

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Comm: RE 02/02/2010

The Committee on Regulated Industries (Dean) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 399.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

399.02 General requirements.-

(6) The department is empowered to carry out all of the provisions of this chapter relating to the inspection and regulation of elevators and to enforce the provisions of the Florida Building Code, except that provisions of and any updates to the code requiring modifications for Phase II Firefighters'

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Services controls on existing elevators, as amended into the Safety Code for Existing Elevators and Escalators, ANSI/ASME A17.1 and A17.3, may not be enforced on elevators issued a certificate of operation by the department before July 1, 2009, until the elevator is replaced. This exception does not apply to any building for which a building permit was issued on or after July 1, 2009.

Section 2. Present subsection (7) of section 399.15, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (8), and a new subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:

399.15 Regional emergency elevator access.

(7) As an alternative to complying with the requirements of subsection (1), each building in this state which is required to meet the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) may instead provide for the installation of a uniform lock box that contains the keys to all elevators in the building allowing public access, including service and freight elevators. The uniform lock box must be keyed to allow all uniform lock boxes in each of the seven state emergency response regions to operate in fire emergency situations using one master key. The master key for the uniform lock shall be issued only to the fire department. The Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Financial Services shall enforce this subsection. The Department of Financial Services shall select the provider of the uniform lock box to be installed in each building in which the requirements of this subsection are implemented.

Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 468.8311, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.8311 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

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(4) "Home inspection services" means a limited visual examination of one or more of the following readily accessible installed systems and components of a home: the structure, electrical system, HVAC system, roof covering, plumbing system, interior components, exterior components, and site conditions that affect the structure, for the purposes of providing a written professional opinion of the condition of the home.

Section 4. Present subsections (5) through (8) of section 468.8312, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4) through (7), respectively, and subsection (4) of that section is deleted, to read:

468.8312 Fees.-

- (4) The fee for a certificate of authorization shall not exceed \$125.
 - (4) (4) (5) The biennial renewal fee shall not exceed \$200.
- (5) (6) The fee for licensure by endorsement shall not exceed \$200.
- (6) $\frac{(7)}{(7)}$ The fee for application for inactive status or for reactivation of an inactive license shall not exceed \$200.
- (7) The fee for applications from providers of continuing education may not exceed \$500.

Section 5. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 468.8313, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsection (6) of that section is redesignated as subsection (7), and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

468.8313 Examinations.-

(1) A person desiring to be licensed as a home inspector shall apply to the department after he or she satisfies the examination requirements in this part to take a licensure



examination.

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- (2) An applicant shall be entitled to take the licensure examination for the purpose of determining whether he or she is qualified to practice in this state as a home inspector if the applicant has passed the required examination, is of good moral character, and has completed a course of study of at least no less than 120 hours which that covers all of the following components of a home: structure, electrical system, HVAC system, roof covering, plumbing system, interior components, exterior components, and site conditions that affect the structure.
- (6) An applicant for a license shall submit, along with the application, a complete set of electronic fingerprints in a form and manner required by the department. The fingerprints shall be submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing. The Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a level 2 background check pursuant to s. 435.04. The department shall review the background results to determine if an applicant meets the requirements for licensure. The applicant is responsible for the cost associated with processing the fingerprints. The authorized agencies or vendors shall collect these fees and pay for the processing costs due to the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (7) (6) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.

Section 6. Section 468.8318, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.8318 Certification of corporations and partnerships.-

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(1) The department shall issue a certificate of authorization to a corporation or partnership offering home inspection services to the public if the corporation or partnership satisfies all of the requirements of this part.

(2) The practice of or the offer to practice home inspection services by licensees through a corporation or partnership offering home inspection services to the public, or by a corporation or partnership offering such services to the public through licensees under this part as agents, employees, officers, or partners, is permitted subject to the provisions of this part, provided that all personnel of the corporation or partnership who act in its behalf as home inspectors in this state are licensed as provided by this part; and further provided that the corporation or partnership has been issued a certificate of authorization by the department as provided in this section. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a corporation to hold a license to practice home inspection services. No corporation or partnership shall be relieved of responsibility for the conduct or acts of its agents, employees, or officers by reason of its compliance with this section, nor shall any individual practicing home inspection services be relieved of responsibility for professional services performed by reason of his or her employment or relationship with a corporation or partnership.

(3) For the purposes of this section, a certificate of authorization shall be required for a corporation, partnership, association, or person practicing under a fictitious name and offering home inspection services to the public; however, when an individual is practicing home inspection services in his or

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her own given name, he or she shall not be required to register under this section.

- (4) Each certificate of authorization shall be renewed every 2 years. Each partnership and corporation certified under this section shall notify the department within 1 month of any change in the information contained in the application upon which the certification is based.
- (5) Disciplinary action against a corporation or partnership shall be administered in the same manner and on the same grounds as disciplinary action against a licensed home inspector.

Section 7. Section 468.8319, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.8319 Prohibitions; penalties.-

- (1) A home inspector, a company that employs a home inspector, or a company that is controlled by a company that also has a financial interest in a company employing a home inspector may not:
- (a) Practice or offer to practice home inspection services unless the person has complied with the provisions of this part;
- (b) Use the name or title "certified home inspector," "registered home inspector," "licensed home inspector," "home inspector," "professional home inspector," or any combination thereof unless the person has complied with the provisions of this part;
 - (c) Present as his or her own the license of another;
- (d) Knowingly give false or forged evidence to the department or an employee thereof;
 - (e) Use or attempt to use a license that has been suspended



or revoked;

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- (f) Perform or offer to perform, prior to closing, for any additional fee, any repairs to a home on which the inspector or the inspector's company has prepared a home inspection report. This paragraph does not apply to a home warranty company that is affiliated with or retains a home inspector to perform repairs pursuant to a claim made under a home warranty contract;
- (q) Inspect for a fee any property in which the inspector or the inspector's company has any financial or transfer interest;
- (h) Offer or deliver any compensation, inducement, or reward to any broker or agent therefor for the referral of the owner of the inspected property to the inspector or the inspection company; or
- (i) Accept an engagement to make an omission or prepare a report in which the inspection itself, or the fee payable for the inspection, is contingent upon either the conclusions in the report, preestablished findings, or the close of escrow.
- (2) Any person who is found to be in violation of any provision of this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- Section 8. Notwithstanding section 4 of chapter 2007-235, Laws of Florida, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 468.8319, Florida Statutes, shall take effect July 1, 2011.
- Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 468.832, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 468.832 Disciplinary proceedings.-
 - (1) The following acts constitute grounds for which the

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disciplinary actions in subsection (2) may be taken:

- (a) Violation of any provision of this part or s. 455.227(1).;
- (b) Attempting to procure a license to practice home inspection services by bribery or fraudulent misrepresentation;
- (c) Having a license to practice home inspection services revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of another state, territory, or country. +
- (d) Being convicted or found quilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction that directly relates to the practice of home inspection services or the ability to practice home inspection services. +
- (e) Making or filing a report or record that the licensee knows to be false, willfully failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. Such reports or records shall include only those that are signed in the capacity of a licensed home inspector. +
- (f) Advertising goods or services in a manner that is fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading in form or content. +
- (g) Engaging in fraud or deceit, or negligence, incompetency, or misconduct, in the practice of home inspection services. +
- (h) Failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensed home inspector; violating any provision of this chapter, a rule of the department, or a lawful order of

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the department previously entered in a disciplinary hearing; or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the department.; or

- (i) Practicing on a revoked, suspended, inactive, or delinquent license.
- (j) Failing to meet any standard of practice adopted by department rule.

Section 10. Section 468.8324, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.8324 Grandfather clause. - A person who performs home inspection services as defined in this part may qualify to be licensed by the department as a home inspector if the person submits an application to the department postmarked on or before March 1, 2011, which shows that the applicant: meets the licensure requirements of this part by July 1, 2010.

- (1)(a) Has been certified as a home inspector by a state or national association that required successful completion of a proctored examination on home inspection, as defined in this part, and has completed at least 14 hours of verifiable education on home inspection; or
- (b) Has at least 3 years of experience as a home inspector at the time of application and has completed 14 hours of verifiable education on home inspection. Applicants must provide 120 home inspection reports based on home inspections, as defined in this part, to establish the required 3 years of experience. The department may conduct investigations regarding the validity of home inspection reports submitted pursuant to this section and may take disciplinary action pursuant to s. 468.832 for the filing of false reports; and



245 (2) (a) Has not within 5 years after the date of application had a home inspector license, or a license in a related field, 246 247 revoked, suspended, or assessed a fine in excess of \$500. For purposes of this part, a license in a related field includes, 248 249 but is not limited to, licensure in real estate, construction, 250 mold remediation, mold assessment, or building code 251 administration or inspection; 252 (b) Submits to and is not disqualified by the results of 253 the criminal background check required under s. 468.8313; 254 (c) Is of good moral character as defined in s. 468.8313; 255 and 256

(d) Has the general liability insurance required in s. 468.8322.

Section 11. Section 468.8325, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

468.8325 Rulemaking.—The department shall adopt rules to administer this part.

Section 12. Present subsections (7) through (10) of section 468.8412, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6) through (9), respectively, and subsection (6) of that section is deleted, to read:

468.8412 Fees.-

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- (6) The fee for a biennial certificate of authorization renewal shall not exceed \$400.
- (6) $\frac{(7)}{(7)}$ The fee for licensure by endorsement shall not exceed \$200.
- (7) The fee for application for inactive status shall not exceed \$100.
 - (8) The fee for reactivation of an inactive license



shall not exceed \$200.

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(9) (10) The fee for applications from providers of continuing education may not exceed \$500.

Section 13. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 468.8413, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.8413 Examinations.-

- (1) A person desiring to be licensed as a mold assessor or mold remediator shall apply to the department after he or she satisfies the examination requirements in this part to take a licensure examination.
- (2) An applicant is qualified shall be entitled to take the licensure examination to practice in this state as a mold assessor or mold remediator if the applicant has passed the required examination, is of good moral character, and has satisfied one of the following requirements:
- (a)1. For a mold remediator, at least an associate of arts a 2-year degree or an equivalent degree and has completed at least 30 semester hours in microbiology, engineering, architecture, industrial hygiene, occupational safety, or a related field of science from an accredited institution and a minimum of 1 year of documented field experience in a field related to mold remediation; or
- 2. A high school diploma or the equivalent with a minimum of 4 years of documented field experience in a field related to mold remediation.
- (b)1. For a mold assessor, at least an associate of arts a 2-year degree or an equivalent degree and has completed at least 30 semester hours in microbiology, engineering, architecture, industrial hygiene, occupational safety, or a related field of

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science from an accredited institution and a minimum of 1 year of documented field experience in conducting microbial sampling or investigations; or

2. A high school diploma or the equivalent with a minimum of 4 years of documented field experience in conducting microbial sampling or investigations.

Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 468.8414, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.8414 Licensure.-

- (3) The department shall certify as qualified for a license by endorsement an applicant who:
 - (a) Is of good moral character;
- (b) Possesses the liability insurance required in s. 468.8421; and:

(c)1. (a) Is qualified to take the examination as set forth in s. 468.8413 and has passed a certification examination offered by a nationally recognized organization that certifies persons in the specialty of mold assessment or mold remediation that has been approved by the department as substantially equivalent to the requirements of this part and s. 455.217; or

2.(b) Holds a valid license to practice mold assessment or mold remediation issued by another state or territory of the United States if the criteria for issuance of the license were substantially the same as the licensure criteria that is established by this part as determined by the department.

Section 15. Section 468.8418, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.8418 Certification of partnerships and corporations.-

(1) The department shall issue a certificate of

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authorization to a corporation or partnership offering mold assessment or mold remediation services to the public if the corporation or partnership satisfies all of the requirements of this part.

(2) The practice of or the offer to practice mold assessment or mold remediation by licensees through a corporation or partnership offering mold assessment or mold remediation to the public, or by a corporation or partnership offering such services to the public through licensees under this part as agents, employees, officers, or partners, is permitted subject to the provisions of this part, provided that the corporation or partnership has been issued a certificate of authorization by the department as provided in this section. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a corporation to hold a license to practice mold assessment or mold remediation. No corporation or partnership shall be relieved of responsibility for the conduct or acts of its agents, employees, or officers by reason of its compliance with this section, nor shall any individual practicing mold assessment or mold remediation be relieved of responsibility for professional services performed by reason of his or her employment or relationship with a corporation or partnership.

(3) For the purposes of this section, a certificate of authorization shall be required for a corporation, partnership, association, or person practicing under a fictitious name, offering mold assessment or mold remediation; however, when an individual is practicing mold assessment or mold remediation under his or her own given name, he or she shall not be required to register under this section.

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(4) Each certificate of authorization shall be renewed every 2 years. Each partnership and corporation certified under this section shall notify the department within 1 month of any change in the information contained in the application upon which the certification is based.

(5) Disciplinary action against a corporation or partnership shall be administered in the same manner and on the same grounds as disciplinary action against a licensed mold assessor or mold remediator.

Section 16. Notwithstanding section 4 of chapter 2007-235, Laws of Florida, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 468.8419, Florida Statutes, shall take effect July 1, 2011.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 468.842, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.842 Disciplinary proceedings.-

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (a) Violation of any provision of this part or s. 455.227(1).÷
- (b) Attempting to procure a license to practice mold assessment or mold remediation by bribery or fraudulent misrepresentations. +
- (c) Having a license to practice mold assessment or mold remediation revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of another state, territory, or country. +
- (d) Being convicted or found quilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in

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any jurisdiction that directly relates to the practice of mold assessment or mold remediation or the ability to practice mold assessment or mold remediation. +

- (e) Making or filing a report or record that the licensee knows to be false, willfully failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. Such reports or records shall include only those that are signed in the capacity of a registered mold assessor or mold remediator. +
- (f) Advertising goods or services in a manner that is fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading in form or content \div
- (g) Engaging in fraud or deceit, or negligence, incompetency, or misconduct, in the practice of mold assessment or mold remediation. +
- (h) Failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a licensed mold assessor or mold remediator; violating any provision of this chapter, a rule of the department, or a lawful order of the department previously entered in a disciplinary hearing; or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the department.; or
- (i) Practicing on a revoked, suspended, inactive, or delinquent license.
- (j) Failing to meet any standard of practice adopted by department rule.

Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 468.8421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.8421 Insurance.-

(1) A mold assessor shall maintain general liability and

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errors and omissions insurance coverage in an amount of not less than \$1,000,000. The insurance must cover preliminary and postremediation activities.

Section 19. Section 468.8423, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.8423 Grandfather clause.—A person who performs mold assessment or mold remediation as defined in this part may qualify to be licensed by the department as a mold assessor or mold remediator if the person submits an application to the department postmarked on or before March 1, 2011, which shows that the applicant:

- (1) (a) Has been certified as a mold assessor or mold remediator by a state or national association that required successful completion of a proctored examination for certification and has completed at least 60 hours of education for an assessor and 30 hours of education for a remediator; or
- (b) Has at least 3 years of experience as a mold assessor or mold remediator at the time of application. Applicants must provide 40 invoices for mold assessments or mold remediations, as defined by this part, to establish the required 3 years of experience. The department may conduct investigations regarding the validity of invoices for mold assessments or mold remediations submitted pursuant to this section and may take disciplinary action pursuant to s. 468.842 for submitting false information; and
- (2) (a) Has not, within 5 years after the date of application, had a mold assessor or mold remediator, or a license in a related field, revoked, suspended, or assessed a fine in excess of \$500. For purposes of this part, a license in

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a related field includes, but is not limited to, licensure in real estate, construction, home inspection, building code administration or inspection, or indoor air quality;

- (b) Is of good moral character as defined in s. 468.8413; and
- (c) Has the general liability insurance required in s. 468.8421 meets the licensure requirements of this part by July 1, 2010.

Section 20. Section 468.8424, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

468.8424 Rulemaking.—The department shall adopt rules to administer this part.

Section 21. Subsection (22) of section 489.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(22) A person licensed pursuant to s. 633.061(1)(d) or (3) (b) $\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ performing work authorized by such license.

Section 22. Subsections (2), (8), and (9) of section 553.37, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (12) is added to that section, to read:

553.37 Rules; inspections; and insignia.-

- (2) The department shall adopt rules to address:
- (a) Procedures and qualifications for approval of thirdparty plan review and inspection agencies and of those who perform inspections and plan reviews.
- (b) Investigation of consumer complaints of noncompliance of manufactured buildings with the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code.
- (c) Issuance, cancellation, and revocation of any insignia issued by the department and procedures for auditing and

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accounting for disposition of them.

- (d) Monitoring the manufacturers', inspection agencies', and plan review agencies' compliance with this part and the Florida Building Code. Monitoring may include, but is not limited to, performing audits of plans, inspections of manufacturing facilities and observation of the manufacturing and inspection process, and onsite inspections of buildings.
- (e) The performance by the department and its designees and contractors of any other functions required by this part.
- (8) The department, by rule, shall establish a schedule of fees to pay the cost of the administration and enforcement of this part. The rule may provide for manufacturers to pay fees to the administrator directly via the Building Code Information System.
- (9) The department may delegate its enforcement authority to a state department having building construction responsibilities or a local government and may enter into contracts for the performance of its administrative duties under this part. The department may delegate its plan review and inspection authority to one or more of the following in any combination:
- (a) A state department having building construction responsibilities;
 - (b) A local government;
 - (c) An approved inspection agency;
 - (d) An approved plan review agency; or
 - (e) An agency of another state.
- (12) Custom or one-of-a-kind prototype manufactured buildings are not required to have state approval, but must be

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in compliance with all local requirements of the governmental agency having jurisdiction at the installation site.

Section 23. Section 553.375, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.375 Recertification of manufactured buildings.-Prior to the relocation to a site that has a higher design wind speed, modification, or change of occupancy of a manufactured building within the state, the manufacturer, dealer, or owner thereof may apply to the department for recertification of that manufactured building. The department shall, by rule, provide what information the applicant must submit for recertification and for plan review and inspection of such manufactured buildings and shall establish fees for recertification. Upon a determination by the department that the manufactured building complies with the applicable building codes, the department shall issue a recertification insignia. A manufactured building that bears recertification insignia does not require any additional approval by an enforcement jurisdiction in which the building is sold or installed, and is considered to comply with all applicable codes. As an alternative to recertification by the department, the manufacturer, dealer, or owner of a manufactured building may seek appropriate permitting and a certificate of occupancy from the local jurisdiction in accordance with procedures generally applicable under the Florida Building Code.

Section 24. Section 553.509, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.509 Vertical accessibility.-

(1) Nothing in ss. 553.501-553.513 or the guidelines shall

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be construed to relieve the owner of any building, structure, or facility governed by those sections from the duty to provide vertical accessibility to all levels above and below the occupiable grade level, regardless of whether the guidelines require an elevator to be installed in such building, structure, or facility, except for:

(1) (a) Elevator pits, elevator penthouses, mechanical rooms, piping or equipment catwalks, and automobile lubrication and maintenance pits and platforms;

(2) (b) Unoccupiable spaces, such as rooms, enclosed spaces, and storage spaces that are not designed for human occupancy, for public accommodations, or for work areas; and

(3) (e) Occupiable spaces and rooms that are not open to the public and that house no more than five persons, including, but not limited to, equipment control rooms and projection booths.

(2) (a) Any person, firm, or corporation that owns, manages, or operates a residential multifamily dwelling, including a condominium, that is at least 75 feet high and contains a public elevator, as described in s. 399.035(2) and (3) and rules adopted by the Florida Building Commission, shall have at least one public elevator that is capable of operating on an alternate power source for emergency purposes. Alternate power shall be available for the purpose of allowing all residents access for a specified number of hours each day over a 5-day period following a natural disaster, manmade disaster, emergency, or other civil disturbance that disrupts the normal supply of electricity. The alternate power source that controls elevator operations must also be capable of powering any connected fire alarm system in the building.

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(b) At a minimum, the elevator must be appropriately prewired and prepared to accept an alternate power source and must have a connection on the line side of the main disconnect, pursuant to National Electric Code Handbook, Article 700. In addition to the required power source for the elevator and connected fire alarm system in the building, the alternate power supply must be sufficient to provide emergency lighting to the interior lobbies, hallways, and other portions of the building used by the public. Residential multifamily dwellings must have an available generator and fuel source on the property or have proof of a current contract posted in the elevator machine room or other place conspicuous to the elevator inspector affirming a current quaranteed service contract for such equipment and fuel source to operate the elevator on an on-call basis within 24 hours after a request. By December 31, 2006, any person, firm or corporation that owns, manages, or operates a residential multifamily dwelling as defined in paragraph (a) must provide to the local building inspection agency verification of engineering plans for residential multifamily dwellings that provide for the capability to generate power by alternate means. Compliance with installation requirements and operational capability requirements must be verified by local building inspectors and reported to the county emergency management agency by December 31, 2007.

(c) Each newly constructed residential multifamily dwelling, including a condominium, that is at least 75 feet high and contains a public elevator, as described in s. 399.035(2) and (3) and rules adopted by the Florida Building Commission, must have at least one public elevator that is capable of

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operating on an alternate power source for the purpose of allowing all residents access for a specified number of hours each day over a 5-day period following a natural disaster, manmade disaster, emergency, or other civil disturbance that disrupts the normal supply of electricity. The alternate power source that controls elevator operations must be capable of powering any connected fire alarm system in the building. In addition to the required power source for the elevator and connected fire alarm system, the alternate power supply must be sufficient to provide emergency lighting to the interior lobbies, hallways, and other portions of the building used by the public. Engineering plans and verification of operational capability must be provided by the local building inspector to the county emergency management agency before occupancy of the newly constructed building.

(d) Each person, firm, or corporation that is required to maintain an alternate power source under this subsection shall maintain a written emergency operations plan that details the sequence of operations before, during, and after a natural or manmade disaster or other emergency situation. The plan must include, at a minimum, a lifesafety plan for evacuation, maintenance of the electrical and lighting supply, and provisions for the health, safety, and welfare of the residents. In addition, the owner, manager, or operator of the residential multifamily dwelling must keep written records of any contracts for alternative power generation equipment. Also, quarterly inspection records of lifesafety equipment and alternate power generation equipment must be posted in the elevator machine room or other place conspicuous to the elevator inspector, which

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confirm that such equipment is properly maintained and in good working condition, and copies of contracts for alternate power generation equipment shall be maintained on site for verification. The written emergency operations plan and inspection records shall also be open for periodic inspection by local and state government agencies as deemed necessary. The owner or operator must keep a generator key in a lockbox posted at or near any installed generator unit.

(e) Multistory affordable residential dwellings for persons age 62 and older that are financed or insured by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development must make every effort to obtain grant funding from the Federal Government or the Florida Housing Finance Corporation to comply with this subsection. If an owner of such a residential dwelling cannot comply with the requirements of this subsection, the owner must develop a plan with the local emergency management agency to ensure that residents are evacuated to a place of safety in the event of a power outage resulting from a natural or manmade disaster or other emergency situation that disrupts the normal supply of electricity for an extended period of time. A place of safety may include, but is not limited to, relocation to an alternative site within the building or evacuation to a local shelter.

(f) As a part of the annual elevator inspection required under s. 399.061, certified elevator inspectors shall confirm that all installed generators required by this chapter are in working order, have current inspection records posted in the elevator machine room or other place conspicuous to the elevator inspector, and that the required generator key is present in the



lockbox posted at or near the installed generator. If a building does not have an installed generator, the inspector shall confirm that the appropriate prewiring and switching capabilities are present and that a statement is posted in the elevator machine room or other place conspicuous to the elevator inspector affirming a current quaranteed contract exists for contingent services for alternate power is current for the operating period.

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However, buildings, structures, and facilities must, at as a minimum, comply with the requirements in the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines.

663 Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 553.512, Florida 664 Statutes, is amended to read:

553.512 Modifications and waivers; advisory council.-

(1) The Florida Building Commission shall provide by regulation criteria for granting individual modifications of, or exceptions from, the literal requirements of this part upon a determination of unnecessary, unreasonable, or extreme hardship, provided such waivers shall not violate federal accessibility laws and regulations and shall be reviewed by the Accessibility Advisory Council. The commission shall establish by rule a fee to be paid upon submitting a request for a waiver as provided in this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if an applicant for a waiver demonstrates economic hardship in accordance with 28 C.F.R. s. 36.403(f)(1), a waiver shall be granted. The commission may not consider waiving any of the requirements of s. 553.5041 unless the applicant first demonstrates that she or he has applied for and been denied

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waiver or variance from all local government zoning, subdivision regulations, or other ordinances that prevent compliance therewith. Further, the commission may not waive the requirement of s. 553.5041(5)(a) and (c)1. governing the minimum width of accessible routes and minimum width of accessible parking spaces.

Section 26. Present subsections (5) through (13) of section 553.73, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6) through (14), respectively, a new subsection (5) is added to that section, paragraph (a) of subsection (6) and subsections (7) and (9) of that section are amended, and subsections (15) and (16) are added to that section, to read:

553.73 Florida Building Code.-

(5) Notwithstanding subsection (4), counties and municipalities may adopt by ordinance an administrative or technical amendment to the Florida Building Code regarding flood resistance in order to implement the National Flood Insurance Program or incentives. Specifically, an administrative amendment may assign the duty to enforce all or portions of flood-related code provisions to the appropriate agencies of the local government and adopt procedures for variances and exceptions from flood-related code provisions other than provisions for structures seaward of the Coastal Construction Control Line consistent with the requirements in 44 C.F.R. s. 60.6. A technical amendment is authorized to the extent that it is more stringent than the code. A technical amendment is not subject to the requirements in subsection (4) and may not be rendered void when the code is updated, if the amendment is adopted for the purpose of participating in the Community Rating System

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promulgated pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 4022. Any amendment adopted pursuant to this subsection shall be transmitted to the commission within 30 days after the amendment is adopted.

 $(7)\frac{(6)}{(1)}$ (a) The commission, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, shall update the Florida Building Code every 3 years. When updating the Florida Building Code, the commission shall select the most current version of the International Building Code, the International Fuel Gas Code, the International Mechanical Code, the International Plumbing Code, and the International Residential Code, all of which are adopted by the International Code Council, and the National Electrical Code, which is adopted by the National Fire Protection Association, to form the foundation codes of the updated Florida Building Code, if the version has been adopted by the applicable model code entity and made available to the public at least 6 months prior to its selection by the commission. The commission shall select the most current version of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) as a foundation code; however, the IECC shall be modified by the commission to maintain the efficiencies of the Florida Energy Efficiency Code for Building Construction adopted and amended pursuant to s. 553.901.

(8) (8) (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) or subsection (7) (6), the commission may address issues identified in this subsection by amending the code pursuant only to the rule adoption procedures contained in chapter 120. Provisions of the Florida Building Code, including those contained in referenced standards and criteria, relating to wind resistance or the prevention of water intrusion may not be amended pursuant

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to this subsection to diminish those construction requirements; however, the commission may, subject to conditions in this subsection, amend the provisions to enhance those construction requirements. Following the approval of any amendments to the Florida Building Code by the commission and publication of the amendments on the commission's website, authorities having jurisdiction to enforce the Florida Building Code may enforce the amendments. The commission may approve amendments that are needed to address:

- (a) Conflicts within the updated code;
- (b) Conflicts between the updated code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code adopted pursuant to chapter 633;
- (c) The omission of previously adopted Florida-specific amendments to the updated code if such omission is not supported by a specific recommendation of a technical advisory committee or particular action by the commission;
- (d) Unintended results from the integration of previously adopted Florida-specific amendments with the model code;
 - (e) Equivalency of standards;
- (f) The specific needs of state agencies when agency rules must be updated to reflect federal requirements relating to design criteria for public educational facilities and statelicensed facilities;
- (g) (e) Changes to or inconsistencies with federal or state law; or
- (h) (f) Adoption of an updated edition of the National Electrical Code if the commission finds that delay of implementing the updated edition causes undue hardship to stakeholders or otherwise threatens the public health, safety,



and welfare.

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- (10) (9) The following buildings, structures, and facilities are exempt from the Florida Building Code as provided by law, and any further exemptions shall be as determined by the Legislature and provided by law:
- (a) Buildings and structures specifically regulated and preempted by the Federal Government.
- (b) Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad.
 - (c) Nonresidential farm buildings on farms.
- (d) Temporary buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes.
- (e) Mobile or modular structures used as temporary offices, except that the provisions of part II relating to accessibility by persons with disabilities shall apply to such mobile or modular structures.
- (f) Those structures or facilities of electric utilities, as defined in s. 366.02, which are directly involved in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity.
- (g) Temporary sets, assemblies, or structures used in commercial motion picture or television production, or any sound-recording equipment used in such production, on or off the premises.
- (h) Storage sheds that are not designed for human habitation and that have a floor area of 720 square feet or less are not required to comply with the mandatory wind-borne-debrisimpact standards of the Florida Building Code.
- (i) Chickees constructed by the Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida or the Seminole Tribe of Florida. As used in this



paragraph, the term "chickee" means an open-sided wooden hut that has a thatched roof of palm or palmetto or other traditional materials, and that does not incorporate any electrical, plumbing, or other nonwood features.

(j) Family mausoleums not exceeding 250 square feet in area which are prefabricated and assembled on site or preassembled and delivered on site and have walls, roofs, and a floor constructed of granite, marble, or reinforced concrete.

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With the exception of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (f), in order to preserve the health, safety, and welfare of the public, the Florida Building Commission may, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, provide for exceptions to the broad categories of buildings exempted in this section, including exceptions for application of specific sections of the code or standards adopted therein. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall have exclusive authority to adopt by rule, pursuant to chapter 120, exceptions to nonresidential farm buildings exempted in paragraph (c) when reasonably necessary to preserve public health, safety, and welfare. The exceptions must be based upon specific criteria, such as under-roof floor area, aggregate electrical service capacity, HVAC system capacity, or other building requirements. Further, the commission may recommend to the Legislature additional categories of buildings, structures, or facilities which should be exempted from the Florida Building Code, to be provided by law. The Florida Building Code does not apply to temporary housing provided by the Department of Corrections to any prisoner in the state correctional system.

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- (15) The Florida Building Code or any agency or local government may not require that existing mechanical equipment on the surface of a roof be installed in compliance with the requirements in the code until the reroofing of the structure or the mechanical equipment is replaced.
- (16) The Florida Building Code must require that the illumination in classroom units be designed to provide and maintain an average of 40 foot-candles of light at each desktop. Public educational facilities must consider using light-emitting diode lighting before considering other lighting sources.

Section 27. Subsection (5) is added to section 553.74, Florida Statutes, to read:

553.74 Florida Building Commission.-

(5) Notwithstanding s. 112.313 or any other provision of law, a member of any of commission's technical advisory committees or a member of other advisory committees or workgroups, shall not be considered to have an impermissible conflict of interest when representing clients before the commission or one of its committees or workgroups. However, the member, in his or her capacity as member of the committee or workgroup, may not take part in any discussion on or take action on any matter in which he or she has a direct financial interest.

Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 553.76, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 553.76 General powers of the commission.—The commission is authorized to:
- (2) Issue memoranda of procedure for its internal management and control. The commission may adopt rules related

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to its consensus-based decisionmaking process, including, but not limited to, super majority voting requirements for commission actions relating to the adoption of the Florida Building Code or amendments to the code.

Section 29. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 553.775, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

553.775 Interpretations.—

- (2) Local enforcement agencies, local building officials, state agencies, and the commission shall interpret provisions of the Florida Building Code in a manner that is consistent with declaratory statements and interpretations entered by the commission, except that conflicts between the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Florida Building Code shall be resolved in accordance with s. $553.73(11)(c) s. \frac{553.73(10)(c)}{c}$ and (d).
- (4) In order to administer this section, the commission may adopt by rule and impose a fee for filing requests for declaratory statements and binding and nonbinding interpretations to recoup the cost of the proceedings which may not exceed \$250 for each request for a review or interpretation. For proceedings conducted by or in coordination with a thirdparty, the rule may provide that payment be made directly to the third party, who shall remit to the department that portion of the fee necessary to cover the costs of the department.

Section 30. Subsection (9) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.-

(9) Any state agency whose enabling legislation authorizes it to enforce provisions of the Florida Building Code may enter into an agreement with any other unit of government to delegate

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its responsibility to enforce those provisions and may expend public funds for permit and inspection fees, which fees may be no greater than the fees charged others. Inspection services that are not required to be performed by a state agency under a federal delegation of responsibility or by a state agency under the Florida Building Code must be performed under the alternative plans review and inspection process created in s. 553.791 or by a local governmental entity having authority to enforce the Florida Building Code.

Section 31. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 553.79, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 553.80, Florida Statutes, is reenacted, and subsection (3) of that section is amended, to read:

553.80 Enforcement.-

- (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (a)-(g), each local government and each legally constituted enforcement district with statutory authority shall regulate building construction and, where authorized in the state agency's enabling legislation, each state agency shall enforce the Florida Building Code required by this part on all public or private buildings, structures, and facilities, unless such responsibility has been delegated to another unit of government pursuant to s. 553.79(9).
- (a) Construction regulations relating to correctional facilities under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and the Department of Juvenile Justice are to be enforced exclusively by those departments.
 - (b) Construction regulations relating to elevator equipment

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under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Elevators of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall be enforced exclusively by that department.

- (c) In addition to the requirements of s. 553.79 and this section, facilities subject to the provisions of chapter 395 and part II of chapter 400 shall have facility plans reviewed and construction surveyed by the state agency authorized to do so under the requirements of chapter 395 and part II of chapter 400 and the certification requirements of the Federal Government.
- (d) Building plans approved under s. 553.77(3) and stateapproved manufactured buildings, including buildings manufactured and assembled offsite and not intended for habitation, such as lawn storage buildings and storage sheds, are exempt from local code enforcing agency plan reviews except for provisions of the code relating to erection, assembly, or construction at the site. Erection, assembly, and construction at the site are subject to local permitting and inspections. Lawn storage buildings and storage sheds bearing the insignia of approval of the department are not subject to s. 553.842. Such buildings that do not exceed 400 square feet may be delivered and installed without need of a contractor's or specialty license.
- (e) Construction regulations governing public schools, state universities, and community colleges shall be enforced as provided in subsection (6).
- (f) The Florida Building Code as it pertains to toll collection facilities under the jurisdiction of the turnpike enterprise of the Department of Transportation shall be enforced exclusively by the turnpike enterprise.



(g) Construction regulations relating to secure mental health treatment facilities under the jurisdiction of the Department of Children and Family Services shall be enforced exclusively by the department in conjunction with the Agency for Health Care Administration's review authority under paragraph (c).

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The governing bodies of local governments may provide a schedule of fees, as authorized by s. 125.56(2) or s. 166.222 and this section, for the enforcement of the provisions of this part. Such fees shall be used solely for carrying out the local government's responsibilities in enforcing the Florida Building Code. The authority of state enforcing agencies to set fees for enforcement shall be derived from authority existing on July 1, 1998. However, nothing contained in this subsection shall operate to limit such agencies from adjusting their fee schedule in conformance with existing authority.

(3) Each enforcement district shall be governed by a board, the composition of which shall be determined by the affected localities. At its own option each enforcement district or local enforcement agency may promulgate rules granting to the owner of a single-family residence one or more exemptions from the Florida Building Code; however, the exemptions do not apply to single-family residences that are located in mapped flood hazard areas, as defined in the code, unless the enforcement district or local enforcement agency has determined that the work, which is otherwise exempt, does not constitute a substantial improvement, including the repair of substantial damage, of such single-family residences, relating to:

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- (a) Addition, alteration, or repairs performed by the property owner upon his or her own property, provided any addition or alteration shall not exceed 1,000 square feet or the square footage of the primary structure, whichever is less.
- (b) Addition, alteration, or repairs by a nonowner within a specific cost limitation set by rule, provided the total cost shall not exceed \$5,000 within any 12-month period.
 - (c) Building and inspection fees.

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Each code exemption, as defined in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), shall be certified to the local board 10 days prior to implementation and shall only be effective in the territorial jurisdiction of the enforcement district or local enforcement agency implementing it.

Section 32. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 553.841, Florida Statutes, are amended, and present subsections (6) through (9) of that section are redesignated as subsections (5) through (8), respectively, to read:

553.841 Building code compliance and mitigation program.-

- (4) The department, In administering the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation Program, the department shall maintain, update, develop, or cause to be developed:
- (a) A core curriculum that is prerequisite to the advanced module coursework.
 - (b) advanced modules designed for use by each profession.
- (c) The core curriculum developed under this subsection must be submitted to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation for approval. Advanced modules developed under this paragraph must be approved by the commission and submitted to

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the respective boards for approval.

(5) The core curriculum shall cover the information required to have all categories of participants appropriately informed as to their technical and administrative responsibilities in the effective execution of the code process by all individuals currently licensed under part XII of chapter 468, chapter 471, chapter 481, or chapter 489, except as otherwise provided in s. 471.017. The core curriculum shall be prerequisite to the advanced module coursework for all licensees and shall be completed by individuals licensed in all categories under part XII of chapter 468, chapter 471, chapter 481, or chapter 489 within the first 2-year period after initial licensure. Core course hours taken by licensees to complete this requirement shall count toward fulfillment of required continuing education units under part XII of chapter 468, chapter 471, chapter 481, or chapter 489.

Section 33. Subsections (1), (5), (8), and (17) of section 553.842, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

553.842 Product evaluation and approval.-

(1) The commission shall adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to develop and implement a product evaluation and approval system that applies statewide to operate in coordination with the Florida Building Code. The commission may enter into contracts to provide for administration of the product evaluation and approval system. The commission's rules and any applicable contract may provide that the payment of fees related to approvals be made directly to the administrator. Any fee paid by product manufacturers shall be used only for funding the state product approval system. The product evaluation and



approval system shall provide:

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- (a) Appropriate promotion of innovation and new technologies.
- (b) Processing submittals of products from manufacturers in a timely manner.
- (c) Independent, third-party qualified and accredited testing and laboratory facilities, product evaluation entities, quality assurance agencies, certification agencies, and validation entities.
- (d) An easily accessible product acceptance list to entities subject to the Florida Building Code.
- (e) Development of stringent but reasonable testing criteria based upon existing consensus standards, when available, for products.
- (f) Long-term approvals, where feasible. State and local approvals will be valid until the requirements of the code on which the approval is based change, the product changes in a manner affecting its performance as required by the code, or the approval is revoked; however, the commission may allow by rule editorial revisions to approvals and charge a fee as provided in this section.
 - (q) Criteria for revocation of a product approval.
 - (h) Cost-effectiveness.
- (5) Statewide approval of products, methods, or systems of construction may be achieved by one of the following methods. One of these methods must be used by the commission to approve the following categories of products: panel walls, exterior doors, roofing, skylights, windows, shutters, and structural components as established by the commission by rule.

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- (a) Products for which the code establishes standardized testing or comparative or rational analysis methods shall be approved by submittal and validation of one of the following reports or listings indicating that the product or method or system of construction was evaluated to be in compliance with the Florida Building Code and that the product or method or system of construction is, for the purpose intended, at least equivalent to that required by the Florida Building Code:
- 1. A certification mark or listing of an approved certification agency, which may be used only for products for which the code designates standardized testing;
 - 2. A test report from an approved testing laboratory;
- 3. A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from an approved product evaluation entity; or
- 4. A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed and signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in this state.

A product evaluation report or a certification mark or listing of an approved certification agency which demonstrates that the product or method or system of construction complies with the Florida Building Code for the purpose intended shall be equivalent to a test report and test procedure as referenced in the Florida Building Code. An application for state approval of a product under subparagraph 1. must be approved by the department after the commission staff or a designee verifies that the application and related documentation are complete.

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This verification must be completed within 10 business days after receipt of the application. Upon approval by the department, the product shall be immediately added to the list of state-approved products maintained under subsection (13). Approvals by the department shall be reviewed and ratified by the commission's program oversight committee except for a showing of good cause that a review by the full commission is necessary.

- (b) Products, methods, or systems of construction for which there are no specific standardized testing or comparative or rational analysis methods established in the code may be approved by submittal and validation of one of the following:
- 1. A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from an approved product evaluation entity indicating that the product or method or system of construction was evaluated to be in compliance with the intent of the Florida Building Code and that the product or method or system of construction is, for the purpose intended, at least equivalent to that required by the Florida Building Code; or
- 2. A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed and signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in this state, who certifies that the product or method or system of construction is, for the purpose intended, at least equivalent to that required by the Florida Building Code.
- (8) The commission may adopt rules to approve the following types of entities that produce information on which product

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approvals are based. All of the following entities, including engineers and architects, must comply with a nationally recognized standard demonstrating independence or no conflict of interest:

- (a) Evaluation entities that meet the criteria for approval adopted by the commission by rule. The commission shall specifically approve the National Evaluation Service, the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials Evaluation Service the International Conference of Building Officials Evaluation Services, the International Code Council Evaluation Services, the Building Officials and Code Administrators International Evaluation Services, the Southern Building Code Congress International Evaluation Services, and the Miami-Dade County Building Code Compliance Office Product Control. Architects and engineers licensed in this state are also approved to conduct product evaluations as provided in subsection (5).
- (b) Testing laboratories accredited by national organizations, such as A2LA and the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program, laboratories accredited by evaluation entities approved under paragraph (a), and laboratories that comply with other guidelines for testing laboratories selected by the commission and adopted by rule.
- (c) Quality assurance entities approved by evaluation entities approved under paragraph (a) and by certification agencies approved under paragraph (d) and other quality assurance entities that comply with guidelines selected by the commission and adopted by rule.
 - (d) Certification agencies accredited by nationally

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recognized accreditors and other certification agencies that comply with guidelines selected by the commission and adopted by rule.

(e) Validation entities that comply with accreditation standards established by the commission by rule.

(17) (a) The Florida Building Commission shall review the list of evaluation entities in subsection (8) and, in the annual report required under s. 553.77, shall either recommend amendments to the list to add evaluation entities the commission determines should be authorized to perform product evaluations or shall report on the criteria adopted by rule or to be adopted by rule allowing the commission to approve evaluation entities that use the commission's product evaluation process. If the commission adopts criteria by rule, the rulemaking process must be completed by July 1, 2009.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (8) (a), the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials Evaluation Services is approved as an evaluation entity until October 1, 2009. If the association does not obtain permanent approval by the commission as an evaluation entity by October 1, 2009, products approved on the basis of an association evaluation must be substituted by an alternative, approved entity by December 31, 2009, and on January 1, 2010, any product approval issued by the commission based on an association evaluation is void.

Section 34. Subsection (4) is added to section 553.844, Florida Statutes, to read:

553.844 Windstorm loss mitigation; requirements for roofs and opening protection. -

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, exposed

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mechanical equipment or appliances fastened to rated stands, platforms, curbs, or slabs are deemed to comply with the wind resistance requirements for wind-borne debris regions as defined in s. 1609.2, Buildings Volume, 2007 Florida Building Code, as amended. Further support or enclosure of such mechanical equipment or appliances is not required by a state or local official having authority to enforce the Florida Building Code. This subsection expires December 31, 2012.

Section 35. Section 553.885, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.885 Carbon monoxide alarm required.-

(1) Every separate building or addition to an existing building, other than a hospital, an inpatient hospice facility, or a nursing home facility licensed by the Agency for Health Care Administration, constructed for which a building permit is issued for new construction on or after July 1, 2008, and having a fossil-fuel-burning heater or appliance, a fireplace, or an attached garage, or other feature, fixture, or element that emits carbon monoxide as a byproduct of combustion shall have an approved operational carbon monoxide alarm installed within 10 feet of each room used for sleeping purposes in the new building or addition, or at such other locations as required by the Florida Building Code. The requirements of this subsection may be satisfied with the installation of a battery-powered carbon monoxide alarm or a battery-powered combination carbon monoxide and smoke alarm. For a new hospital, an inpatient hospice facility, or a nursing home facility licensed by the Agency for Health Care Administration, an approved operational carbon monoxide detector shall be installed inside or directly outside

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of each room or area within the hospital or facility where a fossil-fuel-burning heater, engine, or appliance is located. This detector shall be connected to the fire alarm system of the hospital or facility as a supervisory signal. This subsection does not apply to existing buildings that are undergoing alterations or repairs unless the alteration is an addition as defined in subsection (3).

- (2) The Florida Building Commission shall adopt rules to administer this section and shall incorporate such requirements into its next revision of the Florida Building Code.
 - (3) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Carbon monoxide alarm" means a device that is meant for the purpose of detecting carbon monoxide, that produces a distinct audible alarm, and that meets the requirements of and is approved by the Florida Building Commission.
- (b) "Fossil fuel" means coal, kerosene, oil, fuel gases, or other petroleum or hydrocarbon product that emits carbon monoxide as a by-product of combustion.
- (c) "Addition" means an extension or increase in floor area, number of stories, or height of a building or structure.

Section 36. Subsection (2) of section 553.9061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 553.9061 Scheduled increases in thermal efficiency standards.-
- (2) The Florida Building Commission shall identify within code support and compliance documentation the specific building options and elements available to meet the energy performance goals established in subsection (1). Energy efficiency performance options and elements include, but are not limited



1231	to:
1232	(a) Energy-efficient water heating systems, including solar
1233	water heating.
1234	(b) Energy-efficient appliances.
1235	(c) Energy-efficient windows, doors, and skylights.
1236	(d) Low solar-absorption roofs, also known as "cool roofs."
1237	(e) Enhanced ceiling and wall insulation.
1238	(f) Reduced-leak duct systems and energy-saving devices and
1239	features installed within duct systems.
1240	(g) Programmable thermostats.
1241	(h) Energy-efficient lighting systems.
1242	(i) Energy-saving quality installation procedures for
1243	replacement air conditioning systems, including, but not limited
1244	to, equipment sizing analysis and duct inspection.
1245	(j) Shading devices, sunscreening materials, and overhangs.
1246	(k) Weatherstripping, caulking, and sealing of exterior
1247	openings and penetrations.
1248	(1) Energy-efficient centralized computer data centers in
1249	office buildings.
1250	Section 37. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 553.909,
1251	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1252	553.909 Setting requirements for appliances; exceptions
1253	(3) Commercial or residential swimming pool pumps or water
1254	heaters <u>manufactured on or</u> sold after July 1, 2011, shall comply
1255	with the requirements of this subsection.
1256	(a) Natural gas pool heaters shall not be equipped with
1257	constantly burning pilots.
1258	(h) Heat numn nool heaters shall have a coefficient of

performance at low temperature of not less than 4.0.

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- (c) The thermal efficiency of gas-fired pool heaters and oil-fired pool heaters shall not be less than 78 percent.
- (d) All pool heaters shall have a readily accessible on-off switch that is mounted outside the heater and that allows shutting off the heater without adjusting the thermostat setting.
- (4) Residential swimming pool pumps and pump motors manufactured on or after July 1, 2011, shall comply with the requirements in this subsection.
- (a) Residential pool pump motors shall not be split-phase, shaded-pole, or capacitor start-induction run types.
- (b) Residential pool pumps and pool pump motors with a total horsepower of 1 HP or more shall have the capability of operating at two or more speeds with a low speed having a rotation rate that is no more than one-half of the motor's maximum rotation rate.
- (c) Residential pool pump motor controls shall have the capability of operating the pool pump at a minimum of two speeds. The default circulation speed shall be the residential filtration speed, with a higher speed override capability being for a temporary period not to exceed one normal cycle or 24 hours 120 minutes, whichever is less; except that circulation speed for solar pool heating systems shall be permitted to run at higher speeds during periods of usable solar heat gain.

Section 38. Section 553.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.912 Air conditioners.—All air conditioners that which are sold or installed in the state shall meet the minimum efficiency ratings of the Florida Energy Efficiency Code for

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Building Construction. These efficiency ratings shall be minimums and may be updated in the Florida Energy Efficiency Code for Building Construction by the department in accordance with s. 553.901, following its determination that more costeffective energy-saving equipment and techniques are available. All replacement air-conditioning systems shall be installed using energy-saving quality installation procedures, including, but not limited to, equipment sizing analysis and duct inspection.

Section 39. Subsection (2) of section 627.711, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.711 Notice of premium discounts for hurricane loss mitigation; uniform mitigation verification inspection form .-
- (2) By July 1, 2007, the Financial Services Commission shall develop by rule a uniform mitigation verification inspection form that shall be used by all insurers when submitted by policyholders for the purpose of factoring discounts for wind insurance. In developing the form, the commission shall seek input from insurance, construction, and building code representatives. Further, the commission shall provide guidance as to the length of time the inspection results are valid. An insurer shall accept as valid a uniform mitigation verification form certified by the Department of Financial Services or signed by:
- (a) A hurricane mitigation inspector certified by the My Safe Florida Home program;
 - (b) A building code inspector certified under s. 468.607;
- (c) A general, building, or residential contractor licensed under s. 489.111;

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- (d) A professional engineer licensed under s. 471.015 who has passed the appropriate equivalency test of the Building Code Training Program as required by s. 553.841;
 - (e) A professional architect licensed under s. 481.213; or
- (f) Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possessing the necessary qualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation verification form.

Section 40. Present subsections (7) through (28) of section 633.021, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (8) through (29), respectively, a new subsection (7) is added to that section, and present subsection (20) of that section is amended, to read:

- 633.021 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:
- (7) (a) "Fire equipment dealer Class A" means a licensed fire equipment dealer whose business is limited to servicing, recharging, repairing, installing, or inspecting all types of fire extinguishers and conducting hydrostatic tests on all types of fire extinguishers.
- (b) "Fire equipment dealer Class B" means a licensed fire equipment dealer whose business is limited to servicing, recharging, repairing, installing, or inspecting all types of fire extinguishers, including recharging carbon dioxide units and conducting hydrostatic tests on all types of fire extinguishers, except carbon dioxide units.
- (c) "Fire equipment dealer Class C" means a licensed fire equipment dealer whose business is limited to servicing, recharging, repairing, installing, or inspecting all types of fire extinguishers, except recharging carbon dioxide units, and conducting hydrostatic tests on all types of fire extinguishers,



except carbon dioxide units.

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- (d) "Fire equipment dealer Class D" means a licensed fire equipment dealer whose business is limited to servicing, recharging, repairing, installing, hydrotesting, or inspecting of all types of preengineered fire extinguishing systems.
- (21) (20) A "preengineered system" is a fire suppression system which:
 - (a) Uses any of a variety of extinguishing agents.
 - (b) Is designed to protect specific hazards.
- (c) Must be installed according to pretested limitations and configurations specified by the manufacturer and applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards. Only those chapters within the NFPA standards which pertain to servicing, recharging, repairing, installing, hydrotesting, or inspecting any type of preengineered fire extinguishing system shall be used.
- (d) Must be installed using components specified by the manufacturer or components that are listed as equal parts by a nationally recognized testing laboratory such as Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., or Factory Mutual Laboratories, Inc.
- (e) Must be listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory.

Preengineered systems consist of and include all of the components and parts providing fire suppression protection, but do not include the equipment being protected, and may incorporate special nozzles, flow rates, methods of application, pressurization levels, and quantities of agents designed by the manufacturer for specific hazards.

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Section 41. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 633.0215, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (13) and (14) are added to that section, to read:

633.0215 Florida Fire Prevention Code. -

- (3) No later than 180 days before the triennial adoption of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, the State Fire Marshal shall notify each municipal, county, and special district fire department of the triennial code adoption and steps necessary for local amendments to be included within the code. No later than 120 days before the triennial adoption of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, each local jurisdiction shall provide the State Fire Marshal with copies of its local fire code amendments. The State Fire Marshal has the option to process local fire code amendments that are received less than 120 days before the adoption date of the Florida Fire Prevention Code.
- (b) Any local amendment to the Florida Fire Prevention Code adopted by a local government shall be effective only until the adoption of the new edition of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, which shall be every third year. At such time, the State Fire Marshal shall adopt such amendment as part of the Florida Fire Prevention Code or rescind the amendment. The State Fire Marshal shall immediately notify the respective local government of the rescission of the amendment and the reason for the rescission. After receiving such notice, the respective local government may readopt the rescinded amendment. Incorporation of local amendments as regional and local concerns and variations shall be considered as adoption of an amendment pursuant to this section part.
 - (13) The State Fire Marshal shall issue an expedited

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declaratory statement relating to interpretations of provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code according to the following guidelines:

- (a) The declaratory statement shall be rendered in accordance with s. 120.565, except that a final decision must be issued by the State Fire Marshal within 45 days after the division's receipt of a petition seeking an expedited declaratory statement. The State Fire Marshal shall give notice of the petition and the expedited declaratory statement or the denial of the petition in the next available issue of the Florida Administrative Weekly after the petition is filed and after the statement or denial is rendered.
- (b) The petitioner must be the owner of the disputed project or the owner's representative.
- (c) The petition for an expedited declaratory statement must be:
- 1. Related to an active project that is under construction or must have been submitted for a permit;
- 2. The subject of a written notice citing a specific provision of the Florida Fire Prevention Code which is in dispute; and
- 3. Limited to a single question that is capable of being answered with a "yes" or "no" response.

A petition for a declaratory statement which does not meet all of the requirements of this subsection must be denied without prejudice. This subsection does not affect the right of the petitioner as a substantially affected person to seek a declaratory statement under s. 633.01(6).

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(13) A condominium that is one or two stories in height and has an exterior means of egress corridor is exempt from installing a manual fire alarm system as required in s. 9.6 of the most recent edition of the Life Safety Code adopted in the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

Section 42. Subsections (2) and (10) of section 633.0245, Florida Statues, are amended to read:

633.0245 State Fire Marshal Nursing Home Fire Protection Loan Guarantee Program. -

- (2) The State Fire Marshal may enter into limited loan guarantee agreements with one or more financial institutions qualified as public depositories in this state. Such agreements shall provide a limited guarantee by the State of Florida covering no more than 50 percent of the principal sum loaned by such financial institution to an eligible nursing home, as defined in subsection (10), for the sole purpose of the initial installation at such nursing home of a fire protection system, as defined in s. 633.021(10) s. 633.021(9), approved by the State Fire Marshal as being in compliance with the provisions of s. 633.022 and rules adopted thereunder.
- (10) For purposes of this section, "eligible nursing home" means a nursing home facility that provides nursing services as defined in chapter 464, is licensed under part II of chapter 400, and is certified by the Agency for Health Care Administration to lack an installed fire protection system as defined in s. 633.021(10) s. 633.021(9).

Section 43. Section 633.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.026 Legislative intent; informal interpretations of the

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Florida Fire Prevention Code.—It is the intent of the Legislature that the Florida Fire Prevention Code be interpreted by fire officials and local enforcement agencies in a manner that protects the public safety, health, and welfare by ensuring uniform interpretations throughout this state and by providing just and expeditious processes for resolving disputes regarding such interpretations. It is the intent of the Legislature that such processes provide for the expeditious resolution of the issues presented and that the resulting interpretation of such issues be published on the website of the Division of State Fire Marshal.

- (1) The Division of State Fire Marshal shall by rule establish an informal process of rendering nonbinding interpretations of the Florida Fire Prevention Code. The Division of State Fire Marshal may contract with and refer interpretive issues to a nonprofit organization that has experience in interpreting and enforcing the Florida Fire Prevention Code. The Division of State Fire Marshal shall immediately implement the process prior to the completion of formal rulemaking. It is the intent of the Legislature that the Division of State Fire Marshal establish create a Fire Code Interpretation Committee composed of seven persons and seven alternates, equally representing each area of the state process to refer questions to a small group of individuals certified under s. 633.081(2), to which a party can pose questions regarding the interpretation of the Florida Fire Prevention Code provisions.
- (2) Each member and alternate member of the Fire Code Interpretation Committee must be certified as a firesafety

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inspector pursuant to s. 633.081(2) and must have a minimum of 5 years of experience interpreting and enforcing the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code. Each member and alternate member must be approved by the Division of State Fire Marshal and deemed by the division to have met these requirements for at least 30 days before participating in a review of a nonbinding interpretation. It is the intent of the Legislature that the process provide for the expeditious resolution of the issues presented and publication of the resulting interpretation on the website of the Division of State Fire Marshal. It is the intent of the Legislature that this program be similar to the program established by the Florida Building Commission in s. 553.775(3)(q).

- (3) Each nonbinding interpretation of code provisions must be provided within 10 business days after receipt of a request for interpretation. The response period established in this subsection may be waived only with the written consent of the party requesting the nonbinding interpretation and the Division of State Fire Marshal. Nonbinding Such interpretations shall be advisory only and nonbinding on the parties or the State Fire Marshal.
- (4) In order to administer this section, the Division of State Fire Marshal shall charge department may adopt by rule and impose a fee for nonbinding interpretations, with payment made directly to the third party. The fee may not exceed \$150 for each request for a review or interpretation. The division may authorize payment of fees directly to the nonprofit organization under contract pursuant to subsection (1).
 - (5) A party requesting a nonbinding interpretation who

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disagrees with the interpretation issued under this section may apply for a formal interpretation from the State Fire Marshal pursuant to s. 633.01(6).

- (6) The Division of State Fire Marshal shall issue or cause to be issued a nonbinding interpretation of the Florida Fire Prevention Code pursuant to this section when requested to do so upon submission of a petition by a fire official or by the owner or owner's representative or the contractor or contractor's representative of a project in dispute. The division shall adopt a petition form by rule and the petition form must be published on the State Fire Marshal's website. The form shall, at a minimum, require:
- (a) The name and address of the local fire official, including the address of the county, municipality, or special district.
- (b) The name and address of the owner or owner's representative or the contractor or contractor's representative.
- (c) A statement of the specific sections of the Florida Fire Prevention Code being interpreted by the local fire official.
- (d) An explanation of how the petitioner's substantial interests are being affected by the local interpretation of the Florida Fire Prevention Code.
- (e) A statement of the interpretation of the specific sections of the Florida Fire Prevention Code by the local fire official.
- (f) A statement of the interpretation that the petitioner contends should be given to the specific sections of the Florida Fire Prevention Code and a statement supporting the petitioner's



interpretation.

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(7) Upon receipt of a petition that meets the requirements of subsection (6), the Division of State Fire Marshal shall immediately provide copies of the petition to the Fire Code Interpretation Committee, and shall publish the petition and any response submitted by the local fire official on the State Fire Marshal's website.

(8) The committee shall conduct proceedings as necessary to resolve the issues and give due regard to the petition, the facts of the matter at issue, specific code sections cited, and any statutory implications affecting the Florida Fire Prevention Code. The committee shall issue an interpretation regarding the provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code within 10 days after the filing of a petition. The committee shall issue an interpretation based upon the Florida Fire Prevention Code or, if the code is ambiguous, the intent of the code. The committee's interpretation shall be provided to the petitioner and shall include a notice that if the petitioner disagrees with the interpretation, the petitioner may file a request for formal interpretation by the State Fire Marshal under s. 633.01(6). The committee's interpretation shall be provided to the State Fire Marshal, and the division shall publish the interpretation on the State Fire Marshal's website and in the Florida Administrative Weekly.

Section 44. Present subsections (2) through (10) of section 633.061, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (3) through (11), respectively, a new subsection (2) is added to that section, and paragraph (c) of present subsection (3) of that section is amended, to read:

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633.061 Fire suppression equipment; license to install or maintain.-

(2) A person who holds a valid fire equipment dealer license may maintain such license in an inactive status during which time he or she may not engage in any work under the definition of license held. An inactive status license shall be void after 2 years or at the time that the license is renewed, whichever comes first. The biennial renewal fee for an inactive status license shall be \$75. An inactive status license may be reactivated upon application to the State Fire Marshal and payment of the initial application fee. An inactive status license may not be reactivated until the continuing education requirements of this chapter have been fulfilled.

(4) + (3)

- (c) A license of any class shall not be issued or renewed by the State Fire Marshal and a license of any class shall not remain operative unless:
- 1. The applicant has submitted to the State Fire Marshal evidence of registration as a Florida corporation or evidence of compliance with s. 865.09.
- 2. The State Fire Marshal or his or her designee has by inspection determined that the applicant possesses the equipment required for the class of license sought. The State Fire Marshal shall give an applicant a reasonable opportunity to correct any deficiencies discovered by inspection. A fee of \$50, payable to the State Fire Marshal, shall be required for any subsequent reinspection.
- 3. The applicant has submitted to the State Fire Marshal proof of insurance providing coverage for comprehensive general

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liability for bodily injury and property damage, products liability, completed operations, and contractual liability. The State Fire Marshal shall adopt rules providing for the amounts of such coverage, but such amounts shall not be less than \$300,000 for Class A or Class D licenses, \$200,000 for Class B licenses, and \$100,000 for Class C licenses; and the total coverage for any class of license held in conjunction with a Class D license shall not be less than \$300,000. The State Fire Marshal may, at any time after the issuance of a license or its renewal, require upon demand, and in no event more than 30 days after notice of such demand, the licensee to provide proof of insurance, on a form provided by the State Fire Marshal, containing confirmation of insurance coverage as required by this chapter. Failure, for any length of time, to provide proof of insurance coverage as required shall result in the immediate suspension of the license until proof of proper insurance is provided to the State Fire Marshal. An insurer which provides such coverage shall notify the State Fire Marshal of any change in coverage or of any termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of any coverage.

4. The applicant applies to the State Fire Marshal and successfully completes a prescribed training course offered by the State Fire College or an equivalent course approved by the State Fire Marshal. This subparagraph does not apply to any holder of or applicant for a permit under paragraph (f) or to a business organization or a governmental entity seeking initial licensure or renewal of an existing license solely for the purpose of inspecting, servicing, repairing, marking, recharging, and maintaining fire extinguishers used and located

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on the premises of and owned by such organization or entity.

4.5. The applicant has a current retestor identification number that is appropriate for the license for which the applicant is applying and that is listed with the United States Department of Transportation.

5.6. The applicant has passed, with a grade of at least 70 percent, a written examination testing his or her knowledge of the rules and statutes regulating the activities authorized by the license and demonstrating his or her knowledge and ability to perform those tasks in a competent, lawful, and safe manner. Such examination shall be developed and administered by the State Fire Marshal, or his or her designee in accordance with policies and procedures of the State Fire Marshal. An applicant shall pay a nonrefundable examination fee of \$50 for each examination or reexamination scheduled. No reexamination shall be scheduled sooner than 30 days after any administration of an examination to an applicant. No applicant shall be permitted to take an examination for any level of license more than a total of four times during 1 year, regardless of the number of applications submitted. As a prerequisite to licensure of the applicant:

- a. Must be at least 18 years of age.
- b. Must have 4 years of proven experience as a fire equipment permittee at a level equal to or greater than the level of license applied for or have a combination of education and experience determined to be equivalent thereto by the State Fire Marshal. Having held a permit at the appropriate level for the required period constitutes the required experience.
 - c. Must not have been convicted of, or pled nolo contendere



to, any felony. If an applicant has been convicted of any such felony, the applicant must comply with s. 112.011(1)(b).

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This subparagraph does not apply to any holder of or applicant for a permit under paragraph (f) or to a business organization or a governmental entity seeking initial licensure or renewal of an existing license solely for the purpose of inspecting, servicing, repairing, marking, recharging, hydrotesting, and maintaining fire extinguishers used and located on the premises of and owned by such organization or entity.

Section 45. Section 633.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.081 Inspection of buildings and equipment; orders; firesafety inspection training requirements; certification; disciplinary action.-The State Fire Marshal and her or his agents shall, at any reasonable hour, when the State Fire Marshal department has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter or s. 509.215, or a rule promulgated thereunder, or a minimum firesafety code adopted by a local authority, may exist, inspect any and all buildings and structures which are subject to the requirements of this chapter or s. 509.215 and rules promulgated thereunder. The authority to inspect shall extend to all equipment, vehicles, and chemicals which are located within the premises of any such building or structure.

(1) Each county, municipality, and special district that has firesafety enforcement responsibilities shall employ or contract with a firesafety inspector. The firesafety inspector must conduct all firesafety inspections that are required by

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law. The governing body of a county, municipality, or special district that has firesafety enforcement responsibilities may provide a schedule of fees to pay only the costs of inspections conducted pursuant to this subsection and related administrative expenses. Two or more counties, municipalities, or special districts that have firesafety enforcement responsibilities may jointly employ or contract with a firesafety inspector.

- (2) Every firesafety inspection conducted pursuant to state or local firesafety requirements shall be by a person certified as having met the inspection training requirements set by the State Fire Marshal. Such person shall:
- (a) Be a high school graduate or the equivalent as determined by the department;
- (b) Not have been found guilty of, or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States, or of any state thereof, which involves moral turpitude, without regard to whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of such cases;
- (c) Have her or his fingerprints on file with the department or with an agency designated by the department;
- (d) Have good moral character as determined by the department;
 - (e) Be at least 18 years of age;
- (f) Have satisfactorily completed the firesafety inspector certification examination as prescribed by the department; and
- (g) 1. Have satisfactorily completed, as determined by the department, a firesafety inspector training program of not less than 200 hours established by the department and administered by

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agencies and institutions approved by the department for the purpose of providing basic certification training for firesafety inspectors; or

- 2. Have received in another state training which is determined by the department to be at least equivalent to that required by the department for approved firesafety inspector education and training programs in this state.
- (3) Each special state firesafety inspection which is required by law and is conducted by or on behalf of an agency of the state must be performed by an individual who has met the provision of subsection (2), except that the duration of the training program shall not exceed 120 hours of specific training for the type of property that such special state firesafety inspectors are assigned to inspect.
- (4) A firefighter certified pursuant to s. 633.35 may conduct firesafety inspections, under the supervision of a certified firesafety inspector, while on duty as a member of a fire department company conducting inservice firesafety inspections without being certified as a firesafety inspector, if such firefighter has satisfactorily completed an inservice fire department company inspector training program of at least 24 hours' duration as provided by rule of the department.
- (5) Every firesafety inspector or special state firesafety inspector certificate is valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance. Renewal of certification shall be subject to the affected person's completing proper application for renewal and meeting all of the requirements for renewal as established under this chapter or by rule promulgated thereunder, which shall include completion of at least 40 hours during the

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preceding 3-year period of continuing education as required by the rule of the department or, in lieu thereof, successful passage of an examination as established by the department.

- (6) The State Fire Marshal may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke the certificate of a firesafety inspector or special state firesafety inspector if it finds that any of the following grounds exist:
- (a) Any cause for which issuance of a certificate could have been refused had it then existed and been known to the State Fire Marshal.
- (b) Violation of this chapter or any rule or order of the State Fire Marshal.
 - (c) Falsification of records relating to the certificate.
- (d) Having been found guilty of or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony, whether or not a judgment of conviction has been entered.
 - (e) Failure to meet any of the renewal requirements.
- (f) Having been convicted of a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of fire code inspection, plan review, or administration.
- (g) Making or filing a report or record that the certificateholder knows to be false, or knowingly inducing another to file a false report or record, or knowingly failing to file a report or record required by state or local law, or knowingly impeding or obstructing such filing, or knowingly inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing.
- (h) Failing to properly enforce applicable fire codes or permit requirements within this state which the certificateholder knows are applicable by committing willful

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misconduct, gross negligence, gross misconduct, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or property.

- (i) Accepting labor, services, or materials at no charge or at a noncompetitive rate from any person who performs work that is under the enforcement authority of the certificateholder and who is not an immediate family member of the certificateholder. For the purpose of this paragraph, the term "immediate family member" means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin of the person or the person's spouse or any person who resides in the primary residence of the certificateholder.
- (7) The Division of State Fire Marshal and the Florida Building Code Administrator and Inspectors Board, established pursuant to under s. 468.605, shall enter into a reciprocity agreement to facilitate joint recognition of continuing education recertification hours for certificateholders licensed under s. 468.609 and firesafety inspectors certified under subsection (2).
- (8) The State Fire Marshal shall develop by rule an advanced training and certification program for firesafety inspectors having fire code management responsibilities. The program must be consistent with the appropriate provisions of NFPA 1037, or similar standards adopted by the division, and establish minimum training, education, and experience levels for firesafety inspectors having fire code management responsibilities.
- (9) (9) (7) The department shall provide by rule for the certification of firesafety inspectors.

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Section 46. Section 633.352, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.352 Retention of firefighter certification.—Any certified firefighter who has not been active as a firefighter, or as a volunteer firefighter with an organized fire department, for a period of 3 years shall be required to retake the practical portion of the minimum standards state examination specified in rule $69A-37.056(6)(b) \frac{4A-37.056(6)(b)}{4}$, Florida Administrative Code, in order to maintain her or his certification as a firefighter; however, this requirement does not apply to state-certified firefighters who are certified and employed as full-time firesafety inspectors or firesafety instructors, regardless of the firefighter's employment status as determined by the division. The 3-year period begins on the date the certificate of compliance is issued or upon termination of service with an organized fire department.

Section 47. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and subsections (3), (10), and (11) of section 633.521, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

633.521 Certificate application and issuance; permit issuance; examination and investigation of applicant .-

(2)

(e) An applicant may not be examined more than four times during 1 year for certification as a contractor pursuant to this section unless the person is or has been certified and is taking the examination to change classifications. If an applicant does not pass one or more parts of the examination, she or he may take any part of the examination three more times during the 1year period beginning upon the date she or he originally filed

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an application to take the examination. If the applicant does not pass the examination within that 1-year period, she or he must file a new application and pay the application and examination fees in order to take the examination or a part of the examination again. However, the applicant may not file a new application sooner than 6 months after the date of her or his last examination. An applicant who passes the examination but does not meet the remaining qualifications as provided in applicable statutes and rules within 1 year after the application date must file a new application, pay the application and examination fee, successfully complete a prescribed training course approved by the State Fire College or an equivalent court approved by the State Fire Marshal, and retake and pass the written examination.

- (3) (a) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a Contractor I, Contractor II, or Contractor III, the applicant must be at least 18 years of age, be of good moral character, and shall possess 4 years' proven experience in the employment of a fire protection system Contractor $I_{\mathcal{T}}$ Contractor II, or Contractor III or a combination of equivalent education and experience in both water-based and chemical fire suppression systems.
- (b) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a Contractor II, the applicant must be at least 18 years of age, be of good moral character, and have 4 years of verifiable employment experience with a fire protection system as a Contractor I or Contractor II, or a combination of equivalent education and experience in water-based fire suppression systems.

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- (c) Required education and experience for certification as a Contractor I, Contractor II, Contractor III, or Contractor IV includes training and experience in both installation and system layout as defined in s. 633.021.
- (d) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a Contractor III, the applicant must be at least 18 years of age, be of good moral character, and have 4 years of verifiable employment experience with a fire protection system as a Contractor I or Contractor II, or a combination of equivalent education and experience in chemical fire suppression systems.
- (e) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a Contractor IV, the applicant must shall be at least 18 years old, be of good moral character, be licensed as a certified plumbing contractor under chapter 489, and successfully complete a training program acceptable to the State Fire Marshal of not less than 40 contact hours regarding the applicable installation standard used by the Contractor IV as described in NFPA 13D. The State Fire Marshal may adopt rules to administer this subsection have at least 2 years' proven experience in the employment of a fire protection system Contractor I, Contractor III, or Contractor IV or combination of equivalent education and experience which combination need not include experience in the employment of a fire protection system contractor.
- (f) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a Contractor \mathbf{V} , the applicant must $\frac{\mathbf{shall}}{\mathbf{shall}}$ be at least 18 years old, be of good moral character, and have been licensed as a certified underground utility and excavation

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contractor or certified plumbing contractor pursuant to chapter 489, have verification by an individual who is licensed as a certified utility contractor or certified plumbing contractor pursuant to chapter 489 that the applicant has 4 years' proven experience in the employ of a certified underground utility and excavation contractor or certified plumbing contractor, or have a combination of education and experience equivalent to 4 years' proven experience in the employ of a certified underground utility and excavation contractor or certified plumbing contractor.

- (g) Within 30 days after the date of the examination, the State Fire Marshal shall inform the applicant in writing whether she or he has qualified or not and, if the applicant has qualified, that she or he is ready to issue a certificate of competency, subject to compliance with the requirements of subsection (4).
- (10) Effective July 1, 2008, the State Fire Marshal shall require the National Institute of Certification in Engineering Technologies (NICET), Sub-field of Inspection and Testing of Fire Protection Systems Level II or equivalent training and education as determined by the division as proof that the permitholders are knowledgeable about nationally accepted standards for the inspection of fire protection systems. It is the intent of this act, from July 1, 2005, until July 1, 2008, to accept continuing education of all certificateholders' employees who perform inspection functions which specifically prepares the permitholder to qualify for NICET II certification.
- (11) It is intended that a certificateholder, or a permitholder who is employed by a certificateholder, conduct

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inspections required by this chapter. It is understood that after July 1, 2008, employee turnover may result in a depletion of personnel who are certified under the NICET Sub-field of Inspection and Testing of Fire Protection Systems Level II or equivalent training and education as required by the Division of State Fire Marshal which is required for permitholders. The extensive training and experience necessary to achieve NICET Level II certification is recognized. A certificateholder may therefore obtain a provisional permit with an endorsement for inspection, testing, and maintenance of water-based fire extinguishing systems for an employee if the employee has initiated procedures for obtaining Level II certification from the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies Sub-field of Inspection and Testing of Fire Protection Systems and achieved Level I certification or an equivalent level as determined by the State Fire Marshal through verification of experience, training, and examination. The State Fire Marshal may establish rules to administer this subsection. After 2 years of provisional certification, the employee must have achieved NICET Level II certification or obtain equivalent training and education as determined by the division, or cease performing inspections requiring Level II certification. The provisional permit is valid only for the 2 calendar years after the date of issuance, may not be extended, and is not renewable. After the initial 2-year provisional permit expires, the certificateholder must wait 2 additional years before a new provisional permit may be issued. The intent is to prohibit the certificateholder from using employees who never reach NICET Level II status, or equivalent training and education as

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determined by the division, by continuously obtaining provisional permits.

Section 48. Subsection (3) is added to section 633.524, Florida Statutes, to read:

633.524 Certificate and permit fees; use and deposit of collected funds .-

(3) The State Fire Marshal may enter into a contract with any qualified public entity or private company in accordance with chapter 287 to provide examinations for any applicant for any examination administered under the jurisdiction of the State Fire Marshal. The State Fire Marshal may direct payments from each applicant for each examination directly to such contracted entity or company.

Section 49. Subsection (4) of section 633.537, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.537 Certificate; expiration; renewal; inactive certificate; continuing education.-

(4) The renewal period for the permit class is the same as that for the employing certificateholder. The continuing education requirements for permitholders are what is required to maintain NICET Sub-field of Inspection and Testing of Fire Protection Systems Level II, equivalent training and education as determined by the division, or higher certification plus 8 contact hours of continuing education approved by the State Fire Marshal during each biennial renewal period thereafter. The continuing education curriculum from July 1, 2005, until July 1, 2008, shall be the preparatory curriculum for NICET II certification; after July 1, 2008, the technical curriculum is at the discretion of the State Fire Marshal and may be used to

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meet the maintenance of NICET Level II certification and 8 contact hours of continuing education requirements. It is the responsibility of the permitholder to maintain NICET II certification or equivalent training and education as determined by the division as a condition of permit renewal after July 1, 2008.

Section 50. Subsection (4) of section 633.72, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.72 Florida Fire Code Advisory Council.-

(4) Each appointee shall serve a 4-year term. No member shall serve more than two consecutive terms one term. No member of the council shall be paid a salary as such member, but each shall receive travel and expense reimbursement as provided in s. 112.061.

Section 51. Subsection (6) of section 718.113, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 52. The Florida Building Commission shall revise the Florida Building Code in order to make it consistent with the revisions made by this act to s. 399.02, Florida Statutes.

Section 53. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled An act relating to building safety; amending s. 399.02, F.S.; exempting certain elevators from

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provisions requiring modifications to heat sensors and electronic controls; amending s. 399.15, F.S.; providing an alternative method to allow access to regional emergency elevators; providing for a uniform lock box; providing for a master key; providing the Division of State Fire Marshal with enforcement authority; directing the Department of Financial Services to select the provider of the uniform lock box; amending s. 468.8311, F.S.; revising the term "home inspection services" to include the visual examination of additional components; amending s. 468.8312, F.S.; deleting a provision that provides the threshold amount of a fee for a certificate of authorization; amending s. 468.8313, F.S.; revising provisions relating to licensure examinations for home inspectors; requiring that a person pass the examination before becoming licensed as a home inspector; requiring that an applicant for such license submit fingerprints along with the application; requiring that the Department of Law Enforcement submit the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a level 2 background check; requiring that the applicant pay the costs associated with processing the fingerprints; amending s. 468.8318, F.S.; deleting provisions regarding the issuance of a certificate of authorization to providers of home inspection services; amending s. 468.8319, F.S.; revising certain prohibitions with respect to providers of home inspection services;

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conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing that the prohibitions and penalties for home inspectors in s. 468.8319(1), F.S., remain in effect until a specified date, notwithstanding s. 4 of ch. 2007-235, Laws of Florida; amending s. 468.832, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to impose penalties against a licensee found quilty of certain violations; amending s. 468.8324, F.S.; providing additional requirements for licensure as a home inspector; creating s. 468.8325, F.S., requiring that the department adopt rules relating to home inspectors; amending s. 468.8412, F.S.; deleting a provision that provides a threshold amount for a fee to renew a biennial certificate of authorization as a mold assessor or mold remediator; amending s. 468.8413, F.S.; providing additional requirements for a license as a mold assessor or mold remediator; amending s. 468.8414, F.S.; requiring that an applicant for such license possess certain liability insurance; amending s. 468.8418, F.S.; deleting provisions to conform to changes made by the act; providing that the prohibitions and penalties for mold assessors and mold remediators in s. 468.8419(1) (a) and (b), F.S., remain in effect until a specified date, notwithstanding s. 4 of ch. 2007-235, Laws of Florida; amending s. 468.842, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to impose penalties against a licensee found guilty of certain violations; amending

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s. 468.8421, F.S.; requiring that a mold assessor maintain insurance to cover preliminary and postremediation activities; amending s. 468.8423, F.S.; providing additional application requirements for a person performing mold assessment or mold remediation; creating s. 468.8424, F.S., requiring that the department adopt rules regarding mold-related services; amending s. 489.103, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 553.37, F.S.; authorizing manufacturers to pay inspection fees directly to the provider of inspection services; providing requirements for department rules regarding the schedule of fees; authorizing the department to enter into contracts for the performance of certain administrative duties; revising inspection requirements for certain custom manufactured buildings; amending s. 553.375, F.S.; revising the requirement for recertification of manufactured buildings prior to relocation; amending s. 553.509, F.S.; deleting requirements for alternate power sources for elevators for purposes of operating during an emergency; amending s. 553.512, F.S.; requiring that the Florida Building Commission establish by rule a fee for waivers of certain requirements; amending s. 553.73, F.S.; authorizing the commission to approve amendments relating to equivalency of standards; authorizing the commission to approve amendments necessary to accommodate state agency rules to meet federal requirements for design criteria relating to

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public educational facilities and state-licensed facilities; exempting certain mausoleums from the requirements of the Florida Building Code; exempting certain temporary housing provided by the Department of Corrections from the requirements of the Florida Building Code; restricting the code or a code enforcement agency from imposing requirements on existing mechanical equipment on the surface of a roof; requiring that the Florida Building Code contain certain requirements regarding illumination in classroom units; requiring that classroom units be designed to provide and maintain an average of 40 foot-candles of light at each desktop; requiring that public educational facilities consider using lightemitting diode lighting before considering other lighting sources; amending s. 553.74, F.S.; providing that a member of a Florida Building Commission technical advisory committee or other advisory committee or workgroup does not have a conflict of interest when representing clients before the commission or one of the commission's committees or workgroups, except if the member has a direct financial interest; amending s. 553.76, F.S.; authorizing the Florida Building Commission to adopt rules related to consensus-building decisionmaking; amending s. 553.775, F.S.; authorizing the commission to charge a fee for nonbinding interpretations; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; requiring that state agencies enter into contracts for inspection services

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under the alternative plans review and inspection process or with a local governmental entity; reenacting and amending s. 553.80(1) and (3), F.S., relating to the enforcement of the Florida Building Code, to incorporate the amendments made to s. 553.79, F.S., in a reference thereto; restricting the application of exemptions for certain single-family residences; amending s. 553.841, F.S.; deleting provisions requiring that the Department of Community Affairs maintain, update, develop, or cause to be developed a core curriculum for persons who enforce the Florida Building Code; amending s. 553.842, F.S.; authorizing rules requiring the payment of product evaluation fees directly to the administrator of the product evaluation and approval system; requiring that the provider remit a portion of the fees to the department to cover its costs; providing requirements for the approval of applications for state approval of a product; providing for certain approved products to be immediately added to the list of state-approved products; requiring that the commission's oversight committee review approved products; revising the list of approved evaluation entities; deleting obsolete provisions governing evaluation entities; amending s. 553.844, F.S.; providing an exemption from the requirements regarding roof and opening protections for certain exposed mechanical equipment or appliances; providing for future expiration; amending s. 553.885, F.S.; revising requirements for carbon

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monoxide alarms; providing an exception for buildings undergoing alterations or repairs; defining the term "addition" as it relates to the requirement of a carbon monoxide alarm; amending s. 553.9061, F.S.; revising the energy-efficiency performance options and elements identified by the commission for purposes of meeting certain goals; amending s. 553.909, F.S.; revising requirements for pool pump motors to conform to federal law; amending s. 553.912, F.S.; requiring that replacement air-conditioning systems be installed using energy-saving quality installation procedures; amending s. 627.711, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act in which core curriculum courses relating to the Florida Building Code are deleted; amending s. 633.021, F.S.; providing definitions; revising the definition of the term "preengineered system"; amending s. 633.0215, F.S.; providing guidelines for the State Fire Marshal to apply when issuing an expedited declaratory statement; requiring that the State Fire Marshal issue an expedited declaratory statement under certain circumstances; providing requirements for a petition requesting an expedited declaratory statement; providing an exemption for certain condominiums from installing a manual fire alarm system; amending s. 633.0245, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 633.026, F.S.; providing legislative intent; providing for the establishment of the Fire Code Interpretation Committee; providing for the membership

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of the committee and requirements for membership; requiring that nonbinding interpretations of the Florida Fire Prevention Code be issued within a specified period after a request is received; providing for the waiver of such requirement under certain conditions; requiring that the Division of State Fire Marshal charge a fee for nonbinding interpretations; providing that fees may be paid directly to a contract provider; providing requirements for requesting a nonbinding interpretation; requiring that the Division of State Fire Marshal develop a form for submitting a petition for a nonbinding interpretation; providing for a formal interpretation by the State Fire Marshal; requiring that an interpretation of the Florida Fire Prevention Code be published on the division's website and in the Florida Administrative Weekly; amending s. 633.061, F.S.; providing that a person who holds a valid fire equipment dealer license may maintain such license in an inactive status; providing for a fee; deleting provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 633.081, F.S.; requiring that the State Fire Marshal inspect a building when the State Fire Marshal, rather than the Department of Financial Services, has cause to believe a violation has occurred; requiring that the Division of State Fire Marshal and the Florida Building Code Administrator and Inspectors Board enter into a reciprocity agreement for purposes of recertifying building code

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inspectors, plan inspectors, building code administrators, and firesafety inspectors; requiring that the State Fire Marshal develop by rule an advanced training and certification program for firesafety inspectors who have fire code management responsibilities; requiring that the program be consistent with certain standards and establish minimum training, education, and experience levels for such firesafety inspectors; amending s. 633.352, F.S.; providing an exception to requirements for recertification as a firefighter; amending s. 633.521, F.S.; revising requirements for certification as a fire protection system contractor; revising the prerequisites for taking the certification examination; authorizing the State Fire Marshal to accept more than one source of professional certification; revising legislative intent; amending s. 633.524, F.S.; authorizing the State Fire Marshal to enter into contracts for examination services; providing for the direct payment of examination fees to contract providers; amending s. 633.537, F.S.; revising the continuing education requirements for certain permitholders; amending 633.72, F.S.; revising the terms of service for members of the Fire Code Advisory Council; repealing s. 718.113(6), F.S., relating to requirements for 5-year inspections of certain condominium improvements; directing the Florida Building Commission to conform provisions of the Florida Building Code with revisions made by the



2246 act relating to the operation of elevators; providing 2247 effective dates.