1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to pain-management clinics; amending ss.
3	458.309 and 459.005, F.S.; prohibiting a person from
4	owning or operating a pain-management clinic unless he or
5	she is a physician with a clear and active license to
6	practice in this state; providing that a pain-management
7	clinic may not be owned by, employ, or contract with
8	certain physicians or certain persons; defining the term
9	"controlled substance"; prohibiting a person from
10	prescribing or dispensing any medication on the premises
11	of a pain-management clinic unless he or she is a
12	physician licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459, F.S.;
13	providing an exception for a pharmacist licensed under ch.
14	465, F.S.; providing an effective date.
15	
16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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18	Section 1. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 458.309,
19	Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (7) is added to
20	that section, to read:
21	458.309 Rulemaking authority
22	(4) (a) All privately owned pain-management clinics,
23	facilities, or offices, hereinafter referred to as "clinics,"
24	which advertise in any medium for any type of pain-management
25	services $_{m{ au}}$ or employ a physician who is primarily engaged in the
26	treatment of pain by prescribing or dispensing controlled
27	substances substance medications, must register with the
28	department by January 4, 2010, unless that clinic is licensed as
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29 a facility pursuant to chapter 395. A person may not own or 30 operate a pain-management clinic in this state unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459 and 31 32 the status of his or her license is clear and active according 33 to the Division of Medical Quality Assurance of the Department 34 of Health. A physician may not practice medicine in a pain-35 management clinic that is required to but has not registered 36 with the department. Each clinic location shall be registered 37 separately regardless of whether the clinic is operated under 38 the same business name or management as another clinic. If the 39 clinic is licensed as a health care clinic under chapter 400, the medical director is responsible for registering the facility 40 41 with the department. If the clinic is not registered pursuant to 42 chapter 395 or chapter 400, the clinic shall, upon registration 43 with the department, designate a physician who is responsible 44 for complying with all requirements related to registration of 45 the clinic. The designated physician shall be licensed under this chapter or chapter 459 and shall practice at the office 46 47 location for which the physician has assumed responsibility. The department shall inspect the clinic annually to ensure that it 48 49 complies with rules of the Board of Medicine adopted pursuant to 50 this paragraph subsection and subsection (5) unless the office 51 is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency 52 approved by the Board of Medicine. The actual costs for 53 registration and inspection or accreditation shall be paid by the physician seeking to register the clinic. 54 55 (b) A pain-management clinic may not be owned, either in

56 whole or in part, by or have any contractual relationship,

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2010 57 whether through employment or by independent contract, with: 58 1. A physician who, during the course of his or her 59 practice, has been denied the privilege of prescribing, 60 dispensing, administering, supplying, or selling any controlled 61 substance and whose medical license, during the course of his or 62 her practice, has been suspended or revoked. 63 A person who has been convicted of or who has pled 2. 64 guilty or nolo contendere, regardless of whether adjudication 65 was withheld, to an offense that constitutes a felony. 66 (5) The Board of Medicine shall adopt rules setting forth 67 standards of practice for physicians practicing in privately owned pain-management clinics that primarily engage in the 68 69 treatment of pain by prescribing or dispensing controlled 70 substances substance medications. Such rules shall address, but 71 need not be limited to, the following subjects: 72 (a) Facility operations; 73 Physical operations; (b) 74 Infection control requirements; (C) 75 (d) Health and safety requirements; 76 Quality assurance requirements; (e) 77 (f) Patient records; 78 Training requirements for all facility health care (g) 79 practitioners who are not regulated by another board; 80 (h) Inspections; and Data collection and reporting requirements. 81 (i) 82 83 A person may not prescribe or dispense any medication, including 84 a controlled substance, on the premises of a pain-management Page 3 of 7

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clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459; however, a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465 may dispense any medication, including a controlled substance, on the premises of a pain-management clinic. A physician is primarily engaged in the treatment of pain by prescribing or dispensing controlled substances substance medications when the majority of the patients seen are prescribed or dispensed controlled substances substance medications for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain. Chronic nonmalignant pain is pain unrelated to cancer which persists beyond the usual course of the disease or the injury that is the cause of the pain or more than 90 days after As used in this section, the term "controlled substance" means a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV in s. 893.03. Section 2. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 459.005, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to

103 that section, to read:

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459.005 Rulemaking authority.-

105 (3) (a) All privately owned pain-management clinics, 106 facilities, or offices, hereinafter referred to as "clinics," 107 which advertise in any medium for any type of pain-management services τ or employ a physician who is licensed under this 108 chapter and who is primarily engaged in the treatment of pain by 109 prescribing or dispensing controlled substances substance 110 111 medications, must register with the department by January 4, 2010, unless that clinic is licensed as a facility under chapter 112

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113 395. A person may not own or operate a pain-management clinic in 114 this state unless he or she is a physician licensed under this 115 chapter or chapter 458 and the status of his or her license is 116 clear and active according to the Division of Medical Quality 117 Assurance of the Department of Health. A physician may not 118 practice osteopathic medicine in a pain-management clinic that 119 is required to but has not registered with the department. Each clinic location shall be registered separately regardless of 120 121 whether the clinic is operated under the same business name or management as another clinic. If the clinic is licensed as a 122 123 health care clinic under chapter 400, the medical director is 124 responsible for registering the facility with the department. If the clinic is not registered under chapter 395 or chapter 400, 125 126 the clinic shall, upon registration with the department, 127 designate a physician who is responsible for complying with all 128 requirements related to registration of the clinic. The 129 designated physician shall be licensed under chapter 458 or this 130 chapter and shall practice at the office location for which the 131 physician has assumed responsibility. The department shall 132 inspect the clinic annually to ensure that it complies with 133 rules of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine adopted pursuant to 134 this paragraph subsection and subsection (4) unless the office 135 is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency approved by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine. The actual costs 136 for registration and inspection or accreditation shall be paid 137 by the physician seeking to register the clinic. 138 139 (b) A pain-management clinic may not be owned, either in

140 whole or in part, by or have any contractual relationship,

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141 whether through employment or by independent contract, with: 142 1. A physician who, during the course of his or her 143 practice, has been denied the privilege of prescribing, 144 dispensing, administering, supplying, or selling any controlled 145 substance and whose medical license, during the course of his or 146 her practice, has been suspended or revoked. 147 A person who has been convicted of or who has pled 2. 148 guilty or nolo contendere, regardless of whether adjudication was withheld, to an offense that constitutes a felony. 149 150 The Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall adopt rules (4) 151 setting forth standards of practice for physicians who practice 152 in privately owned pain-management clinics that primarily engage 153 in the treatment of pain by prescribing or dispensing controlled 154 substances substance medications. Such rules shall address, but 155 need not be limited to, the following subjects: 156 (a) Facility operations; 157 Physical operations; (b) 158 (C) Infection control requirements; 159 (d) Health and safety requirements; 160 Quality assurance requirements; (e) 161 (f) Patient records; 162 Training requirements for all facility health care (g) 163 practitioners who are not regulated by another board; 164 Inspections; and (h) 165 Data collection and reporting requirements. (i) 166 167 A person may not prescribe or dispense any medication, including 168 a controlled substance, on the premises of a pain-management Page 6 of 7

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169	clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this
170	chapter or chapter 458; however, a pharmacist licensed under
171	chapter 465 may dispense any medication, including a controlled
172	substance, on the premises of a pain-management clinic. A
173	physician is primarily engaged in the treatment of pain by
174	prescribing or dispensing controlled <u>substances</u> substance
175	medications when the majority of the patients seen are
176	prescribed or dispensed controlled <u>substances</u> substance
177	medications for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain.
178	Chronic nonmalignant pain is pain unrelated to cancer which
179	persists beyond the usual course of the disease or the injury
180	that is the cause of the pain or more than 90 days after
181	surgery.
182	(6) As used in this section, the term "controlled
183	substance" means a controlled substance listed in Schedule II,
184	Schedule III, or Schedule IV in s. 893.03.
185	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

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