1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to sovereign immunity; providing
3	legislative findings and intent; amending s. 766.1115,
4	F.S.; providing that specified provisions relating to
5	sovereign immunity for health care providers do not
6	apply to certain affiliation agreements or contracts
7	to provide certain comprehensive health care services;
8	amending s. 768.28, F.S.; expanding the definition of
9	the term "officer, employee, or agent" for purposes of
10	provisions expanding sovereign immunity to include
11	certain colleges and universities when providing
12	patient services; providing that certain colleges and
13	universities that own or operate a medical school or
14	any of its employees or agents providing patient
15	services pursuant to a contract with a teaching
16	hospital are agents of the teaching hospital and are
17	immune from certain liability for torts; requiring the
18	contract to provide for indemnification; providing
19	that the portion of the not-for-profit entity which is
20	considered to be an agent of the teaching hospital for
21	purposes of extension of the waiver of sovereign
22	immunity is deemed to be acting on behalf of a public
23	agency for purposes of public-records laws; providing
24	definitions; requiring that each patient, or the
25	patient's legal representative, receive notice
26	regarding the patient's exclusive remedy for injury or
27	damage suffered; providing that an employee providing
28	patient services is not an employee or agent of the
29	state for purposes of workers' compensation; providing
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Page 1 of 8

First Engrossed

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30	for application; providing an effective date.
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32	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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34	Section 1. (1) The Legislature finds that:
35	(a) Access to high-quality, comprehensive, and affordable
36	health care for all persons in this state is a necessary state
37	goal and teaching hospitals play an essential role in providing
38	that access.
39	(b) Graduate medical education, provided by nonprofit
40	independent colleges and universities located and chartered in
41	this state which own or operate medical schools, helps provide
42	the comprehensive specialty training needed by medical school
43	graduates to develop and refine the skills essential to the
44	provision of high-quality health care for state residents. Much
45	of that education and training is provided in teaching hospitals
46	under the direct supervision of medical faculty who provide
47	guidance, training, and oversight and serve as role models to
48	their students.
49	(c) A large proportion of medical care is provided in
50	teaching hospitals that serve as safety nets for many indigent
51	and underserved patients who otherwise might not receive the
52	medical help they need. Resident physician training that takes
53	place in such hospitals provides much of the care provided to
54	this population. Medical faculty, supervising such training and
55	care, are a vital link between educating and training resident
56	physicians and ensuring the provision of quality care for
57	indigent and underserved residents. Physicians who assume this
58	role are often called upon to juggle the demands of patient

Page 2 of 8

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59	care, teaching, health policy, and budgetary issues related to
60	the programs they administer.
61	(d) While teaching hospitals are afforded state sovereign
62	immunity protections under s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, the
63	nonprofit independent colleges and universities located and
64	chartered in this state which own or operate medical schools and
65	which enter into affiliation agreements or contracts with the
66	teaching hospitals to provide patient services are not afforded
67	the same sovereign immunity protections. The employees or agents
68	of such nonprofit independent colleges and universities,
69	therefore, do not have the same level of protection against
70	liability claims as the employees and agents of teaching
71	hospitals providing the same patient services to the same
72	patients.
73	(e) Nonprofit colleges and universities located and
74	chartered in this state which own or operate medical schools and
75	their employees and agents, which are not covered by the state's
76	sovereign immunity protections, are disproportionately affected
77	by claims arising out of alleged medical malpractice and other
78	allegedly negligent acts. Given the recent growth in medical
79	schools and medical education programs and ongoing efforts to
80	support, strengthen, and increase physician residency training
81	positions and medical faculty in both existing and newly
82	designated teaching hospitals, this exposure and the consequent
83	disparity in liability exposure will continue to increase. The
84	vulnerability of these colleges and universities to claims of
85	medical malpractice will only add to the current physician
86	workforce crisis in this state and can be alleviated only
87	through legislative action.
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Page 3 of 8

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88	(f) Ensuring that the employees and agents of nonprofit
89	independent colleges and universities located and chartered in
90	this state which own or operate medical schools are able to
91	continue to treat patients, provide graduate medical education,
92	supervise medical students, and provide administrative support
93	and services in teaching hospitals is an overwhelming public
94	necessity.
95	(2) The Legislature intends that:
96	(a) Employees and agents of nonprofit independent colleges
97	and universities located and chartered in this state which own
98	or operate medical schools who provide patient services as
99	agents of a teaching hospital be immune from lawsuits in the
100	same manner and to the same extent as employees and agents of
101	teaching hospitals in this state under existing law, and that
102	such colleges and universities and their employees and agents
103	not be held personally liable in tort or named as a party
104	defendant in an action while providing patient services in a
105	teaching hospital, unless such services are provided in bad
106	faith, with malicious purpose, or in a manner exhibiting wanton
107	and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property.
108	(b) Nonprofit independent private colleges and universities
109	located and chartered in this state which own or operate medical
110	schools and which permit their employees or agents to provide
111	patient services in teaching hospitals pursuant to an
112	affiliation agreement or other contract be afforded sovereign
113	immunity protections under s. 768.28, Florida Statutes.
114	(3) The Legislature declares that there is an overwhelming
115	public necessity for extending the state's sovereign immunity to
116	nonprofit independent colleges and universities located and

Page 4 of 8

117	chartered in this state which own or operate medical schools and
118	provide patient services in teaching hospitals, and to their
119	employees and agents, and that there is no alternative method of
120	meeting such public necessity.
121	(4) The terms "employee or agent," "patient services," and
122	"teaching hospital" as used in this section have the same
123	meaning as defined in s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, as amended by
124	this act.
125	Section 2. Subsection (11) of section 766.1115, Florida
126	Statutes, is amended to read:
127	766.1115 Health care providers; creation of agency
128	relationship with governmental contractors
129	(11) APPLICABILITYThis section applies to incidents
130	occurring on or after April 17, 1992. This section does not $:$
131	(a) Apply to any health care contract entered into by the
132	Department of Corrections which is subject to s. 768.28(10)(a).
133	(b) Apply to any affiliation agreement or other contract
134	that is subject to s. 768.28(10)(f). Nothing in this section in
135	any way reduces or limits
136	(c) Reduce or limit the rights of the state or any of its
137	agencies or subdivisions to any benefit currently provided under
138	s. 768.28.
139	Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section
140	768.28, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is added
141	to subsection (10) of that section, to read:
142	768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions;
143	recovery limits; limitation on attorney fees; statute of
144	limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management
145	programs.—

Page 5 of 8

First Engrossed

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146 (9) 147 (b) As used in this subsection, the term: 1. "Employee" includes any volunteer firefighter. 148 149 2. "Officer, employee, or agent" includes, but is not limited to, any health care provider when providing services 150 151 pursuant to s. 766.1115; - any member of the Florida Health 152 Services Corps, as defined in s. 381.0302, who provides 153 uncompensated care to medically indigent persons referred by the 154 Department of Health; any nonprofit independent college or 155 university located and chartered in this state which owns or 156 operates an accredited medical school, and its employees or 157 agents, when providing patient services pursuant to paragraph 158 (10) (f); τ and any public defender or her or his employee or 159 agent, including, among others, an assistant public defender and an investigator. 160 161 (10)162 (f) For purposes of this section, any nonprofit independent 163 college or university located and chartered in this state which 164 owns or operates an accredited medical school, or any of its 165 employees or agents, and which has agreed in an affiliation 166 agreement or other contract to provide, or permit its employees 167 or agents to provide, patient services as agents of a teaching hospital, is considered an agent of the teaching hospital while 168 169 acting within the scope of and pursuant to guidelines 170 established in the affiliation agreement or other contract. To 171 the extent allowed by law, the contract must provide for the 172 indemnification of the teaching hospital, up to the limits set 173 out in this chapter, by the agent for any liability incurred 174 which was caused by the negligence of the college or university

Page 6 of 8

175 or its employees or agents. The contract must also provide that 176 those limited portions of the college, university, or medical 177 school which are directly providing services pursuant to the 178 contract and which are considered an agent of the teaching 179 hospital for purposes of this section are deemed to be acting on 180 behalf of a public agency as defined in s. 119.011(2). 181 1. For purposes of this paragraph, the term: a. "Employee or agent" means an officer, employee, agent, 182 183 or servant of a nonprofit independent college or university 184 located and chartered in this state which owns or operates an 185 accredited medical school, including, but not limited to, the 186 faculty of the medical school, any health care practitioner or 187 licensee as defined in s. 456.001 for which the college or 188 university is vicariously liable, and the staff or 189 administrators of the medical school. 190 b. "Patient services" mean: 191 (I) Comprehensive health care services as defined in s. 192 641.19, including any related administrative service, provided 193 to patients in a teaching hospital; 194 (II) Training and supervision of interns, residents, and 195 fellows providing patient services in a teaching hospital; or 196 (III) Training and supervision of medical students in a 197 teaching hospital. 198 c. "Teaching hospital" means a teaching hospital as defined 199 in s. 408.07 which is owned or operated by the state, a county 200 or municipality, a public health trust, a special taxing 201 district, a governmental entity having health care 202 responsibilities, or a not-for-profit entity that operates such 203 facility as an agent of the state, or a political subdivision of

Page 7 of 8

204 the state, under a lease or other contract. 205 2. The teaching hospital or the medical school, or its 206 employees or agents, must provide notice to each patient, or the 207 patient's legal representative, that the college or university 208 that owns or operates the medical school and the employees or 209 agents of that college or university are acting as agents of the 210 teaching hospital and that the exclusive remedy for injury or 211 damage suffered as the result of any act or omission of the 212 teaching hospital, the college or university that owns or 213 operates the medical school, or the employees or agents of the 214 college or university, while acting within the scope of duties 215 pursuant to the affiliation agreement or other contract with a 216 teaching hospital, is by commencement of an action pursuant to 217 the provisions of this section. This notice requirement may be met by posting the notice in a place conspicuous to all persons. 218 219 3. This paragraph does not designate any employee providing 220 contracted patient services in a teaching hospital as an 221 employee or agent of the state for purposes of chapter 440. 222 Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, 223 and applies to all claims accruing on or after that date.

Page 8 of 8