A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to environmental control; amending s. 3 288.9015, F.S.; requiring Enterprise Florida, Inc., to 4 provide technical assistance to the Department of 5 Environmental Protection in the creation of the Recycling 6 Business Assistance Center; amending s. 403.44, F.S.; 7 eliminating a greenhouse gas registration and reporting 8 requirement for major emitters; eliminating a requirement 9 for the Department of Environmental Protection to 10 establish methodologies, reporting periods, and reporting 11 systems relating to greenhouse gas emissions; amending s. 403.7032, F.S.; requiring all public entities and those 12 entities occupying buildings managed by the Department of 13 14 Management Services to report recycling data; providing 15 exceptions; encouraging certain private entities to report 16 the disposal of recyclable materials; requiring the Department of Management Services to report on green and 17 recycled products purchased through its procurement 18 19 system; directing the Department of Environmental Protection to create the Recycling Business Assistance 20 21 Center; providing requirements for the center; amending s. 22 403.7046, F.S., relating to regulation of recovered 23 materials; deleting a requirement that the Department of 24 Environmental Protection appoint a technical advisory 25 committee; revising reporting requirements; amending s. 26 403.7049, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 27 403.705, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; requiring 28 that the Department of Environmental Protection report

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biennially to the Legislature on the state's success in meeting solid waste reduction goals; amending s. 403.706, F.S.; requiring counties to meet specific recycling benchmarks; providing legislative intent; requiring certain multifamily residential and commercial properties to provide recycling receptacles; authorizing the Department of Environmental Protection to require counties to develop a plan to expand recycling programs under certain conditions; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to provide a report to the Legislature if a specified recycling rate is not met; eliminating a requirement that counties develop composting goals; providing for waste-to-energy production to be applied toward meeting recycling benchmarks; providing exceptions; providing deadlines for the reporting of recycling data; amending s. 403.7061, F.S.; revising requirements for review of new waste-to-energy facility capacity by the Department of Environmental Protection; amending s. 403.707, F.S.; requiring liners for new construction and demolition debris landfills; establishing recycling rates for source-separation activities; providing an exception; amending s. 403.709, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 403.7095, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the solid waste management grant program; deleting provisions requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to develop a competitive and innovative grant program for certain counties, municipalities, special districts, and nonprofit

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

organizations; deleting application requirements for such grant program; deleting a requirement for the Department of Environmental Protection to evaluate and prioritize grant proposals for inclusion in its annual budget request; revising the distribution of funds for the smallcounty consolidated grant program; deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 403.7145, F.S.; revising recycling requirements for certain state buildings; providing for a pilot project for the Capitol recycling area; requiring each public airport in the state to collect aluminum beverage cans and recyclable plastic and glass from the entities doing business at the airport and to offer such materials for recycling; amending s. 533.77, F.S.; requiring the Florida Building Commission to develop specified recommendations relating to recycling and composting and the use of recyclable materials; repealing s. 288.1185, F.S., relating to the Recycling Markets Advisory Committee; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (9) is added to section 288.9015, Florida Statutes, to read:

288.9015 Enterprise Florida, Inc.; purpose; duties.-

(9) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall provide technical assistance to the Department of Environmental Protection in the creation of the Recycling Business Assistance Center pursuant to s. 403.7032(5). As the state's primary organization devoted to

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statewide economic development, Enterprise Florida, Inc., is
encouraged to cooperate with the Department of Environmental
Protection to ensure that the Recycling Business Assistance
Center is positioned to succeed in helping to enhance and expand
existing markets for recyclable materials in this state, other
states, and foreign countries.

Section 2. Subsections (5) through (8) of section 403.44, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (6), respectively, and present subsections (3) and (4) of that section are amended to read:

- 403.44 Florida Climate Protection Act.-
- (3) A major emitter shall be required to use The Climate Registry for purposes of emission registration and reporting.
- (4) The department shall establish the methodologies, reporting periods, and reporting systems that shall be used when major emitters report to The Climate Registry. The department may require the use of quality-assured data from continuous emissions monitoring systems.
- Section 3. Section 403.7032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 403.7032 Recycling.-

(1) The Legislature finds that the failure or inability to economically recover material and energy resources from solid waste results in the unnecessary waste and depletion of our natural resources. As the state continues to grow, so will the potential amount of discarded material that must be treated and disposed of, necessitating the improvement of solid waste collection and disposal. Therefore, the maximum recycling and

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reuse of such resources are considered high-priority goals of the state.

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- efforts of state and local governmental entities, private companies and organizations, and the general public is to recycle at least 75 percent of the municipal solid waste that would otherwise be reduce the amount of recyclable solid waste disposed of in waste management facilities, landfills, or incineration facilities by a statewide average of at least 75 percent. However, any solid waste used for the production of renewable energy shall count toward the long-term recycling goal as set forth in this part section.
- (3) All state agencies, K-12 public schools, public institutions of higher learning, community colleges, and state universities, all municipal, county, or other state entities whose employees occupy buildings not owned by the municipality, county, or state, and all entities occupying buildings that are managed by the Department of Management Services must, at a minimum, annually report all recycled materials to the county using the department's designated reporting format. This subsection does not apply to a fiscally constrained county, as defined in s. 218.67(1), or to a municipality of special financial concern, as defined in s. 200.185(1)(b), with a per capita taxable value of assessed property that does not exceed \$58,000 or to any municipality with a population under 20,000 and a per capita taxable value of assessed property that does not exceed \$46,000. Private businesses, other than certified recovered materials dealers, that recycle paper, metals, glass,

plastics, textiles, rubber materials, and mulch are encouraged to annually report the amount of materials they recycle to the county beginning January 1, 2011, using the department's designated reporting format. Using the information provided, the department shall recognize those private businesses that demonstrate outstanding recycling efforts. Notwithstanding any other provision of state or local law, private businesses, other than certified recovered materials dealers, are not required to report recycling rates.

- (4)(3) The Department of Environmental Protection shall develop a comprehensive recycling program that is designed to achieve the percentage under subsection (2) and submit the program to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2010. The program may not be implemented until approved by the Legislature. The program must be developed in coordination with input from state and local entities, private businesses, and the public. Under the program, recyclable materials shall include, but are not limited to, metals, paper, glass, plastic, textile, rubber materials, and mulch. Components of the program shall include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Programs to identify environmentally preferable purchasing practices to encourage the purchase of recycled, durable, and less toxic goods. The Department of Management Services shall modify its procurement system to report on green and recycled products purchased through the system by September 30, 2011.
 - (b) Programs to educate students in grades K-12 in the

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benefits of, and proper techniques for, recycling.

- (c) Programs for statewide recognition of successful recycling efforts by schools, businesses, public groups, and private citizens.
- (d) Programs for municipalities and counties to develop and implement efficient recycling efforts to return valuable materials to productive use, conserve energy, and protect natural resources.
- (e) Programs by which the department can provide technical assistance to municipalities and counties in support of their recycling efforts.
- (f) Programs to educate and train the public in proper recycling efforts.
- (g) Evaluation of how financial assistance can best be provided to municipalities and counties in support of their recycling efforts.
- (h) Evaluation of why existing waste management and recycling programs in the state have not been better used.
- create the Recycling Business Assistance Center by December 1, 2010. In carrying out its duties under this subsection, the department shall consult with state agency personnel appointed to serve as economic development liaisons under s. 288.021 and seek technical assistance from Enterprise Florida, Inc., to ensure the Recycling Business Assistance Center is positioned to succeed. The purpose of the center shall be to serve as the mechanism for coordination among state agencies and the private sector in order to coordinate policy and overall strategic

planning for developing new markets and expanding and enhancing existing markets for recyclable materials in this state, other states, and foreign countries. The duties of the center must include, at a minimum:

- (a) Identifying and developing new markets and expanding and enhancing existing markets for recyclable materials.
 - (b) Pursuing expanded end uses for recycled materials.
- (c) Targeting materials for concentrated market-development efforts.

- (d) Developing proposals for new incentives for market development, particularly focusing on targeted materials.
- (e) Providing guidance on issues such as permitting,
 finance options for recycling market development, site location,
 research and development, grant program criteria for recycled
 materials markets, recycling markets education and information,
 and minimum content.
- (f) Coordinating the efforts of various governmental entities having market-development responsibilities in order to optimize supply and demand for recyclable materials.
- g) Evaluating source-reduced products as they relate to state procurement policy. The evaluation shall include, but is not limited to, the environmental and economic impact of source-reduced product purchases to the state. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "source-reduced" means any method, process, product, or technology that significantly or substantially reduces the volume or weight of a product while providing, at a minimum, equivalent or generally similar performance and service to and for the users of such materials.

(h) Providing evaluation of solid waste management grants, pursuant to s. 403.7095, to reduce the flow of solid waste to disposal facilities and encourage the sustainable recovery of materials from Florida's waste stream.

- (i) Providing below-market financing for companies that manufacture products from recycled materials or convert recyclable materials into raw materials for use in manufacturing pursuant to the Florida Recycling Loan Program as administered by the Florida First Capital Finance Corporation.
- (j) Maintaining a continuously updated online directory listing the public and private entities that collect, transport, broker, process, or remanufacture recyclable materials in the state.
- (k) Providing information on the availability and benefits of using recycled materials to private entities and industries in the state.
- (1) Distributing any materials prepared in implementing this subsection to the public, private entities, industries, governmental entities, or other organizations upon request.
- (m) Coordinating with the Agency for Workforce Innovation and its partners to provide job-placement and job-training services to job seekers through the state's workforce services programs.
- Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 403.7046, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 403.7046 Regulation of recovered materials.-
- (1) Any person who handles, purchases, receives, recovers, sells, or is an end user of recovered materials shall annually

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certify to the department on forms provided by the department. The department may by rule exempt from this requirement generators of recovered materials; persons who handle or sell recovered materials as an activity which is incidental to the normal primary business activities of that person; or persons who handle, purchase, receive, recover, sell, or are end users of recovered materials in small quantities as defined by the department. The department shall adopt rules for the certification of and reporting by such persons and shall establish criteria for revocation of such certification. Prior to the adoption of such rules, the department shall appoint a technical advisory committee of no more than nine persons, including, at a minimum, representatives of the Florida Association of Counties, the Florida League of Cities, the Florida Recyclers Association, and the Florida Chapter of the National Solid Waste Management Association, to aid in the development of such rules. Such rules shall be designed to elicit, at a minimum, the amount and types of recovered materials handled by registrants, and the amount and disposal site, or name of person with whom such disposal was arranged, of any solid waste generated by such facility. By February 1 of each year, registrants shall report all required information to the department and to all counties from which it received materials. Such rules may provide for the department to conduct periodic inspections. The department may charge a fee of up to \$50 for each registration, which shall be deposited into the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund for implementation of the program.

Section 5. Subsection (5) of section 403.7049, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.7049 Determination of full cost for solid waste management; local solid waste management fees.—

- (5) In order to assist in achieving the municipal solid waste reduction goal and the recycling provisions of \underline{s} . $\underline{403.706(2)}$ \underline{s} . $\underline{403.706(4)}$, a county or a municipality which owns or operates a solid waste management facility is hereby authorized to charge solid waste disposal fees which may vary based on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the amount, characteristics, and form of recyclable materials present in the solid waste that is brought to the county's or the municipality's facility for processing or disposal.
- Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 403.705, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 403.705 State solid waste management program.—
- (2) The state solid waste management program shall include, at a minimum:
- (c) Planning guidelines and technical assistance to counties and municipalities to aid in meeting the municipal solid waste reduction goals established in $\underline{s.\ 403.706(2)}\ \underline{s.\ 403.706(4)}$.
- (3) The department shall periodically seek information from counties to evaluate and report biennially to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the state's success in meeting the solid waste reduction goal as described in s. 403.706(2).
 - Section 7. Subsections (2), (4), (6), (7), and (21) of

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section 403.706, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

arrangements for implementing recycling programs.

- 403.706 Local government solid waste responsibilities.-
- (2) (a) Each county shall implement a recyclable materials recycling program that shall have a goal of recycling recyclable solid waste by 40 percent by December 31, 2012, 50 percent by December 31, 2014, 60 percent by December 31, 2016, 70 percent by December 31, 2018, and 75 percent by December 31, 2020. Counties and municipalities are encouraged to form cooperative
- (b) In order to assist counties in attaining the goals set forth in paragraph (a), the Legislature finds that the recycling of construction and demolition debris fulfills an important state interest. Therefore, each county must implement a program for recycling construction and demolition debris.
- (c) All commercial and multifamily construction projects, including, but not limited to, apartment complexes, which begin construction on or after July 1, 2010, where counties provide litter receptacles, must provide an opportunity for the tenants and owners to recycle, including, if necessary, designated space for the placement of recycling receptacles.
- (d) If, by January 1 of 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, or 2021, the county, as determined by the department in accordance with applicable rules, has not reached the recycling goals as set forth in paragraph (a), the department may direct the county to develop a plan to expand recycling programs to existing commercial and multifamily dwellings, including, but not limited to, apartment complexes.
 - (e) If the state's recycling rate for the 2013 calendar

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year is below 40 percent, below 50 percent by January 1, 2015, below 60 percent by January 1, 2017, below 70 percent by January 1, 2019, or below 75 percent by January 1, 2021, the department shall provide a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report shall identify those additional programs or statutory changes needed to achieve the goals set forth in paragraph (a). The report shall be provided no later than 30 days prior to the beginning of the Regular Session of the Legislature. The department is not required to provide a report to the Legislature if the state reaches its recycling goals as described in this paragraph.

(f)(b) Such programs shall be designed to recover a significant portion of at least four of the following materials from the solid waste stream prior to final disposal at a solid waste disposal facility and to offer these materials for recycling: newspaper, aluminum cans, steel cans, glass, plastic bottles, cardboard, office paper, and yard trash. Local governments which operate permitted waste-to-energy facilities may retrieve ferrous and nonferrous metal as a byproduct of combustion.

(g)(c) Local governments are encouraged to separate all plastics, metal, and all grades of paper for recycling prior to final disposal and are further encouraged to recycle yard trash and other mechanically treated solid waste into compost available for agricultural and other acceptable uses.

(h) The department shall adopt rules establishing the method and criteria to be used by a county in calculating the recycling rates pursuant to this subsection.

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implement a plan to achieve a goal to compost organic materials that would otherwise be disposed of in a landfill. The goal shall provide that up to 10 percent and no less than 5 percent of organic material would be composted within the county and the municipalities within its boundaries. The department may reduce or modify the compost goal if the county demonstrates to the department that achievement of the goal would be impractical given the county's unique demographic, urban density, or inability to separate normally compostable material from the solid waste stream. The composting plan is encouraged to address partnership with the private sector.

- (i) (e) Each county is encouraged to consider plans for composting or mulching organic materials that would otherwise be disposed of in a landfill. The composting or mulching plans are encouraged to address partnership with the private sector.
- energy from solid waste, each megawatt-hour produced by a renewable energy facility using solid waste as a fuel shall count as 1 ton of recycled material and shall be applied toward meeting the recycling goals set forth in this section. If a county creating renewable energy from solid waste implements and maintains a program to recycle at least 50 percent of municipal solid waste by a means other than creating renewable energy, that county shall count 2 tons of recycled material for each megawatt-hour produced. If waste originates from a county other than the county in which the renewable energy facility resides, the originating county shall receive such recycling credit. Any

county that has a debt service payment related to its waste-to-energy facility shall receive 1 ton of recycled materials credit for each ton of solid waste processed at the facility. Any byproduct resulting from the creation of renewable energy does not count as waste. A county's solid waste management and recycling programs shall be designed to provide for sufficient reduction of the amount of solid waste generated within the county and the municipalities within its boundaries in order to meet goals for the reduction of municipal solid waste prior to the final disposal or the incineration of such waste at a solid waste disposal facility. The goals shall provide, at a minimum, that the amount of municipal solid waste that would be disposed of within the county and the municipalities within its boundaries is reduced by at least 30 percent.

- (b) A county may receive credit for one-half of the recycling goal set forth in subsection (2) for waste reduction from the use of yard trash, or other clean wood waste or paper waste, in innovative programs including, but not limited to, programs that produce alternative clean-burning fuels such as ethanol or that provide for the conversion of yard trash or other clean wood waste or paper waste to clean-burning fuel for the production of energy for use at facilities other than a waste-to-energy facility as defined in s. 403.7061. The provisions of this paragraph apply only if a county can demonstrate that:
- 1. The county has implemented a yard trash mulching or composting program, and
 - 2. As part of the program, compost and mulch made from

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yard trash is available to the general public and in use at county-owned or maintained and municipally owned or maintained facilities in the county and state agencies operating in the county as required by this section.

- (c) A county with a population of 100,000 or less or a municipality with a population of 50,000 or less may provide its residents with the opportunity to recycle in lieu of achieving the goal set forth in this section paragraph (a). For the purposes of this section subsection, the "opportunity to recycle" means that the county:
- 1.a. Provides a system for separating and collecting recyclable materials prior to disposal that is located at a solid waste management facility or solid waste disposal area; or
- b. Provides a system of places within the county for collection of source-separated recyclable materials.
- 2. Provides a public education and promotion program that is conducted to inform its residents of the opportunity to recycle, encourages source separation of recyclable materials, and promotes the benefits of reducing, reusing, recycling, and composting materials.
- (6) The department may reduce or modify the municipal solid waste $\frac{\text{recycling reduction}}{\text{reduction}}$ goal that a county is required to achieve pursuant to subsection (2) (4) if the county demonstrates to the department that:
- (a) The achievement of the goal set forth in subsection

 (2) (4) would have an adverse effect on the financial obligations of a county that are directly related to a waste-to-energy facility owned or operated by or on behalf of the county;

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(b) The county cannot remove normally combustible materials from solid waste that is to be processed at a waste-to-energy facility because of the need to maintain a sufficient amount of solid waste to ensure the financial viability of the facility.

- The goal shall not be waived entirely and may only be reduced or modified to the extent necessary to alleviate the adverse effects of achieving the goal on the financial viability of a county's waste-to-energy facility. Nothing in this subsection shall exempt a county from developing and implementing a recycling program pursuant to this act.
- (7) In order to assess the progress in meeting the goal set forth established in subsection (2) (4), each county shall, by April 1 November each year, provide information to the department regarding its annual solid waste management program and recycling activities.
- (a) The information submitted to the department by the county must, at a minimum, include:
- $\frac{1.(a)}{(a)}$ The amount of municipal solid waste disposed of at solid waste disposal facilities, by type of waste such as yard trash, white goods, clean debris, tires, and unseparated solid waste;
- $\underline{2.}$ (b) The amount and type of materials from the municipal solid waste stream that were recycled; and
- $\underline{3.}$ (c) The percentage of the population participating in various types of recycling activities instituted.

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(b) Beginning with the data for the 2012 calendar year, the department shall by July 1 each year post on its website the recycling rates of each county for the prior calendar year.

- (21) Local governments are authorized to enact ordinances that require and direct all residential properties, multifamily dwellings, and apartment complexes and industrial, commercial, and institutional establishments as defined by the local government to establish programs for the separation of recyclable materials designated by the local government, which recyclable materials are specifically intended for purposes of recycling and for which a market exists, and to provide for their collection. Such ordinances may include, but are not limited to, provisions that prohibit any person from knowingly disposing of recyclable materials designated by the local government and that ensure the collection of recovered materials as necessary to protect public health and safety.
- Section 8. Paragraphs (d) through (i) of subsection (3) of section 403.7061, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c) through (h), respectively, and present paragraph (c) of that subsection is amended to read:
- 403.7061 Requirements for review of new waste-to-energy facility capacity by the Department of Environmental Protection.—
- (3) An applicant must provide reasonable assurance that the construction of a new waste-to-energy facility or the expansion of an existing waste-to-energy facility will comply with the following criteria:

(c) The county in which the facility is located has implemented and maintains a solid waste management and recycling program that is designed to achieve the waste reduction goal set forth in s. 403.706(4). For the purposes of this section, the provisions of s. 403.706(4)(c) for counties having populations of 100,000 or fewer do not apply.

Section 9. Subsection (9) of section 403.707, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.707 Permits.—

- (9) The department shall establish a separate category for solid waste management facilities that accept only construction and demolition debris for disposal or recycling. The department shall establish a reasonable schedule for existing facilities to comply with this section to avoid undue hardship to such facilities. However, a permitted solid waste disposal unit that receives a significant amount of waste prior to the compliance deadline established in this schedule shall not be required to be retrofitted with liners or leachate control systems.
- (a) The department shall establish reasonable construction, operation, monitoring, recordkeeping, financial assurance, and closure requirements for such facilities. The department shall take into account the nature of the waste accepted at various facilities when establishing these requirements, and may impose less stringent requirements, including a system of general permits or registration requirements, for facilities that accept only a segregated waste stream which is expected to pose a minimal risk to the environment and public health, such as clean debris. The

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Legislature recognizes that incidental amounts of other types of solid waste are commonly generated at construction or demolition projects. In any enforcement action taken pursuant to this section, the department shall consider the difficulty of removing these incidental amounts from the waste stream.

- (b) The department shall not require liners and leachate collection systems at individual disposal units and lateral expansions of existing disposal units that have not received a department permit authorizing construction or operation before July 1, 2010 facilities unless it demonstrates, based upon the types of waste received, the methods for controlling types of waste disposed of, the proximity of groundwater and surface water, and the results of the hydrogeological and geotechnical investigations, that the facility is reasonably expected to result in violations of groundwater standards and criteria otherwise.
- assurance for closing of the facility in accordance with the requirements of s. 403.7125. The financial assurance shall cover the cost of closing the facility and 5 years of long-term care after closing, unless the department determines, based upon hydrogeologic conditions, the types of wastes received, or the groundwater monitoring results, that a different long-term care period is appropriate. However, unless the owner or operator of the facility is a local government, the escrow account described in s. 403.7125(2) may not be used as a financial assurance mechanism.
 - (d) The department shall establish training requirements

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for operators of facilities, and shall work with the State
University System or other providers to assure that adequate
training courses are available. The department shall also assist
the Florida Home Builders Association in establishing a
component of its continuing education program to address proper
handling of construction and demolition debris, including best
management practices for reducing contamination of the
construction and demolition debris waste stream.

- (e) The issuance of a permit under this subsection does not obviate the need to comply with all applicable zoning and land use regulations.
- (f) A permit is not required under this section for the disposal of construction and demolition debris on the property where it is generated, but such property must be covered, graded, and vegetated as necessary when disposal is complete.
- demolition debris processed and recycled prior to disposal at a permitted materials recovery facility or at any other permitted disposal facility shall be reported by the county of origin to the department and to the county on an annual basis in accordance with rules adopted by the department. The rules shall establish criteria to ensure accurate and consistent reporting for purposes of determining the recycling rate in s. 403.706 and shall also require that, to the extent economically feasible, all construction and demolition debris must be processed prior to disposal, either at a permitted materials recovery facility or at a permitted disposal facility. This paragraph does not apply to recovered materials, any materials

that have been source separated and offered for recycling, or materials that have been previously processed. It is the policy of the Legislature to encourage facilities to recycle. The department shall establish criteria and guidelines that encourage recycling where practical and provide for the use of recycled materials in a manner that protects the public health and the environment. Facilities are authorized to recycle, provided such activities do not conflict with such criteria and guidelines.

- (h) The department shall ensure that the requirements of this section are applied and interpreted consistently throughout the state. In accordance with s. 20.255, the Division of Waste Management shall direct the district offices and bureaus on matters relating to the interpretation and applicability of this section.
- (i) The department shall provide notice of receipt of a permit application for the initial construction of a construction and demolition debris disposal facility to the local governments having jurisdiction where the facility is to be located.
- (j) The Legislature recognizes that recycling, waste reduction, and resource recovery are important aspects of an integrated solid waste management program and as such are necessary to protect the public health and the environment. If necessary to promote such an integrated program, the county may determine, after providing notice and an opportunity for a hearing prior to April 30, 2008, that some or all of the material described in s. 403.703(6)(b) shall be excluded from

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the definition of "construction and demolition debris" in s. 403.703(6) within the jurisdiction of such county. The county may make such a determination only if it finds that, prior to June 1, 2007, the county has established an adequate method for the use or recycling of such wood material at an existing or proposed solid waste management facility that is permitted or authorized by the department on June 1, 2007. The county is not required to hold a hearing if the county represents that it previously has held a hearing for such purpose, or if the county represents that it previously has held a public meeting or hearing that authorized such method for the use or recycling of trash or other nonputrescible waste materials and that such materials include those materials described in s. 403.703(6)(b). The county shall provide written notice of its determination to the department by no later than April 30, 2008; thereafter, the materials described in s. 403.703(6) shall be excluded from the definition of "construction and demolition debris" in s. 403.703(6) within the jurisdiction of such county. The county may withdraw or revoke its determination at any time by providing written notice to the department.

(k) Brazilian pepper and other invasive exotic plant species as designated by the department resulting from eradication projects may be processed at permitted construction and demolition debris recycling facilities or disposed of at permitted construction and demolition debris disposal facilities or Class III facilities. The department may adopt rules to implement this paragraph.

Section 10. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section

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403.709, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.709 Solid Waste Management Trust Fund; use of waste tire fees.—There is created the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund, to be administered by the department.

- (1) From the annual revenues deposited in the trust fund, unless otherwise specified in the General Appropriations Act:
- (e) A minimum of 40 percent shall be used for funding a solid waste management competitive and innovative grant program pursuant to s. 403.7095 for activities relating to recycling and waste reduction, including waste tires requiring final disposal.

Section 11. Section 403.7095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.7095 Solid waste management grant program.-

- (1) The department shall develop a competitive and innovative grant program for counties, municipalities, special districts, and nonprofit organizations that have legal responsibility for the provision of solid waste management services. For purposes of this program, "innovative" means that the process, technology, or activity for which funding is sought has not previously been implemented within the jurisdiction of the applicant. The applicant must:
- (a) Demonstrate technologies or processes that represent a novel application of an existing technology or process to recycle or reduce waste, or that overcome obstacles to recycling or waste reduction in new or innovative ways;
- (b) Demonstrate innovative processes to collect and recycle or reduce materials targeted by the department and the recycling industry; or

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(c) Demonstrate effective solutions to solving solid waste problems resulting from waste tires, particularly in the areas of enforcement and abatement of illegal tire dumping and activities to promote market development of waste tire products.

Because the Legislature recognizes that input from the recycling industry is essential to the success of this grant program, the department shall cooperate with private sector entities to develop a process and define specific criteria for allowing their participation with grant recipients.

(2) The department shall evaluate and prioritize the annual grant proposals and present the annual prioritized list of projects to be funded to the Governor and the Legislature as part of its annual budget request submitted pursuant to chapter 216. Potential grant recipients are encouraged to demonstrate local support for grant proposals by the commitment of cash or in-kind matching funds.

(1)(3) The department shall develop a consolidated grant program for small counties having populations fewer than 100,000, with grants to be distributed equally among eligible counties. Programs to be supported with the small-county consolidated grants include general solid waste management, litter prevention and control, and recycling and education programs.

(2)(4) The department shall develop a waste tire grant program making grants available to all counties. The department shall ensure that at least 25 percent of the funding available for waste tire grants is distributed equally to each county

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having a population fewer than 100,000. Of the remaining funds distributed to counties having a population of 100,000 or greater, the department shall distribute those funds on the basis of population.

- $\underline{(3)}$ From the funds made available pursuant to s. 403.709(1)(e) for the grant program created by this section, the following distributions shall be made:
- (a) Up to 15 percent for the program described in subsection (1);
- $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ (b) Up to $\underline{50}$ 35 percent for the program described in subsection (1) $\underline{\text{(3)}}$; and
- $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ (c) Up to 50 percent for the program described in subsection (2) $\underline{\text{(4)}}$.
- (4) (6) The department may adopt rules necessary to administer this section, including, but not limited to, rules governing timeframes for submitting grant applications, criteria for prioritizing, matching criteria, maximum grant amounts, and allocation of appropriated funds based upon project and applicant size.
- (7) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, and for the 2009-2010 fiscal year only, the Department of Environmental Protection shall award the sum of \$2,600,000 in grants equally to counties having populations of fewer than 100,000 for waste tire and litter prevention, recycling education, and general solid waste programs. This subsection expires July 1, 2010.
- (8) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, and for the 2008-2009 fiscal year only, the

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Department of Environmental Protection shall award:

- 1. The sum of \$9,428,773 in grants equally to counties having populations of fewer than 100,000 for waste tire and litter prevention, recycling education, and general solid waste programs.
- 2. The sum of \$2,000,781 to be used for the Innovative Grant Program.
 - (b) This subsection expires July 1, 2009.
- Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 403.7145, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (3) and (4) are added to that section, to read:
 - 403.7145 Recycling.-

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The Capitol and the House and Senate office buildings constitute the Capitol recycling area. The Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Senate, and the Office of the Governor, the Secretary of State, and each Cabinet officer who heads a department that occupies office space in the Capitol, shall institute a recycling program for their respective offices in the House and Senate office buildings and the Capitol. Provisions shall be made to collect and sell wastepaper and empty aluminum beverage containers cans generated by employee activities in these offices. The collection and sale of such materials shall be reported to Leon County using the department's designated reporting format and coordinated with Department of Management Services recycling activities to maximize the efficiency and economy of this program. The Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, the Secretary of State, and the Cabinet

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officers may authorize the use of proceeds from recyclable material sales for employee benefits and other purposes, in order to provide incentives to their respective employees for participation in the recycling program. Such proceeds may also be used to offset any costs of the recycling program. As a demonstration of leading by example, the Capitol Building's recycling rates shall be posted on the website of the Department of Management Services and shall include the details of the recycling rates for each Department of Management Services pool facility. The Department of Environmental Protection shall post recycling rates of each state-owned facility reported to the Department of Management Services.

- (3) Prior to awarding any grants pursuant to s. 403.7095, the department shall develop and contract for an innovative recycling pilot project for the Capitol recycling area. The project shall be designed to collect recyclable materials and create a more sustainable recycling system. Components of the project shall be designed to increase convenience, incentivize and measure participation, reduce material volume, and assist in achieving the recycling goals enumerated in s. 403.706.
- (4) Each public airport operating in this state shall, to the greatest extent practicable, collect aluminum beverage cans and recyclable plastic and glass from the airlines and other entities doing business at the airport and offer such materials for recycling and may retain the economic benefit of these activities to offset the costs associated with such collection. Airport administration offices, airport vendors, and airlines are encouraged to coordinate the collection of recyclable waste

785	subsection are not intended to interfere with any established
786	recycling activity.
787	Section 13. Paragraph (m) is added to subsection (1) of
788	section 553.77, Florida Statutes, to read:
789	553.77 Specific powers of the commission.—
790	(1) The commission shall:
791	(m) Develop recommendations that increase residential and
792	commercial recycling and composting and strongly encourage the

to the greatest extent practicable. The provisions of this

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commercial recycling and composting and strongly encourage the use of recyclable materials and the recycling of construction and demolition debris.

Section 14. <u>Section 288.1185, Florida Statutes, is repealed.</u>

Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.