall continue to be maintained by 479 the department and other criminal justice agencies.

480 (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD SEALING.-A criminal 481 history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered sealed by 482 a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section is 483 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and 484 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and is available only 485 to the person who is the subject of the record, to the subject's 486 attorney, to criminal justice agencies for their respective 487 criminal justice purposes, which include conducting a criminal 488 history background check for approval of firearms purchases or 489 transfers as authorized by state or federal law, to judges in 490 the state courts system for the purpose of assisting them in 491 their case-related decisionmaking responsibilities, as set forth 492 in s. 943.053(5), or to those entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., 6., and 8. for their respective 493 494 licensing, access authorization, and employment purposes.

(a) The subject of a criminal history record sealed under
this section or under other provisions of law, including former
s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully
deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the sealed
record, except when the subject of the record:

500 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice 501 agency;

502 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;

503 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under 504 this section or s. 943.0585;

4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;

506 5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract

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507 with the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency 508 for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be 509 510 employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive 511 position having direct contact with children, the 512 developmentally disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 110.1127(3), s. 393.063, s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 513 514 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 515 415.103, chapter 916, s. 985.644, chapter 400, or chapter 429;

516 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Department 517 of Education, any district school board, any university 518 laboratory school, any charter school, any private or parochial 519 school, or any local governmental entity that licenses child 520 care facilities;

521 7. Is attempting to purchase a firearm from a licensed 522 importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer and is 523 subject to a criminal history check under state or federal law; 524 or

525 8. Is seeking authorization from a Florida seaport
526 identified in s. 311.09 for employment within or access to one
527 or more of such seaports pursuant to s. 311.12.

(b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted a sealing under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge a sealed criminal history record.

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(c) Information relating to the existence of a sealed



536 criminal record provided in accordance with the provisions of 537 paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of 538 s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, 539 except that the department shall disclose the sealed criminal 540 history record to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 541 4., 5., 6., and 8. for their respective licensing, access 542 authorization, and employment purposes. It is unlawful for any 543 employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., 544 subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., subparagraph (a)6., or 545 subparagraph (a)8. to disclose information relating to the 546 existence of a sealed criminal history record of a person 547 seeking employment, access authorization, or licensure with such 548 entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal 549 history record relates or to persons having direct 550 responsibility for employment, access authorization, or 551 licensure decisions. Any person who violates the provisions of 552 this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, 553 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

 554
 (5) SEALING OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD AFTER PRIOR SEALING

 555
 OR EXPUNCTION.

556(a) A court may seal a person's criminal history record557after a prior criminal history record has been sealed or558expunged only if the person obtains a certificate from the559department to seal the criminal history record. The department560shall issue the certificate for a second sealing only if:5611. The person has had only one prior expunction or sealing

562 of his or her criminal history record under s. 943.0585 or this 563 section or one prior expunction following the sealing of the 564 same arrest or alleged criminal activity that was expunged;

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565	2. The person has not been arrested in this state during
566	the 5-year period prior to the date on which the application for
567	the certificate is filed; and
568	3. The person has not previously sealed or expunged a
569	criminal history record that involved the same offense to which
570	the petition to seal pertains.
571	(b) All other provisions and requirements of this section
572	apply to an application to seal a second criminal history
573	record.
574	(6)(5) STATUTORY REFERENCES.—Any reference to any other
575	chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this
576	section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of
577	incorporation by reference.
578	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.
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580	======================================
581	And the title is amended as follows:
582	
583	Delete lines 2 - 33
584	and insert:
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586	An act relating to sealing and expunging criminal
587	history records; amending s. 943.0585, F.S.;
588	authorizing a court to expunge a criminal history
589	record of a person who had a prior criminal history
590	record sealed or expunged in certain circumstances;
591	amending s. 943.059, F.S.; authorizing a court to seal
592	a criminal history record of a person who had a prior
593	criminal history record sealed or expunged in certain

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circumstances; providing an effective date.