Florida Senate - 2010 Bill No. CS/HB 7179, 2nd Eng.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
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Floor: 2/WD/3R		
04/30/2010 01:20 PM		

Senator Bennett moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 251 and 252

4 insert:

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Section 2. Section 366.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

366.92 Florida renewable energy policy.-

8 (1) <u>In order to stimulate the state's economy, encourage</u> 9 <u>businesses to invest in clean technologies, and foster research,</u> 10 <u>development, manufacturing, construction, and jobs in new and</u> 11 <u>renewable energy,</u> it is the intent of the Legislature to promote 12 the development of renewable energy; protect the economic 13 viability of Florida's existing renewable energy facilities;

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14	diversify the types of fuel used to generate electricity in
15	Florida; lessen Florida's dependence on natural gas and fuel oil
16	for the production of electricity; minimize the volatility of
17	fuel costs; encourage investment within the state; improve
18	environmental conditions; and, at the same time, minimize the
19	costs of <u>renewable</u> power supply to electric utilities and their
20	customers. It is the further intent of the Legislature that all
21	prudently incurred costs of renewable energy shall be
22	recoverable from electric utility customers through the
23	environmental cost recovery clause.
24	(2) As used in this section, the term:
25	(a) "Florida renewable energy resources" means renewable
26	energy, as defined in s. 377.803, that is produced in Florida.
27	(b) "Provider" means a "utility" as defined in s.
28	366.8255(1)(a).
29	(c) "Renewable energy" means renewable energy as defined in
30	s. 366.91(2)(d).
31	(d) "Renewable energy credit" or "REC" means a product that
32	represents the unbundled, separable, renewable attribute of
33	renewable energy produced in Florida and is equivalent to 1
34	megawatt-hour of electricity generated by a source of renewable
35	energy located in Florida.
36	(c) "Renewable portfolio standard" or "RPS" means the
37	minimum percentage of total annual retail electricity sales by a
38	provider to consumers in Florida that shall be supplied by
39	renewable energy produced in Florida.
40	(3) The commission shall adopt rules for a renewable
41	portfolio standard requiring each provider to supply renewable
42	energy to its customers directly, by procuring, or through



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43	renewable energy credits. In developing the RPS rule, the
44	commission shall consult the Department of Environmental
45	Protection and the Florida Energy and Climate Commission. The
46	rule shall not be implemented until ratified by the Legislature.
47	The commission shall present a draft rule for legislative
48	consideration by February 1, 2009.
49	(a) In developing the rule, the commission shall evaluate
50	the current and forecasted levelized cost in cents per kilowatt
51	hour through 2020 and current and forecasted installed capacity
52	in kilowatts for each renewable energy generation method through
53	<del>2020.</del>
54	(b) The commission's rule:
55	1. Shall include methods of managing the cost of compliance
56	with the renewable portfolio standard, whether through direct
57	supply or procurement of renewable power or through the purchase
58	of renewable energy credits. The commission shall have
59	rulemaking authority for providing annual cost recovery and
60	incentive-based adjustments to authorized rates of return on
61	common equity to providers to incentivize renewable energy.
62	Notwithstanding s. 366.91(3) and (4), upon the ratification of
63	the rules developed pursuant to this subsection, the commission
64	may approve projects and power sales agreements with renewable
65	power producers and the sale of renewable energy credits needed
66	to comply with the renewable portfolio standard. In the event of
67	any conflict, this subparagraph shall supersede s. 366.91(3) and
68	(4). However, nothing in this section shall alter the obligation
69	of each public utility to continuously offer a purchase contract
70	to producers of renewable energy.
71	2. Shall provide for appropriate compliance measures and

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72	the conditions under which noncompliance shall be excused due to
73	a determination by the commission that the supply of renewable
74	energy or renewable energy credits was not adequate to satisfy
75	the demand for such energy or that the cost of securing
76	renewable energy or renewable energy credits was cost
77	prohibitive.
78	3. May provide added weight to energy provided by wind and
79	solar photovoltaic over other forms of renewable energy, whether
80	directly supplied or procured or indirectly obtained through the
81	purchase of renewable energy credits.
82	4. Shall determine an appropriate period of time for which
83	renewable energy credits may be used for purposes of compliance
84	with the renewable portfolio standard.
85	5. Shall provide for monitoring of compliance with and
86	enforcement of the requirements of this section.
87	6. Shall ensure that energy credited toward compliance with
88	the requirements of this section is not credited toward any
89	other purpose.
90	7. Shall include procedures to track and account for
91	renewable energy credits, including ownership of renewable
92	energy credits that are derived from a customer-owned renewable
93	energy facility as a result of any action by a customer of an
94	electric power supplier that is independent of a program
95	sponsored by the electric power supplier.
96	8. Shall provide for the conditions and options for the
97	repeal or alteration of the rule in the event that new
98	provisions of federal law supplant or conflict with the rule.
99	(c) Beginning on April 1 of the year following final
100	adoption of the commission's renewable portfolio standard rule,



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101	each provider shall submit a report to the commission describing
102	the steps that have been taken in the previous year and the
103	steps that will be taken in the future to add renewable energy
104	to the provider's energy supply portfolio. The report shall
105	state whether the provider was in compliance with the renewable
106	portfolio standard during the previous year and how it will
107	comply with the renewable portfolio standard in the upcoming
108	<del>year.</del>
109	(3)(4) In order to demonstrate the feasibility and
110	viability of clean energy systems, The commission shall provide
111	for full cost recovery under the environmental cost-recovery
112	clause of all reasonable and prudent costs incurred by a
113	provider <u>of Florida renewable energy resources</u> <del>for renewable</del>
114	energy projects that are zero greenhouse gas emitting at the
115	point of generation, up to a total of 110 megawatts statewide,
116	and for which the provider has secured necessary land, zoning
117	permits, and transmission rights within the state. A provider
118	may build Florida renewable energy resources, convert existing
119	fossil fuel generation plants to a Florida renewable energy
120	resource, or purchase renewable energy. A provider may recover
121	all reasonable and prudent costs, as provided herein, associated
122	with building Florida renewable energy resources, converting
123	existing fossil fuel generation plants to a Florida renewable
124	energy resource, or purchasing renewable energy under the
125	environmental cost-recovery clause. Each provider has the sole
126	discretion to determine the type and technology of the Florida
127	renewable energy resources that it elects to build and determine
128	whether to self-build or contract for purchase power with a
129	third party.
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130 (a) Notwithstanding s. 403.519, the Legislature finds that there is a need for new Florida renewable energy resources 131 consistent with the goals stated in subsection (1). This finding 132 133 shall serve as the need determination required under s. 403.519 134 and as the commission's agency report under s. 403.507(4)(a). 135 (b) A provider may file a petition for approval of a 136 facility producing a Florida renewable energy resource through 137 July 1, 2015. Upon the filing by a provider of a petition for approval of a facility producing a Florida renewable energy 138 139 resource, the commission shall schedule a formal administrative 140 hearing within 10 days after the filing of the petition and vote on the petition within 90 days after such filing. Such costs 141 142 shall be deemed reasonable and prudent for purposes of cost 143 recovery so long as the provider has used reasonable and 144 customary industry practices in the design, procurement, and 145 construction of the project in a cost-effective manner appropriate to the location of the facility. The provider shall 146 147 report to the commission as part of the cost-recovery proceedings the construction costs, in-service costs, operating 148 149 and maintenance costs, hourly energy production of the renewable energy project, and any other information deemed relevant by the 150 151 commission. Any provider constructing a clean energy facility 152 pursuant to this section shall file for cost recovery no later than July 1, 2009. 153 154 (4) Each provider may purchase or produce Florida renewable 155 energy having capacity or energy costs in excess of the fully 156 avoided cost limitations in s. 366.051, subject to the following

157 limitations and conditions:

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(a) The cost of producing or purchasing Florida renewable



159 energy in any calendar year in excess of the fully avoided cost 160 limitations in s. 366.051 shall not exceed, as a percentage of 161 the investor-owned utility's total revenue from retail sales of 162 electricity for the 2009 calendar year, one percent for 2011 and 163 two percent thereafter. Five percent of the amount of this cap 164 must be made available for purchases of the renewable attribute 165 of the renewable energy produced by customer-owned renewable 166 energy generation, as defined in s. 366.91, from facilities that 167 do not exceed 2 megawatts in capacity. Costs shall be computed 168 using a methodology that averages the revenue requirements of 169 the renewable energy resource or the purchases over their 170 economic lives. Costs incurred by a provider in 2010 for Florida 171 renewable energy resources for which construction is commenced 172 or for renewable energy purchased on or after the effective date 173 of this act shall be counted toward and included in the 174 calculation of the cost cap. Costs for renewable energy 175 resources approved by the commission for cost recovery through 176 the environmental cost-recovery clause before the effective date 177 of this act shall not be subject to or included in the 178 calculation of the cost cap. Any unused portion of the available 179 cost cap funds in a specific year shall be carried forward and 180 added to the cost cap for the following year. In addition, a 181 utility may elect to carry forward costs incurred for Florida 182 renewable energy resources which exceed the cost cap in a 183 specific year and apply such costs to the cost cap in the 184 following year. 185 (b) If a provider pays costs for purchased power above the 186 limitations set out in s. 366.051, the seller shall surrender to

187 the provider all renewable attributes of the energy being



188 purchased by the provider. 189 (c) Revenues derived from any renewable energy credit, 190 carbon credit, or other mechanism that attributes value to the 191 production of renewable energy or reduction of carbon emissions, 192 either existing or hereafter devised, received by a provider by 193 virtue of the production or purchase of renewable energy or 194 other production of energy for which cost recovery is approved 195 shall be shared with the provider's ratepayers such that the 196 ratepayers are credited no less than 90 percent of such 197 revenues. However, through July 1, 2015, ten percent of revenues 198 derived from renewable energy credits related to non-solar 199 renewable energy purchases is to be credited to ratepayers. 200 (5) Each municipal electric utility and rural electric

201 cooperative shall develop standards for the promotion, 202 encouragement, and expansion of the use of renewable energy 203 resources and energy conservation and efficiency measures. On or 204 before April 1, 2009, and annually thereafter, each municipal 205 electric utility and electric cooperative shall submit to the 206 commission a report that identifies such standards.

207 (6) All prudently incurred costs of renewable energy shall 208 be recoverable under s. 366.8255.

209 <u>(7) A provider must acquire commission approval before the</u> 210 <u>construction, licensing, and operation of a facility producing</u> 211 <u>such resources or the purchase of capacity or energy from a</u> 212 <u>facility producing such resources.</u>

213 (a) In determining whether to approve the petition, the 214 commission shall consider whether the:

215 <u>1. Proposal for the facility requires the use of reasonable</u> 216 <u>and customary industry practices in the design, engineering,</u>

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217	procurement, and construction of the project in a cost-effective
218	manner appropriate to the proposed technology and location of
219	the facility.
220	2. Entity, including a provider, which would engineer,
220	design, and construct the proposed facility has the requisite
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222	technical and financial qualifications, expertise, and
	capability.
224	3. Entity, including a provider, which would operate the
225	proposed facility has the requisite technical qualifications,
226	expertise, and capability.
227	4. Projected costs for the project are less than or equal
228	to the levelized cost of electricity of comparable solar energy
229	facilities previously approved by the commission.
230	(b) For purchase of renewable energy from third-party
231	generating facilities in the state, any petition for approval of
232	a purchased power agreement that is filed with the commission
233	before April 2, 2010, and remains pending on the effective date
234	of this act shall be considered to have been filed in accordance
235	with and subject to this section.
236	(c) The commission's final order approving a facility shall
237	include express authorization for annual cost recovery pursuant
238	to ss. 366.8255 and 366.92 of the costs determined under this
239	section.
240	(8) The provider shall report to the commission as part of
241	the cost-recovery proceedings the construction costs, in-service
242	costs, operating and maintenance costs, hourly energy production
243	of the renewable energy project, and any other information
244	deemed relevant by the commission.
245	(9) The commission shall allow full cost recovery over the

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246	entire useful life of the Florida renewable energy resource of
247	the revenue requirements using traditional declining balance
248	amortization through the environmental cost-recovery clause of
249	all reasonable and prudent costs incurred by the provider
250	related to or resulting from activities under this section,
251	including, but not limited to, the following:
252	(a) The siting, licensing, engineering, design, permitting,
253	construction, operation, and maintenance of Florida renewable
254	energy resources and associated transmission facilities by the
255	provider. Cost includes, but is not limited to, all capital
256	investments, including rate of return and any applicable taxes
257	and all expenses, including operation and maintenance expenses,
258	for the purposes stated in this subsection;
259	(b) The reasonable and prudent costs associated with the
260	purchase of capacity and energy from new renewable energy
261	resources; or
262	(c) The reasonable and prudent costs for conversion of
263	existing fossil fuel generating plants to a Florida renewable
264	energy resource, including the costs of retirement of the fossil
265	fuel generation plant.
266	(10) In order to further promote renewable energy, any
267	expansion of an existing renewable energy electric generating
268	facility, subject to a total of up to 200 net megawatts
269	statewide, for which a site certification application has been
270	filed before January 1, 2011, and which is owned by a local
271	government entity does not require a determination of need
272	pursuant to s. 403.519.
273	<u>(11)</u> (6) Nothing in this section <u>or actions taken pursuant</u>
274	to this section shall be construed to impede or impair terms and

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275	conditions of existing contracts or be a basis for renegotiating
276	or repricing existing contracts.
277	(12) Nothing in this section impedes or impairs a
278	provider's full cost recovery of all reasonable and prudent
279	costs incurred for renewable energy projects approved by the
280	commission as eligible for cost recovery through the
281	environmental cost-recovery clause before the effective date of
282	this act. Nothing in this section requires a provider to build
283	Florida renewable energy resources, convert existing fossil fuel
284	generation plants to a Florida renewable resource, or purchase
285	renewable energy. Furthermore a provider is not required to
286	contract for generation at a price above its avoided cost if
287	doing so would be inconsistent with or violate the Public
288	Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, as amended.
289	(13)(7) The commission may adopt rules to administer and
290	implement the provisions of this section.
291	Section 3. On or before January 1, 2011, the Public Service
292	Commission must file with the Governor, the President of the
293	Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report
294	containing an evaluation of full avoided costs, including the
295	premises underlying the avoided cost standard, the purpose of
296	purchases from and payment to non-utility electricity producers,
297	the effect on the purchasing utility's ratepayers, and the
298	effect on those receiving the payments. At a minimum, the report
299	must address in detail:
300	(1) Each of the categories or types of costs incurred by
301	public utilities in their operations, including, as a separate
302	item, the cost to ratepayers of the utility's rate of return;
303	(2) Which of these costs are related to capacity and which
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304	are related to energy;
305	(3) The amount of each type of costs that was included in a
306	residential customer's per kilowatt hour charge;
307	(4) Which costs could potentially be avoided by a purchase
308	of renewable energy and which typically were actually avoided;
309	(5) The effect of the ten-year site plant and the reserve
310	margin on costs actually avoided;
311	(6) How the amount of these avoided costs was calculated,
312	including the determination of which utility costs were avoided
313	and how these costs were quantified; and
314	(7) How the details of purchases, including the exact time
315	of purchase, was determined and recorded;
316	(8) Whether any costs were incurred in the process of
317	determining the amount of avoided costs to be paid for each
318	purchase, and, if so, the total amount of these costs; and
319	(9) The impact to ratepayers and those receiving avoided cost
320	payments.
321	Section 4. The Legislature finds that there is a need for a
322	funding mechanism to support and finance a comprehensive energy
323	policy, especially as it relates to sustainable and renewable
324	energy, energy conservation, and energy efficiencies. With such
325	a stable funding mechanism, this state will realize important
326	long-term goals, including:
327	(1) Increased independence from foreign oil.
328	(2) Ensuring an adequate and reliable energy supply.
329	(3) The promotion of economic growth and new investment in
330	the creation of high-paying jobs.
331	(4) The mitigation of adverse environmental impacts and the
332	promotion of stewardship of the environment.

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333	(5) Leading the nation in energy conservation and energy
334	efficiencies through needed support for implementing and
335	marketing the products of renewable energy research and
336	innovation.
337	(6) Contributing to a sustainable and renewable energy
338	policy for the state.
339	Section 5. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 377.806,
340	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
341	377.806 Solar Energy System Incentives Program
342	(1) PURPOSE.—The Solar Energy System Incentives Program is
343	established within the commission to provide financial
344	incentives for the purchase and installation of solar energy
345	systems. Any resident of the state who purchases and installs a
346	new solar energy system of 2 kilowatts or larger for a solar
347	photovoltaic system, a solar energy system that provides at
348	least 50 percent of a building's hot water consumption for a
349	solar thermal system, or a solar thermal pool heater, from July
350	1, 2006, through June 30, <u>2016</u> <del>2010</del> , is eligible for a rebate on
351	a portion of the purchase price of that solar energy system.
352	(2) SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM INCENTIVE
353	(a) Eligibility requirements.—A solar photovoltaic system
354	qualifies for a rebate if:
355	1. The system is installed by a state-licensed master
356	electrician, electrical contractor, or solar contractor.
357	2. The system complies with state interconnection standards
358	as provided by the Florida Public Service Commission.
359	3. The system complies with all applicable building codes
360	as defined by the Florida Building Code.
361	(b) Rebate amounts.—The rebate amount shall be set at $\frac{\$2}{\$4}$
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362	per watt based on the total wattage rating of the system. The
363	maximum allowable rebate per solar photovoltaic system
364	installation shall be as follows:
365	1. Ten Twenty thousand dollars for a residence.
366	2. <u>Fifty</u> <del>One hundred</del> thousand dollars for a place of
367	business, a publicly owned or operated facility, or a facility
368	owned or operated by a private, not-for-profit organization,
369	including condominiums or apartment buildings.
370	(c) All publicly accessible and disseminated information
371	about the Solar Energy System Incentives Program shall include
372	prominently displayed information regarding:
373	1. The amount of funds that remain to provide rebates for
374	the approved applications, updated, at a minimum, on a monthly
375	basis.
376	2. Information about the total number and dollar amount of
377	approved and funded solar rebate applications, updated, at a
378	minimum, on a monthly basis.
379	3. A statement that no more applications for solar rebates
380	are accepted once funds are depleted.
381	(d) Beginning January 1, 2011, each electric utility that
382	owns, maintains, or operates an electric generation,
383	transmission, or distribution system in the state shall include
384	the following on each residential, commercial, and industrial
385	electric utility customer's monthly electric bill to provide the
386	revenues for the Solar Energy System Incentives Program:
387	1. The following option boxes:
388	a. A check box for a voluntary contribution of \$1.
389	b. A check box for a voluntary contribution of \$5.
390	c. A check box for a voluntary contribution of \$10.

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391	2. The following statement: "Your voluntary contribution
392	supports Florida's Solar Energy System Incentives Program to
393	help offset the cost of solar panel installation for you, your
394	neighbors, and other Florida residents and business owners.
395	Thank you for helping Florida truly become the 'Sunshine
396	State.'"
397	(e) Voluntary contributions shall be added by the electric
398	utility customer to the amount of his or her monthly utility
399	charges and the total shall be remitted to the electric utility.
400	(f) The electric utility shall collect and transmit the
401	voluntary contributions into the Solar Energy System Incentives
402	Program quarterly.
403	(g) The Florida Energy and Climate Commission shall
404	establish a direct-support organization to provide assistance,
405	funding, and support for carrying out the Solar Energy System
406	Incentives Program. The Florida Energy and Climate Commission
407	shall establish administrative rules and reporting requirements
408	for the operation of the direct-support organization, including
409	oversight of and procedures for the electric utilities'
410	administration, collection, and transmission procedures of
411	customers' voluntary contributions.
412	Section 6. Section 377.601, Florida Statutes, is amended to
413	read:
414	377.601 Legislative intent
415	(1) The purpose of the state's energy policy is to ensure
416	an adequate and reliable supply of energy for the state in a
417	manner that promotes the health and welfare of the public,
418	promotes sustainable economic growth, and minimizes and
419	mitigates any adverse impacts. The Legislature intends that

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420 governance of the state's energy policy be efficiently directed toward achieving this purpose. The Legislature finds that the 421 422 state's energy security can be increased by lessening dependence 423 on foreign oil; that the impacts of global climate change can be 424 reduced through the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions; and 425 that the implementation of alternative energy technologies can be a source of new jobs and employment opportunities for many 426 427 Floridians. The Legislature further finds that the state is positioned at the front line against potential impacts of global 428 429 climate change. Human and economic costs of those impacts can be 430 averted by global actions and, where necessary, adapted to by a 431 concerted effort to make Florida's communities more resilient 432 and less vulnerable to these impacts. In focusing the 433 government's policy and efforts to benefit and protect our 434 state, its citizens, and its resources, the Legislature believes 435 that a single government entity with a specific focus on energy and climate change is both desirable and advantageous. Further, 436 437 the Legislature finds that energy infrastructure provides the 438 foundation for secure and reliable access to the energy supplies 439 and services on which Florida depends. Therefore, there is 440 significant value to Florida consumers that comes from 441 investment in Florida's energy infrastructure that increases 442 system reliability, enhances energy independence and 443 diversification, stabilizes energy costs, and reduces greenhouse 444 gas emissions. 445 (2) In furtherance of this purpose, the state's energy policy shall be implemented through effective, efficient, and 446 447 reliable governance and shall be guided by the following goals in order of their priority: 448

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449	(a) Ensuring an affordable energy supply.
450	(b) Ensuring adequate supply and capacity.
451	(c) Ensuring a secure and reliable energy supply.
452	(d) Minimizing energy cost volatility.
453	(e) Minimizing the negative impacts of energy production on
454	the state's environment, social fabric, and the public health
455	and welfare.
456	(f) Maximizing economic synergies for the state associated
457	with its energy policy.
458	(g) Reducing the net export of energy expenditures.
459	(3) It is <u>further</u> the policy of the state <del>of Florida</del> to:
460	(a) Develop and promote the effective use of energy in the
461	state, discourage all forms of energy waste, and recognize and
462	address the potential of global climate change wherever
463	possible.
464	(b) Play a leading role in developing and instituting
465	energy management programs aimed at promoting energy
466	conservation, energy security, and the reduction of greenhouse
467	gas emissions.
468	(c) Include energy considerations in all state, regional,
469	and local planning.
470	(d) Utilize and manage effectively energy resources used
471	within state agencies.
472	(e) Encourage local governments to include energy
473	considerations in all planning and to support their work in
474	promoting energy management programs.
475	(f) Include the full participation of citizens in the
476	development and implementation of energy programs.
477	(g) Consider in its decisions the energy needs of each
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478 economic sector, including residential, industrial, commercial, 479 agricultural, and governmental uses, and reduce those needs 480 whenever possible.

(h) Promote energy education and the public dissemination
of information on energy and its environmental, economic, and
social impact.

484 (i) Encourage the research, development, demonstration, and
485 application of alternative energy resources, particularly
486 renewable energy resources.

(j) Consider, in its decisionmaking, the social, economic, and environmental impacts of energy-related activities, including the whole-life-cycle impacts of any potential energy use choices, so that detrimental effects of these activities are understood and minimized.

492 (k) Develop and maintain energy emergency preparedness
493 plans to minimize the effects of an energy shortage within
494 Florida.

495 Section 7. Subsection (14) of section 403.503, Florida 496 Statutes, is amended to read:

497 403.503 Definitions relating to Florida Electrical Power498 Plant Siting Act.—As used in this act:

(14) "Electrical power plant" means, for the purpose of 499 500 certification, any steam or solar electrical generating facility 501 using any process or fuel, including nuclear materials, except 502 that this term does not include any steam or solar electrical 503 generating facility of less than 75 megawatts in capacity or any 504 solar electrical generating facility of any sized capacity unless the applicant for such a facility elects to apply for 505 506 certification under this act. This term also includes the site;

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507 all associated facilities that will be owned by the applicant that are physically connected to the site; all associated 508 509 facilities that are indirectly connected to the site by other 510 proposed associated facilities that will be owned by the 511 applicant; and associated transmission lines that will be owned 512 by the applicant which connect the electrical power plant to an 513 existing transmission network or rights-of-way to which the 514 applicant intends to connect. At the applicant's option, this 515 term may include any offsite associated facilities that will not 516 be owned by the applicant; offsite associated facilities that 517 are owned by the applicant but that are not directly connected 518 to the site; any proposed terminal or intermediate substations or substation expansions connected to the associated 519 520 transmission line; or new transmission lines, upgrades, or 521 improvements of an existing transmission line on any portion of 522 the applicant's electrical transmission system necessary to 523 support the generation injected into the system from the 524 proposed electrical power plant. 525 526

530 and insert:

531 An act relating to energy; creating s. 163.08, F.S.; 532 providing legislative findings and intent; providing 533 definitions; authorizing a local government to levy 534 non-ad valorem assessments to fund certain 535 improvements; authorizing a property owner to apply

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536 for funding and enter into a financing agreement with 537 a local government to finance certain improvements; 538 authorizing a local government to collect moneys for 539 such purposes through non-ad valorem assessments; 540 providing collection requirements; authorizing local 541 governments to partner with other local governments to 542 provide and finance certain improvements; authorizing 543 a qualifying improvement program to be administered by 544 a for-profit entity or not-for-profit organization 545 under certain circumstances; authorizing a local 546 government to incur debt payable from revenues 547 received from the improved property; providing a financing restriction for local governments; requiring 548 549 a financial agreement to be recorded in a county's 550 public records within 5 days after execution of the 551 agreement; specifying responsibilities for local 552 governments before entering into financing agreements; 553 requiring qualifying improvements to be affixed to a 554 building or facility on the property and be performed 555 by a properly certified or registered contractor; 556 excluding certain projects from financing agreement 557 coverage; limiting the amount of the non-ad valorem 558 assessment to a percentage of the just value of the 559 property; providing exceptions; specifying information 560 to be provided to property owners before entering into 561 financing agreements; prohibiting acceleration of a 562 mortgage under certain circumstances; providing 563 assessment disclosure requirements; specifying 564 unenforceability of certain agreement provisions;

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565 providing for the act to be construed as preserving a 566 local government's home rule authority; amending s. 567 366.92, F.S.; revising legislative intent regarding 568 the state's renewable energy policy; deleting 569 provisions requiring that the Public Service 570 Commission adopt rules for a renewable portfolio 571 standard; requiring that the commission provide for 572 full cost recovery for renewable energy resources; 573 allowing providers of Florida renewable energy 574 resources build such resources, convert existing 575 fossil fuel generation plants to a renewable energy 576 resource, or purchase renewable energy; requiring that 577 the commission schedule a formal administrative 578 hearing after the filing of a petition for approval of 579 a facility producing a renewable energy resource and 580 vote on such petition within a specified number of 581 days after filing; providing that each provider may 582 purchase or produce renewable energy that has capacity 583 or energy costs in excess of the fully avoided cost 584 limitations; specifying such cost limitations; 585 providing for renewable attributes; providing 586 quidelines for cost recovery; providing legislative 587 findings; amending s. 377.806, F.S.; revising the 588 expiration date for the Solar Energy System Incentives 589 Program; extending the period of time for which 590 residents of the state are eligible to receive rebates 591 for specified solar energy systems; revising the 592 rebate amount for eligible solar energy systems; 593 providing for public dissemination of certain

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594 information about the program; requiring electric 595 utilities to include certain information in customers' 596 monthly electric bills, collect voluntary 597 contributions from customers for the program, and 598 remit the contributions to the program; requiring the 599 Florida Energy and Climate Commission to adopt rules 600 and to establish a direct-support organization for 601 administration of the program; amending s. 377.601, 602 F.S.; revising legislative intent relating to the 603 state's energy policy; amending s. 403.503, F.S.; 604 revising the definition of "electrical power plant" 605 for purposes of the Florida Electrical Power Plant 606 Siting Act; providing an effective date.