By Senator Hays

20-00595E-11 20111294 A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to application of foreign law; creating s. 45.022, F.S.; defining the term "foreign law, legal code, or system"; specifying the public policy of this state in applying the choice of a foreign law, legal code, or system under certain circumstances; declaring that certain decisions rendered under such laws, codes, or systems are void; declaring that certain choice of venue or forum provisions in a contract are void; declaring that claims of forum non conveniens or related claims must be denied under certain circumstances; providing that the act does not apply to a corporation, partnership, or other form of business association; clarifying that the public policies expressed in the act apply to violations of a natural person's constitutional rights; providing for severability; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 45.022, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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45.022 Provisions contrary to public policy.-

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(1) As used in this section, the term "foreign law, legal jurisdiction outside any state or territory of the United States, including, but not limited to, international

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organizations or tribunals, and applied by that jurisdiction's

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courts, administrative bodies, or other formal or informal
tribunals.

- (2) Any court, arbitration, tribunal, or administrative agency ruling or decision violates the public policy of this state and is void and unenforceable if the court, arbitration, tribunal, or administrative agency bases its ruling or decision in the matter at issue in whole or in part on any law, legal code, or system that does not grant the parties affected by the ruling or decision the same fundamental liberties, rights, and privileges granted under the State Constitution and the Constitution of the United States, including, but not limited to, due process, freedom of religion, speech, or press, and any right of privacy or marriage as specifically defined by the State Constitution.
- (3) A contract or contractual provision, if severable, which provides for the choice of a law, legal code, or system to govern some or all of the disputes between the parties to be adjudicated by a court of law or by an arbitration panel arising from the contract violates the public policy of this state and is void and unenforceable if the law, legal code, or system chosen includes or incorporates any substantive or procedural law, as applied to the dispute at issue, which would not grant the parties the same fundamental liberties, rights, and privileges granted under the State Constitution and the Constitution of the United States.
- (4) If any contractual provision or agreement provides for the choice of venue or forum outside a state or territory of the United States, and if the enforcement or interpretation of the contract or agreement applying that choice of venue or forum

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provision would result in a violation of any right guaranteed by the State Constitution or the Constitution of the United States, that contractual provision or agreement shall be interpreted or construed to preserve the constitutional rights of the person against whom enforcement is sought. Similarly, if a natural person subject to personal jurisdiction in this state seeks to maintain litigation, arbitration, agency, or similarly binding proceedings in this state, and if a court of this state finds that granting a claim of forum non conveniens or a related claim violates or would likely lead to the violation of any constitutional right of the nonclaimant in the foreign forum with respect to the matter in dispute, the claim shall be denied.

- (5) Without prejudice to any other legal right, this section does not apply to a corporation, partnership, or other form of business association.
- (6) This section applies only to actual or foreseeable denials of a natural person's constitutional rights from the foreign law, legal code, or system.
- (7) If any provision of this section or its application to any natural person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this section which can be given effect, and to that end the provisions of this act are severable.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.