By the Committees on Budget Subcommittee on Education Pre-K - 12 Appropriations; and Education Pre-K - 12; and Senator Wise

602-04498-11

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A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to education accountability; amending 3 s. 1001.20, F.S.; deleting a provision that requires 4 the Florida Virtual School to be administratively 5 housed within the Office of Technology and Information 6 Services within the Office of the Commissioner of 7 Education; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; revising the 8 powers and duties of district school boards relating 9 to student access to Florida Virtual School courses; creating s. 1001.421, F.S.; prohibiting district 10 11 school board members and their relatives from 12 soliciting or accepting certain gifts; amending s. 13 1002.37, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made 14 by the act; amending s. 1002.38, F.S.; requiring that 15 a school's grade be based on statewide assessments for 16 purposes of the Opportunity Scholarship Program; 17 amending s. 1002.39, F.S.; providing requirements for 18 determining the end of the term of a John M. McKay 19 Scholarship; amending s. 1002.45, F.S.; revising 20 provisions relating to virtual instruction program 21 provider qualifications; amending s. 1002.66, F.S.; 22 providing an additional instructional service for 23 children with disabilities in the Voluntary 24 Prekindergarten Education Program; amending s. 25 1002.67, F.S.; requiring that the State Board of 26 Education periodically review and revise the 27 performance standards for the statewide kindergarten 28 screening; amending s. 1002.69, F.S.; authorizing 29 nonpublic schools to administer the statewide

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 30 kindergarten screening to kindergarten students who were enrolled in the Voluntary Prekindergarten 31 32 Education Program; revising provisions relating to the 33 minimum kindergarten readiness rate and criteria for 34 good cause exemptions from meeting the requirement; 35 requiring prekindergarten enrollment screening and 36 post-assessment under certain circumstances; amending 37 s. 1002.71, F.S.; providing that a child may reenroll 38 more than once in a prekindergarten program if granted a good cause exemption; amending s. 1002.73, F.S.; 39 40 requiring the Department of Education to adopt 41 procedures relating to prekindergarten enrollment 42 screening, the standardized post-assessment, and 43 reporting of the results of readiness measures; 44 amending s. 1003.01, F.S.; providing an additional 45 special education service; amending s. 1003.4156, 46 F.S.; revising the general requirements for middle 47 grades promotion; providing that a student with a 48 disability may have end-of-course assessment results waived under certain circumstances; providing that a 49 50 middle grades student may be exempt from reading 51 remediation requirements under certain circumstances; 52 creating s. 1003.4203, F.S.; authorizing each district 53 school board to develop and implement a digital 54 curriculum for students in grades 6 through 12; 55 requiring the Department of Education to develop a 56 model digital curriculum; authorizing partnerships 57 with private businesses and consultants; amending s. 58 1003.428, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 88 procedures must be revised and filed with the bureau 89 chief of the Bureau of Exceptional Education and 90 Student Services within the Department of Education; 91 amending s. 1003.575, F.S.; providing requirements for 92 completion of an assistive technology assessment; 93 amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; revising provisions 94 relating to the student assessment program for public 95 schools; requiring that the Commissioner of Education 96 direct school districts to participate in certain 97 international assessment programs; authorizing a 98 school principal to exempt certain students from the 99 end-of-course assessment in civics education; revising 100 provisions relating to administration and reporting of 101 results of assessments; amending s. 1008.30, F.S.; 102 revising provisions relating to evaluation of college 103 readiness and providing for postsecondary preparatory 104 instruction; requiring the State Board of Education to 105 adopt certain rules; amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; revising provisions relating to public school 106 107 improvement; requiring the Department of Education to 108 categorize public schools based on a school's grade 109 that relies on statewide assessments; amending s. 110 1008.331, F.S., relating to supplemental educational 111 services in Title I schools; providing that a school board may include in its district contract with a 112 provider a requirement to use a uniform standardized 113 114 assessment if the Department of Education is notified 115 of such intent before services are provided to the 116 student; amending s. 1008.34, F.S.; revising the basis

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117	for the designation of school grades; including
118	achievement scores and learning gains for students who
119	are hospital or homebound; amending s. 1011.01, F.S.;
120	revising provisions relating to the annual operating
121	budgets of district school boards and Florida College
122	System institution boards of trustees; amending s.
123	1011.03, F.S.; revising provisions relating to adopted
124	district school board budgets; creating s. 1011.035,
125	F.S.; requiring each school district to post budgetary
126	information on its website; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.;
127	revising provisions relating to the funding model for
128	exceptional student education programs; requiring the
129	Department of Education to revise the descriptions of
130	services and to implement the revisions; amending s.
131	1012.39, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the
132	qualifications for nondegreed teachers of career
133	education; providing effective dates.
134	
135	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
136	
137	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section
138	1001.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
139	1001.20 Department under direction of state board
140	(4) The Department of Education shall establish the
141	following offices within the Office of the Commissioner of
142	Education which shall coordinate their activities with all other
143	divisions and offices:
144	(a) Office of Technology and Information Services
145	Responsible for developing a systemwide technology plan, making

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146	budget recommendations to the commissioner, providing data
147	collection and management for the system, assisting school
148	districts in securing Internet access and telecommunications
149	services, including those eligible for funding under the Schools
150	and Libraries Program of the federal Universal Service Fund, and
151	coordinating services with other state, local, and private
152	agencies. The office shall develop a method to address the need
153	for a statewide approach to planning and operations of library
154	and information services to achieve a single K-20 education
155	system library information portal and a unified higher education
156	library management system. The Florida Virtual School shall be
157	administratively housed within the office.
158	Section 2. Subsection (23) of section 1001.42, Florida
159	Statutes, is amended to read:
160	1001.42 Powers and duties of district school boardThe
161	district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all
162	powers and perform all duties listed below:
163	(23) FLORIDA VIRTUAL SCHOOLProvide students with access
164	to enroll in courses available through the Florida Virtual
165	School and award credit for successful completion of such
166	courses. Access shall be available to students during <u>and</u> or
167	after the normal school day and through summer school
168	enrollment.
169	Section 3. Section 1001.421, Florida Statutes, is created
170	to read:
171	1001.421 GiftsNotwithstanding any other provision of law
172	to the contrary, district school board members and their
173	relatives, as defined in s. 112.312(21), may not directly or
174	indirectly solicit any gift, or directly or indirectly accept

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175	any gift in excess of \$50, from any person, vendor, potential
176	vendor, or other entity doing business with the school district.
177	The term "gift" has the same meaning as in s. 112.312(12).
178	Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
179	1002.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
180	1002.37 The Florida Virtual School
181	(1)(a) The Florida Virtual School is established for the
182	development and delivery of online and distance learning
183	education and shall be administratively housed within the
184	Commissioner of Education's Office of Technology and Information
185	Services. The Commissioner of Education shall monitor the
186	school's performance and report its performance to the State
187	Board of Education and the Legislature.
188	
189	The board of trustees of the Florida Virtual School shall
190	identify appropriate performance measures and standards based on
191	student achievement that reflect the school's statutory mission
192	and priorities, and shall implement an accountability system for
193	the school that includes assessment of its effectiveness and
194	efficiency in providing quality services that encourage high
195	student achievement, seamless articulation, and maximum access.
196	Section 5. Subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection
197	(3) of section 1002.38, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
198	1002.38 Opportunity Scholarship Program
199	(2) OPPORTUNITY SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITYFor purposes of
200	this section, a school's grade shall be based upon statewide
201	assessments administered pursuant to s. 1008.22. A public school
202	student's parent may request and receive from the state an
203	opportunity scholarship for the student to enroll in and attend

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602-04498-11 201 204 a private school in accordance with the provisions of this

205 section if:

206 (a)1. By assigned school attendance area or by special assignment, the student has spent the prior school year in 207 208 attendance at a public school that has been designated pursuant to s. 1008.34 as performance grade category "F," failing to make 209 210 adequate progress, and that has had 2 school years in a 4-year 211 period of such low performance, and the student's attendance 212 occurred during a school year in which such designation was in 213 effect:

214 2. The student has been in attendance elsewhere in the 215 public school system and has been assigned to such school for 216 the next school year; or

3. The student is entering kindergarten or first grade and has been notified that the student has been assigned to such school for the next school year.

(b) The parent has obtained acceptance for admission of the student to a private school eligible for the program pursuant to subsection (4), and has notified the Department of Education and the school district of the request for an opportunity scholarship no later than July 1 of the first year in which the student intends to use the scholarship.

226

The provisions of this section <u>do</u> shall not apply to a student who is enrolled in a school operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice commitment programs. For purposes of continuity of educational choice, the opportunity scholarship shall remain in force until the student returns to a public school or, if the

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 233 student chooses to attend a private school the highest grade of 234 which is grade 8, until the student matriculates to high school 235 and the public high school to which the student is assigned is an accredited school with a performance grade category 236 designation of "C" or better. However, at any time upon 237 238 reasonable notice to the Department of Education and the school 239 district, the student's parent may remove the student from the 240 private school and place the student in a public school, as 241 provided in subparagraph (3)(a)2.

242

(3) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS.-

(a) A school district shall, for each student enrolled in 243 244 or assigned to a school that has been designated as performance grade category "F" for 2 school years in a 4-year period: 245

246 1. Timely notify the parent of the student as soon as such 247 designation is made of all options available pursuant to this 248 section.

249 2. Offer that student's parent an opportunity to enroll the 250 student in the public school within the district that has been 251 designated by the state pursuant to s. 1008.34 as a school 252 performing higher than that in which the student is currently 253 enrolled or to which the student has been assigned, but not less 254 than performance grade category "C." The parent is not required 255 to accept this offer in lieu of requesting a state opportunity 256 scholarship to a private school. The opportunity to continue 257 attending the higher performing public school shall remain in 258 force until the student graduates from high school.

259 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 260 1002.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 261

1002.39 The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with

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262	Disabilities Program.—There is established a program that is
263	separate and distinct from the Opportunity Scholarship Program
264	and is named the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with
265	Disabilities Program.
266	(4) TERM OF JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP
267	(a) For purposes of continuity of educational choice, a
268	John M. McKay Scholarship shall remain in force until the
269	student returns to a public school, graduates from high school,
270	or reaches the age of 22, whichever occurs first. <u>A scholarship</u>
271	student who enrolls in a public school or public school program
272	is considered to have returned to a public school for the
273	purpose of determining the end of the scholarship's term.
274	However, if a student enters a Department of Juvenile Justice
275	detention center for a period of no more than 21 days, the
276	student is not considered to have returned to a public school
277	for that purpose.
278	Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
279	1002.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
280	1002.45 School district virtual instruction programs
281	(2) PROVIDER QUALIFICATIONS
282	(b) An approved provider shall retain its approved status
283	during the 3 school years for a period of 3 years after the date
284	of the department's approval under paragraph (a) as long as the
285	provider continues to comply with all requirements of this
286	section.
287	Section 8. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (2) of
288	section 1002.66, Florida Statutes, to read:
289	1002.66 Specialized instructional services for children
290	with disabilities

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291	(2) The parent of a child who is eligible for the
292	prekindergarten program for children with disabilities may
293	select one or more specialized instructional services that are
294	consistent with the child's individual educational plan. These
295	specialized instructional services may include, but are not
296	limited to:
297	(e) Listening and Spoken Language specialists for any child
298	who is deaf or hard of hearing and who has received an implant
299	or assistive hearing device.
300	Section 9. Subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection
301	(3) of section 1002.67, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
302	1002.67 Performance standards; curricula and
303	accountability
304	(1) (a) By April 1, 2005, the department shall develop and
305	adopt performance standards for students in the Voluntary
306	Prekindergarten Education Program. The performance standards
307	must address the age-appropriate progress of students in the
308	development of:
309	<u>1.(a)</u> The capabilities, capacities, and skills required
310	under s. 1(b), Art. IX of the State Constitution; and
311	2.(b) Emergent literacy skills, including oral
312	communication, knowledge of print and letters, phonemic and
313	phonological awareness, and vocabulary and comprehension
314	development.
315	(b) The State Board of Education shall periodically review
316	and revise the performance standards for the statewide
317	kindergarten screening administered under s. 1002.69 and align
318	the standards to the standards established by the state board
319	for student performance on the statewide assessments

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320 administered pursuant to s. 1008.22.

321

322 (c)1. If the kindergarten readiness rate of a private 323 prekindergarten provider or public school falls below the 324 minimum rate adopted by the State Board of Education as 325 satisfactory under s. 1002.69(6), the early learning coalition 326 or school district, as applicable, shall require the provider or 327 school to submit an improvement plan for approval by the 328 coalition or school district, as applicable, and to implement 329 the plan.

330 2. If a private prekindergarten provider or public school 331 fails to meet the minimum rate adopted by the State Board of Education as satisfactory under s. 1002.69(6) for 2 consecutive 332 333 years, the early learning coalition or school district, as 334 applicable, shall place the provider or school on probation and 335 must require the provider or school to take certain corrective 336 actions, including the use of a curriculum approved by the 337 department under paragraph (2)(c).

338 3. A private prekindergarten provider or public school that 339 is placed on probation must continue the corrective actions 340 required under subparagraph 2., including the use of a 341 curriculum approved by the department, until the provider or 342 school meets the minimum rate adopted by the State Board of 343 Education as satisfactory under s. 1002.69(6).

4. If a private prekindergarten provider or public school remains on probation for 2 consecutive years and fails to meet the minimum rate adopted by the State Board of Education as satisfactory under s. 1002.69(6) and is not granted a good cause exemption by the department pursuant to s. 1002.69(7), the

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 349 Agency for Workforce Innovation shall require the early learning 350 coalition or the Department of Education shall require the 351 school district to remove, as applicable, the provider or school 352 from eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten 353 Education Program and receive state funds for the program. 354 Section 10. Subsections (1), (5), and (6) and paragraphs 355 (b) and (c) of subsection (7) of section 1002.69, Florida 356 Statutes, are amended to read: 357 1002.69 Statewide kindergarten screening; kindergarten 358 readiness rates; state-approved prekindergarten enrollment 359 screening; good cause exemption.-(1) The department shall adopt a statewide kindergarten 360 screening that assesses the readiness of each student for 361 362 kindergarten based upon the performance standards adopted by the 363 department under s. 1002.67(1) for the Voluntary Prekindergarten 364 Education Program. The department shall require that each school 365 district administer the statewide kindergarten screening to each 366 kindergarten student in the school district within the first 30 367 school days of each school year. Nonpublic schools may 368 administer the statewide kindergarten screening to each 369 kindergarten student in a nonpublic school who was enrolled in 370 the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. 371 (5) The State Board of Education shall adopt procedures for 372 the department to annually calculate each private 373 prekindergarten provider's and public school's kindergarten 374 readiness rate, which must be expressed as the percentage of the 375 provider's or school's students who are assessed as ready for 376 kindergarten. The kindergarten readiness rates must be based 377 exclusively upon the results of the statewide kindergarten

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378	screening for students completing the Voluntary Prekindergarten
379	Education Program, beginning with students completing the
380	program during the 2005-2006 school year who are administered
381	the statewide kindergarten screening during the 2006-2007 school
382	year. The methodology for calculating each provider's
383	kindergarten readiness rate must include the percentage of
384	students who meet all state readiness measures. The rates must
385	not include students who are not administered the statewide
386	kindergarten screening.
387	(6) (a) The State Board of Education shall periodically
388	adopt a minimum kindergarten readiness rate that, if achieved by
389	a private prekindergarten provider or public school, would
390	demonstrate the provider's or school's satisfactory delivery of
391	the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program.
392	(b) The minimum rate must not exceed the rate at which more
393	than 15 percent of the kindergarten readiness rates of all
394	private prekindergarten providers and public schools delivering
395	the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program in the state
396	would fall below the minimum rate.
397	(7)
398	(b) A private prekindergarten provider's or public school's
399	request for a good cause exemption, or renewal of such an
400	exemption, must be submitted to the state board in the manner
401	and within the timeframes prescribed by the state board and must
402	include the following:
403	1. Submission of data by the private prekindergarten
404	provider or public school which documents on a standardized
405	assessment the achievement and progress of the children served

406 as measured by the state-approved prekindergarten enrollment

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407	screening and the standardized post-assessment approved by the
408	department pursuant to subparagraph (c)1.
409	2. Submission and review of data available from the
410	respective early learning coalition or district school board,
411	the Department of Children and Family Services, local licensing
412	authority, or an accrediting association, as applicable,
413	relating to the private prekindergarten provider's or public
414	school's compliance with state and local health and safety
415	standards.
416	3. Submission and review of data available to the
417	department on the performance of the children served and the
418	calculation of the private prekindergarten provider's or public
419	school's kindergarten readiness rate.
420	(c) The State Board of Education shall adopt criteria for
421	granting good cause exemptions. Such criteria shall include, but
422	are not limited to:
423	1. Learning gains of children served in the Voluntary
424	Prekindergarten Education Program by the private prekindergarten
425	provider or public school. A provider seeking a good cause
426	exemption shall have the early learning coalition or a
427	department-approved second party administer the state-approved
428	prekindergarten enrollment screening to each child in the
429	prekindergarten provider's program within the first 30 days of
430	each school year for which a good cause exemption is sought, and
431	the provider shall administer the standardized post-assessment
432	approved by the department to measure the student's learning
433	gains for the year or summer, as appropriate. All data must be
434	submitted to the department within 30 days after the
435	administration of each assessment. Each parent who enrolls his

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436	or her child in a Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program
437	offered by a provider seeking a good cause exemption must submit
438	the child for the state-approved prekindergarten enrollment
439	screening.
440	2. Verification that the private prekindergarten provider
441	or public school serves at least twice the statewide percentage
442	of children with disabilities as defined in s. 1003.01(3)(a) or
443	children identified as limited English proficient as defined in
444	s. 1003.56.
445	2.3. Verification that local and state health and safety
446	requirements are met.
447	Section 11. Subsection (4) of section 1002.71, Florida
448	Statutes, is amended to read:
449	1002.71 Funding; financial and attendance reporting
450	(4) Notwithstanding s. 1002.53(3) and subsection (2):
451	(a) A child who, for any of the prekindergarten programs
452	listed in s. 1002.53(3), has not completed more than 70 percent
453	of the hours authorized to be reported for funding under
454	subsection (2), or has not expended more than 70 percent of the
455	funds authorized for the child under s. 1002.66, may withdraw
456	from the program for good cause and reenroll in one of the
457	programs. The total funding for a child who reenrolls in one of
458	the programs for good cause may not exceed one full-time
459	equivalent student. Funding for a child who withdraws and
460	reenrolls in one of the programs for good cause shall be issued
461	in accordance with the agency's uniform attendance policy
462	adopted pursuant to paragraph (6)(d).
463	(b) A child who has not substantially completed any of the

464 prekindergarten programs listed in s. 1002.53(3) may withdraw

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465	from the program due to an extreme hardship that is beyond the
466	child's or parent's control, reenroll in one of the summer
467	programs, and be reported for funding purposes as a full-time
468	equivalent student in the summer program for which the child is
469	reenrolled.
470	
471	A child may reenroll only once in a prekindergarten program
472	under this section. A child who reenrolls in a prekindergarten
473	program under this subsection may not subsequently withdraw from
474	the program and reenroll, unless the child is granted a good
475	cause exemption under this subsection. The Agency for Workforce
476	Innovation shall establish criteria specifying whether a good
477	cause exists for a child to withdraw from a program under
478	paragraph (a), whether a child has substantially completed a
479	program under paragraph (b), and whether an extreme hardship
480	exists which is beyond the child's or parent's control under
481	paragraph (b).
482	Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 1002.73, Florida
483	Statutes, is amended to read:
484	1002.73 Department of Education; powers and duties;
485	accountability requirements
486	(2) The department shall adopt procedures for its:
487	(a) Approval of prekindergarten director credentials under
488	ss. 1002.55 and 1002.57.
489	(b) Approval of emergent literacy training courses under
490	ss. 1002.55 and 1002.59.
491	(c) Administration of the statewide kindergarten screening
492	and calculation of kindergarten readiness rates under s.
493	1002.69.

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494	(d) Implementation of, and determination of costs
495	associated with, the state-approved prekindergarten enrollment
496	screening and the standardized post-assessment approved by the
497	department, and determination of the learning gains of students
498	who complete the state-approved prekindergarten enrollment
499	screening and the standardized post-assessment approved by the
500	department.
501	(e)(d) Approval of specialized instructional services
502	providers under s. 1002.66.
503	(f) Annual reporting of the percentage of kindergarten
504	students who meet all state readiness measures.
505	<u>(g)</u> Granting of a private prekindergarten provider's or
506	public school's request for a good cause exemption under s.
507	1002.69(7).
508	Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
509	1003.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
510	1003.01 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
511	(3)
512	(b) "Special education services" means specially designed
513	instruction and such related services as are necessary for an
514	exceptional student to benefit from education. Such services may
515	include: transportation; diagnostic and evaluation services;
516	social services; physical and occupational therapy; speech and
517	language pathology services; job placement; orientation and
518	mobility training; braillists, typists, and readers for the
519	blind; interpreters and auditory amplification; services
520	provided by a certified Listening and Spoken Language
521	<pre>specialist; rehabilitation counseling; transition services;</pre>
522	mental health services; guidance and career counseling;

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 523 specified materials, assistive technology devices, and other 524 specialized equipment; and other such services as approved by 525 rules of the state board. 526 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 1003.4156, Florida 527 Statutes, is amended to read: 528 1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades 529 promotion.-530 (1) Beginning with students entering grade 6 in the 2006-2007 school year, Promotion from a school composed of middle 531 532 grades 6, 7, and 8 requires that: 533 (a) The student must successfully complete academic courses 534 as follows: 535 1. Three middle school or higher courses in English. These 536 courses shall emphasize literature, composition, and technical 537 text. 538 2. Three middle school or higher courses in mathematics. 539 Each middle school must offer at least one high school level 540 mathematics course for which students may earn high school credit. Successful completion of a high school level Algebra I 541 542 or geometry course is not contingent upon the student's 543 performance on the end-of-course assessment required under s. 544 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(I). However, beginning with the 2011-2012 545 school year, to earn high school credit for an Algebra I course, 546 a middle school student must pass the Algebra I end-of-course 547 assessment, and beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, to 548 earn high school credit for a geometry course, a middle school 549 student must pass the geometry end-of-course assessment. 550 3. Three middle school or higher courses in social studies,

551 one semester of which must include the study of state and

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 552 federal government and civics education. Beginning with students 553 entering grade 6 in the 2012-2013 school year, one of these 554 courses must be at least a one-semester civics education course 555 that a student successfully completes in accordance with s. 556 1008.22(3)(c) and that includes the roles and responsibilities 557 of federal, state, and local governments; the structures and 558 functions of the legislative, executive, and judicial branches 559 of government; and the meaning and significance of historic 560 documents, such as the Articles of Confederation, the 561 Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution of the United 562 States.

4. Three middle school or higher courses in science. Successful completion of a high school level Biology I course is not contingent upon the student's performance on the end-ofcourse assessment required under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(II). However, beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, to earn high school credit for a Biology I course, a middle school student must pass the Biology I end-of-course assessment.

570 5. One course in career and education planning to be 571 completed in 7th or 8th grade. The course may be taught by any member of the instructional staff; must include career 572 573 exploration using Florida CHOICES or a comparable cost-effective 574 program; must include educational planning using the online 575 student advising system known as Florida Academic Counseling and 576 Tracking for Students at the Internet website FACTS.org; and 577 shall result in the completion of a personalized academic and career plan. The required personalized academic and career plan 578 579 must inform students of high school graduation requirements, 580 high school assessment and college entrance test requirements,

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581	Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program requirements, state
582	university and Florida college admission requirements, and
583	programs through which a high school student can earn college
584	credit, including Advanced Placement, International
585	Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education,
586	dual enrollment, career academy opportunities, and courses that
587	lead to national industry certification.
588	
589	A student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02(2), for
590	whom the individual education plan team determines that an end-
591	of-course assessment cannot accurately measure the student's
592	abilities, taking into consideration all allowable
593	accommodations, shall have the end-of-course assessment results
594	waived for purposes of determining the student's course grade
595	and completing the requirements for middle grades promotion.
596	Each school must hold a parent meeting either in the evening or
597	on a weekend to inform parents about the course curriculum and
598	activities. Each student shall complete an electronic personal
599	education plan that must be signed by the student; the student's
600	instructor, guidance counselor, or academic advisor; and the
601	student's parent. The Department of Education shall develop
602	course frameworks and professional development materials for the
603	career exploration and education planning course. The course may
604	be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into
605	another course or courses. The Commissioner of Education shall
606	collect longitudinal high school course enrollment data by
607	student ethnicity in order to analyze course-taking patterns.
608	(b) For each year in which a student scores at Level l on
609	FCAT Reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an

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610	intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level
611	2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content
612	area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be
613	determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall
614	provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and
615	meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading
616	below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered
617	pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s.
618	1011.62(9). <u>A middle grades student who scores at Level 1 or</u>
619	Level 2 on FCAT Reading but who did not score below Level 3 in
620	the previous 3 years may be granted a 1-year exemption from the
621	reading remediation requirement; however, the student must have
622	an approved academic improvement plan already in place, signed
623	by the appropriate school staff and the student's parent, for
624	the year for which the exemption is granted.
625	(c) For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 or
626	Level 2 on FCAT Mathematics, the student must receive
627	remediation the following year, which may be integrated into the
628	student's required mathematics course.
629	Section 15. Section 1003.4203, Florida Statutes, is created
630	to read:
631	1003.4203 Digital curriculum
632	(1) Each district school board, in consultation with the
633	district school superintendent, may develop and implement a
634	digital curriculum for students in grades 6 through 12 in order
635	to enable students to attain competencies in web communications
636	and web design. A digital curriculum may include web-based
637	skills, web-based core technologies, web design, use of digital
638	technologies and markup language to show competency in computer

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 639 skills, and use of web-based core technologies to design 640 creative, informational, and content standards for web-based 641 digital products that demonstrate proficiency in creating, 642 publishing, testing, monitoring, and maintaining a website. 643 (2) The digital curriculum instruction may be integrated 644 into middle school and high school subject area curricula or 645 offered as a separate course, subject to available funding. 646 (3) The Department of Education shall develop a model 647 digital curriculum to serve as a guide for district school 648 boards in the development of a digital curriculum. 649 (4) A district school board may seek partnerships with 650 private businesses and consultants to offer classes and instruction to teachers and students to assist the school 651 652 district in providing digital curriculum instruction. 653 Section 16. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 654 1003.428, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 655 1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation; 656 revised.-657 (2) The 24 credits may be earned through applied, 658 integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of 659 Education. The 24 credits shall be distributed as follows: 660 (b) Eight credits in electives. 661 1. For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 on 662 FCAT Reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an 663 intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 664 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content 665 area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be 666 determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall 667 provide quidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and

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668	meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading
669	below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered
670	pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s.
671	1011.62(9). <u>A high school student who scores at Level 1 or Level</u>
672	2 on FCAT Reading but who did not score below Level 3 in the
673	previous 3 years may be granted a 1-year exemption from the
674	reading remediation requirement; however, the student must have
675	an approved academic improvement plan already in place, signed
676	by the appropriate school staff and the student's parent, for
677	the year for which the exemption is granted.
678	2. For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 or
679	Level 2 on FCAT Mathematics, the student must receive
680	remediation the following year. These courses may be taught
681	through applied, integrated, or combined courses and are subject
682	to approval by the department for inclusion in the Course Code
683	Directory.
684	Section 17. Subsections (2), (3), and (5) of section
685	1003.491, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
686	1003.491 Florida Career and Professional Education ActThe
687	Florida Career and Professional Education Act is created to
688	provide a statewide planning partnership between the business
689	and education communities in order to attract, expand, and
690	retain targeted, high-value industry and to sustain a strong,
691	knowledge-based economy.
692	(2) Beginning with the 2007-2008 school year, Each district
693	school board shall develop, in collaboration with ${ m regional}$ ${ m local}$
694	workforce boards, economic development agencies, and
695	postsecondary institutions approved to operate in the state, a

696 strategic 5-year plan to address and meet local and regional

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 697 workforce demands. If involvement of a regional the local 698 workforce board or an economic development agency in the 699 strategic plan development is not feasible, the local school 700 board, with the approval of the Agency for Workforce Innovation, 701 shall collaborate with the most appropriate regional local 702 business leadership board. Two or more school districts may 703 collaborate in the development of the strategic plan and offer a 704 career and professional academy as a joint venture. The 705 strategic plan Such plans must describe in detail provisions for 706 the efficient transportation of students, the maximum use of 707 shared resources, and access to courses aligned to state 708 curriculum standards through virtual education providers 709 legislatively authorized to provide part-time instruction to 710 middle school students, and an objective review of career and 711 professional academy courses to determine if the courses will 712 lead to the attainment of industry certifications included on 713 the Industry Certified Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by 714 the State Board of Education the Florida Virtual School when 715 appropriate. Each strategic plan shall be reviewed, updated, and 716 jointly approved every 5 years by the local school district, 717 regional workforce boards, economic development agencies, and 718 state-approved postsecondary institutions completed no later than June 30, 2008, and shall include provisions to have in 719 720 place at least one operational career and professional academy, pursuant to s. 1003.492, no later than the beginning of the 721 722 2008-2009 school year. 723 (3) The strategic 5-year plan developed jointly by between

(3) The strategic 5-year plan developed jointly by between
 the local school district, regional local workforce boards,
 economic development agencies, and state-approved postsecondary

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726	institutions shall be constructed and based on:
727	(a) Research conducted to objectively determine local and
728	regional workforce needs for the ensuing 5 years, using labor
729	projections of the United States Department of Labor and the
730	Agency for Workforce Innovation;
731	(b) Strategies to develop and implement career academies
732	based on those careers determined to be in high demand;
733	(c) Maximum use of private sector facilities and personnel;
734	(d) Strategies that ensure instruction by industry-
735	certified faculty and standards and strategies to maintain
736	current industry credentials and for recruiting and retaining
737	faculty to meet those standards;
738	(e) Alignment <u>of</u> to requirements for middle school career
739	exploration, middle and high school career and professional
740	academies leading to industry certification, and high school
741	graduation requirements redesign;
742	(f) Provisions to ensure that courses offered through
743	career and professional academies are academically rigorous,
744	meet or exceed appropriate state-adopted subject area standards,
745	result in attainment of industry certification, and, when
746	appropriate, result in postsecondary credit;
747	(g) Strategies to improve the passage rate for industry
748	certification examinations if the rate falls below 50 percent;
749	(h) (g) Establishment of student eligibility criteria in
750	career and professional academies which include opportunities
751	for students who have been unsuccessful in traditional
752	classrooms but who show aptitude to participate in academies.
753	School boards shall address the analysis of eighth grade student
754	achievement data to provide opportunities for students who may

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 755 be deemed as potential dropouts to participate in career and 756 professional academies; 757 (i) (h) Strategies to provide sufficient space within 758 academies to meet workforce needs and to provide access to all 759 interested and gualified students; 760 (j) (i) Strategies to implement engage Department of 761 Juvenile Justice students in career and professional academy 762 training that leads to industry certification at Department of 763 Juvenile Justice facilities; 764 $(k) \rightarrow (j)$ Opportunities for high school students to earn 765 weighted or dual enrollment credit for higher-level career and 766 technical courses; 767 (1) (k) Promotion of the benefits of the Gold Seal Bright 768 Futures Scholarship; 769 (m) (1) Strategies to ensure the review of district pupil-770 progression plans and to amend such plans to include career and 771 professional courses and to include courses that may qualify as 772 substitute courses for core graduation requirements and those 773 that may be counted as elective courses; and 774 (n) (m) Strategies to provide professional development for 775 secondary guidance counselors on the benefits of career and 776 professional academies. 777 (5) The submission and review of newly proposed core 778 courses shall be conducted electronically, and each proposed 779 core course shall be approved or denied within 60 days. All 780 courses approved as core courses for purposes of middle school 781 promotion and high school graduation purposes shall be 782 immediately added to the Course Code Directory. Approved core 783 courses shall also be reviewed and considered for approval for

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784	dual enrollment credit. The Board of Governors and the
785	Commissioner of Education shall jointly recommend an annual
786	deadline for approval of new core courses to be included for
787	purposes of postsecondary admissions and dual enrollment credit
788	the following academic year. The State Board of Education shall
789	establish an appeals process in the event that a proposed course
790	is denied which shall require a consensus ruling by the Agency
791	for Workforce Innovation and the Commissioner of Education
792	within 15 days. The curriculum review committee must be
793	established and operational no later than September 1, 2007.
794	Section 18. Subsections (2), (4), (5), and (6) of section
795	1003.493, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
796	1003.493 Career and professional academies
797	(2) The goals of a career and professional academy are to:
798	(a) Increase student academic achievement and graduation
799	rates through integrated academic and career curricula.
800	(b) Prepare graduating high school students to make
801	appropriate choices relative to employment and future
802	educational experiences.
803	(c) Focus on career preparation through rigorous academics
804	and industry certification.
805	(d) Raise student aspiration and commitment to academic
806	achievement and work ethics through relevant coursework.
807	(e) Support graduation requirements pursuant to s. 1003.428
808	by providing creative, applied major areas of interest.
809	(e)(f) Promote acceleration mechanisms, such as dual
810	enrollment, articulated credit, or occupational completion
811	points, so that students may earn postsecondary credit while in
812	high school.

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 813 (f) (g) Support the state's economy by meeting industry 814 needs for skilled employees in high-demand occupations. (4) Each career and professional academy must: 815 816 (a) Provide a rigorous standards-based academic curriculum integrated with a career curriculum. The curriculum must take 817 into consideration multiple styles of student learning; promote 818 learning by doing through application and adaptation; maximize 819 820 relevance of the subject matter; enhance each student's capacity 821 to excel; and include an emphasis on work habits and work 822 ethics. 823 (b) Include one or more partnerships with postsecondary 824 institutions, businesses, industry, employers, economic 825 development organizations, or other appropriate partners from 826 the local community. Such partnerships shall be delineated in 827 articulation agreements to provide for career-based courses that 828 earn postsecondary credit. Such agreements may include 829 articulation between the academy and public or private 2-year 830 and 4-year postsecondary institutions and technical centers. The Department of Education, in consultation with the Board of 831 832 Governors, shall establish a mechanism to ensure articulation 833 and transfer of credits to postsecondary institutions in this 834 state. Such partnerships must provide opportunities for:

835 1. Instruction from highly skilled professionals who 836 possess industry-certification credentials for courses they are 837 teaching.

838 839

840

841

- Internships, externships, and on-the-job training.
 A postsecondary degree, diploma, or certificate.
- 4. The highest available level of industry certification.
- 5. Maximum articulation of credits pursuant to s. 1007.23

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upon program completion.

843 (c) Provide shared, maximum use of private sector 844 facilities and personnel.

(d) Provide personalized student advisement, including a parent-participation component, and coordination with middle schools to promote and support career exploration and education planning as required under s. 1003.4156. Coordination with middle schools must provide information to middle school students about secondary and postsecondary career education programs and academies.

(e) Promote and provide opportunities for career and
professional academy students to attain, at minimum, the Florida
Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award pursuant to s. 1009.536.

(f) Provide instruction in careers designated as high
growth, high demand, and high pay by the <u>regional</u> local
workforce development board, the chamber of commerce, <u>economic</u>
<u>development agencies</u>, or the Agency for Workforce Innovation.

(g) Deliver academic content through instruction relevant to the career, including intensive reading and mathematics intervention required by s. 1003.428, with an emphasis on strengthening reading for information skills.

863 (h) Offer applied courses that combine academic content864 with technical skills.

(i) Provide instruction resulting in competency,
certification, or credentials in workplace skills, including,
but not limited to, communication skills, interpersonal skills,
decisionmaking skills, the importance of attendance and
timeliness in the work environment, and work ethics.

870

(j) Include a plan to sustain career and professional

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 871 academies Provide opportunities for students to obtain the 872 Florida Ready to Work Certification pursuant to s. 1004.99. 873 (k) Include an evaluation plan developed jointly with the 874 Department of Education and the local workforce board. The 875 evaluation plan must include an assessment tool based on 876 national industry standards, such as the Career Academy National 877 Standards of Practice, and outcome measures, including, but not 878 limited to, achievement of national industry certifications 879 identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant 880 to rules adopted by the State Board of Education, graduation 881 rates, enrollment in postsecondary education, business and 882 industry satisfaction, employment and earnings, awards of 883 postsecondary credit and scholarships, and student achievement 884 levels and learning gains on statewide assessments administered 885 under s. 1008.22(3)(c). The Department of Education shall use 886 Workforce Florida, Inc., and Enterprise Florida, Inc., in 887 identifying industry experts to participate in developing and 888 implementing such assessments.

889 <u>(k) (m)</u> Redirect appropriated career funding to career and 890 professional academies.

891 (5) All career courses offered in a career and professional 892 academy must lead to industry certification or college credit 893 linked directly to the career theme of the course. If the 894 passage rate on an industry certification examination that is 895 associated with the career and professional academy falls below 896 50 percent, the academy must discontinue enrollment of new 897 students the following school year and each year thereafter 898 until such time as the passage rate is above 50 percent or the 899 academy is discontinued. At least 50 percent of students

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900	enrolled in a career course must achieve industry certifications
901	or college credits during the second year the course is offered
902	in order for the course to be offered a third year. At least 66
903	percent of students enrolled in such a course must achieve
904	industry certifications or college credits during the third year
905	the course is offered in order for it to be offered a fourth
906	year and thereafter.
907	(6) Workforce Florida, Inc., through the secondary career
908	academies initiatives, The Okaloosa County School District
909	CHOICE Institutes shall serve in an advisory role and shall
910	offer technical assistance in the development and deployment of
911	newly established career and professional academies for a 3-year
912	period beginning July 1, 2007.
913	Section 19. Section 1003.4935, Florida Statutes, is created
914	to read:
915	1003.4935 Middle school career and professional academy
916	courses
917	(1) Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, each district
918	school board, in collaboration with regional workforce boards,
919	economic development agencies, and state-approved postsecondary
920	institutions, shall include plans to implement a career and
921	professional academy in at least one middle school in the
922	district as part of the strategic 5-year plan pursuant to s.
923	1003.491(2). The middle school career and professional academy
924	component of the strategic plan must ensure the transition of
925	middle school career and professional academy students to a high
926	school career and professional academy currently operating
927	within the school district. Students who complete a middle
928	school career and professional academy must have the opportunity

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929	to earn an industry certificate and high school credit and
930	participate in career planning, job shadowing, and business
931	leadership development activities.
932	(2) Each middle school career and professional academy must
933	be aligned with at least one high school career and professional
934	academy offered in the district and maintain partnerships with
935	local business and industry and economic development boards.
936	Middle school career and professional academies must:
937	(a) Provide instruction in courses leading to careers in
938	occupations designated as high growth, high demand, and high pay
939	in the Industry Certification Funding List approved under rules
940	adopted by the State Board of Education;
941	(b) Offer career and professional academy courses that
942	integrate content from core subject areas;
943	(c) Offer courses that integrate career and professional
944	academy content with intensive reading and mathematics pursuant
945	to s. 1003.428;
946	(d) Coordinate with high schools to maximize opportunities
947	for middle school career and professional academy students to
948	earn high school credit;
949	(e) Provide access to virtual instruction courses provided
950	by virtual education providers legislatively authorized to
951	provide part-time instruction to middle school students which
952	are aligned to state curriculum standards for middle school
953	career and professional academy students, with priority given to
954	students who have required course deficits;
955	(f) Provide instruction from highly skilled professionals
956	who hold industry certificates in the career area in which they
957	teach;

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958	(g) Offer externships; and
959	(h) Provide personalized student advisement that includes a
960	parent-participation component.
961	(3) Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, if a school
962	district implements a middle school career and professional
963	academy, the Department of Education shall collect and report
964	student achievement data pursuant to performance factors
965	identified under s. 1003.492(3) for academy students.
966	Section 20. Section 1003.573, Florida Statutes, is amended
967	to read:
968	1003.573 Use of seclusion and restraint <u>and seclusion</u> on
969	students with disabilities
970	(1) DOCUMENTATION AND REPORTING
971	(a) A school shall prepare an incident report within 24
972	hours after a student is released from restraint or seclusion.
973	If the student's release occurs on a day before the school
974	closes for the weekend, a holiday, or another reason, the
975	incident report must be completed by the end of the school day
976	on the day the school reopens.
977	(b) The following must be included in the incident report:
978	1. The name of the student restrained or secluded.
979	2. The age and ethnicity and the eligibility of the student
980	restrained or secluded.
981	3.2. The date and time of the event and the duration of the
982	restraint or seclusion.
983	4.3. The location at which the restraint or seclusion
984	occurred.
985	5.4. A description of the type of restraint used in terms
986	established by the Department of Education.

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 987 6.5. The name of the person using or assisting in the 988 restraint or seclusion of the student. 989 7.6. The name of any nonstudent who was present to witness 990 the restraint or seclusion. 8.7. A description of the incident, including: 991 992 a. The context in which the restraint or seclusion 993 occurred. 994 b. The student's behavior leading up to and precipitating 995 the decision to use manual or physical restraint or seclusion, 996 including an indication as to why there was an imminent risk of 997 serious injury or death to the student or others. 998 c. The specific positive behavioral strategies used to 999 prevent and deescalate the behavior. 1000 d. What occurred with the student immediately after the 1001 termination of the restraint or seclusion. 1002 e. Any injuries, visible marks, or possible medical 1003 emergencies that may have occurred during the restraint or 1004 seclusion, documented according to district policies. 1005 f. Evidence of steps taken to notify the student's parent 1006 or guardian. 1007 (c) A school shall notify the parent or guardian of a 1008 student each time manual or physical restraint or seclusion is 1009 used. Such notification must be in writing and provided before 1010 the end of the school day on which the restraint or seclusion occurs. Reasonable efforts must also be taken to notify the 1011 1012 parent or guardian by telephone or computer e-mail, or both, and 1013 these efforts must be documented. The school shall obtain, and 1014 keep in its records, the parent's or guardian's signed 1015 acknowledgment that he or she was notified of his or her child's

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1016	restraint or seclusion.
1017	(d) A school shall also provide the parent or guardian with
1018	the completed incident report in writing by mail within 3 school
1019	days after a student was manually <u>or</u> physically restrained or
1020	secluded. The school shall obtain, and keep in its records, the
1021	parent's or guardian's signed acknowledgment that he or she
1022	received a copy of the incident report.
1023	(2) MONITORING
1024	(a) Monitoring of the use of manual <u>or</u> physical restraint
1025	or seclusion on students shall occur at the classroom, building,
1026	district, and state levels.
1027	(b) Beginning July 1, 2010, Documentation prepared as
1028	required in subsection (1) shall be provided to the school
1029	principal, the district director of Exceptional Student
1030	Education, and the bureau chief of the Bureau of Exceptional
1031	Education and Student Services electronically each month that
1032	the school is in session.
1033	(c) The department shall maintain aggregate data of
1034	incidents of manual <u>or</u> physical restraint and seclusion and
1035	disaggregate the data for analysis by county, school, student
1036	exceptionality, and other variables, including the type and
1037	method of restraint or seclusion used. This information shall be
1038	updated monthly.
1039	(d) The department shall establish standards for
1040	documenting, reporting, and monitoring the use of manual or
1041	physical restraint or mechanical restraint, and occurrences of
1042	seclusion. These standards shall be provided to school districts
1043	by October 1, 2011.
1044	(3) SCHOOL DISTRICT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

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1045	(a) Each school district shall develop policies and
1046	procedures that are consistent with this section and that govern
1047	the following:
1048	1. Incident-reporting procedures.
1049	2. Data collection and monitoring, including when, where,
1050	and why students are restrained or secluded; the frequency of
1051	occurrences of such restraint or seclusion; and the prone or
1052	mechanical restraint that is most used.
1053	3. Monitoring and reporting of data collected.
1054	4. Training programs relating to manual or physical
1055	restraint and seclusion.
1056	5. The district's plan for selecting personnel to be
1057	trained.
1058	6. The district's plan for reducing the use of restraint
1059	and seclusion particularly in settings in which it occurs
1060	frequently or with students who are restrained repeatedly, and
1061	for reducing the use of prone restraint and mechanical
1062	restraint. The plan must include a goal for reducing the use of
1063	restraint and seclusion and must include activities, skills, and
1064	resources needed to achieve that goal. Activities may include,
1065	but are not limited to:
1066	a. Additional training in positive behavioral support and
1067	crisis management;
1068	b. Parental involvement;
1069	c. Data review;
1070	d. Updates of students' functional behavioral analysis and
1071	positive behavior intervention plans;
1072	e. Additional student evaluations;
1073	f. Debriefing with staff;

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1074 g. Use of schoolwide positive behavior support; and 1075 h. Changes to the school environment. 1076 (b) Any revisions to the district's such policies and 1077 procedures, which must be prepared as part of its the school 1078 district's special policies and procedures, must be filed with 1079 the bureau chief of the Bureau of Exceptional Education and 1080 Student Services no later than January 31, 2012 2011. 1081 (4) PROHIBITED RESTRAINT.-School personnel may not use a 1082 mechanical restraint or a manual or physical restraint that 1083 restricts a student's breathing. 1084 (5) SECLUSION.-School personnel may not close, lock, or 1085 physically block a student in a room that is unlit and does not meet the rules of the State Fire Marshal for seclusion time-out 1086 1087 rooms. 1088 Section 21. Section 1003.575, Florida Statutes, is amended 1089 to read: 1090 1003.575 Assistive technology devices; findings; 1091 interagency agreements.-Accessibility, utilization, and coordination of appropriate assistive technology devices and 1092 1093 services are essential as a young person with disabilities moves 1094 from early intervention to preschool, from preschool to school, 1095 from one school to another, and from school to employment or 1096 independent living. If an individual education plan team makes a 1097 recommendation in accordance with State Board of Education rule for a student with a disability, as defined in s. 1003.01(3), to 1098 1099 receive an assistive technology assessment, that assessment must 1100 be completed within 60 school days after the team's 1101 recommendation. To ensure that an assistive technology device 1102 issued to a young person as part of his or her individualized

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1103 family support plan, individual support plan, or an individual 1104 education plan remains with the individual through such 1105 transitions, the following agencies shall enter into interagency 1106 agreements, as appropriate, to ensure the transaction of 1107 assistive technology devices: 1108 (1) The Florida Infants and Toddlers Early Intervention 1109 Program in the Division of Children's Medical Services of the 1110 Department of Health. (2) The Division of Blind Services, the Bureau of 1111 1112 Exceptional Education and Student Services, and the Division of 1113 Vocational Rehabilitation of the Department of Education. 1114 (3) The Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program 1115 administered by the Department of Education and the Agency for 1116 Workforce Innovation. 1117 1118 Interagency agreements entered into pursuant to this section 1119 shall provide a framework for ensuring that young persons with disabilities and their families, educators, and employers are 1120 informed about the utilization and coordination of assistive 1121 1122 technology devices and services that may assist in meeting 1123 transition needs, and shall establish a mechanism by which a 1124 young person or his or her parent may request that an assistive 1125 technology device remain with the young person as he or she 1126 moves through the continuum from home to school to postschool. 1127 Section 22. Effective upon this act becoming a law,

1127 Section 22. Effective upon this act becoming a faw, 1128 subsection (2) and paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1129 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 1130
- 1131

1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.-(2) NATIONAL <u>AND INTERNATIONAL</u> EDUCATION COMPARISONS.-It is

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1132 Florida's intent to participate in the measurement of national educational goals. The Commissioner of Education shall direct 1133 1134 Florida school districts to participate in the administration of 1135 the National Assessment of Educational Progress, or a similar 1136 national or international assessment program, both for the 1137 national sample and for any state-by-state comparison programs 1138 which may be initiated. The assessments must be conducted using 1139 the data collection procedures, the student surveys, the 1140 educator surveys, and other instruments included in the National 1141 Assessment of Educational Progress or similar national or 1142 international assessment program being administered in Florida. 1143 The results of these assessments shall be included in the annual 1144 report of the Commissioner of Education specified in this 1145 section, as applicable. The administration of the National 1146 Assessment of Educational Progress or similar national or 1147 international assessment program shall be in addition to and 1148 separate from the administration of the statewide assessment 1149 program.

1150 (3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.-The commissioner shall 1151 design and implement a statewide program of educational 1152 assessment that provides information for the improvement of the 1153 operation and management of the public schools, including 1154 schools operating for the purpose of providing educational 1155 services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. 1156 The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued 1157 administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation 1158 programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may 1159 be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may 1160 be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years.

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1161 The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or 1162 lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and 1163 related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the 1164 statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall: 1165 (c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing 1166 program as follows: 1167 1. The Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) 1168 measures a student's content knowledge and skills in reading, 1169 writing, science, and mathematics. The content knowledge and 1170 skills assessed by the FCAT must be aligned to the core 1171 curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine 1172 State Standards. Other content areas may be included as directed 1173 by the commissioner. Comprehensive assessments of reading and 1174 mathematics shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 1175 10 except, beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, the 1176 administration of grade 9 FCAT Mathematics shall be 1177 discontinued, and beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the 1178 administration of grade 10 FCAT Mathematics shall be 1179 discontinued, except as required for students who have not 1180 attained minimum performance expectations for graduation as 1181 provided in paragraph (9) (c). FCAT Writing and FCAT Science

1182 shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, 1183 and high school levels except, beginning with the 2011-2012 1184 school year, the administration of FCAT Science at the high 1185 school level shall be discontinued.

1186 2.a. End-of-course assessments for a subject shall be administered in addition to the comprehensive assessments required under subparagraph 1. End-of-course assessments must be rigorous, statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by

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602-04498-1120111696c21190the department. The content knowledge and skills assessed by1191end-of-course assessments must be aligned to the core curricular1192content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State1193Standards.

1194 (I) Statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in 1195 mathematics shall be administered according to this sub-sub-1196 subparagraph. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, all 1197 students enrolled in Algebra I or an equivalent course must take the Algebra I end-of-course assessment. Students who earned high 1198 1199 school credit in Algebra I while in grades 6 through 8 during 1200 the 2007-2008 through 2009-2010 school years and who have not 1201 taken Grade 10 FCAT Mathematics must take the Algebra I end-of-1202 course assessment during the 2010-2011 school year. For students 1203 entering grade 9 during the 2010-2011 school year and who are 1204 enrolled in Algebra I or an equivalent, each student's 1205 performance on the end-of-course assessment in Algebra I shall 1206 constitute 30 percent of the student's final course grade. 1207 Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school 1208 year, a student who is enrolled in Algebra I or an equivalent 1209 must earn a passing score on the end-of-course assessment in 1210 Algebra I or attain an equivalent score as described in 1211 subsection (11) in order to earn course credit. Beginning with 1212 the 2011-2012 school year, all students enrolled in geometry or 1213 an equivalent course must take the geometry end-of-course assessment. For students entering grade 9 during the 2011-2012 1214 1215 school year, each student's performance on the end-of-course 1216 assessment in geometry shall constitute 30 percent of the 1217 student's final course grade. Beginning with students entering 1218 grade 9 during the 2012-2013 school year, a student must earn a

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602-04498-1120111696c21219passing score on the end-of-course assessment in geometry or1220attain an equivalent score as described in subsection (11) in1221order to earn course credit.1222(II) Statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in

1223 science shall be administered according to this sub-sub-1224 subparagraph. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, all 1225 students enrolled in Biology I or an equivalent course must take 1226 the Biology I end-of-course assessment. For the 2011-2012 school 1227 year, each student's performance on the end-of-course assessment 1228 in Biology I shall constitute 30 percent of the student's final 1229 course grade. Beginning with students entering grade 9 during the 2012-2013 school year, a student must earn a passing score 1230 1231 on the end-of-course assessment in Biology I in order to earn 1232 course credit.

1233 b. During the 2012-2013 school year, an end-of-course 1234 assessment in civics education shall be administered as a field 1235 test at the middle school level. During the 2013-2014 school 1236 year, each student's performance on the statewide, standardized 1237 end-of-course assessment in civics education shall constitute 30 1238 percent of the student's final course grade. Beginning with the 1239 2014-2015 school year, a student must earn a passing score on 1240 the end-of-course assessment in civics education in order to 1241 pass the course and be promoted from the middle grades receive 1242 course credit. The school principal of a middle school shall 1243 determine, in accordance with State Board of Education rule, 1244 whether a student who transfers to the middle school and who has 1245 successfully completed a civics education course at the 1246 student's previous school must take an end-of-course assessment 1247 in civics education.

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1248 c. The commissioner may select one or more nationally 1249 developed comprehensive examinations, which may include, but 1250 need not be limited to, examinations for a College Board 1251 Advanced Placement course, International Baccalaureate course, 1252 or Advanced International Certificate of Education course, or 1253 industry-approved examinations to earn national industry 1254 certifications identified in the Industry Certification Funding 1255 List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education, 1256 for use as end-of-course assessments under this paragraph, if 1257 the commissioner determines that the content knowledge and 1258 skills assessed by the examinations meet or exceed the grade 1259 level expectations for the core curricular content established 1260 for the course in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. 1261 The commissioner may collaborate with the American Diploma 1262 Project in the adoption or development of rigorous end-of-course 1263 assessments that are aligned to the Next Generation Sunshine 1264 State Standards.

1265 d. Contingent upon funding provided in the General 1266 Appropriations Act, including the appropriation of funds 1267 received through federal grants, the Commissioner of Education 1268 shall establish an implementation schedule for the development 1269 and administration of additional statewide, standardized end-of-1270 course assessments in English/Language Arts II, Algebra II, 1271 chemistry, physics, earth/space science, United States history, 1272 and world history. Priority shall be given to the development of 1273 end-of-course assessments in English/Language Arts II. The 1274 Commissioner of Education shall evaluate the feasibility and 1275 effect of transitioning from the grade 9 and grade 10 FCAT 1276 Reading and high school level FCAT Writing to an end-of-course

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602-04498-1120111696c21277assessment in English/Language Arts II. The commissioner shall1278report the results of the evaluation to the President of the1279Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later1280than July 1, 2011.

1281 3. The testing program shall measure student content 1282 knowledge and skills adopted by the State Board of Education as 1283 specified in paragraph (a) and measure and report student performance levels of all students assessed in reading, writing, 1284 1285 mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the 1286 tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through 1287 contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public 1288 vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational 1289 institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain 1290 input with respect to the design and implementation of the 1291 testing program from state educators, assistive technology 1292 experts, and the public.

4. The testing program shall be composed of criterionreferenced tests that shall, to the extent determined by the commissioner, include test items that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the core content knowledge and skills he or she uses can be measured.

1298 5. FCAT Reading, Mathematics, and Science and all 1299 statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments shall measure 1300 the content knowledge and skills a student has attained on the 1301 assessment by the use of scaled scores and achievement levels. 1302 Achievement levels shall range from 1 through 5, with level 1 1303 being the lowest achievement level, level 5 being the highest 1304 achievement level, and level 3 indicating satisfactory 1305 performance on an assessment. For purposes of FCAT Writing,

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1306 student achievement shall be scored using a scale of 1 through 6 1307 and the score earned shall be used in calculating school grades. 1308 A score shall be designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The 1309 1310 school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction 1311 to students who score below these levels. 1312 6. The State Board of Education shall, by rule, designate a 1313 passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test and 1314 end-of-course assessments. Any rule that has the effect of 1315 raising the required passing scores may apply only to students 1316 taking the assessment for the first time after the rule is 1317 adopted by the State Board of Education. Except as otherwise 1318 provided in this subparagraph and as provided in s. 1319 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b), students must earn a 1320 passing score on grade 10 FCAT Reading and grade 10 FCAT

Mathematics or attain concordant scores as described in
subsection (10) in order to qualify for a standard high school
diploma.

1324 7. In addition to designating a passing score under 1325 subparagraph 6., the State Board of Education shall also 1326 designate, by rule, a score for each statewide, standardized 1327 end-of-course assessment which indicates that a student is high 1328 achieving and has the potential to meet college-readiness 1329 standards by the time the student graduates from high school.

8. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. A student who has not earned passing scores on the grade 10 FCAT as provided in subparagraph

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1335 6. must participate in each retake of the assessment until the 1336 student earns passing scores or achieves scores on a 1337 standardized assessment which are concordant with passing scores 1338 pursuant to subsection (10). If a student does not participate 1339 in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the 1340 student's parent and provide the parent with information 1341 regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. A parent 1342 must provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom 1343 instructional accommodations that would not be available or 1344 permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in 1345 writing that he or she understands the implications of such 1346 instructional accommodations. The State Board of Education shall 1347 adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for 1348 the provision of test accommodations for students in exceptional 1349 education programs and for students who have limited English 1350 proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a 1351 statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of 1352 the FCAT or an end-of-course assessment. However, instructional accommodations are allowable in the classroom if included in a 1353 1354 student's individual education plan. Students using 1355 instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not 1356 allowable as accommodations on the FCAT or an end-of-course 1357 assessment may have the FCAT or an end-of-course assessment 1358 requirement waived pursuant to the requirements of s. 1359 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b).

9. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.

1363

10. District school boards must provide instruction to

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1364 prepare students in the core curricular content established in 1365 the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards adopted under s. 1366 1003.41, including the core content knowledge and skills 1367 necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high 1368 school graduation. If a student is provided with instructional 1369 accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as 1370 accommodations in the statewide assessment program, as described 1371 in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in 1372 writing and must provide the parent with information regarding 1373 the impact on the student's ability to meet expected performance 1374 levels in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The 1375 commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that 1376 the required core curricular content is part of the district 1377 instructional programs.

1378 11. District school boards must provide opportunities for 1379 students to demonstrate an acceptable performance level on an 1380 alternative standardized assessment approved by the State Board 1381 of Education following enrollment in summer academies.

1382 12. The Department of Education must develop, or select, 1383 and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be 1384 used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools 1385 must accurately measure the core curricular content established 1386 in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.

1387 13. For students seeking a special diploma pursuant to s. 1388 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop or select and 1389 implement an alternate assessment tool that accurately measures 1390 the core curricular content established in the Next Generation 1391 Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities under s. 1392 1003.438.

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1393 14. The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules 1394 for the administration of statewide assessments and the 1395 reporting of student test results. When establishing the 1396 schedules for the administration of statewide assessments, the 1397 commissioner shall consider the observance of religious and 1398 school holidays. The commissioner shall, by August 1 of each 1399 year, notify each school district in writing and publish on the 1400 department's Internet website the testing and reporting 1401 schedules for, at a minimum, the school year following the 1402 upcoming school year. The testing and reporting schedules shall 1403 require that:

1404 a. There is the latest possible administration of statewide 1405 assessments and the earliest possible reporting to the school 1406 districts of student test results which is feasible within 1407 available technology and specific appropriations; however, test 1408 results for the FCAT must be made available no later than the 1409 week of June 8. Student results for end-of-course assessments 1410 must be provided no later than 1 week after the school district 1411 completes testing for each course. The commissioner may extend 1412 the reporting schedule under exigent circumstances.

b. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, FCAT Writing nay is not be administered earlier than the week of March 1 and a comprehensive statewide assessment of any other subject may is not be administered earlier than the week of April 15.

1417 c. A statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment is 1418 administered during a 3-week period at the end of the course. 1419 The commissioner shall select <u>an</u> a 3-week administration period 1420 for assessments that meets the intent of end-of-course 1421 assessments and provides student results prior to the end of the

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1422 course. School districts shall administer tests in accordance 1423 with the schedule determined by the commissioner select 1 testing week within the 3-week administration period for each 1424 1425 end-of-course assessment. For an end-of-course assessment 1426 administered at the end of the first semester, the commissioner 1427 shall determine the most appropriate testing dates based on a 1428 review of each school district's academic calendar. 1429 1430 The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from 1431 school districts, design and implement student testing programs, 1432 for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively 1433 monitor educational achievement in the state, including the measurement of educational achievement of the Next Generation 1434 1435 Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities. 1436 Development and refinement of assessments shall include 1437 universal design principles and accessibility standards that 1438 will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with 1439 disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the 1440 test. These principles should be applicable to all technology 1441 platforms and assistive devices available for the assessments. 1442 The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the 1443 statewide assessment program must include an appropriate 1444 percentage of students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the effect of test items on such students. 1445 Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 1008.30, Florida 1446 1447 Statutes, is amended to read:

1448 1008.30 Common placement testing for public postsecondary 1449 education.-

1450

(3) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules that

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1451 require high schools to evaluate before the beginning of grade 1452 12 the college readiness of each student who indicates an 1453 interest in postsecondary education and scores at Level 2 or 1454 Level 3 on the reading portion of the grade 10 FCAT or Level 2, 1455 Level 3, or Level 4 on the mathematics assessments under s. 1456 1008.22(3)(c). High schools shall perform this evaluation using 1457 results from the corresponding component of the common placement 1458 test prescribed in this section, or an equivalent test 1459 identified by the State Board of Education. The State Board 1460 Department of Education shall identify in rule purchase or 1461 develop the assessments necessary to perform the evaluations required by this subsection and shall work with the school 1462 1463 districts to administer the assessments. The State Board of 1464 Education shall establish by rule the minimum test scores a 1465 student must achieve to demonstrate readiness. Students who 1466 demonstrate readiness by achieving the minimum test scores 1467 established by the state board and enroll in a community college 1468 within 2 years of achieving such scores shall not be required to 1469 retest or enroll in remediation when admitted courses as a 1470 condition of acceptance to any community college. The high school shall use the results of the test to advise the students 1471 1472 of any identified deficiencies and to the maximum extent practicable provide 12th grade students, and require them to 1473 1474 complete, access to appropriate postsecondary preparatory 1475 remedial instruction prior to high school graduation. The 1476 curriculum remedial instruction provided under this subsection 1477 shall be identified in rule by the State Board of Education and encompass Florida's Postsecondary Readiness Competencies. Other 1478 1479 elective courses may not be substituted for the selected

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1480 postsecondary reading, mathematics, or writing preparatory 1481 course unless the elective course covers the same competencies included in the postsecondary reading, mathematics, or writing 1482 1483 preparatory course a collaborative effort between secondary and 1484 postsecondary educational institutions. To the extent courses 1485 are available, the Florida Virtual School may be used to provide 1486 the remedial instruction required by this subsection. 1487 Section 24. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and subsection 1488 (4) of section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1489 1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.-1490 (3) 1491 (b) For the purpose of determining whether a public school 1492 requires action to achieve a sufficient level of school 1493 improvement, beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, the 1494 Department of Education shall annually categorize a public 1495 school in one of six categories based on the following: 1496 1. A school's grade based upon statewide assessments 1497 administered pursuant to s. 1008.22; and 1498 2. school's grade, pursuant to s. 1008.34, and The level 1499 and rate of change in student performance in the areas of 1500 reading and mathematics, disaggregated into student subgroups as 1501 described in the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II). 1502 1503 (4) The Department of Education shall create a matrix that 1504 reflects intervention and support strategies to address the 1505 particular needs of schools in each category. 1506 (a) Intervention and support strategies shall be applied to 1507 schools based upon the school categorization pursuant to 1508 paragraph (3) (b). The Department of Education shall apply the

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1509	most intense intervention strategies to the lowest-performing
1510	schools. For all but the lowest category and "F" schools in the
1511	second lowest category, the intervention and support strategies
1512	shall be administered solely by the districts and the schools.
1513	(b) The lowest-performing schools are schools that <u>are</u>
1514	categorized pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) and have received:
1515	1. A grade of "F" in the most recent school year and in 4
1516	of the last 6 years; or
1517	2. A grade of "D" or "F" in the most recent school year and
1518	meet at least three of the following criteria:
1519	a. The percentage of students who are not proficient in
1520	reading has increased when compared to measurements taken 5
1521	years previously;
1522	b. The percentage of students who are not proficient in
1523	mathematics has increased when compared to measurements taken 5
1524	years previously;
1525	c. At least 65 percent of the school's students are not
1526	proficient in reading; or
1527	d. At least 65 percent of the school's students are not
1528	proficient in mathematics.
1529	Section 25. Paragraph (h) is added to subsection (2) of
1530	section 1008.331, Florida Statutes, to read:
1531	1008.331 Supplemental educational services in Title I
1532	schools; school district, provider, and department
1533	responsibilities
1534	(2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND PROVIDER
1535	(h) Notwithstanding a provider's submission to the
1536	department regarding the premethods and postmethods to be used
1537	to determine student learning gains, beginning with the 2011-

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1538	2012 school year, a school board may include in its district
1539	contract with a provider a requirement to use a uniform
1540	standardized assessment, if the department is notified of such
1541	intent before services are provided to the student.
1542	Section 26. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) of
1543	section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1544	1008.34 School grading system; school report cards;
1545	district grade
1546	(3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES
1547	(b)1. A school's grade shall be based on a combination of:
1548	a. Student achievement scores, including achievement on all
1549	FCAT assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)1., end-of-
1550	course assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., and
1551	achievement scores for students seeking a special diploma.
1552	b. Student learning gains in reading and mathematics as
1553	measured by FCAT and end-of-course assessments, as described in
1554	s. 1008.22(3)(c)1. and 2.a. Learning gains for students seeking
1555	a special diploma, as measured by an alternate assessment tool,
1556	shall be included not later than the 2009-2010 school year.
1557	c. Improvement of the lowest 25th percentile of students in
1558	the school in reading and mathematics on the FCAT or end-of-
1559	course assessments described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., unless
1560	these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.
1561	2. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, for schools
1562	comprised of middle school grades 6 through 8 or grades 7 and 8,
1563	the school's grade shall include the performance and
1564	participation of its students enrolled in high school level
1565	courses with end-of-course assessments administered under s.
1566	1008.22(3)(c)2.a. Performance and participation must be weighted

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602-04498-1120111696c21567equally. As valid data becomes available, the school grades1568shall include the students' attainment of national industry1569certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding1570List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.

1571 <u>3.2.</u> Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year for schools 1572 comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 1573 11, and 12, 50 percent of the school grade shall be based on a 1574 combination of the factors listed in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-c. 1575 and the remaining 50 percent on the following factors:

1576

a. The high school graduation rate of the school;

1577 b. As valid data becomes available, the performance and 1578 participation of the school's students in College Board Advanced 1579 Placement courses, International Baccalaureate courses, dual 1580 enrollment courses, and Advanced International Certificate of 1581 Education courses; and the students' achievement of national 1582 industry certification identified in the Industry Certification 1583 Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of 1584 Education;

1585 c. Postsecondary readiness of the school's students as 1586 measured by the SAT, ACT, or the common placement test;

1587 d. The high school graduation rate of at-risk students who 1588 scored at Level 2 or lower on the grade 8 FCAT Reading and 1589 Mathematics examinations;

e. As valid data becomes available, the performance of the school's students on statewide standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.b. and c.; and

1593 f. The growth or decline in the components listed in sub-1594 subparagraphs a.-e. from year to year.

1595

(c) Student assessment data used in determining school

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1596 grades shall include:

1597 1. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled 1598 in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT and statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in courses required for 1599 1600 high school graduation, including, beginning with the 2010-2011 1601 school year, the end-of-course assessment in Algebra I; and 1602 beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the end-of-course 1603 assessments in geometry and Biology; and beginning with the 1604 2013-2014 school year, on the statewide, standardized end-of-1605 course assessment in civics education at the middle school 1606 level.

1607 2. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled 1608 in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT and end-of-1609 course assessments as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., and who 1610 have scored at or in the lowest 25th percentile of students in 1611 the school in reading and mathematics, unless these students are 1612 exhibiting satisfactory performance.

1613 3. The achievement scores and learning gains of eligible 1614 students attending alternative schools that provide dropout 1615 prevention and academic intervention services pursuant to s. 1616 1003.53. The term "eligible students" in this subparagraph does 1617 not include students attending an alternative school who are 1618 subject to district school board policies for expulsion for 1619 repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval 1620 programs serving students who have officially been designated as 1621 dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the 1622 Department of Juvenile Justice. The student performance data for 1623 eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall be 1624 included in the calculation of the home school's grade. As used

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1625 in this subparagraph section and s. 1008.341, the term "home 1626 school" means the school to which the student would be assigned 1627 if the student were not assigned to an alternative school. If an 1628 alternative school chooses to be graded under this section, 1629 student performance data for eligible students identified in 1630 this subparagraph shall not be included in the home school's 1631 grade but shall be included only in the calculation of the 1632 alternative school's grade. A school district that fails to 1633 assign the FCAT and end-of-course assessment as described in s. 1634 1008.22(3)(c)2.a. scores of each of its students to his or her 1635 home school or to the alternative school that receives a grade 1636 shall forfeit Florida School Recognition Program funds for 1 1637 fiscal year. School districts must require collaboration between 1638 the home school and the alternative school in order to promote 1639 student success. This collaboration must include an annual 1640 discussion between the principal of the alternative school and 1641 the principal of each student's home school concerning the most 1642 appropriate school assignment of the student.

<u>4. The achievement scores and learning gains of students</u>
<u>designated as hospital or homebound. Student assessment data for</u>
<u>students designated as hospital or homebound shall be assigned</u>
<u>to their home school for the purposes of school grades. As used</u>
<u>in this subparagraph, the term "home school" means the school to</u>
<u>which a student would be assigned if the student were not</u>
<u>assigned to a hospital or homebound program.</u>

1650 <u>5.4.</u> For schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, 1651 and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the data listed in 1652 subparagraphs 1.-3. and the following data as the Department of 1653 Education determines such data are valid and available:

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a. The high school graduation rate of the school ascalculated by the Department of Education;

1656 b. The participation rate of all eligible students enrolled 1657 in the school and enrolled in College Board Advanced Placement 1658 courses; International Baccalaureate courses; dual enrollment 1659 courses; Advanced International Certificate of Education 1660 courses; and courses or sequence of courses leading to national 1661 industry certification identified in the Industry Certification 1662 Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of 1663 Education:

1664 c. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled 1665 in the school in College Board Advanced Placement courses, 1666 International Baccalaureate courses, and Advanced International 1667 Certificate of Education courses;

1668 d. Earning of college credit by all eligible students 1669 enrolled in the school in dual enrollment programs under s. 1670 1007.271;

1671 e. Earning of a national industry certification identified
1672 in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules
1673 adopted by the State Board of Education;

1674 f. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled 1675 in the school in reading, mathematics, and other subjects as 1676 measured by the SAT, the ACT, and the common placement test for 1677 postsecondary readiness;

1678 g. The high school graduation rate of all eligible at-risk 1679 students enrolled in the school who scored at Level 2 or lower 1680 on the grade 8 FCAT Reading and Mathematics examinations;

h. The performance of the school's students on statewidestandardized end-of-course assessments administered under s.

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1683	1008.22(3)(c)2.b. and c.; and
1684	i. The growth or decline in the data components listed in
1685	sub-subparagraphs ah. from year to year.
1686	
1687	The State Board of Education shall adopt appropriate criteria
1688	for each school grade. The criteria must also give added weight
1689	to student achievement in reading. Schools designated with a
1690	grade of "C," making satisfactory progress, shall be required to
1691	demonstrate that adequate progress has been made by students in
1692	the school who are in the lowest 25th percentile in reading and
1693	mathematics on the FCAT and end-of-course assessments as
1694	described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., unless these students are
1695	exhibiting satisfactory performance. Beginning with the 2009-
1696	2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9,
1697	10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the criteria for
1698	school grades must also give added weight to the graduation rate
1699	of all eligible at-risk students, as defined in this paragraph.
1700	Beginning in the 2009-2010 school year, in order for a high
1701	school to be designated as having a grade of "A," making
1702	excellent progress, the school must demonstrate that at-risk
1703	students, as defined in this paragraph, in the school are making
1704	adequate progress.
1705	Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
1706	1011.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1707	1011.01 Budget system established
1708	(3)(a) Each district school board and each community
1709	college board of trustees shall prepare, adopt, and submit to
1710	the Commissioner of Education for review an annual operating

1711 budget. Operating budgets shall be prepared and submitted in

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1712	accordance with the provisions of law, rules of the State Board
1713	of Education, the General Appropriations Act, and for district
1714	school boards in accordance with the provisions of ss. 200.065
1715	and 1011.64.
1716	Section 28. Subsection (4) of section 1011.03, Florida
1717	Statutes, is amended to read:
1718	1011.03 Public hearings; budget to be submitted to
1719	Department of Education
1720	(4) The board shall hold public hearings to adopt tentative
1721	and final budgets pursuant to s. 200.065. The hearings shall be
1722	primarily for the purpose of hearing requests and complaints
1723	from the public regarding the budgets and the proposed tax
1724	levies and for explaining the budget and proposed or adopted
1725	amendments thereto, if any. The district school board shall then
1726	require the superintendent to transmit forthwith two copies of
1727	the adopted budget to the Department of Education for approval
1728	as prescribed by law and rules of the State Board of Education.
1729	Section 29. Section 1011.035, Florida Statutes, is created
1730	to read:
1731	1011.035 School district budget transparency
1732	(1) It is important for school districts to provide
1733	budgetary transparency to enable taxpayers, parents, and
1734	education advocates to obtain school district budget and related
1735	information in a manner that is simply explained and easily
1736	understandable. Budgetary transparency leads to more responsible
1737	spending, more citizen involvement, and improved accountability.
1738	A budget that is not transparent, accessible, and accurate
1739	cannot be properly analyzed, its implementation thoroughly
1740	monitored, or its outcomes evaluated.

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1741	(2) Each district school board shall post on its website a
1742	plain language version of each proposed, tentative, and official
1743	budget which describes each budget item in terms that are easily
1744	understandable to the public. This information must be
1745	prominently posted on the school district's website in a manner
1746	that is readily accessible to the public.
1747	(3) Each district school board is encouraged to post the
1748	following information on its website:
1749	(a) Timely information as to when a budget hearing will be
1750	conducted.
1751	(b) Each contract between the district school board and the
1752	teachers' union.
1753	(c) Each contract between the district school board and
1754	noninstructional staff.
1755	(d) Each contract exceeding \$35,000 between the school
1756	board and a vendor of services, supplies, or programs or for the
1757	purchase or lease of lands, facilities, or properties.
1758	(e) Each contract exceeding \$35,000 that is an emergency
1759	procurement or is with a single source as authorized under s.
1760	287.057(3).
1761	(f) Recommendations of the citizens' budget advisory
1762	committee.
1763	(g) Current and archived video recordings of each district
1764	school board meeting and workshop.
1765	(4) The website should contain links to:
1766	(a) Help explain or provide background information on
1767	various budget items that are required by state or federal law.
1768	(b) Allow users to navigate to related sites to view
1769	supporting details.

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1770 (c) Enable taxpayers, parents, and education advocates to 1771 send e-mails asking questions about the budget and enable others 1772 to view the questions and responses. Section 30. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 1773 1774 1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1775 1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.-If the annual 1776 allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the 1777 1778 annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing 1779 the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as 1780 follows: 1781 (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR 1782 OPERATION.-The following procedure shall be followed in 1783 determining the annual allocation to each district for 1784 operation: 1785 (e) Funding model for exceptional student education 1786 programs.-1787 1.a. The funding model uses basic, at-risk, support levels IV and V for exceptional students and career Florida Education 1788 1789 Finance Program cost factors, and a guaranteed allocation for 1790 exceptional student education programs. Exceptional education 1791 cost factors are determined by using a matrix of services to 1792 document the services that each exceptional student will 1793 receive. The nature and intensity of the services indicated on the matrix shall be consistent with the services described in 1794 1795 each exceptional student's individual educational plan. The 1796 Department of Education shall review and revise the descriptions 1797 of the services and supports included in the matrix of services 1798 for exceptional students and shall implement those revisions

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1799 before the beginning of the 2012-2013 school year.

1800 b. In order to generate funds using one of the two weighted 1801 cost factors, a matrix of services must be completed at the time 1802 of the student's initial placement into an exceptional student 1803 education program and at least once every 3 years by personnel 1804 who have received approved training. Nothing listed in the 1805 matrix shall be construed as limiting the services a school 1806 district must provide in order to ensure that exceptional 1807 students are provided a free, appropriate public education.

1808 c. Students identified as exceptional, in accordance with 1809 chapter 6A-6, Florida Administrative Code, who do not have a 1810 matrix of services as specified in sub-subparagraph b. shall 1811 generate funds on the basis of full-time-equivalent student 1812 membership in the Florida Education Finance Program at the same 1813 funding level per student as provided for basic students. 1814 Additional funds for these exceptional students will be provided 1815 through the guaranteed allocation designated in subparagraph 2.

1816 2. For students identified as exceptional who do not have a 1817 matrix of services and students who are gifted in grades K 1818 through 8, there is created a guaranteed allocation to provide 1819 these students with a free appropriate public education, in 1820 accordance with s. 1001.42(4)(m) and rules of the State Board of 1821 Education, which shall be allocated annually to each school 1822 district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations 1823 Act. These funds shall be in addition to the funds appropriated 1824 on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education 1825 Finance Program, and the amount allocated for each school 1826 district shall not be recalculated during the year. These funds 1827 shall be used to provide special education and related services

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1828 for exceptional students and students who are gifted in grades K 1829 through 8. Beginning with the 2007-2008 fiscal year, a 1830 district's expenditure of funds from the guaranteed allocation 1831 for students in grades 9 through 12 who are gifted may not be 1832 greater than the amount expended during the 2006-2007 fiscal 1833 year for gifted students in grades 9 through 12. 1834 Section 31. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1835 1012.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1836 1012.39 Employment of substitute teachers, teachers of 1837 adult education, nondegreed teachers of career education, and 1838 career specialists; students performing clinical field 1839 experience.-1840 (1) Notwithstanding ss. 1012.32, 1012.55, 1012.56, and 1841 1012.57, or any other provision of law or rule to the contrary, 1842 each district school board shall establish the minimal 1843 qualifications for: 1844 (c) Part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career 1845 programs. Qualifications shall be established for nondegreed teachers of career and technical education courses for program 1846 1847 clusters that are recognized in the state and are agriculture, 1848 business, health occupations, family and consumer sciences, 1849 industrial, marketing, career specialist, and public service 1850 education teachers, based primarily on successful occupational 1851 experience rather than academic training. The qualifications for 1852 such teachers shall require: 1853 1. The filing of a complete set of fingerprints in the same

1853 manner as required by s. 1012.32. Faculty employed solely to
1855 conduct postsecondary instruction may be exempted from this
1856 requirement.

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602-04498-11 20111696c2 1857 2. Documentation of education and successful occupational 1858 experience including documentation of: 1859 a. A high school diploma or the equivalent. 1860 b. Completion of 6 years of full-time successful 1861 occupational experience or the equivalent of part-time 1862 experience in the teaching specialization area. The district 1863 school board may establish alternative qualifications for teachers with an industry certification in the career area in 1864 1865 which they teach. Alternate means of determining successful 1866 occupational experience may be established by the district school board. 1867

1868c. Completion of career education training conducted1869through the local school district inservice master plan.

1870 d. For full-time teachers, completion of professional
1871 education training in teaching methods, course construction,
1872 lesson planning and evaluation, and teaching special needs
1873 students. This training may be completed through coursework from
1874 an accredited or approved institution or an approved district
1875 teacher education program.

1876

e. Demonstration of successful teaching performance.

1877f. Documentation of industry certification when state or1878national industry certifications are available and applicable.

1879 Section 32. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 1880 act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon 1881 this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 1882 2011.

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