By Senator Storms

	10-00409B-11 20111744
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to abortions; amending s. 390.0111,
3	F.S.; requiring that an ultrasound be performed on a
4	woman obtaining an abortion; providing exceptions;
5	specifying who may perform an ultrasound; requiring
6	that the ultrasound be reviewed with the patient
7	before the woman gives informed consent for the
8	abortion procedure; specifying who may review the
9	ultrasound with the patient; requiring that the woman
10	certify in writing that she declined to review the
11	ultrasound and did so of her own free will and without
12	undue influence; providing an exemption from the
13	requirement to view the ultrasound for women who have
14	a serious medical condition necessitating the
15	abortion; revising requirements for written materials;
16	amending s. 390.012, F.S.; requiring an ultrasound for
17	all patients regardless of when the abortion is
18	performed; providing exceptions; requiring that live
19	ultrasound images be reviewed and explained to the
20	patient; requiring compliance with all other
21	provisions in s. 390.0111, F.S., if the patient
22	declines to view the live ultrasound images; providing
23	for severability; providing an effective date.
24	
25	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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27	Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 390.0111, Florida
28	Statutes, is amended to read:
29	390.0111 Termination of pregnancies

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30	(3) CONSENTS REQUIRED.—A termination of pregnancy may not
31	be performed or induced except with the voluntary and informed
32	written consent of the pregnant woman or, in the case of a
33	mental incompetent, the voluntary and informed written consent
34	of her court-appointed guardian.
35	(a) Except in the case of a medical emergency, consent to a
36	termination of pregnancy is voluntary and informed only if:
37	1. The physician who is to perform the procedure, or the
38	referring physician, has, at a minimum, orally, in person,
39	informed the woman of:
40	a. The nature and risks of undergoing or not undergoing the
41	proposed procedure that a reasonable patient would consider
42	material to making a knowing and willful decision of whether to
43	terminate a pregnancy.
44	b. The probable gestational age of the fetus, verified by
45	an ultrasound, at the time the termination of pregnancy is to be
46	performed.
47	(I) The ultrasound must be performed by the physician who
48	is to perform the abortion or by a person who has documented
49	evidence that he or she has completed a course in the operation
50	of ultrasound equipment as prescribed by rule and who is working
51	in conjunction with the physician. Such person or the physician
52	may not perform the ultrasound if, at the time the woman
53	schedules or arrives for her appointment to obtain an abortion,
54	a copy of a restraining order, police report, medical record, or
55	other court order or documentation is presented which provides
56	evidence that the woman is obtaining the abortion because she is
57	a victim of rape, incest, domestic violence, or human
58	trafficking.

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59	(II) The person performing the ultrasound must allow the
60	woman to view the live ultrasound images, and a physician,
61	registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, advanced registered
62	nurse practitioner, or physician assistant working in
63	conjunction with the physician must contemporaneously review and
64	explain the live ultrasound images to the woman before the woman
65	gives informed consent to having an abortion procedure
66	performed. However, this sub-sub-subparagraph does not apply if,
67	at the time the woman schedules or arrives for her appointment
68	to obtain an abortion, a copy of a medical record or
69	documentation is presented which provides evidence that the
70	woman has been diagnosed as having a condition that, on the
71	basis of a physician's good faith clinical judgment, would
72	create a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment
73	of a major bodily function if the woman delayed terminating her
74	pregnancy.
75	(III) The woman has a right to decline to view the
76	ultrasound images after she is informed of her right and offered
77	an opportunity to view them. If the woman declines to view the
78	ultrasound images, the woman shall complete a form acknowledging
79	that she was offered an opportunity to view her ultrasound but
80	that she rejected that opportunity. The form must also indicate
81	that the woman's decision not to view the ultrasound was not
82	based on any undue influence from any third party to discourage
83	her from viewing the images and that she declined to view the
84	images of her own free will.
85	c. The medical risks to the woman and fetus of carrying the
86	pregnancy to term.
87	2. Printed materials prepared and provided by the

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88	department have been provided to the pregnant woman, if she
89	chooses to view these materials, including:
90	a. A description of the fetus, including a description of
91	the various stages of development.
92	b. A list of <u>entities</u> agencies that offer alternatives to
93	terminating the pregnancy.
94	c. Detailed information on the availability of medical
95	assistance benefits for prenatal care, childbirth, and neonatal
96	care.
97	3. The woman acknowledges in writing, before the
98	termination of pregnancy, that the information required to be
99	provided under this subsection has been provided.
100	
101	Nothing in This paragraph <u>does not</u> is intended to prohibit a
102	physician from providing any additional information that which
103	the physician deems material to the woman's informed decision to
104	terminate her pregnancy.
105	(b) <u>If</u> In the event a medical emergency exists and a
106	physician cannot comply with the requirements for informed
107	consent, a physician may terminate a pregnancy if he or she has
108	obtained at least one corroborative medical opinion attesting to
109	the medical necessity for emergency medical procedures and to
110	the fact that to a reasonable degree of medical certainty the
111	continuation of the pregnancy would threaten the life of the
112	pregnant woman. <u>If a</u> In the event no second physician is <u>not</u>
113	available for a corroborating opinion, the physician may proceed
114	but shall document reasons for the medical necessity in the
115	patient's medical records.
116	(c) Violation of this subsection by a physician constitutes

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117	grounds for disciplinary action under s. 458.331 or s. 459.015.
118	Substantial compliance or reasonable belief that complying with
119	the requirements of informed consent would threaten the life or
120	health of the patient is a defense to any action brought under
121	this paragraph.
122	Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
123	390.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
124	390.012 Powers of agency; rules; disposal of fetal
125	remains
126	(3) For clinics that perform or claim to perform abortions
127	after the first trimester of pregnancy, the agency shall adopt
128	rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the
129	provisions of this chapter, including the following:
130	(d) Rules relating to the medical screening and evaluation
131	of each abortion clinic patient. At a minimum, these rules shall
132	require:
133	1. A medical history including reported allergies to
134	medications, antiseptic solutions, or latex; past surgeries; and
135	an obstetric and gynecological history.
136	2. A physical examination, including a bimanual examination
137	estimating uterine size and palpation of the adnexa.
138	3. The appropriate laboratory tests, including:
139	a. For an abortion in which an ultrasound examination is
140	not performed before the abortion procedure, Urine or blood
141	tests for pregnancy performed before the abortion procedure.
142	b. A test for anemia.
143	c. Rh typing, unless reliable written documentation of
144	blood type is available.
145	d. Other tests as indicated from the physical examination.

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10-00409B-1120111744_1464. An ultrasound evaluation for each patient, except for a147patient who, at the time the patient schedules or arrives for148her appointment to obtain an abortion, presents a copy of a149restraining order, police report, medical record, or other court150order or documentation as evidence that the patient is obtaining151the abortion because she is a victim of rape, incest, domestic152violence, or human trafficking all patients who elect to have an153abortion after the first trimester. The rules shall require that154if a person who is not a physician performs an ultrasound155examination, that person must shall have documented evidence156that he or she has completed a course in the operation of157ultrasound equipment as prescribed in rule. The physician,
patient who, at the time the patient schedules or arrives for her appointment to obtain an abortion, presents a copy of a restraining order, police report, medical record, or other court order or documentation as evidence that the patient is obtaining the abortion because she is a victim of rape, incest, domestic violence, or human trafficking all patients who elect to have an abortion after the first trimester. The rules shall require that if a person who is not a physician performs an ultrasound examination, that person <u>must</u> shall have documented evidence that he or she has completed a course in the operation of
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156 that he or she has completed a course in the operation of
157 ultrasound equipment as prescribed in rule. The physician,
158 registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, advanced registered
159 nurse practitioner, or physician assistant shall review and
160 explain, at the request of the patient, the live ultrasound
161 <u>images</u> evaluation results, including an estimate of the probable
162 gestational age of the fetus, with the patient before the
163 abortion procedure is performed, unless the patient declines to
164 view the live ultrasound images pursuant to s. 390.0111, in
165 which case the rules shall require compliance with s. 390.0111
166 <u>in all other respects</u> .
167 5. That the physician is responsible for estimating the
168 gestational age of the fetus based on the ultrasound examination
169 and obstetric standards in keeping with established standards of
170 care regarding the estimation of fetal age as defined in rule
171 and shall write the estimate in the patient's medical history.
172 The physician shall keep original prints of each ultrasound
173 examination of a patient in the patient's medical history file.
174 Section 3. If any provision of this act or its application

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175	to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity
176	does not affect other provisions or applications of the act
177	which can be given effect without the invalid provision or
178	application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
179	severable.
180	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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