${\bf By}$  Senator Richter

	37-00505B-11 20111332
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to financial institutions; amending s.
3	655.005, F.S.; revising definitions relating to the
4	financial institutions codes; amending s. 655.013,
5	F.S.; updating a reference; creating s. 655.03855,
6	F.S.; authorizing the office to appoint provisional
7	directors or executive officers; specifying the
8	rights, qualifications, and reporting requirements of
9	such directors and officers; clarifying the liability
10	of such directors and officers and of the office;
11	amending s. 655.044, F.S.; specifying which accounting
12	practice must be followed by financial institutions;
13	amending s. 655.045, F.S.; authorizing the office to
14	conduct additional examinations of financial
15	institutions if warranted; providing for the use of
16	certain examination methods; authorizing the office to
17	enter into agreements with other regulatory agencies
18	relating to examinations; amending s. 655.41, F.S.;
19	revising definitions to conform provisions to changes
20	made by the act; amending s. 655.411, F.S.; revising
21	the criteria for approval of a financial entity's plan
22	of conversion; amending s. 655.414, F.S.; providing
23	for the transfer of assets from a federally chartered
24	or out-of-state chartered institution; amending ss.
25	655.416, 655.417, and 655.418, F.S.; conforming
26	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
27	655.4185, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
28	emergency actions that may be taken for a failing
29	financial institution; authorizing the office to

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37-00505B-11 20111332 30 provide prior approval for the chartering of an entity 31 acquiring control of a failing institution; amending 32 s. 655.419, F.S.; deleting a provision relating to 33 actions conducted outside this state; amending s. 34 655.947, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending 35 s. 657.038, F.S.; specifying the loan factors that 36 must be considered when computing a person's total 37 obligations for purposes of extending credit; amending s. 657.042, F.S.; revising criteria that limit a 38 39 credit union's investment of funds; requiring a credit union to establish policies and procedures for 40 evaluating risk; amending ss. 657.063 and 657.064, 41 42 F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 658.12, 43 F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; deleting a 44 provision relating to the application of definitions 45 in the financial institutions codes; repealing s. 46 658.20(3), F.S., relating to applications for prior 47 approval of officers or directors; amending s. 658.28, F.S.; providing additional limitations on acquiring or 48 49 controlling another bank; repealing s. 658.295, F.S., 50 relating to the Florida Interstate Banking Act; 51 amending s. 658.2953, F.S.; revising and updating 52 provisions relating to Florida bank mergers with outof-state banks; deleting legislative intent; repealing 53 54 s. 658.296, F.S., relating to the control of deposit-55 taking institutions; amending s. 658.36, F.S.; 56 authorizing the office to approve a special stock 57 offering plan under certain circumstances; amending s. 58 658.41, F.S.; clarifying that state laws do not

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59	restrict the right of a state bank or trust company to
60	merge with an out-of-state bank; amending s. 658.48,
61	F.S.; revising provisions relating to bank loans;
62	specifying the process for computing the liabilities
63	of a person seeking a loan; amending s. 658.53, F.S.;
64	deleting a provision providing that unpaid proceeds of
65	sales are used to evaluate the adequacy of a bank's
66	capital; repealing ss. 658.65, 665.013(33), and
67	667.003(35), F.S., relating to remote financial
68	service units; amending s. 658.67, F.S.; updating
69	provisions relating to the investment powers of a bank
70	or trust company; requiring banks and trust companies
71	to establish procedures for evaluating risk; amending
72	ss. 288.772, 288.99, 440.12, 440.20, 445.051, 489.503,
73	501.005, 501.165, 624.605, 626.321, 626.730, and
74	626.9885, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing
75	an effective date.
76	
77	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
78	
79	Section 1. Section 655.005, Florida Statutes, is reordered
80	and amended to read:
81	655.005 Definitions
82	(1) As used in the financial institutions codes, unless the
83	context otherwise requires, the term:
84	(a) "Affiliate" means <u>a holding company of a</u> <del>any</del> financial
85	institution <u>established</u> <del>holding company</del> pursuant to <u>state or</u>
86	federal law <u>, a</u> <del>or any</del> subsidiary or service corporation of such
87	a holding company, or a subsidiary or service corporation of a

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88	financial institution.
89	(b) "Appropriate federal regulatory agency" means the
90	<u>federal</u> financial institution regulatory agency that has granted
91	federal statutory authority over a financial institution.
92	(c) "Bank holding company" means a business organization
93	that is a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company
94	Act of 1956, as amended, 12 U.S.C. ss. 1841 et seq., or is
95	otherwise determined or authorized by the office to be a holding
96	company of a financial institution pursuant to ss. 658.27-
97	<u>658.29.</u>
98	(d) (c) "Capital accounts" means the aggregate value of
99	unimpaired capital stock based on the par value of the shares,
100	plus any unimpaired surplus $_{m{ au}}$ and undivided profits or retained
101	earnings of a financial institution. For the purposes of
102	determining insolvency or imminent insolvency, the term does not
103	include allowances for loan or lease loss reserves, intangible
104	assets, subordinated debt, deferred tax assets, or similar
105	assets.
106	<u>(e)</u> "Capital stock" means the <del>aggregate of</del> shares of
107	stock issued to create nonwithdrawable capital issued.
108	(f) (e) "Commission" means the Financial Services
109	Commission.
110	<u>(h)</u> "Executive officer" means an individual, whether or
111	not the individual has an official title or receives a salary or
112	other compensation, who participates or has authority to
113	participate, other than in the capacity of a director, in <u>the</u>
114	major policymaking functions of <u>a</u> the financial institution <u>.</u> +
115	The term does not include an individual who may have an official
116	title and may exercise discretion in the performance of duties

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37-00505B-11 20111332 117 and functions, including discretion in the making of loans, but 118 who does not participate in the determination of major policies of the financial institution and whose decisions are limited by 119 120 policy standards established by other officers other than such 121 individual, whether or not the such policy standards have been 122 adopted by the board of directors. The chair of the board of 123 directors, the president, the chief executive officer, the chief 124 financial officer, the senior loan officer, and every executive vice president of a financial institution, and the senior trust 125 126 officer of a trust company, are presumed to be executive officers unless any such officer is excluded, by resolution of 127 the board of directors or by the bylaws of the financial 128 129 institution, from participating, other than in the capacity of a 130 director, in major policymaking functions of the financial 131 institution and the individual holding such office so excluded 132 does not actually participate therein. 133 (i) (g) "Federal financial institution" means a federally or 134 nationally chartered or organized financial institution. (j) (h) "Financial institution" means a state or federal 135 136 savings or thrift association, bank, savings bank, trust 137 company, international bank agency, international banking 138 corporation, international branch, international representative office, international administrative office, international trust 139 140 company representative office, or credit union, or an agreement

141 corporation operating pursuant to s. 25 of the Federal Reserve 142 Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 601 et seq. or Edge Act corporation organized 143 pursuant to s. 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 144 611 et seq.

145

(k) (i) "Financial institution-affiliated party" means:

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146	 1. <u>A</u> <del>Any</del> director, officer, employee, or controlling
147	stockholder, (other than a financial institution holding
148	company <u>,</u> ) of, or agent for, a financial institution, subsidiary,
149	or service corporation;
150	2. Any other person who has filed or is required to file a
151	change-of-control notice with the appropriate state or federal
152	regulatory agency;
153	3. <u>A</u> Any stockholder $\underline{\prime}$ -(other than a financial institution
154	holding company <del>)</del> , <u>a</u> any joint venture partner, or any other
155	person as determined by the office who participates in <del>the</del>
156	conduct of the affairs of a financial institution, subsidiary,
157	or service corporation; or
158	4. <u>An</u> <del>Any</del> independent contractor <u>,</u> <del>(</del> including <u>an</u> <del>any</del>
159	attorney, appraiser, consultant, or accountant <u>,</u> ) who knowingly
160	or recklessly participates in:
161	a. <u>A</u> Any violation of any law or regulation;
162	b. <u>A</u> Any breach of fiduciary duty; or
163	c. <u>An</u> Any unsafe and unsound practice,
164	
165	which caused or is likely to cause more than a minimal financial
166	loss to, or a significant adverse effect on, the financial
167	institution, subsidiary, or service corporation.
168	<pre>(1)(j) "Financial institutions codes" means:</pre>
169	1. Chapter 655, relating to financial institutions
170	generally;
171	2. Chapter 657, relating to credit unions;
172	3. Chapter 658, relating to banks and trust companies;
173	4. Chapter 660, relating to trust business;
174	5. Chapter 663, relating to international banking

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175	corporations;
176	6. Chapter 665, relating to associations; and
177	7. Chapter 667, relating to savings banks.
178	(m) "Home state" means:
179	1. The state where a financial institution is chartered.
180	2. The state where the main office of a federal financial
181	institution is located.
182	3. The state determined to be the home state of an
183	international banking corporation pursuant to 12 U.S.C. s.
184	<u>3103(c).</u>
185	(n) "Home state regulator" means, with respect to an out-
186	of-state state financial institution, the financial institution
187	regulatory agency of the state in which the institution is
188	chartered.
189	(o) "Host state" means a state, other than the home state,
190	in which the financial institution seeks to establish or
191	maintains a branch or nonbranch office.
192	<u>(p)-(k)</u> "Imminently insolvent" means a condition in which a
193	financial institution has total capital accounts, or equity in
194	the case of a credit union, of less than 2 percent of its total
195	assets, after adjustment for apparent losses.
196	(q) <del>(l)</del> "Insolvent" means a condition in which:
197	1. The capital accounts, or equity in the case of a credit
198	union, and all assets of a financial institution are
199	insufficient to meet liabilities;
200	2. The financial institution is unable to meet current
201	obligations as they mature, even though assets may exceed
202	liabilities; or
203	3. The capital accounts <del>, or equity in the case of a credit</del>

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20111332\_\_\_\_\_ 204 union, of a financial institution, or equity in the case of a 205 credit union, are exhausted by losses and no immediate prospect 206 of replacement exists.

207 (r) (m) "Main office" or "principal office" of a financial 208 institution means the main business office designated or 209 provided for in its the articles of incorporation or bylaws of a 210 financial institution at an such identified location as has been 211 or is hereafter approved by the office of Financial Regulation, in the case of a state financial institution, or by the 212 213 appropriate federal regulatory agency $_{\tau}$  in the case of a federal financial institution.; and, With respect to the trust 214 department of a bank or association that has trust powers, the 215 216 each of these terms mean means the office or place of business 217 of the trust department at an such identified location, which 218 need not be the same location as the main office of the bank or 219 association exclusive of the trust department, as has been or is 220 hereafter approved by the office of Financial Regulation, in the 221 case of a state bank or association that has a trust department, or by the appropriate federal regulatory agency  $\tau$  in the case of 222 223 a national bank or federal association that has a trust department. The "main office" or "principal office" of a trust 224 225 company means the office designated or provided for as such in its articles of incorporation, at an such identified location as 226 227 has been or is hereafter approved by the relevant chartering 228 authority.

(t) (n) "Officer" of a financial institution means <u>an</u> any individual <del>duly</del> elected or appointed to, or otherwise performing the duties and functions appropriate to, any position or office having the designation or title of chair of the board of

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233	
234	executive committee, president, vice president, assistant vice
235	president, cashier or assistant cashier, comptroller, assistant
236	comptroller, trust officer, assistant trust officer, secretary
237	or assistant secretary <del>(</del> of a trust company <del>)</del> , or any other office
238	or officer designated in, or as provided by, the articles of
239	incorporation or bylaws, or as determined by the office.
240	(u) "Out-of-state financial institution" means a financial
241	institution whose home state is a state other than this state.
242	(v) "Related interest" means, with respect to any person,
243	the person's spouse, partner, sibling, parent, child, or other
244	individual residing in the same household as the person. With
245	respect to any person, the term means a company, partnership,
246	corporation, or other business organization controlled by the
247	person. A person has control if the person:
248	1. Owns, controls, or has the power to vote 25 percent or
249	more of any class of voting securities of the organization;
250	2. Controls in any manner the election of a majority of the
251	directors of the organization; or
252	3. Has the power to exercise a controlling influence over
253	the management or policies of the organization.
254	<u>(w)</u> (o) "Service corporation" means a corporation that is
255	organized to perform, for two or more financial institutions,
256	services related or incidental to the business of a financial
257	institution and that is wholly or partially owned or controlled
258	by one or more financial institutions.
259	(x) "State," when used in the context of a state other than
260	this state, means any other state of the United States, the
261	District of Columbia, and any territories of the United States.

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262 <u>(y) (p)</u> "State financial institution" means a state263 chartered or state-organized <u>financial institution</u> association,
264 bank, investment company, trust company, international bank
265 agency, international branch, international representative
266 office, international administrative office, international trust
267 company representative office, or credit union.

268 <u>(z) (q)</u> "Subsidiary" means <u>an</u> any organization <u>that</u> 269 permitted by the office which is controlled by a financial 270 institution <u>or a holding company of a financial institution</u>.

(aa) (r) "Unsafe or unsound practice" means any practice or 271 272 conduct found by the office to be contrary to generally accepted 273 standards applicable to a the specific financial institution, or 274 a violation of any prior agreement in writing or order of a 275 state or federal regulatory agency, which practice, conduct, or 276 violation creates the likelihood of loss, insolvency, or 277 dissipation of assets or otherwise prejudices the interest of the specific financial institution or its depositors or members. 278 279 In making this determination, the office must consider the size and condition of the financial institution, the gravity of the 280 281 violation, and the prior conduct of the person or institution 282 involved.

283

(bb) (s) "Office" means the Office of Financial Regulation.

284 <u>(cc) (t)</u> "Debt cancellation products" means loan, lease, or 285 retail installment contract terms, or modifications or addenda 286 to <u>such loan, lease, or retail installment</u> contracts, under 287 which a creditor agrees to cancel or suspend all or part of a 288 customer's obligation to make payments upon the occurrence of 289 specified events and includes, but is not limited to, debt 290 cancellation contracts, debt suspension agreements, and

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291	guaranteed asset protection contracts offered by financial
292	institutions, insured depository institutions as defined in 12
293	U.S.C. s. 1813(c), and subsidiaries of such institutions.
294	However, The term "debt cancellation products" does not include
295	title insurance as defined in s. 624.608.
296	(2) Terms used but not defined in the financial
297	institutions codes, but which are defined in Title XXXIX,
298	entitled Commercial Relations, as enacted in chapters 668
299	through 680, have the meanings ascribed to them in Title XXXIX.
300	(2) Terms which are defined in the financial institutions
301	codes, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meanings
302	ascribed to them therein.
303	Section 2. Section 655.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to
304	read:
305	655.013 Effect on existing financial institutionsThe
306	charters of state financial institutions existing <u>on July 1,</u>
307	1992, at the time of the adoption of this act shall continue in
308	full force and effect. However, after that date, all state
309	financial institutions and, to the extent applicable, all
310	financial institutions shall <u>operate</u> <del>hereafter be operated</del> in
311	accordance with the provisions of the financial institutions
312	codes.
313	Section 3. Section 655.03855, Florida Statutes, is created
314	to read:
315	655.03855 Provisional directors and executive officers
316	(1) If a state financial institution has an insufficient
317	number of directors to meet the minimum requirements of s.
318	657.021 or s. 658.33 for 30 days or longer, there are an
319	insufficient number of executive officers, or the qualifications

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37-00505B-11 20111332 320 of the executive officers are insufficient to operate the 321 financial institution in a safe and sound manner, the office may 322 appoint one or more provisional directors or executive officers 323 by order. 324 (2) A provisional director has all the rights and powers of 325 a duly elected director, including the right to notice of and to 326 vote at meetings of directors. A provisional executive officer 327 has all the rights and powers provided in the financial 328 institution's articles of incorporation or bylaws, or as 329 specified by the office in the appointment order. A provisional 330 director or executive officer must be an impartial person and 331 may not be a shareholder, member, or creditor of the financial institution or its affiliate. Additional qualifications, if any, 332 333 may be determined by the office consistent with the financial 334 institutions codes. Provisional directors and executive officers 335 shall serve until the provisional director's or executive 336 officer's tenure is ended by order of the office. 337 (3) A provisional director or executive officer is not 338 liable for any action taken or decision made, except as provided 339 in the financial institutions codes and s. 607.0831. If directed 340 by the office, provisional directors and executive officers must 341 submit reports to the office as to the financial and operating condition of the financial institution and recommendations as to 342 343 appropriate corrective actions to be taken by the institution. 344 (4) The office shall allow reasonable compensation, if 345 applicable, to a provisional director or executive officer 346 appointed under this section for services rendered, and 347 reimbursement or direct payment of all reasonable costs and 348 expenses, which shall be paid by the financial institution. The

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349	office is not liable for any appointment, action, or decision
350	made pursuant to this section.
351	Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 655.044, Florida
352	Statutes, is amended to read:
353	655.044 Accounting practices; bad debts ineligible to be
354	carried as assets
355	(1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a state financial
356	institution shall observe <u>United States</u> generally accepted
357	accounting principles and practices. The commission may
358	authorize <del>by rule</del> exceptions to such accounting practices <u>by</u>
359	rule as necessary.
360	Section 5. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 655.045,
361	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
362	655.045 Examinations, reports, and internal audits;
363	penalty
364	(1) (a) The office shall conduct an examination of the
365	condition of each state financial institution during each 18-
366	month period, beginning July 1, 1981. The office may conduct
367	more frequent examinations based upon the risk profile of the
368	financial institution, prior examination results, or significant
369	changes in the institution or its operations. The office may use
370	continuous, phase, or other flexible scheduling examinations
371	methods for very large or complex state financial institutions
372	and financial institutions owned or controlled by a multi-
373	financial institution holding company. The office shall consider
374	examination guidelines from federal regulatory agencies in order
375	to facilitate, coordinate, and standardize examination
376	processes. The office may accept an examination made by the
377	appropriate federal regulator, insuring or guaranteeing

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37-00505B-11 20111332 378 corporation, or agency with respect to the condition of the 379 state financial institution or may make a joint or concurrent 380 examination with the appropriate federal regulator, insuring or 381 guaranteeing corporation, or agency. However, at least once during each 36-month period beginning on July 3, 1992, the 382 office shall conduct an examination of each state financial 383 institution in such a manner as to allow the preparation of a 384 385 complete examination report not subject to the right of any 386 federal or other non-Florida entity to limit access to the 387 information contained therein. 388 (a) With respect to, and examination of, the condition of a 389 state institution, the office may accept an examination made by 390 an appropriate federal regulatory agency, or may make a joint or 391 concurrent examination with the federal agency. The office may 392 furnish a copy of all examinations or reviews made of financial 393 institutions or their affiliates to the state or federal 394 agencies participating in the examination, investigation, or 395 review, or as otherwise authorized by s. 655.057. The office may 396 also enter into agreements with other appropriate state and 397 federal financial regulatory agencies to facilitate the 398 efficient utilization and coordination of resources in the 399 examinations. 400 (b) If, as a part of an examination or investigation of a 401

401 state financial institution, subsidiary, or service corporation, 402 the office has reason to believe that an affiliate is engaged in 403 an unsafe or unsound practice or that the <u>conduct or business</u> 404 <u>operations of an</u> affiliate <u>may have has</u> a negative impact on the 405 state financial institution, subsidiary, or service corporation, 406 then the office may <u>conduct such</u> review such books and records

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407	<del>as are reasonably related to the</del> examination or investigation <u>of</u>
408	the affiliate as the office deems necessary. The office may
409	furnish a copy of all examinations or reviews made of such
410	financial institutions or their affiliates to the state or
411	federal financial institution regulators participating in the
412	examination of a bank holding company; an association holding
413	company; or any of their subsidiaries, service corporations, or
414	affiliates; an insuring or guaranteeing corporation or agency or
415	its representatives; or state financial institution regulators
416	participating in the examination of a holding company or its
417	subsidiaries.

418 (c) (b) The office may recover the costs of examination and supervision of a state financial institution, subsidiary, or 419 420 service corporation that is determined by the office to be 421 engaged in an unsafe or unsound practice. The office may also 422 recover the costs of any review conducted pursuant to paragraph 423 (b) (a) of any affiliate of a state financial institution 424 determined by the office to have contributed to an unsafe or 425 unsound practice at a state financial institution, subsidiary, 426 or service corporation.

427 (d) (c) For the purposes of this section, the term "costs" 428 means the salary and travel expenses directly attributable to 429 the field staff examining the state financial institution, 430 subsidiary, or service corporation, and the travel expenses of 431 any supervisory staff required as a result of examination 432 findings. The mailing of any costs incurred under this 433 subsection must be postmarked within not later than 30 days 434 after the date of receipt of a notice stating that such costs 435 are due. The office may levy a late payment of up to \$100 per

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37-00505B-11 20111332 436 day or part thereof that a payment is overdue, unless it is 437 excused for good cause. However, for intentional late payment of costs, the office may levy an administrative fine of up to 438 439 \$1,000 per day for each day the payment is overdue. (e) (d) The office may require an audit of a any state 440 441 financial institution, subsidiary, or service corporation by an 442 independent certified public accountant, or other person approved by the office, if whenever the office, after conducting 443 444 an examination of the such state financial institution, 445 subsidiary, or service corporation, or after accepting an 446 examination of such state financial institution by an the 447 appropriate state or federal regulatory agency, determines that such an audit is necessary in order to ascertain the condition 448 of the financial institution, subsidiary, or service 449 450 corporation. The cost of such audit shall be paid by the state 451 financial institution, subsidiary, or state service corporation. 452 (4) A copy of the report of each examination must be 453 furnished to the entity financial institution examined. Such 454 report of examination shall be presented to the board of 455 directors at its next regular or special meeting. 456 Section 6. Section 655.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to 457 read: 458 655.41 Cross-industry Conversions, mergers, consolidations, 459 and acquisitions; Definitions used in ss. 655.41-655.419.-As 460 used in ss. 655.41-655.419, the term: 461 (1) "Financial entity" means a financial institution whose 462 an association, bank, credit union, savings bank, Edge Act or 463 agreement corporation, or trust company organized under the laws 464 of this state or organized under the laws of the United States

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465	<del>and having its</del> principal <u>office is</u> <del>place of business</del> in this
466	state.
467	(2) "Capital stock financial institution" means a financial
468	entity <u>that</u> <del>which</del> is authorized to issue capital stock.
469	(3) "Mutual financial institution" means a financial
470	institution that <del>entity which</del> is not authorized to issue stock
471	and the assets of which are owned by its members.
472	Section 7. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of
473	section 655.411, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
474	655.411 Conversion of charter
475	(1) <u>A</u> Any financial entity may apply to the office for
476	permission to convert its charter without <u>changing its</u> <del>a change</del>
477	<del>of</del> business form or <del>convert its charter in order</del> to do business
478	as another type of financial entity in accordance with the
479	following procedures:
480	(a) The board of directors must approve a plan of
481	conversion by a <u>majority</u> vote <del>of a majority</del> of all the
482	directors. The plan must include a statement of:
483	1. The type of financial entity which would result if the
484	application were approved and the proposed name under which it
485	would do business.
486	2. The method and schedule for terminating any activities
487	and disposing of any assets or liabilities <u>that</u> <del>which</del> would not
488	conform to the requirements <u>of</u> <del>applicable to</del> the resulting
489	financial entity.
490	3. The <del>competitive</del> impact of such change <u>on the financial</u>
491	entity's business plan and operations, including any effect on
492	the availability of particular financial services in the market
493	area served by the financial entity.

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494	4. Such financial data as may be required to determine
495	compliance with the capital, reserve, and liquidity requirements
496	applicable to the resulting financial entity.
497	5. Such other information as the commission may by rule
498	require.
499	(c) The office shall approve the plan if it finds that:
500	1. The resulting financial entity would have an adequate
501	capital structure with regard to its activities and its deposit
502	liabilities.
503	2. The proposed conversion would not cause a substantially
504	adverse effect on the financial condition of <u>the</u> any financial
505	entity already established in the primary service area.
506	3. The officers and directors have sufficient experience,
507	ability, and standing to indicate $\underline{a}$ reasonable promise for <u>the</u>
508	successful operation of the resulting financial entity.
509	4. The schedule for termination of any nonconforming
510	activities and disposition of any nonconforming assets and
511	liabilities is reasonably prompt, and the plan for such
512	termination and disposition does not include <u>an</u> any unsafe or
513	unsound practice.
514	5. <del>None of</del> The officers or directors <u>have not</u> <del>has</del> been
515	convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, a violation
516	of s. 655.50, relating to <del>the Florida Control of</del> money
517	laundering in financial institutions Act; chapter 896, relating
518	to offenses related to financial transactions; or any similar
519	state or federal law.
520	6. The resulting financial entity is able to comply with
521	the applicable terms of any regulatory action in effect before
522	the date of the conversion.

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523	7. The current and resulting primary federal regulatory
524	agencies do not object to the proposed conversion.
525	
526	If the office disapproves the plan, it shall state its
527	objections and give <u>the financial entity</u> an opportunity <del>to the</del>
528	<del>parties</del> to amend the plan to overcome such objections. The
529	office may deny an application by <u>an</u> <del>any financial</del> entity <u>that</u>
530	which is subject to a cease and desist order or other
531	supervisory restriction or order imposed by <u>a</u> any state or
532	federal supervisory authority, insurer, or guarantor.
533	Section 8. Section 655.414, Florida Statutes, is amended to
534	read:
535	655.414 Acquisition of assets; assumption of liabilities
536	With prior approval of the office and upon such conditions as
537	the commission prescribes by rule, <u>a</u> any financial entity may
538	acquire all or substantially all of the assets of, or assume <u>all</u>
539	or any part of the liabilities of, any other financial
540	institution entity in accordance with the procedures and subject
541	to the following conditions and limitations:
542	(1) ADOPTION OF A PLAN.—The board of directors of the
543	acquiring or assuming financial entity and the board of
544	directors of the transferring financial <u>institution</u> <del>entity</del> must
545	adopt, by a majority vote, a plan for such acquisition,
546	assumption, or sale on <del>such</del> terms <u>that</u> <del>as</del> are mutually agreed
547	upon. The plan must include:
548	(a) The names and types of financial <u>institutions</u> <del>entities</del>
549	involved.
550	(b) A statement setting forth the material terms of the
551	proposed acquisition, assumption, or sale, including the plan

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552 for disposition of all assets and liabilities not subject to the 553 plan. 554 (c) A provision for liquidation, if applicable, of the 555 transferring financial institution entity upon execution of the 556 plan, or a provision setting forth the business plan for the 557 continued operation of each financial institution after the 558 execution of the plan. 559 (d) A statement that the entire transaction is subject to 560 written approval of the office and approval of the members or 561 stockholders of the transferring financial institution entity.

(e) If a stock financial institution is the transferring financial <u>institution</u> entity and the proposed sale is not to be for cash, a clear and concise statement that dissenting stockholders of <u>the institution</u> such financial entity are entitled to the rights set forth in s. 658.44(4) and (5).

(f) The proposed effective date of <u>the</u> such acquisition, assumption, or sale and such other information and provisions as <u>may be</u> necessary to execute the transaction or as <u>may be</u> required by the office.

(2) APPROVAL OF OFFICE.-Following approval by the board of directors of each participating financial <u>institution</u> entity, the plan, together with certified copies of the authorizing resolutions adopted by the boards and a completed application with a nonrefundable filing fee, must be forwarded to the office for <del>its</del> approval or disapproval. The office shall approve the plan of acquisition, assumption, or sale if it appears that:

(a) The resulting financial entity <u>or entities</u> would have
an adequate capital structure in relation to its activities and
its deposit liabilities;

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581	(b) The plan is fair to all parties; and
582	(c) The plan is not contrary to the public interest.
583	
584	If the office disapproves the plan, it shall state its
585	objections and give <u>the parties</u> an opportunity <del>to the parties</del> to
586	amend the plan to overcome such objections.
587	(3) VOTE OF MEMBERS OR STOCKHOLDERSIf the office approves
588	the plan, it may be submitted to the members or stockholders of
589	the transferring financial <u>institution</u> entity at an annual
590	meeting or at $\underline{a}$ any special meeting called to consider such
591	action. Upon a <u>majority</u> <del>favorable</del> vote <del>of 51 percent or more</del> of
592	the total number of votes eligible to be cast or, in the case of
593	a credit union, <u>a majority vote</u> <del>51 percent or more</del> of the
594	members present at the meeting, the plan is adopted.
595	(4) ADOPTED PLAN; CERTIFICATE; ABANDONMENT
596	(a) If the plan is adopted by the members or stockholders
597	of the transferring financial <u>institution</u> <del>entity</del> , the president
598	or vice president and the cashier, manager, or corporate
599	secretary of such <u>institution</u> <del>financial entity</del> shall submit the
600	adopted plan to the office, together with a certified copy of
601	the resolution of the members or stockholders approving it.
602	(b) Upon receipt of the certified copies and evidence that
603	the participating financial institutions entities have complied
604	with all applicable state and federal law and rules regulations,
605	the office shall certify, in writing, to the participants that
606	the plan has been approved.
607	(c) Notwithstanding approval of the members or stockholders
608	or certification by the office, the board of directors of the
609	transferring financial institution entity may, in its

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610	
611	approval by the members or stockholders, subject to the rights
612	of third parties under any contracts relating thereto.
613	(5) FEDERALLY CHARTERED <u>OR OUT-OF-STATE</u> INSTITUTION AS A
614	PARTICIPANTIf one of the participants in a transaction under
615	this section is a federally chartered financial <u>institution or</u>
616	an out-of-state financial institution entity, all participants
617	must also comply with <del>such</del> requirements <del>as may be</del> imposed by
618	federal <u>and other state</u> law for <u>the</u> <del>such an</del> acquisition,
619	assumption, or sale and provide evidence of such compliance to
620	the office as a condition precedent to the issuance of a
621	certificate authorizing the transaction; however, if the
622	purchasing or assuming financial <u>institution</u> <del>entity</del> is a <u>federal</u>
623	or out-of-state state-chartered federally chartered financial
624	institution and the transferring state financial entity will be
625	liquidated, approval of the office is not required.
626	(6) STOCK INSTITUTION ACQUIRING MUTUAL INSTITUTIONA
627	mutual financial institution may not sell all or substantially
628	all of its assets to a stock financial <u>institution</u> entity until
629	it has first converted into a capital stock financial
630	institution in accordance with s. 665.033(1) and (2). For this
631	purpose, references in s. 665.033(1) and (2) to associations <del>are</del>
632	<del>deemed to refer</del> also <u>refer</u> to credit unions <del>;</del> but, in the case of
633	a credit union, the provision <del>therein</del> concerning proxy
634	statements does not apply.
635	Section 9. Section 655.416, Florida Statutes, is amended to
636	read:
637	655.416 Book value of assets.—Upon the effective date of a
638	merger, consolidation, conversion, or acquisition pursuant to

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37-00505B-11 20111332 639 ss. 655.41-655.419, an asset may not be carried on the books of 640 the resulting financial entity at a valuation higher than that 641 at which it was carried on the books of a participating or 642 converting financial institution entity at the time of its last 643 examination by a state or federal examiner before such the 644 effective date of such merger, consolidation, conversion, or 645 acquisition, without written approval from the office. Section 10. Section 655.417, Florida Statutes, is amended 646 647 to read: 648 655.417 Effect of merger, consolidation, conversion, or 649 acquisition.-From and after the effective date of a merger, 650 consolidation, conversion, or acquisition, the resulting 651 financial entity or entities may conduct business in accordance with the terms of the plan as approved, subject to the following 652 653 conditions and limitations; provided that: 654 (1) CONTINUING ENTITY.-Even though the charter of a 655 participating or converting financial institution may have 656 entity has been terminated, the resulting financial entity is 657 deemed to be a continuation of the participating or converting 658 financial institution entity such that all acquired property of 659 the participating or converting institution financial entity, 660 including rights, titles, and interests in and to all property of whatsoever kind, whether real, personal, or mixed, and things 661 662 in action, and all rights, privileges, interests, and assets of 663 any conceivable value or benefit which are then existing, or 664 pertaining to it, or which would inure to it, are immediately 665 vested in and continue to be the property of the resulting 666 financial entity, by act of law and without any conveyance or 667 transfer and without further act or deed. The resulting; and

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37-00505B-11 20111332 668 such financial entity has, holds, and enjoys the same in its own 669 right as fully and to the same extent as the same was possessed, 670 held, and enjoyed by the participating or converting financial 671 institution entity; and, at the time of the taking effect of such merger, consolidation, conversion, or acquisition takes 672 effect, the resulting financial entity has and succeeds to all 673 674 the rights, obligations, and relations of the participating or 675 converting institution financial entity.

676 (2) EFFECT ON JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS. - Any pending action or 677 other judicial proceeding to which the participating or 678 converting financial institution entity is a party is not abated 679 by reason of such merger, consolidation, conversion, or 680 acquisition but may be prosecuted to final judgment, order, or decree in the same manner as if such action had not been taken.; 681 682 and The resulting financial entity resulting from such merger, 683 consolidation, conversion, or acquisition may continue such 684 action in its new name, + and any judgment, order, or decree that 685 may be rendered for or against it which might have been rendered for or against the participating or converting institution may 686 be rendered for or against the resulting financial entity 687 688 previously involved in such judicial proceeding.

689 (3) CREDITORS' RIGHTS.-The resulting financial entity in a 690 merger, consolidation, conversion, or acquisition is liable for 691 all obligations of the participating or converting financial 692 institution entity which existed before prior to such action,  $\div$ and the action taken does not prejudice the right of a creditor 693 694 of the participating or converting financial institution 695 financial entity to have his or her debts paid out of the assets 696 thereof, nor may such creditor be deprived of, or prejudiced in,

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37-00505B-11 20111332 697 any action against the officers, directors, members, or other 698 persons participating in the conduct of the affairs of a 699 participating or converting financial institution entity for any 700 neglect or misconduct. 701 (4) EXCEPTION.-In the case of an acquisition of assets or 702 assumption of liabilities pursuant to s. 655.414, the provisions 703 of subsections (1), (2), and (3) apply only to the assets 704 acquired and the liabilities assumed by the resulting financial 705 entity if, provided sufficient assets to satisfy all liabilities 706 not assumed by the resulting financial entity are retained by 707 the transferring financial institution entity. 708 Section 11. Section 655.418, Florida Statutes, is amended 709 to read: 710 655.418 Nonconforming activities; cessation.-If, as a 711 result of a merger, consolidation, conversion, or acquisition 712 pursuant to ss. 655.41-655.419, the resulting financial entity 713 is to be of a different type or of a different character than 714 any one or all of the participating or converting financial 715 institutions entities, such resulting financial entity is will 716 be subject to the following conditions and limitations: 717 (1) PLAN FOR TERMINATION. - The plan of merger, consolidation, conversion, or acquisition must set forth the 718 719 method and schedule for terminating those activities that are 720 not permitted by the laws of this state for the resulting

721 financial entity but that were authorized for any of the 722 participating or converting financial <u>institutions</u> entities.

(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The plan of merger, consolidation,
conversion, or acquisition must state that, from the effective
date of such action, the resulting financial entity will not

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37-00505B-11 20111332 726 engage in any nonconforming activities, except to the extent 727 necessary to fulfill obligations existing before prior to the 728 merger, consolidation, conversion, or acquisition, pursuant to subsection (4). 729 730 (3) COMPLIANCE WITH LENDING AND INVESTMENT LIMITATIONS.-If, 731 as a result of such merger, consolidation, conversion, or 732 acquisition, the resulting financial entity will exceed any 733 lending, investment, or other limitations imposed by law, the 734 financial entity must shall conform to such limitations within 735 such period of time as is established by the office. 736 (4) DIVESTITURE. - The office may, as a condition to such

737 merger, consolidation, conversion, or acquisition, require a 738 nonconforming activity to be divested in accordance with such 739 additional requirements as it considers appropriate under the 740 circumstances.

741 Section 12. Section 655.4185, Florida Statutes, is amended 742 to read:

743

655.4185 Emergency action.-

744 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of the financial 745 institutions codes or <del>of</del> chapter 120, if the office or the 746 appropriate federal regulatory agency, or the appropriate home 747 state regulatory agency for an out-of-state state financial 748 institution, finds that immediate action is necessary in order 749 to prevent the probable failure of one or more financial 750 institutions, aid in the resolution of a receivership, 751 conservatorship, or liquidation of a financial institution, or 752 otherwise protect the depositors of a failing financial 753 institution, which in this subsection may be referred to as a 754 "failing financial entity," the office may, with the concurrence

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755	of the appropriate federal regulatory agency in the case of any
756	financial institution the deposits of which are insured by the
757	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit
758	Union Administration, issue an emergency order authorizing:
759	(a) The merger of <del>any</del> such failing <u>institution</u> <del>financial</del>
760	entity with an appropriate state financial institution entity;
761	(b) An appropriate state financial <u>institution</u> entity to
762	acquire <u>any of the</u> assets <u>or</u> <del>and</del> assume <u>any of the</u> liabilities <u>,</u>
763	or any combination thereof, of the any such failing institution
764	financial entity, including all rights, powers, and
765	responsibilities as fiduciary in an instance in which the
766	failing <del>financial</del> institution is actively engaged in the
767	exercise of trust powers;
768	(c) The conversion of <u>a</u> <del>any such</del> failing <u>institution</u>
769	financial entity into a state financial institution that is not
770	<u>failing</u> entity; or
771	(d) The chartering of a new state financial <u>institution</u>
772	<del>entity</del> to acquire <u>any of the</u> assets <u>or</u> <del>and</del> assume <u>any of the</u>
773	liabilities, or any combination thereof, of <u>a</u> <del>any such</del> failing
774	institution financial entity and to assume rights, powers, and
775	responsibilities as fiduciary in a case in which such failing
776	institution financial entity is engaged in the exercise of trust
777	powers <u>;-</u>
778	(e) The direct or indirect acquisition of control of the
779	failing institution;
780	(f) The appointment of provisional directors, executive
781	officers, or other employees for the failing institution
782	pursuant to s. 655.03855; or
783	(g) Any other capital or liquidity restoration plan or

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37-00505B-11 20111332 784 action deemed prudent by the office. 785 (2) Any such finding by the office must be based upon 786 reports or other information furnished to it by the failing 787 financial institution, by a state or federal financial 788 institution examiner or regulatory entity, or upon other 789 evidence from which it is reasonable to conclude that the 790 failing such financial institution is insolvent, or is 791 threatened with imminent insolvency, or lacks a board of 792 directors or executive management that can operate the entity in 793 a safe and sound manner. The office may disallow intangible 794 assets, deferred tax assets, loan or lease loss reserves, 795 subordinated debt, and illegally obtained currency, monetary instruments, funds, or other financial resources from the 796 797 capitalization requirements of the financial institutions codes. 798 The stockholders of a failing institution bank, association, or 799 trust company that is acquired by another financial institution 800 bank or trust company under this section are entitled to the 801 same procedural rights and to compensation for the remaining 802 value of their shares as is provided for dissenters in s. 803 658.44, except that they may not have no right to vote against 804 the transaction. Any transaction authorized by this section may 805 be accomplished through the organization of a successor 806 financial institution. 807 (3) The office may provide prior approval of business entities or individuals who, pursuant to this section, may 808 809 charter a new state financial institution or acquire control of, 810 purchase, merge with, or become directors and executive officers 811 of, a failing financial institution. The application for prior

812 approval must be in the form prescribed by the commission by

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37-00505B-11 20111332 813 rule and be accompanied by a nonrefundable filing fee of \$7,500. 814 Section 13. Section 655.419, Florida Statutes, is amended 815 to read: 655.419 Effect.-The provisions of ss. 655.41-655.419 816 relating to merger, consolidation, conversion, or acquisition of 817 818 assets of any financial institution entity are cumulative with 819 all other provisions of the financial institutions codes and do 820 not modify, limit, or repeal any of such other provisions except as expressly provided in the codes or as stated in an emergency 821 822 order issued by the office pursuant to s. 655.4185 stated 823 herein. Additionally, the provisions of ss. 655.41-655.419 do 824 not grant any authority, directly or indirectly, for any bank, 825 association, trust company, association holding company, or bank 826 holding company, the operations of which are principally 827 conducted outside this state, to acquire, convert to, or merge 828 or consolidate with any financial entity. 829 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 655.947, Florida 830 Statutes, is amended to read: 655.947 Debt cancellation products.-831 832 (1) Debt cancellation products may be offered, and a fee 833 may be charged, by financial institutions and subsidiaries of 834 financial institutions subject to the provisions of this section and the rules and orders of the commission or office. As used in 835 this section, the term "financial institutions" includes those 836 837 defined in s. 655.005(1)(h), insured depository institutions as defined in 12 U.S.C. s. 1813, and subsidiaries of such 838 839 institutions. 840 Section 15. Present subsections (8) through (16) of section

841 657.038, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7)

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842	through (15), respectively, and subsections (6) and (7) of that
843	section are amended, to read:
844	657.038 Loan powers.—
845	(6) As used in this section, the term "related interest"
846	means a person's interest in a partnership as a general partner,
847	and any limited partnership, corporation, or other business
848	organization controlled by that person. A limited partnership,
849	corporation, or other business organization is controlled by a
850	<del>person who:</del>
851	(a) Owns, controls, or has the power to vote 25 percent or
852	more of any class of voting securities of any such business
853	organization;
854	(b) Controls in any manner the election of a majority of
855	the directors of any such business organization; or
856	(c) Has the power to exercise a controlling influence over
857	the management or policies of such business organization.
858	<u>(6)</u> In computing <u>a person's</u> the total <u>obligations</u>
859	outstanding <del>liabilities of any person</del> , all loans endorsed or
860	guaranteed as to repayment by <u>that</u> <del>such</del> person and <del>by</del> any
861	related interest of such person must be included. <u>The credit</u>
862	union must also include all of the person's potential
863	liabilities and obligations resulting from the person's
864	derivatives transactions, repurchase agreements, securities
865	lending and borrowing transactions, credit default swaps, and
866	similar contracts.
867	Section 16. Subsection (7) of section 657.042, Florida
868	Statutes, is amended to read:
869	657.042 Investment powers and limitations.—A credit union
870	may invest its funds subject to the following definitions,

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871
     restrictions, and limitations:
872
          (7) SPECIAL PROVISIONS.-
873
           (a) A credit union may not invest its funds in None of the
874
     bonds or other obligations described in this section shall be
875
     eligible for investment by credit unions in any amount unless
876
     the bonds or other obligations are current as to all payments of
877
     principal and interest and unless rated in one of the four
     highest classifications, or, in the case of commercial paper,
878
879
     unless it is of prime quality and of the highest letter and
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     numerical rating, as established by a nationally recognized
881
     investment rating service, or any comparable rating as
882
     determined by the office.
883
          (b) A credit union shall establish written policies and
884
     procedures for evaluating the systemic and specific risks and
     benefits associated with investments authorized under this
885
886
     section before making such investments and must conduct
887
     appropriate risk management and monitoring for the duration of
888
     the investment. An investment decision may not be based solely
889
     on the rating of the bond or other obligation by an investment
     rating service. The office may require a credit union to divest
890
891
     itself of an investment that the office determines creates
892
     excessive risk or the associated risk exceeds the ability of the
893
     credit union to properly evaluate and manage.
894
          (c) (b) With prior office approval of the office, any
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investment permitted in this section may also be made indirectly by investment in a trust or mutual <u>fund</u>, the investments of which are limited as set forth in this section., provided that The credit union must maintain a current file on each investment which contains sufficient information to determine whether the

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900	${}$ investment complies with the requirements of this section. If
901	the investment fails to comply with the requirements of this
902	section, the credit union must divest itself of its investment,
903	unless otherwise approved by the office.
904	Section 17. Subsection (5) of section 657.063, Florida
905	Statutes, is amended to read:
906	657.063 Involuntary liquidation
907	(5) When the liquidating agent of the credit union has been
908	appointed, the office may waive or deem inapplicable the fees
909	required by this chapter and the examination required by s.
910	655.045(1) <del>(a)</del> if, provided the liquidating agent submits
911	periodic reports to the office on the status of the liquidation.
912	Section 18. Subsection (8) of section 657.064, Florida
913	Statutes, is amended to read:
914	657.064 Voluntary liquidation.—A credit union may elect to
915	dissolve voluntarily and liquidate its affairs in the following
916	manner:
917	(8) When the liquidating agent of the credit union has been
918	appointed, the office may waive or hold inapplicable the fees
919	required by this chapter and the examination required by s.
920	655.045(1) <del>(a)</del> if $\tau$ provided the liquidating agent submits
921	periodic reports to the office on the status of the liquidation.
922	Section 19. Subsections (4) and (25) of section 658.12,
923	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
924	658.12 DefinitionsSubject to other definitions contained
925	in the financial institutions codes and unless the context
926	otherwise requires:
927	(4) "Branch" or "branch office" of a bank means any office
928	or place of business of a bank, other than its main office and

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929	the facilities and operations authorized by ss. 658.26(4) $_{ au}$
930	<del>658.65,</del> and 660.33, at which deposits are received, checks are
931	paid, or money is lent. With respect to a bank <u>that</u> <del>which</del> has a
932	trust department, the terms <del>"branch" and "branch office"</del> have
933	the meanings herein ascribed to a branch or a branch office of a
934	trust company <u>and mean</u> . "Branch" or "branch office" of a trust
935	company means any office or place of business of a trust
936	company, other than its main office and its trust service
937	offices established pursuant to s. 660.33, where trust business
938	is transacted with its customers.
939	(25) Terms used but not defined in this code, but which are
940	defined in Revised Article 3 or Article 4 of the Uniform
941	Commercial Code as enacted in chapters 673 and 674 shall, in
942	this code, unless the context otherwise requires, have the
943	meanings ascribed to them in chapters 673 and 674.
944	Section 20. Subsection (3) of section 658.20, Florida
945	Statutes, is repealed.
946	Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 658.28, Florida
947	Statutes, is amended to read:
948	658.28 Acquisition of control of a bank or trust company
949	(1) <u>If</u> <del>In any case in which</del> a person or a group of persons,
950	directly or indirectly or acting by or through one or more
951	persons, proposes to purchase or acquire a controlling interest
952	in <u>a</u> <del>any</del> state bank or state trust company, and <del>thereby to</del>
953	change the control of that bank or trust company, <u>such</u> each
954	<del>person or group of</del> persons <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> first <u>submit an</u> <del>make</del>
955	application to the office for a certificate of approval of such
956	proposed change of control of the bank or trust company.
957	(a) The application must shall contain the name and
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37-00505B-11 20111332 958 address, and such other relevant information as the commission 959 or office requires, including information relating to other and 960 former addresses and the reputation, character, responsibility, 961 and business affiliations, of the proposed  $\frac{1}{1}$  of the proposed  $\frac{1}{1}$ 962 the proposed new owners of the controlling interest. 963 (b) The office shall issue a certificate of approval only 964 after it has made an investigation and determined that the 965 proposed new owner or owners of the interest are qualified by 966 reputation, character, experience, and financial responsibility 967 to control and operate the bank or trust company in a legal and 968 proper manner and that the interests of the other stockholders, if any, and the depositors and creditors of the bank or trust 969 970 company, and the interests of the public generally will not be 971 jeopardized by the proposed change in ownership, controlling 972 interest, or management. 973 (c) A No person who has been convicted of, or pled guilty 974 or nolo contendere to, a violation of s. 655.50, relating to the 975 Florida Control of money laundering in financial institutions 976 Act; chapter 896, relating to offenses related to financial 977 transactions; or any similar state or federal law may not 978 receive shall be given a certificate of approval by the office. 979 (d) A business organization that is not a bank holding company authorized by the office or the federal Bank Holding 980 981 Company Act of 1956, as amended, 12 U.S.C. ss. 1841 et seq., may 982 not control a bank. 983 Section 22. Section 658.295, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

984 Section 23. Section 658.2953, Florida Statutes, is amended 985 to read:

986 658.2953 Interstate branching.-

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987	(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Florida
988	Interstate Branching Act."
989	(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to provide for
990	the regulation of permit interstate branching, effective May 31,
991	1997, by a merger transaction under s. 102 of the Riegle-Neal
992	Interstate Banking and Branching Efficiency Act of 1994, Pub. L.
993	No. 103-328, in accordance with this section and consistent with
994	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended, 12 U.S.C. ss.
995	1811 et seq.; the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended,
996	12 U.S.C. ss. 1841 et seq., and 12 U.S.C. s. 5451; and the Dodd-
997	Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, Pub. L.
998	<u>No. 111-203</u> .
999	(3) LEGISLATIVE INTENT. The Legislature finds it is in the
1000	interest of the citizens of this state, and declares it to be
1001	the intent of this section, to:
1002	(a) Supervise, regulate, and examine persons, firms,
1003	corporations, associations, and other business entities
1004	furnishing depository, lending, and associated financial
1005	services in this state.
1006	(b) Protect the interests of shareholders, members,
1007	depositors, and other customers of financial institutions
1008	operating in this state.
1009	(c) Preserve the competitive equality of state financial
1010	institutions as compared with federal financial institutions.
1011	(d) Promote the availability, efficiency, and profitability
1012	of financial services in the communities of this state.
1013	(e) Preserve the advantages of the dual banking system.
1014	(f) Cooperate with federal regulators and regulators from
1015	other states in regulating financial institutions, in improving

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1016	the quality of regulation, and in promoting the interests of
1017	this state in interstate matters.
1018	(g) Provide the commission and office sufficient powers and
1019	responsibilities to carry out such purposes.
1020	(3)(4) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term
1021	unless a different meaning is required by the context:
1022	(a) "Bank" has the meaning set forth in 12 U.S.C. s.
1023	1813(h), provided the term "bank" does not include any "foreign
1024	bank" as defined in 12 U.S.C. s. 3101(7), except such term
1025	includes any foreign bank organized under the laws of a
1026	territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American
1027	Samoa, or the Virgin Islands, the deposits of which are insured
1028	by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
1029	(b) "Bank holding company" has the meaning set forth in 12
1030	<del>U.S.C. s. 1841(a)(1).</del>
1031	(c) "Bank regulatory agency" means:
1032	1. Any agency of another state with primary responsibility
1033	for chartering and regulating banks.
1034	2. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the
1035	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Board of Governors of
1036	the Federal Reserve System, and any successor to such agencies.
1037	(d) "Branch" has the meaning set forth in s. 658.12.
1038	(e) "De novo branch" means a branch of a bank located in a
1039	host state which:
1040	1. Is originally established by the bank as a branch.
1041	2. Does not become a branch of the bank as a result of:
1042	a. The acquisition of another bank or a branch of another
1043	bank; or
1044	b. The merger, consolidation, or conversion involving any

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1045	such bank or branch.
1046	(f) "Control" shall be construed consistently with the
1047	provisions of 12 U.S.C. s. 1841(a)(2).
1048	(g) "Failing financial entity" means an out-of-state state
1049	bank that has been determined by its home state regulator or the
1050	appropriate federal regulatory agency to be imminently insolvent
1051	or to require immediate action to prevent its probable failure.
1052	(h) "Home state" means:
1053	1. With respect to a state bank, the state by which the
1054	bank is chartered.
1055	2. With respect to a national bank, the state in which the
1056	main office of the bank is located.
1057	3. With respect to a foreign bank, the state determined to
1058	be the home state of such foreign bank under 12 U.S.C. s.
1059	<del>3103(c).</del>
1060	(i) "Home state regulator" means, with respect to an out-
1061	of-state state bank, the bank's regulatory agency of the state
1062	in which such bank is chartered.
1063	(j) "Host state" means a state, other than the home state
1064	of a bank, in which the bank maintains or seeks to establish and
1065	maintain a branch.
1066	(k) "Insured depository institution" has the meaning set
1067	forth in 12 U.S.C. s. 1813(c)(2) and (3).
1068	<u>(a)</u> "Interstate merger transaction" means the merger or
1069	consolidation of banks with different home states, and the
1070	conversion of branches of any bank involved in the merger or
1071	consolidation into branches of the resulting bank.
1072	(m) "Out-of-state bank" means a bank whose home state is a
1073	state other than this state.

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1074	(n) "Out-of-state state bank" means a bank chartered under
1075	the laws of any state other than this state.
1076	(b) (o) "Resulting bank" means a bank that <u>results</u> has
1077	resulted from an interstate merger transaction under this
1078	section.
1079	(p) "State" means any state of the United States, the
1080	District of Columbia, any territory of the United States, Puerto
1081	Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific
1082	Islands, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands.
1083	<u>(c)</u> "Florida bank" means a bank whose home state is this
1084	state.
1085	(r) "State bank" means a bank chartered under the laws of
1086	this state.
1087	(5) INTERSTATE BRANCHING BY DE NOVO ENTRY PROHIBITED.—An
1088	out-of-state bank that does not operate a branch in this state
1089	is prohibited from establishing a de novo branch in this state.
1090	(4) (6) AUTHORITY OF STATE BANKS TO ESTABLISH INTERSTATE
1091	BRANCHES BY MERGERWith the prior written approval of the
1092	office, a state bank may establish, maintain, and operate one or
1093	more branches in a state other than this state pursuant to an
1094	interstate merger transaction in which the state bank is the
1095	resulting bank. No later than the date on which the required
1096	application for the interstate merger transaction is filed with
1097	the <u>appropriate</u> <del>responsible</del> federal bank regulatory agency, the
1098	applicant state bank shall file an application on a form
1099	prescribed by the commission accompanied by the required fee
1100	pursuant to s. 658.73. The applicant <u>must</u> shall also comply with
1101	the provisions of ss. 658.40-658.45.
1102	(5) (7) INTERSTATE MERGER TRANSACTIONS AND BRANCHING

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37-00505B-11 1103 PERMITTED.-

(a) One or more Florida banks may enter into an interstate merger transaction with one or more out-of-state banks. An outof-state bank resulting from such transaction may maintain and operate the branches of a Florida bank that participated in such transaction <u>if</u>, provided that the conditions and filing requirements of this section are met.

1110 (b) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, an interstate merger transaction is shall not be permitted if, 1111 1112 upon consummation of such transaction, the resulting bank, including all insured depository institutions that would be 1113  $\underline{}$  affiliates, <u>"</u> as defined in 12 U.S.C. s. 1841(k), of the 1114 resulting bank, would control 30 percent or more of the total 1115 1116 amount of deposits held by all insured depository institutions 1117 in this state. However, this paragraph does not apply to initial 1118 entry into this state by an out-of-state bank or bank holding 1119 company.

1120 (c) An interstate merger transaction resulting in the acquisition by an out-of-state bank of a Florida bank shall not be permitted under this section unless such Florida bank has been in existence and continuously operating, on the date of such acquisition, for more than 3 years.

1125 (6) (8) NOTICE AND FILING REQUIREMENTS.—An Any out-of-state 1126 bank that will be the resulting bank pursuant to an interstate 1127 merger transaction involving a Florida bank <u>must shall</u> notify 1128 the office of the proposed merger within 15 days after the date 1129 on which it files an application for an interstate merger 1130 transaction with the appropriate federal regulatory agency <u>and</u> 1131 the home state regulatory agency, if applicable. Thereafter, the

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1132	out-of-state bank and the Florida bank must, upon request of the
1133	office, submit status updates with such information as the
1134	office specifies until the merger transaction is completed or
1135	the merger application is withdrawn or denied.
1136	(7)(9) EXAMINATIONS; PERIODIC REPORTS; COOPERATIVE
1137	AGREEMENTS; ASSESSMENT OF FEES
1138	(a) The office may examine any Florida branch of an out-of-
1139	state state bank which the office deems necessary for the
1140	purpose of determining whether the branch is being operated in
1141	compliance with the laws of this state and in accordance with
1142	safe and sound banking practices.
1143	(b) The office may enter into cooperative, coordinating <u>,</u> or
1144	information-sharing agreements with other bank regulatory
1145	agencies or any organization affiliated with or representing one
1146	or more bank regulatory agencies to facilitate the regulation of
1147	out-of-state state branches doing business in this state.
1148	(c) The office may accept reports of examinations or
1149	investigations, or other records from other regulatory agencies
1150	having concurrent jurisdiction over a state bank or a bank
1151	holding company that controls out-of-state state banks that
1152	operate branches in this state in lieu of conducting its own
1153	examinations or investigations.
1154	(d) The office may assess supervisory and examination fees
1155	that <u>are</u> <del>shall be</del> payable by state banks and out-of-state state
1156	bank holding companies doing business in this state in
1157	connection with the office's performance of its duties under
1158	this section and as prescribed by the commission. Such fees may
1159	be shared with other bank regulatory agencies or <del>any</del>
1160	organizations affiliated with or representing one or more bank

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1161 regulatory agencies in accordance with agreements between them
1162 and the office.

1163 (8) (10) LAWS APPLICABLE TO INTERSTATE BRANCHING 1164 OPERATIONS.-Laws of this state regarding consumer protection, 1165 fair lending, and establishment of intrastate branches apply to 1166 any out-of-state bank branch doing business in this state to the 1167 same extent as the laws of this state apply to a state bank, 1168 <u>unless except</u>:

(a) When Federal law preempts the application of the lawsof this state.

(b) When The Comptroller of the Currency determines that the application of <u>the</u> such laws of this state would have a discriminatory effect on the branch of a national bank in comparison with the effect the application of such state laws would have with respect to branches of a state bank.

(9)

1176

(9) (11) ENFORCEMENT.-

1177 (a) If the office determines that a branch maintained by an 1178 out-of-state state bank in this state is being operated in 1179 violation of any provision of law of this state, or that such 1180 branch is being operated in an unsafe and unsound manner, the 1181 office may take all such enforcement actions as it would be 1182 empowered to take if the branch were a state bank if, provided 1183 that the office shall promptly gives give notice to the home 1184 state regulator of each enforcement action taken against the an 1185 out-of-state state bank and, to the extent practicable, consults 1186 and cooperates shall consult and cooperate with the home state 1187 regulator in pursuing and resolving the said enforcement action.

(b) The office may take any action jointly with other regulatory agencies having concurrent jurisdiction over out-of-

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<pre>1190 state banks and bank holding companies that operate branche 1191 this state, or take such action independently, to carry our 1192 responsibilities. 1193 (10)(12) NOTICE OF SUBSEQUENT MERGER</pre>	and tion ffice
1192 responsibilities.	and <del>tion</del> ffice
	<del>tion</del> ffice
1193 (10) (12) NOTICE OF SUBSEQUENT MERGER	<del>tion</del> ffice
	<del>tion</del> ffice
(a) Each out-of-state state bank that has established	ffice
1195 maintains a branch in this state must pursuant to this sec	
1196 shall give at least 30 days' prior written notice to the or	ıld
1197 of any merger, consolidation, or other transaction that wor	
1198 cause a change of control pursuant to home state or federal	l law
1199 with respect to such bank or any bank holding company that	
1200 controls such bank.	
1201 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the finance	<del>:ial</del>
1202 institutions codes or of chapter 120, In the case of a fai.	ling
1203 financial institution entity, the office shall have the po-	<del>√er</del> ,
1204 with the concurrence of the appropriate regulatory <u>agencies</u>	3
1205 agency, may to issue an emergency order authorizing any	
1206 necessary interstate banking or branching transaction purs	lant
1207 <u>to s. 655.4185.</u> ÷	
1208 1. The merger or interstate merger transaction of any	-such
1209 failing financial entity with a state bank or bank holding	
1210 company that controls a state bank;	
1211 2. Any bank to acquire assets and assume liabilities	<del>)f the</del>
1212 Florida branches of any such failing financial entity;	
1213 3. The conversion of any such failing financial entity	<del>y into</del>
1214 a state bank or trust company;	
1215 4. The chartering of a new state bank to acquire the	
1216 Florida branches of any such failing financial entity; or	
1217 5. The chartering of a new state trust company to acq	<del>lire</del>
1218 assets and assume liabilities and rights, powers, and	

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1219	
1220	(11) (13) de novo interstate branching by state banks
1221	(a) With the prior approval of the office, <u>a</u> any state bank
1222	may establish and maintain a de novo branch or acquire a branch
1223	in a state other than this state by submitting an application
1224	with the office pursuant to s. 658.26.
1225	(b) A state bank desiring to establish and maintain a
1226	branch in another state <del>pursuant to s. 658.26</del> shall pay the
1227	branch application fee set forth in s. 658.73. In acting on the
1228	application, the office shall consider the views of the
1229	appropriate bank regulatory agencies.
1230	(c) An out-of-state bank may establish and maintain a de
1231	novo branch or acquire a branch in this state upon compliance
1232	with chapter 607 or chapter 608 relating to doing business in
1233	this state as a foreign business entity, including maintaining a
1234	registered agent for service of process and other legal notice
1235	pursuant to s. 655.0201.
1236	(12) (14) ADDITIONAL BRANCHES; POWERS
1237	(a) An out-of-state bank that has lawfully acquired or
1238	established a branch in this state or bank holding company that
1239	has acquired a bank in this state pursuant to s. 658.295, or by
1240	interstate merger pursuant to this section, may establish an
1241	additional branch or additional branches in this state to the
1242	same extent that any Florida bank may establish <del>a branch or</del>
1243	branches in this state.
1244	(b) An out-of-state bank may conduct only those activities
1245	at its Florida branch or branches <u>which</u> that are authorized
1246	under the laws of this state or of the United States. However,
1247	an out-of-state bank with trust powers <del>resulting from an</del>

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1248	interstate merger transaction with one or more Florida banks
1249	with trust powers shall be entitled to and may exercise all
1250	trust powers in this state as a Florida bank with trust powers
1251	that participated in the transaction.
1252	Section 24. Section 658.296, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1253	Section 25. Section 658.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1254	read:
1255	658.36 Changes in capital
1256	(1) <u>A</u> <del>No</del> state bank or trust company <u>may not</u> <del>shall</del> reduce
1257	the number of shares of its outstanding capital stock without
1258	first obtaining the approval of the office., and such Approval
1259	shall be withheld if the reduction will cause <del>the outstanding</del>
1260	capital <u>accounts</u> <del>stock</del> to be less than the minimum required
1261	pursuant to the financial institutions codes.
1262	(2) <u>A</u> <del>Any</del> state bank or trust company may provide for an
1263	increase in its <u>number of outstanding shares of</u> capital stock
1264	after filing a written notice <u>with the office</u> at least 15 days
1265	before <del>prior to</del> making such increase. <u>The office may waive the</u>
1266	time requirement upon a demonstration of good cause.
1267	(3) If a bank or trust company's capital accounts have been
1268	diminished by losses to less than the minimum required pursuant
1269	to the financial institutions codes, the market value of its
1270	shares of capital stock is less than the present par value, and
1271	the bank or trust company cannot reasonably issue and sell new
1272	shares of stock to restore its capital accounts at a share price
1273	of par value or greater of the previously issued capital stock,
1274	the office, notwithstanding any other provisions of chapter 607
1275	or the financial institutions codes, may approve special stock
1276	offering plans.

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1277	(a) Such plans may include, but are not limited to,
1278	mechanisms for stock splits including reverse splits;
1279	revaluations of par value of outstanding stock; changes in
1280	voting rights, dividends, or other preferences; and creation of
1281	new classes of stock.
1282	(b) The plan must be approved by majority vote of the bank
1283	or trust company's entire board of directors and by holders of
1284	two-thirds of the outstanding shares of stock.
1285	(c) The office shall disapprove a plan that provides unfair
1286	or disproportionate benefits to existing shareholders,
1287	directors, executive officers, or their related interests. The
1288	office shall also disapprove any plan that is not likely to
1289	restore the capital accounts to sufficient levels to achieve a
1290	sustainable, safe, and sound financial institution.
1291	(d) For any bank or trust company that the office
1292	determines to be a failing financial institution pursuant to s.
1293	655.4185, the office may approve special stock offering plans
1294	without a vote of the shareholders.
1295	Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 658.41, Florida
1296	Statutes, is amended to read:
1297	658.41 Merger; resulting state or national bank
1298	(2) <del>Nothing in</del> The <u>laws</u> <del>law</del> of this state <u>do not</u> <del>shall</del>
1299	restrict the right of a state bank or state trust company to
1300	merge with a resulting national bank <u>or out-of-state bank</u> . In
1301	such case the action to be taken by a constituent state bank or
1302	state trust company, and its rights and liabilities and those of
1303	its shareholders, <u>are</u> <del>shall be</del> the same as those prescribed for
1304	constituent national banks at the time of the action by the
1305	applicable <u>federal</u> law <del>of the United States</del> and not <del>by</del> the law

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1306	of this state.
1307	Section 27. Subsections (3) through (11) of section 658.48,
1308	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1309	658.48 Loans.—A state bank may make loans and extensions of
1310	credit, with or without security, subject to the following
1311	limitations and provisions:
1312	(3) LOANS TO OTHER PERSONS.— <u>A</u> <del>No</del> bank <u>may not</u> <del>shall</del> extend
1313	credit, including the granting of a line of credit, to any <del>other</del>
1314	person <del>not included in subsection (2)</del> , including <u>a</u> any related
1315	interest of that person, <u>which</u> <del>that</del> , <u>if</u> <del>when</del> aggregated with the
1316	amount of all other extensions of credit to that person and any
1317	related interest of that person, exceeds 15 percent of the
1318	capital accounts of the lending bank, unless the extension of
1319	credit has been approved in advance by a majority of the entire
1320	board of directors or by all members of an authorized committee
1321	thereof <u>within</u> <del>not more than</del> 1 year <u>before</u> <del>prior to</del> the time
1322	when such credit is extended.
1323	(4) RELATED INTERESTS As used in this section, the term
1324	"related interest" means, with respect to any person, any
1325	partnership, corporation, or other business organization
1326	controlled by that person. A corporation is controlled by a
1327	person who:
1328	(a) Owns, controls, or has the power to vote 25 percent or
1329	more of any class of voting securities of the corporation;
1330	(b) Controls in any manner the election of a majority of
1331	the directors of the corporation; or
1332	(c) Has the power to exercise a controlling influence over
1333	the management or policies of the corporation.
1334	(4) (5) SPECIAL PROVISIONS

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1335 (a) A limitation of 25 percent of the capital accounts of 1336 the lending bank applies to the aggregate of all loans made to a 1337 corporation, together with all loans secured by shares of stock, 1338 bonds, or other obligations of the same corporation, unless the 1339 stocks or bonds are listed and traded on a recognized stock 1340 exchange, or are registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1341 1934, or are registered with the Board of Governors of the 1342 Federal Reserve System, with the Federal Deposit Insurance 1343 Corporation, or with the Comptroller of the Currency, in which 1344 case no aggregate loan limit applies.

1345 (b) A limitation of 15 percent of the capital accounts of 1346 the lending bank applies to loans made to any one borrower on 1347 the security of shares of capital stock listed and traded on a 1348 recognized exchange. A limitation of 10 percent of the capital 1349 accounts of the lending bank applies to loans made to any one 1350 borrower on the security of shares of capital stock not listed 1351 on a recognized exchange or the obligations subordinate to 1352 deposits of another bank. A limitation of 25 percent of the 1353 capital accounts of the lending state bank applies to the 1354 aggregate of all loans secured by the shares of capital stock or 1355 the obligations subordinate to deposits of any one bank.

1356

(c) <u>A No</u> loan <u>may not</u> shall be made by a bank:

13571. On the security of the shares of its own capital stock1358or of its obligations subordinate to deposits.

1359 2. On an unsecured basis for the purpose of <u>purchasing</u> the 1360 <u>purchase of</u> shares of its own capital stock or its obligations 1361 subordinate to deposits.

1362 3. On a secured or unsecured basis for the purpose of
 1363 <u>purchasing</u> the purchase of shares of the stock of its one-bank

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1364	holding company.
1365	(d) A one-bank holding company bank may make loans on its
1366	own one-bank holding company stock. For capital stock that is
1367	listed and traded on a recognized exchange, the stock may not be
1368	valued at more than 70 percent of its current market value, and
1369	for capital stock that is not listed and traded on a recognized
1370	exchange, the stock may not be valued at more than 70 percent of
1371	its current book value.
1372	(e) Loans based upon the security of real estate mortgages
1373	shall be documented as first liens, except that liens other than
1374	first liens may be taken:
1375	1. To protect a loan previously made in good faith;
1376	2. To further secure a loan otherwise amply and entirely
1377	secured;
1378	3. As additional security for Federal Housing
1379	Administration Title 1 loans or loans made with participation or
1380	guaranty by the Small Business Administration;
1381	4. To secure a loan not in excess of 15 percent of the
1382	capital accounts of the bank; or
1383	5. As provided by rules of the commission.
1384	<u>(e)</u> In computing the total liabilities of any person,
1385	<del>there shall be included</del> all loans <u>or lines of credit</u> endorsed or
1386	guaranteed as to repayment by such person and <del>by</del> any related
1387	interest of such person <u>must be included</u> . <u>Purchased</u>
1388	participations in pools of loans which are carried as loans
1389	subject to the limits of this section must be aggregated when
1390	computing the total liabilities of a person who is a borrower,
1391	originator, seller, broker, or guarantor, or has a repurchase
1392	agreement obligation for the individual and pooled loans. The

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1393	
1394	liabilities and obligations of the person, and any related
1395	interest, resulting from the person's derivatives transactions,
1396	repurchase agreements, securities lending and borrowing
1397	transactions, credit default swaps, and similar contracts.
1398	<u>(f)</u> All loan documentation <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be written in <del>the</del>
1399	English <del>language</del> or contain an English translation of foreign
1400	language provisions.
1401	(5) <del>(6)</del> APPLICABILITY OF LOAN LIMITATIONS.—The loan
1402	limitations <del>otherwise</del> provided in this section do not apply to:
1403	(a) Loans that <del>which</del> are fully secured by assignment of a
1404	savings account or certificate of deposit of the lending bank;
1405	(b) Loans that which are fully secured by notes, bonds, or
1406	other evidences of indebtedness issued by the United States
1407	Government or fully guaranteed as to repayment by the United
1408	States Government or its agencies, bureaus, boards, or
1409	commissions; <del>or</del>
1410	(c) Loans made to district school boards $\mathrm{if}$ when such loans
1411	are secured by the assignment of revenues reasonably expected to
1412	be received from the state and are otherwise made in compliance
1413	with statutes governing borrowings by such boards; or-
1414	(d) Purchased participations in pools of loans which are
1415	carried as investments subject to the limitations of s. 658.67.
1416	(6)-(7) APPROVAL BY BOARDThe requirements of this section
1417	concerning approval of lending activities by the board of
1418	directors or an authorized committee therefrom <u>are</u> have been met
1419	only <u>if</u> <del>when</del> such approvals are recorded in the formal minutes
1420	of the actions of the board and its committees by name of
1421	borrower, amount of loan, maturity of loan, and general type of
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37-00505B-11 20111332 1422 collateral. If, at the time of approval of a line of credit, 1423 such information is not available, the name of the borrower and 1424 the amount of the approved line of credit must shall be recorded 1425 in the minutes. Any action required by this section to be taken 1426 by the board of directors or an authorized committee therefrom 1427 may be taken pursuant to s. 607.0820(4) if the minutes of the 1428 proceedings of the board or of the committee reflect such action and each director taking such action signs the minutes 1429 reflecting such action at the next regular meeting of the board 1430 1431 or committee attended by such director.

1432 <u>(7) (8)</u> LIABILITY OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.—Officers and 1433 directors are personally liable, jointly and severally, for any 1434 loss that may be occasioned by <u>a</u> any willful violation of this 1435 section.

1436 (8) (9) If When a bank's capital has been diminished by 1437 losses so that its ability to honor legally binding written loan 1438 commitments is impaired, the office may approve limited 1439 expansion of the lending limitations set forth in this section.

1440 (10) IMMINENTLY INSOLVENT BANK. When the office has 1441 determined that a state bank is imminently insolvent, the bank 1442 may not make any new loans or discounts other than by 1443 discounting or purchasing bills of exchange payable at sight.

1444 (9) (11) FEDERAL RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS. Nothing in 1445 This section does not expand, enlarge shall be construed as 1446 expanding, enlarging, or otherwise affect affecting any lending 1447 limits, restrictions, or procedures now provided by federal law 1448 applicable to state banks in conjunction with any loan or loans 1449 to any borrower or class of borrowers.

1450

Section 28. Subsection (4) of section 658.53, Florida

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1451	Statutes, is amended to read:
1452	658.53 Borrowing; limits of indebtedness
1453	(4) Unrepaid proceeds of sales of capital notes and capital
1454	debentures <u>are, as provided herein, shall be</u> considered <del>as a</del>
1455	part of the aggregate amount of capital and surplus in computing
1456	loan and investment limitations and in evaluating adequacy of
1457	capital of the issuing bank if the issuing bank is not in
1458	default <del>thereunder</del> .
1459	Section 29. Section 658.65, subsection (33) of section
1460	665.013, and subsection (35) of section 667.003, Florida
1461	Statutes, are repealed.
1462	Section 30. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) and subsections
1463	(6) and (10) of section 658.67, Florida Statutes, are amended to
1464	read:
1465	658.67 Investment powers and limitations.—A bank may invest
1466	its funds, and a trust company may invest its corporate funds,
1467	subject to the following definitions, restrictions, and
1468	limitations:
1469	(5) INVESTMENTS IN RELATED COMPANIESA bank or trust
1470	company may invest in the stock of incorporated companies to the
1471	extent hereinafter defined:
1472	(c) Up to 10 percent of the capital accounts of a bank may
1473	be invested in a clearing corporation as defined in s. <u>678.1021</u>
1474	<del>678.102(3)</del> .
1475	(6) INVESTMENTS IN CORPORATIONSUp to an aggregate of 10
1476	percent of the total assets of a bank may be invested in the
1477	stock, obligations, or other securities of subsidiary
1478	corporations or other corporations or entities, except <u>as</u>
1479	limited or prohibited by federal law, and except that during the

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1480	first 3 years of existence of a bank, such investments are
1481	limited to 5 percent of the total assets. <del>Any bank whose</del>
1482	aggregate investment on June 30, 1992, exceeds the limitation in
1483	this subsection has 5 years within which to achieve compliance;
1484	additional time may be approved by the office if the office
1485	finds that compliance with this subsection will result in more
1486	<del>than a minimal loss to the bank.</del> The commission <del>may,</del> by rule, <u>or</u>
1487	the office by order, may further limit any type of investment
1488	made pursuant to this subsection if it finds that such
1489	investment would constitute an unsafe or unsound practice.
1490	(10) SPECIAL PROVISIONS
1491	(a) None of The bonds or other obligations described in
1492	this section <u>are not</u> <del>shall be</del> eligible for investment <del>in any</del>
1493	amount unless current as to all payments of principal and
1494	interest and <del>unless rated in one of the four highest</del>
1495	classifications, or, in the case of commercial paper, unless it
1496	is of prime quality and of the highest letter and numerical
1497	rating, as established by a nationally recognized rating service
1498	or any comparable rating as determined by the office. Bonds or
1499	other obligations which are unrated shall not be eligible for
1500	investment unless otherwise supported as to investment quality
1501	and marketability by a credit rating file compiled and
1502	maintained in current status by the purchasing bank or trust
1503	company. Banks and trust companies shall establish written
1504	policies and procedures to evaluate the systemic and specific
1505	risks and benefits associated with all investments authorized in
1506	this section before making such investments and must provide for
1507	appropriate risk management and monitoring for the duration of
1508	the investment. An investment decision may not be based solely

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1509	on the rating of the bond or other obligation by an investment
1510	rating service. The office may require a bank or trust company
1511	to divest itself of any investment that the office determines
1512	creates excessive risk or that has an associated risk that
1513	exceeds the ability of the bank or trust company to properly
1514	evaluate and manage.
1515	(b) Investment securities shall be entered on the books of
1516	the bank or trust company at the fair market value on the date
1517	of acquisition. Premiums paid in excess of par value shall be
1518	amortized <del>either</del> over the life of the security or to the first
1519	call date at its call price and thereafter to subsequent call
1520	dates at their respective call prices until maturity. Discount
1521	may be accredited over the life of the security.
1522	Section 31. Subsection (5) of section 288.772, Florida
1523	Statutes, is amended to read:
1524	288.772 DefinitionsFor purposes of ss. 288.771-288.778:
1525	(5) "Financial institution" shall have the same meaning as
1526	that term is defined in s. 655.005 <del>(1)(h)</del> .
1527	Section 32. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section
1528	288.99, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1529	288.99 Certified Capital Company Act
1530	(5) INVESTMENTS BY CERTIFIED CAPITAL COMPANIES
1531	(b) All capital not invested in qualified investments by
1532	the certified capital company:
1533	1. Must be held in a financial institution as defined ${ m in}$ <del>by</del>
1534	s. 655.005 <del>(1)(h)</del> or held by a broker-dealer registered under s.
1535	517.12, except as set forth in sub-subparagraph 3.g.
1536	2. Must not be invested in a certified investor of the
1537	certified capital company or any affiliate of the certified

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37-00505B-11 20111332 1538 investor of the certified capital company, except for an 1539 investment permitted by sub-subparagraph 3.g. if, provided 1540 repayment terms do not permit the obligor to directly or 1541 indirectly manage or control the investment decisions of the 1542 certified capital company. 1543 3. Must be invested only in: 1544 a. Any United States Treasury obligations; b. Certificates of deposit or other obligations, maturing 1545 1546 within 3 years after acquisition of such certificates or 1547 obligations, issued by any financial institution or trust company incorporated under the laws of the United States; 1548 1549 c. Marketable obligations, maturing within 10 years or less after the acquisition of such obligations, which are rated "A" 1550 1551 or better by any nationally recognized credit rating agency; 1552 d. Mortgage-backed securities that have, with an average 1553 life of 5 years or less, after the acquisition of such 1554 securities, which are rated "A" or better by a any nationally 1555 recognized credit rating agency; 1556 e. Collateralized mortgage obligations and real estate 1557 mortgage investment conduits that are direct obligations of an 1558 agency of the United States Government; are not private-label 1559 issues; are in book-entry form; and do not include the classes of interest only, principal only, residual, or zero; 1560 1561 f. Interests in money market funds, the portfolio of which 1562 is limited to cash and obligations described in sub-1563 subparagraphs a.-d.; or 1564 g. Obligations that are issued by an insurance company that 1565 is not a certified investor of the certified capital company 1566 making the investment, that has provided a guarantee indemnity

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37-00505B-11 20111332 1567 bond, insurance policy, or other payment undertaking in favor of 1568 the certified capital company's certified investors as permitted 1569 by subparagraph (3)(1)1. or an affiliate of such insurance 1570 company as defined by subparagraph (3)(a)3. that is not a 1571 certified investor of the certified capital company making the 1572 investment, provided that such obligations are: 1573 (I) Issued or guaranteed as to principal by an entity whose 1574 senior debt is rated "AA" or better by Standard & Poor's Ratings 1575 Group or such other nationally recognized credit rating agency 1576 as the commission may determine by rule determine. 1577 (II) Not subordinated to other unsecured indebtedness of 1578 the issuer or the guarantor. 1579 (III) Invested by such issuing entity in accordance with 1580 sub-subparagraphs 3.a.-f. 1581 (IV) Readily convertible into cash within 5 business days 1582 for the purpose of making a qualified investment unless such 1583 obligations are held to provide a guarantee, indemnity bond, 1584 insurance policy, or other payment undertaking in favor of the certified capital company's certified investors as permitted by 1585 1586 subparagraph (3)(1)1. 1587 Section 33. Subsection (1) of section 440.12, Florida 1588 Statutes, is amended to read: 1589 440.12 Time for commencement and limits on weekly rate of 1590 compensation.-1591 (1) No Compensation is not shall be allowed for the first 7 1592 days of the disability, except for benefits provided for in s. 1593 440.13. However, if the injury results in disability of more 1594 than 21 days of disability, compensation is shall be allowed

1595 from the commencement of the disability. All weekly compensation

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1596	payments, except for the first payment, <u>must</u> shall be paid by
1597	check or, if authorized by the employee, deposited directly into
1598	the employee's account at a financial institution <del>. As used in</del>
1599	this subsection, the term "financial institution" means a
1600	financial institution as defined in s. 655.005-(1)(h).
1601	Section 34. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
1602	440.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1603	440.20 Time for payment of compensation and medical bills;
1604	penalties for late payment
1605	(1)(a) Unless <u>the carrier</u> <del>it</del> denies compensability or
1606	entitlement to benefits, the carrier shall pay compensation
1607	directly to the employee as required by ss. 440.14, 440.15, and
1608	440.16, in accordance with <u>those</u> <del>the obligations set forth in</del>
1609	such sections. If authorized by the employee, the carrier's
1610	obligation to pay compensation directly to the employee is
1611	satisfied when the carrier directly deposits, by electronic
1612	transfer or other means, compensation into the employee's
1613	account at a financial institution. As used in this paragraph,
1614	the term "financial institution" means a financial institution
1615	as defined in s. 655.005 <del>(1)(h)</del> . Compensation by direct deposit
1616	is considered paid on the date the funds become available for
1617	withdrawal by the employee.
1618	Section 35. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
1619	445.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1620	445.051 Individual development accounts
1621	(2) As used in this section, the term:
1622	(c) "Financial institution" <u>has the same meaning</u> <del>means a</del>
1623	financial institution as defined in s. 655.005-(1)(h).
1624	Section 36. Subsection (18) of section 489.503, Florida

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37-00505B-11 20111332 1625 Statutes, is amended to read: 1626 489.503 Exemptions.-This part does not apply to: 1627 (18) The monitoring of an alarm system by a direct employee 1628 of any state or federally chartered financial institution, as 1629 defined in s. 655.005(1)(h), or any parent, affiliate, or 1630 subsidiary thereof, so long as: 1631 (a) The institution is subject to, and in compliance with, 1632 s. 3 of the Federal Bank Protection Act of 1968, 12 U.S.C. s. 1882; 1633 1634 (b) The alarm system is in compliance with all applicable 1635 firesafety standards as set forth in chapter 633; and 1636 (c) The monitoring is limited to an alarm system associated 1637 with: 1638 1. The commercial property where banking operations are 1639 housed or where other operations are conducted by a state or 1640 federally chartered financial institution, as defined in s. 655.005(1)(h), or any parent, affiliate, or subsidiary thereof; 1641 1642 or 2. The private property occupied by the institution's 1643 1644 executive officers, as defined in s. 655.005(1)(f), 1645 1646 and does not otherwise extend to the monitoring of residential 1647 systems. Section 37. Paragraph (b) of subsection (15) of section 1648 1649 501.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1650 501.005 Consumer report security freeze.-1651 (15) The provisions of this section do not apply to the 1652 following entities: 1653 (b) A deposit account information service company that  $\tau$ 

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1654	which issues reports regarding account closures due to fraud,
1655	substantial overdrafts, automatic teller machine abuse, or
1656	similar negative information regarding a consumer to <u>an</u>
1657	inquiring <del>banks or other</del> financial <u>institution as defined in s.</u>
1658	655.005 institutions for use only in reviewing a consumer
1659	request for a deposit account at the inquiring <del>bank or</del> financial
1660	institution, as defined in s. 655.005 <del>(1)(g) or (h),</del> or in
1661	federal law.
1662	Section 38. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
1663	501.165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1664	501.165 Automatic renewal of service contracts
1665	(2) SERVICE CONTRACTS WITH AUTOMATIC RENEWAL PROVISIONS
1666	(d) This subsection does not apply to:
1667	1. A financial institution as defined in s. 655.005 <del>(1)(h)</del>
1668	or any depository institution as defined in 12 U.S.C. s.
1669	1813(c)(2).
1670	2. A foreign bank maintaining a branch or agency licensed
1671	under the laws of any state of the United States.
1672	3. Any subsidiary or affiliate of an entity described in
1673	subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2.
1674	4. A health studio as defined in s. 501.0125 <del>(1)</del> .
1675	5. Any entity licensed under chapter 624, chapter 627,
1676	chapter 634, chapter 636, or chapter 641.
1677	6. Any electric utility as defined in s. 366.02 <del>(2)</del> .
1678	7. Any private company as defined in s. 180.05 providing
1679	services described in chapter 180 <u>which</u> that is competing
1680	against a governmental entity or has a governmental entity
1681	providing billing services on its behalf.
1682	Section 39. Paragraph (r) of subsection (1) of section

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1683	624.605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1684	624.605 "Casualty insurance" defined
1685	(1) "Casualty insurance" includes:
1686	(r) Insurance for debt cancellation productsInsurance
1687	that a creditor may purchase against the risk of financial loss
1688	from the use of debt cancellation products with consumer loans
1689	or leases or retail installment contracts. Insurance for debt

- or leases or retail installment contracts. Insurance for debt cancellation products is not liability insurance but <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> considered credit insurance only for the purposes of s. 631.52(4).
- 1693 1. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "debt 1694 cancellation products" means loan, lease, or retail installment 1695 contract terms, or modifications to loan, lease, or retail 1696 installment contracts, under which a creditor agrees to cancel 1697 or suspend all or part of a customer's obligation to make 1698 payments upon the occurrence of specified events and includes, 1699 but is not limited to, debt cancellation contracts, debt 1700 suspension agreements, and guaranteed asset protection 1701 contracts. However, the term "debt cancellation products" does 1702 not include title insurance as defined in s. 624.608.

1703 2. Debt cancellation products may be offered by financial 1704 institutions, as defined in s.  $655.005 \cdot (1) \cdot (h)$ , insured depository institutions as defined in 12 U.S.C. s. 1813(c), and 1705 1706 subsidiaries of such institutions, as provided in the financial 1707 institutions codes; by sellers as defined in s. 721.05, or by 1708 the parents, subsidiaries, or affiliated entities of sellers, in 1709 connection with the sale of timeshare interests; or by other 1710 business entities as may be specifically authorized by law, and such products are shall not constitute insurance for purposes of 1711

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1712	the Florida Insurance Code.
1713	Section 40. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section
1714	626.321, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1715	626.321 Limited licenses
1716	(1) The department shall issue to a qualified individual,
1717	or a qualified individual or entity under paragraphs (c), (d),
1718	(e), and (i), a license as agent authorized to transact a
1719	limited class of business in any of the following categories:
1720	(g) Credit property insurance.—A license covering only
1721	credit property insurance may be issued to any individual except
1722	an individual employed by or associated with a <del>lending or</del>
1723	financial institution <u>as</u> defined in s. 655.005 <del>(1)(g), (h), or</del>
1724	$\left( p ight) $ and authorized to sell such insurance only with respect to a
1725	borrower or debtor, not to exceed the amount of the loan.
1726	Section 41. Subsection (4) of section 626.730, Florida
1727	Statutes, is amended to read:
1728	626.730 Purpose of license
1729	(4) This section <u>does not</u> <del>shall not be deemed to</del> prohibit
1730	the licensing under a limited license as to motor vehicle
1731	physical damage and mechanical breakdown insurance or <del>the</del>
1732	licensing under a limited license for credit property insurance
1733	of any person employed by or associated with a motor vehicle
1734	sales or financing agency, a retail sales establishment, or a
1735	consumer loan office, other than a consumer loan office owned by
1736	or affiliated with a financial institution as defined in s.
1737	655.005 <del>(1)(g), (h), or (p)</del> , with respect to insurance of the
1738	interest of such agency in a motor vehicle sold or financed by
1739	it or in personal property $\mathrm{if}$ when used as collateral for a
1740	loan. This section does not apply with respect to the interest

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1741	of a real estate mortgagee in or as to insurance covering such
1742	interest or in the real estate subject to such mortgage.
1743	Section 42. Section 626.9885, Florida Statutes, is amended
1744	to read:
1745	626.9885 Financial institutions conducting insurance
1746	transactions.—A financial institution, as defined in s.
1747	655.005 <del>(1)(g), (h), or (p)</del> , may conduct insurance transactions
1748	only through Florida-licensed insurance agents representing
1749	Florida-authorized insurers or representing Florida-eligible
1750	surplus lines insurers.
1751	Section 43. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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