By Senator Smith

	29-00507-10 2010490
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the practice of dentistry; amending
3	s. 466.003, F.S.; defining the term "public health
4	supervision" and redefining the term "health access
5	settings" to include school-based prevention programs;
6	amending ss. 466.006 and 466.0067, F.S.; conforming
7	cross-references; amending s. 466.00775, F.S.;
8	conforming a cross-reference; requiring the Board of
9	Dentistry to adopt additional rules; amending s.
10	466.023, F.S.; authorizing dental hygienists to
11	perform certain additional dental hygiene services
12	under public health supervision; authorizing dental
13	hygienists to perform fluoride treatments without
14	supervision; authorizing the board to adopt rules;
15	amending s. 466.024, F.S.; providing that certain
16	tasks are remediable and delegable to dental
17	hygienists in certain settings; prohibiting a dentist
18	from delegating irremediable tasks to a dental
19	hygienist; authorizing a dentist to delegate
20	remediable tasks to a dental hygienist under certain
21	conditions; providing a list of remediable and
22	delegable tasks; authorizing the board to adopt rules;
23	providing an effective date.
24	
25	WHEREAS, tooth decay is one of the most prevalent chronic
26	diseases of childhood, and
27	WHEREAS, oral diseases are associated with a variety of
28	systemic diseases, including cardiovascular disease, diabetes,
29	and cancer, and

Page 1 of 12

	29-00507-10 2010490
30	
31	preterm birth and low birth weight, and
32	WHEREAS, early dental care helps to prevent oral disease
33	and its associated pain, risks, and high costs to individuals,
34	and
35	WHEREAS, the placement of dental sealants and fluorides are
36	a central and critical aspect of preventive oral health care,
37	especially for children, and
38	WHEREAS, dental care for low-income and other underserved
39	patients is provided primarily through publicly funded programs,
40	and
41	WHEREAS, the current public health infrastructure is
42	inadequate to provide access to preventive and interventional
43	oral health care services, and
44	WHEREAS, current dental licensure statutes and rules in
45	Florida create barriers for dentists licensed in other states
46	who are willing to serve in public health settings from doing
47	so, and
48	WHEREAS, Florida's current statutes and rules restrict the
49	ability of dental hygienists to deliver needed care to low-
50	income and other underserved patients cost-effectively, and
51	WHEREAS, Florida is one of four states and the U.S. Virgin
52	Islands that does not offer a process by which dentists from
53	other states may achieve licensure by credentials to practice in
54	public or private settings, and
55	WHEREAS, Florida is one of nine states to prohibit dental
56	hygienists from placing dental sealants without the physical
57	presence of a dentist, and
58	WHEREAS, the membership of the Florida Board of Dentistry

Page 2 of 12

does not require any of its members to have a background in or experience in a public health setting, NOW, THEREFORE, Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Present subsections (11), (12), (13), and (14) of section 466.003, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (12), (13), (14), and (15), respectively, and amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to read: 466.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter: (11) "Public health supervision" means administrative supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12)(41) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (13)(12) "Narl and maxillofacial surgery" means the specialty of dentistry involving diagnosis, surgery, and		29-00507-10 2010490
 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Present subsections (11), (12), (13), and (14) of section 466.003, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (12), (13), (14), and (15), respectively, and amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to read: 466.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter: (11) "Public health supervision" means administrative supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12)(41) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that which</u>, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or <u>that which</u> cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that which</u> are reversible and do not create unalterable chapter. (13)(42) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that which</u> are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (14)(43) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the 	59	does not require any of its members to have a background in or
 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Present subsections (11), (12), (13), and (14) of section 466.003, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (12), (13), (14), and (15), respectively, and amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to read: 466.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter: (11) "Public health supervision" means administrative supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12) (11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable task" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (14) (13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the 	60	experience in a public health setting, NOW, THEREFORE,
 Section 1. Present subsections (11), (12), (13), and (14) of section 466.003, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (12), (13), (14), and (15), respectively, and amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to read: 466.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter: (11) "Public health supervision" means administrative supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12) (11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this chapter. (13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and tasks that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (14) (13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the 	61	
Section 1. Present subsections (11), (12), (13), and (14) of section 466.003, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (12), (13), (14), and (15), respectively, and amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to read: <u>(11) "Public health supervision" means administrative</u> supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (<u>(12)(11)</u> "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that which</u> , when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or <u>that which</u> cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an <u>riremediable tasks</u> " are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that which</u> are reversible and do not create unalterable chapter. (<u>(13)(12)</u> "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that which</u> are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (<u>(14)(13)</u> "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	62	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
<pre>65 of section 466.003, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 86 subsections (12), (13), (14), and (15), respectively, and 87 amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to 89 466.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter: 9 466.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter: 9 11) "Public health supervision" means administrative 9 supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access 9 setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, 9 provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The 9 board may authorize additional services by rule. 9 (12)(11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 9 tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create 9 unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous 9 structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. 9 The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia 10 is considered to be an mirremediable task" for purposes of this 11 chapter. 12 (13)(12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 13 tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable 14 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 15 tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable 16 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 15 that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 16 (14)(13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the</pre>	63	
<pre>66 subsections (12), (13), (14), and (15), respectively, and amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to 67 read: 69 466.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter: 70 (11) "Public health supervision" means administrative 71 supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access 72 setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, 73 provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The 74 board may authorize additional services by rule. 75 (12)(11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 76 tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create 77 unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous 78 structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. 79 The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia 80 is considered to be an "irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 81 tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable 82 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 83 tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable 84 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 85 that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 86 (14)(13) 87 'Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the 87 'Diremediable task of the structure is the structure in the structure is a structure in the oral cavity or the contiguous structure is and 88 that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 89 (14)(-13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the structure is the structur</pre>	64	Section 1. Present subsections (11), (12), (13), and (14)
<pre>amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to read: 466.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter: (11) "Public health supervision" means administrative supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12) (11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this chapter. (13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and tasks that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (14) (13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the</pre>	65	of section 466.003, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
<pre>68 read: 69 466.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter: 70 (11) "Public health supervision" means administrative 71 supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access 72 setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, 73 provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The 74 board may authorize additional services by rule. 75 (12)(11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 76 tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create 77 unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous 78 structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. 79 The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia 80 is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this 81 chapter. 82 (13)(12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 83 tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable 84 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 85 that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 86 (14)(13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the</pre>	66	subsections (12), (13), (14), and (15), respectively, and
 466.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter: (11) "Public health supervision" means administrative supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12) (11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (14) (13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the 	67	amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to
 (11) "Public health supervision" means administrative supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12) (11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this chapter. (13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and tasks that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (14) (13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the 	68	read:
Supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12) (11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that which</u> , when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or <u>that which</u> cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an <u>"irremediable task"</u> for purposes of this chapter. (13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that which</u> are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient.	69	466.003 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter:
Setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist, provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12) (11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable tasks" for purposes of this chapter. (13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient.	70	(11) "Public health supervision" means administrative
provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The board may authorize additional services by rule. (12) (11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that which</u> , when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or <u>that which</u> cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this chapter. (13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that</u> which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and <u>that</u> which do not cause an increased risk to the patient.	71	supervision whereby a dental hygienist in a health access
 board may authorize additional services by rule. (12)-(11) "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this chapter. (13)-(12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (14)-(13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the 	72	setting, without supervision or the presence of a dentist,
75 <u>(12) (11)</u> "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 76 tasks <u>that</u> which, when performed, are irreversible and create 77 unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous 78 structures or <u>that</u> which cause an increased risk to the patient. 79 The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia 80 is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this 81 chapter. 82 <u>(13) (12)</u> "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 83 tasks <u>that</u> which are reversible and do not create unalterable 84 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 85 <u>that</u> which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 86 <u>(14) (13)</u> "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	73	provides remedial services as established under s. 466.024. The
The tasks that which, when performed, are irreversible and create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures or that which cause an increased risk to the patient. The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this chapter. (13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (14) (13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	74	board may authorize additional services by rule.
177 unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous 178 structures or <u>that which</u> cause an increased risk to the patient. 179 The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia 180 is considered to be an <u>"irremediable task"</u> for purposes of this 181 chapter. 182 <u>(13)(12)</u> "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 183 tasks <u>that which</u> are reversible and do not create unalterable 184 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 185 <u>that which</u> do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 186 <u>(14)(13)</u> "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	75	<u>(12)</u> "Irremediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment
78 structures or <u>that</u> which cause an increased risk to the patient. 79 The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia 80 is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this 81 chapter. 82 $(13)(12)$ "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 83 tasks <u>that</u> which are reversible and do not create unalterable 84 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 85 <u>that</u> which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 86 $(14)(13)$ "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	76	tasks <u>that</u> which , when performed, are irreversible and create
The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this chapter. $\frac{(13)(12)}{(12)}$ "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment tasks <u>that</u> which are reversible and do not create unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and <u>that</u> which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. $\frac{(14)(13)}{(13)}$ "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	77	unalterable changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous
80 is considered to be an "irremediable task" for purposes of this 81 chapter. 82 (13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 83 tasks <u>that</u> which are reversible and do not create unalterable 84 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 85 <u>that</u> which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 86 (14) (13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	78	structures or <u>that</u> $\frac{1}{2}$ which cause an increased risk to the patient.
<pre>81 chapter. 82 (13)(12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 83 tasks that which are reversible and do not create unalterable 84 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 85 that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 86 (14)(13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the</pre>	79	The administration of anesthetics other than topical anesthesia
82 <u>(13) (12)</u> "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment 83 tasks <u>that</u> which are reversible and do not create unalterable 84 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 85 <u>that</u> which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 86 <u>(14) (13)</u> "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	80	is considered to be an $$ irremediable task $$ for purposes of this
83 tasks <u>that</u> which are reversible and do not create unalterable 84 changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and 85 <u>that</u> which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 86 <u>(14)(13)</u> "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	81	chapter.
changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. (14)(13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	82	(13) (12) "Remediable tasks" are those intraoral treatment
85 <u>that</u> which do not cause an increased risk to the patient. 86 <u>(14)</u> "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	83	tasks <u>that</u> which are reversible and do not create unalterable
86 <u>(14) (13)</u> "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the	84	changes within the oral cavity or the contiguous structures and
	85	that which do not cause an increased risk to the patient.
87 specialty of dentistry involving diagnosis, surgery, and	86	(14) (13) "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means the
	87	specialty of dentistry involving diagnosis, surgery, and

Page 3 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 490

29-00507-10 2010490 88 adjunctive treatment of diseases, injuries, and defects 89 involving the functional and esthetic aspects of the hard and 90 soft tissues of the oral and maxillofacial regions. This term 91 does may not be construed to apply with respect to any 92 individual exempt under s. 466.002(1). 93 (15) (14) "Health access settings" means programs and 94 institutions of the Department of Children and Family Services, 95 the Department of Health, the Department of Juvenile Justice, 96 nonprofit community health centers, Head Start centers, 97 federally qualified health centers (FQHCs), FQHC look-alikes as 98 defined by federal law, school-based prevention programs, and clinics operated by accredited colleges of dentistry in this 99 100 state if such community service programs and institutions 101 immediately report to the Board of Dentistry all violations of 102 s. 466.027, s. 466.028, or other practice act or standard of 103 care violations related to the actions or inactions of a 104 dentist, dental hygienist, or dental assistant engaged in the 105 delivery of dental care in such settings. Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 106 107 466.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 108 466.006 Examination of dentists.-109 (2) An applicant shall be entitled to take the examinations

required in this section to practice dentistry in this state if the applicant:

(c)1. Has successfully completed the National Board of Dental Examiners dental examination within 10 years of the date of application; or

115 2. Has an active health access dental license in this 116 state; and

Page 4 of 12

29-00507-10

2010490

117 a. The applicant has at least 5,000 hours within 4 118 consecutive years of clinical practice experience providing 119 direct patient care in a health access setting as defined in s. 120 466.003(14); the applicant is a retired veteran dentist of any 121 branch of the United States Armed Services who has practiced 122 dentistry while on active duty and has at least 3,000 hours 123 within 3 consecutive years of clinical practice experience 124 providing direct patient care in a health access setting as 125 defined in s. 466.003(14); or the applicant has provided a 126 portion of his or her salaried time teaching health profession students in any public education setting, including, but not 127 limited to, a community college, college, or university, and has 128 129 at least 3,000 hours within 3 consecutive years of clinical practice experience providing direct patient care in a health 130 access setting as defined in s. 466.003(14); 131

b. The applicant has not been disciplined by the board,except for citation offenses or minor violations;

134 c. The applicant has not filed a report pursuant to s. 135 456.049; and

d. The applicant has not been convicted of or pled nolo
contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any felony or
misdemeanor related to the practice of a health care profession.

Section 3. Section 466.0067, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

141 466.0067 Application for health access dental license.—The 142 Legislature finds that there is an important state interest in 143 attracting dentists to practice in underserved health access 144 settings in this state and further, that allowing out-of-state 145 dentists who meet certain criteria to practice in health access

Page 5 of 12

146	29-00507-10 2010490
-	settings without the supervision of a dentist licensed in this
147	state is substantially related to achieving this important state
148	interest. Therefore, notwithstanding the requirements of s.
149	466.006, the board shall grant a health access dental license to
150	practice dentistry in this state in health access settings as
151	defined in s. 466.003 (14) to an applicant that:
152	(1) Files an appropriate application approved by the board;
153	(2) Pays an application license fee for a health access
154	dental license, laws-and-rule exam fee, and an initial licensure
155	fee. The fees specified in this subsection may not differ from
156	an applicant seeking licensure pursuant to s. 466.006;
157	(3) Has not been convicted of or pled nolo contendere to,
158	regardless of adjudication, any felony or misdemeanor related to
159	the practice of a health care profession;
160	(4) Submits proof of graduation from a dental school
161	accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation of the
162	American Dental Association or its successor agency;
163	(5) Submits documentation that she or he has completed, or
164	will obtain prior to licensure, continuing education equivalent
165	to this state's requirement for dentists licensed under s.
166	466.006 for the last full reporting biennium before applying for
167	a health access dental license;
168	(6) Submits proof of her or his successful completion of
169	parts I and II of the dental examination by the National Board
170	of Dental Examiners and a state or regional clinical dental
171	licensing examination that the board has determined effectively
172	measures the applicant's ability to practice safely;
173	(7) Currently holds a valid, active, dental license in good
174	standing which has not been revoked, suspended, restricted, or

Page 6 of 12

	29-00507-10 2010490
175	otherwise disciplined from another of these United States, the
176	District of Columbia, or a United States territory;
177	(8) Has never had a license revoked from another of these
178	United States, the District of Columbia, or a United States
179	territory;
180	(9) Has never failed the examination specified in s.
181	466.006, unless the applicant was reexamined pursuant to s.
182	466.006 and received a license to practice dentistry in this
183	state;
184	(10) Has not been reported to the National Practitioner
185	Data Bank, unless the applicant successfully appealed to have
186	his or her name removed from the data bank;
187	(11) Submits proof that he or she has been engaged in the
188	active, clinical practice of dentistry providing direct patient
189	care for 5 years immediately preceding the date of application,
190	or in instances when the applicant has graduated from an
191	accredited dental school within the preceding 5 years, submits
192	proof of continuous clinical practice providing direct patient
193	care since graduation; and
194	(12) Has passed an examination covering the laws and rules
195	of the practice of dentistry in this state as described in s.
196	466.006(4)(a).
197	Section 4. Section 466.00775, Florida Statutes, is amended
198	to read:
199	466.00775 Rulemaking.—The board shall adopt rules pursuant
200	to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer ss. <u>466.003(15)</u>
201	466.003(14) , <u>466.004(1),</u> 466.0067, 466.00671, 466.00672,
202	466.00673, <u>466.011,</u> 466.021, and 466.032.
203	Section 5. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section

Page 7 of 12

29-00507-10 2010490 466.023, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (7) is 204 205 added to that section, to read: 206 466.023 Dental hygienists; scope and area of practice.-207 (1) Except as otherwise provided in s. 466.024, only dental 208 hygienists may be delegated the task of removing calculus deposits, accretions, and stains from exposed surfaces of the 209 210 teeth and from the gingival sulcus and the task of performing 211 root planing and curettage. In addition, dental hygienists may expose dental X-ray films, apply topical preventive or 212 213 prophylactic agents, and perform all tasks delegable by the 214 dentist in accordance with s. 466.024. The board by rule shall 215 determine whether such functions shall be performed under the 216 direct, indirect, or general supervision of the dentist. 217 (2) Dental hygienists may perform their duties: 218 (a) In the private office of a licensed dentist wherein the 219 board shall determine by rule whether the functions in 220 subsection (1) must be performed under the direct, indirect, or 221 general supervision of the dentist; 222 (b) In public health access settings, programs and 223 institutions of the Department of Children and Family Services, 224 Department of Health, and Department of Juvenile Justice under 225 public health supervision, as defined in s. 466.003. Dental 226 hygienists in health access settings under public health 227 supervision may perform the duties delineated in this section, ss. 466.0235 and 466.024, and any other duties as prescribed by 228 229 this chapter the general supervision of a licensed dentist; or 230 (c) Upon a patient of record of a dentist who has issued a 231 prescription for the services of a dental hygienist, which 232 prescription is shall be valid for 2 years unless a shorter

Page 8 of 12

	29-00507-10 2010490
233	length of time is designated by the dentist, in:
234	1. Licensed public and private health facilities;
235	2. Other public institutions of the state and federal
236	government;
237	3. Public and private educational institutions;
238	4. The home of a nonambulatory patient; and
239	5. Other places in accordance with the rules of the board.
240	
241	However, the dentist issuing such prescription <u>remains</u> shall
242	remain responsible for the care of such patient. As used in this
243	subsection, "patient of record" means a patient upon whom a
244	dentist has taken a complete medical history, completed a
245	clinical examination, recorded any pathological conditions, and
246	prepared a treatment plan.
247	(3) Dental hygienists may, without supervision, provide
248	educational programs, faculty or staff training programs,
249	authorized fluoride rinse programs, and fluoride treatments,
250	including fluoride varnish applications. Dental hygienists may
251	also, without supervision, instruct patients in oral hygiene
252	<u>care</u> and <u>provide</u> other services <u>that</u> which do not involve
253	diagnosis or treatment of dental conditions and which services
254	are approved by rule of the board.
255	(7) The board may adopt rules to administer this section.
256	Section 6. Section 466.024, Florida Statutes, is amended to
257	read:
258	466.024 Delegation of duties; expanded functions
259	(1) A dentist may not delegate irremediable tasks to a
260	dental hygienist or dental assistant, except as provided by law.
261	A dentist may delegate remediable tasks to a dental hygienist or

Page 9 of 12

	29-00507-10 2010490
262	dental assistant when such tasks pose no risk to the patient. A
263	dentist may only delegate <u>only those</u> remediable tasks <u>that are</u>
264	$rac{so}{so}$ defined by law or rule of the board. The board by rule shall
265	designate which tasks are remediable and delegable, except that
266	the following are by law found to be remediable and delegable to
267	dental hygienists in settings defined in s. 466.023(2)(a) and
268	<u>(c)</u> :
269	(a) Taking impressions for study casts but not for the
270	purpose of fabricating any intraoral restorations or orthodontic
271	appliance.
272	(b) Placing periodontal dressings.
273	(c) Removing periodontal or surgical dressings.
274	(d) Removing sutures.
275	(e) Placing or removing rubber dams.
276	(f) Placing or removing matrices.
277	(g) Placing or removing temporary restorations.
278	(h) Applying cavity liners, varnishes, or bases.
279	(i) Polishing amalgam restorations.
280	(j) Polishing clinical crowns of the teeth for the purpose
281	of removing stains but not changing the existing contour of the
282	tooth.
283	(k) Obtaining bacteriological cytological specimens not
284	involving cutting of the tissue.
285	
286	Nothing in This subsection <u>does not</u> shall be construed to limit
287	delegable tasks to those specified herein.
288	(2) A dentist may not delegate irremediable tasks to a
289	dental hygienist except as provided by law. A dentist may
290	delegate remediable tasks to a dental hygienist when such tasks

Page 10 of 12

	29-00507-10 2010490
291	pose no risk to the patient. A dentist may delegate only those
292	remediable tasks that are defined by law or rule of the board.
293	The following tasks are remediable and delegable in settings
294	defined in s. 466.023(2)(a) and (c):
295	(a) All duties listed in s. 466.023(1).
296	(b) Applying topical fluorides, which includes fluoride
297	varnish.
298	(c) Applying dental sealants.
299	
300	This subsection does not limit delegable tasks to those
301	specified herein.
302	(3) (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) or subsection (2), a
303	dentist may delegate the tasks of gingival curettage and root
304	planing to a dental hygienist but not to a dental assistant.
305	(4) (3) All other remediable tasks shall be performed under
306	the direct, indirect, or general supervision of a dentist, as
307	determined by rule of the board, <u>or by dental hygienists under</u>
308	public health supervision in a health access setting, and after
309	such formal or on-the-job training by the dental hygienist or
310	dental assistant as the board by rule may require. The board by
311	rule may establish a certification process for expanded-duty
312	dental assistants, establishing such training or experience
313	criteria or examinations as it deems necessary and specifying
314	which tasks may be delegable only to such assistants. If the
315	board does establish such a certification process, the
316	department shall implement the application process for such
317	certification and administer any examinations required.
318	<u>(5)</u> (4) Notwithstanding subsection (1) or subsection (2), a
319	dentist may not delegate to anyone other than another licensed

Page 11 of 12

	29-00507-10 2010490
320	dentist:
321	(a) Any prescription of drugs or medications requiring the
322	written order or prescription of a licensed dentist or
323	physician.
324	(b) Any diagnosis for treatment or treatment planning.
325	(6)(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a
326	dentist is primarily responsible for all procedures delegated by
327	her or him.
328	<u>(7)(6) A</u> No dental assistant <u>may not</u> shall perform an
329	intraoral procedure except after such formal or on-the-job
330	training as the board <u>prescribes</u> by rule shall prescribe .
331	(8) The board may adopt rules to administer this section.
332	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.