HB 1067

2011

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to death and fetal death registration;
3	amending s. 382.008, F.S.; providing for advanced
4	registered nurse practitioners to provide certification of
5	death or fetal death; providing an effective date.
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7	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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9	Section 1. Subsections (2), (3), (4), and (5) of section
10	382.008, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
11	382.008 Death and fetal death registration
12	(2)(a) The funeral director who first assumes custody of a
13	dead body or fetus shall file the certificate of death or fetal
14	death. In the absence of the funeral director, the physician <u>,</u>
15	advanced registered nurse practitioner, or other person in
16	attendance at or after the death shall file the certificate of
17	death or fetal death. The person who files the certificate shall
18	obtain personal data from the next of kin or the best qualified
19	person or source available. The medical certification of cause
20	of death shall be furnished to the funeral director, either in
21	person or via certified mail, by the physician <u>, advanced</u>
22	registered nurse practitioner, or medical examiner responsible
23	for furnishing such information. For fetal deaths, the
24	physician, midwife <u>, advanced registered nurse practitioner</u> , or
25	hospital administrator shall provide any medical or health
26	information to the funeral director within 72 hours after
27	expulsion or extraction.
28	(b) The State Registrar may receive electronically a
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29 certificate of death or fetal death which is required to be 30 filed with the registrar under this chapter through facsimile or 31 other electronic transfer for the purpose of filing the 32 certificate. The receipt of a certificate of death or fetal 33 death by electronic transfer constitutes delivery to the State 34 Registrar as required by law.

35 Within 72 hours after receipt of a death or fetal (3) 36 death certificate from the funeral director, the medical 37 certification of cause of death shall be completed and made 38 available to the funeral director by the physician or advanced 39 registered nurse practitioner in charge of the decedent's care for the illness or condition which resulted in death, the 40 physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner in 41 42 attendance at the time of death or fetal death or immediately before or after such death or fetal death, or the medical 43 44 examiner if the provisions of s. 382.011 apply. The physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or medical examiner 45 shall certify over his or her signature the cause of death to 46 47 the best of his or her knowledge and belief.

(a) The local registrar may grant the funeral director an
extension of time upon a good and sufficient showing of any of
the following conditions:

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1. An autopsy is pending.

52 2. Toxicology, laboratory, or other diagnostic reports53 have not been completed.

54 3. The identity of the decedent is unknown and further55 investigation or identification is required.

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(b)

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If the physician, advanced registered nurse

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57 <u>practitioner</u>, or medical examiner has indicated that he or she 58 will sign and complete the medical certification of cause of 59 death, but will not be available until after the 5-day 60 registration deadline, the local registrar may grant an 61 extension of 5 days. If a further extension is required, the 62 funeral director must provide written justification to the 63 registrar.

64 If the local registrar has granted an extension of (4) 65 time to provide the medical certification of cause of death, the 66 funeral director shall file a temporary certificate of death or 67 fetal death which shall contain all available information, including the fact that the cause of death is pending. The 68 physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or medical 69 70 examiner shall provide an estimated date for completion of the 71 permanent certificate.

72 (5) A permanent certificate of death or fetal death, 73 containing the cause of death and any other information which 74 was previously unavailable, shall be registered as a replacement 75 for the temporary certificate. The permanent certificate may 76 also include corrected information if the items being corrected 77 are noted on the back of the certificate and dated and signed by 78 the funeral director, physician, advanced registered nurse 79 practitioner, or medical examiner, as appropriate.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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