

By Senator Rich

34-01239-11

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1                   A bill to be entitled  
2           An act relating to corporate income taxes; amending s.  
3           220.13, F.S.; limiting deductions of certain  
4           intangible expenses, licensing fees, and management  
5           fees paid by a taxpayer to a related entity; creating  
6           exceptions to the limitations on deductions; requiring  
7           the adjustment of the income of a related entity under  
8           certain circumstances; limiting the number of times  
9           certain items may be added or subtracted from taxable  
10          income; specifying information relating to  
11          transactions with related entities which must be  
12          contained in a corporate income tax return; providing  
13          that the failure of a taxpayer to add certain amounts  
14          to a taxpayer's income or to provide complete  
15          information in a tax return is negligence for which a  
16          penalty may be imposed; authorizing the Department of  
17          Revenue to adopt rules; specifying the applicability  
18          of the act; providing an effective date.

19  
20 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

21  
22           Section 1. Section 220.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to  
23 read:

24           220.13 "Adjusted federal income" defined; transactions with  
25 related entities.-

26           (1) ADJUSTMENTS TO TAXABLE INCOME.-The term "adjusted  
27 federal income" means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable  
28 income as defined in subsection (2), or such taxable income of  
29 more than one taxpayer as provided in s. 220.131, for the

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30 taxable year, adjusted as follows:

31 (a) *Additions*.—There shall be added to such taxable income:

32 1. The amount of any tax upon or measured by income,  
33 excluding taxes based on gross receipts or revenues, paid or  
34 accrued as a liability to the District of Columbia or any state  
35 of the United States which is deductible from gross income in  
36 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.

37 2. The amount of interest which is excluded from taxable  
38 income under s. 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or any other  
39 federal law, less the associated expenses disallowed in the  
40 computation of taxable income under s. 265 of the Internal  
41 Revenue Code or any other law, excluding 60 percent of any  
42 amounts included in alternative minimum taxable income, as  
43 defined in s. 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the  
44 taxpayer pays tax under s. 220.11(3).

45 3. In the case of a regulated investment company or real  
46 estate investment trust, an amount equal to the excess of the  
47 net long-term capital gain for the taxable year over the amount  
48 of the capital gain dividends attributable to the taxable year.

49 4. That portion of the wages or salaries paid or incurred  
50 for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit  
51 allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.181. This  
52 subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016  
53 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

54 5. That portion of the ad valorem school taxes paid or  
55 incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of  
56 the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.182. This  
57 subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016  
58 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

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59           6. The amount of emergency excise tax paid or accrued as a  
60 liability to this state under chapter 221 which tax is  
61 deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable  
62 income for the taxable year.

63           7. That portion of assessments to fund a guaranty  
64 association incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the  
65 amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year.

66           8. In the case of a nonprofit corporation that ~~which~~ holds  
67 a pari-mutuel permit and ~~which~~ is exempt from federal income tax  
68 as a farmers' cooperative, an amount equal to the excess of the  
69 gross income attributable to the pari-mutuel operations over the  
70 attributable expenses for the taxable year.

71           9. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under  
72 s. 220.1895.

73           10. Up to nine percent of the eligible basis of any  
74 designated project which is equal to the credit allowable for  
75 the taxable year under s. 220.185.

76           11. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under  
77 s. 220.1875. The addition in this subparagraph is intended to  
78 ensure that the same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes  
79 of this state as both a deduction from income and a credit  
80 against the tax. This addition is not intended to result in  
81 adding the same expense back to income more than once.

82           12. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under  
83 s. 220.192.

84           13. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under  
85 s. 220.193.

86           14. Any portion of a qualified investment, as defined in s.  
87 288.9913, which is claimed as a deduction by the taxpayer and

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88 taken as a credit against income tax pursuant to s. 288.9916.

89 15. The costs to acquire a tax credit pursuant to s.  
90 288.1254(5) which that are deducted from or otherwise reduce  
91 federal taxable income for the taxable year.

92 (b) *Subtractions.*—

93 1. There shall be subtracted from such taxable income:

94 a. The net operating loss deduction allowable for federal  
95 income tax purposes under s. 172 of the Internal Revenue Code  
96 for the taxable year,

97 b. The net capital loss allowable for federal income tax  
98 purposes under s. 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code for the  
99 taxable year,

100 c. The excess charitable contribution deduction allowable  
101 for federal income tax purposes under s. 170(d)(2) of the  
102 Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year, and

103 d. The excess contributions deductions allowable for  
104 federal income tax purposes under s. 404 of the Internal Revenue  
105 Code for the taxable year.

106

107 However, a net operating loss and a capital loss shall never be  
108 carried back as a deduction to a prior taxable year, but all  
109 deductions attributable to such losses shall be deemed net  
110 operating loss carryovers and capital loss carryovers,  
111 respectively, and treated in the same manner, to the same  
112 extent, and for the same time periods as are prescribed for such  
113 carryovers in ss. 172 and 1212, respectively, of the Internal  
114 Revenue Code.

115 2. There shall be subtracted from such taxable income any  
116 amount to the extent included therein the following:

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117 a. Dividends treated as received from sources without the  
118 United States, as determined under s. 862 of the Internal  
119 Revenue Code.

120 b. All amounts included in taxable income under s. 78 or s.  
121 951 of the Internal Revenue Code.

122

123 However, as to any amount subtracted under this subparagraph,  
124 there shall be added to such taxable income all expenses  
125 deducted on the taxpayer's return for the taxable year which are  
126 attributable, directly or indirectly, to such subtracted amount.  
127 Further, no amount shall be subtracted with respect to dividends  
128 paid or deemed paid by a Domestic International Sales  
129 Corporation.

130 3. In computing "adjusted federal income" for taxable years  
131 beginning after December 31, 1976, there shall be allowed as a  
132 deduction the amount of wages and salaries paid or incurred  
133 within this state for the taxable year for which no deduction is  
134 allowed pursuant to s. 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code  
135 (relating to credit for employment of certain new employees).

136 4. There shall be subtracted from such taxable income any  
137 amount of nonbusiness income included therein.

138 5. There shall be subtracted any amount of taxes of foreign  
139 countries allowable as credits for taxable years beginning on or  
140 after September 1, 1985, under s. 901 of the Internal Revenue  
141 Code to any corporation that ~~which~~ derived less than 20 percent  
142 of its gross income or loss for its taxable year ended in 1984  
143 from sources within the United States, as described in s.  
144 861(a)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, not including credits  
145 allowed under ss. 902 and 960 of the Internal Revenue Code,

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146 withholding taxes on dividends within the meaning of sub-  
147 subparagraph 2.a., and withholding taxes on royalties, interest,  
148 technical service fees, and capital gains.

149 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, except  
150 with respect to amounts subtracted pursuant to subparagraphs 1.  
151 and 3., any increment of any apportionment factor which is  
152 directly related to an increment of gross receipts or income  
153 which is deducted, subtracted, or otherwise excluded in  
154 determining adjusted federal income shall be excluded from both  
155 the numerator and denominator of such apportionment factor.  
156 Further, all valuations made for apportionment factor purposes  
157 shall be made on a basis consistent with the taxpayer's method  
158 of accounting for federal income tax purposes.

159 (c) *Installment sales occurring after October 19, 1980.*—

160 1. In the case of any disposition made after October 19,  
161 1980, the income from an installment sale shall be taken into  
162 account for the purposes of this code in the same manner that  
163 such income is taken into account for federal income tax  
164 purposes.

165 2. Any taxpayer who regularly sells or otherwise disposes  
166 of personal property on the installment plan and reports the  
167 income therefrom on the installment method for federal income  
168 tax purposes under s. 453(a) of the Internal Revenue Code shall  
169 report such income in the same manner under this code.

170 (d) *Nonallowable deductions.*—A deduction for net operating  
171 losses, net capital losses, or excess contributions deductions  
172 under ss. 170(d)(2), 172, 1212, and 404 of the Internal Revenue  
173 Code which has been allowed in a prior taxable year for Florida  
174 tax purposes shall not be allowed for Florida tax purposes,

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175 notwithstanding the fact that such deduction has not been fully  
176 utilized for federal tax purposes.

177 (e) *Adjustments related to the Federal Economic Stimulus*  
178 *Act of 2008 and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of*  
179 *2009.*—Taxpayers shall be required to make the adjustments  
180 prescribed in this paragraph for Florida tax purposes in  
181 relation to certain tax benefits received pursuant to the  
182 Economic Stimulus Act of 2008 and the American Recovery and  
183 Reinvestment Act of 2009.

184 1. There shall be added to such taxable income an amount  
185 equal to 100 percent of any amount deducted for federal income  
186 tax purposes as bonus depreciation for the taxable year pursuant  
187 to ss. 167 and 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
188 amended by s. 103 of Pub. L. No. 110-185 and s. 1201 of Pub. L.  
189 No. 111-5, for property placed in service after December 31,  
190 2007, and before January 1, 2010. For the taxable year and for  
191 each of the 6 subsequent taxable years, there shall be  
192 subtracted from such taxable income an amount equal to one-  
193 seventh of the amount by which taxable income was increased  
194 pursuant to this subparagraph, notwithstanding any sale or other  
195 disposition of the property that is the subject of the  
196 adjustments and regardless of whether such property remains in  
197 service in the hands of the taxpayer.

198 2. There shall be added to such taxable income an amount  
199 equal to 100 percent of any amount in excess of \$128,000  
200 deducted for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year  
201 pursuant to s. 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as  
202 amended by s. 102 of Pub. L. No. 110-185 and s. 1202 of Pub. L.  
203 No. 111-5, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007,

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204 and before January 1, 2010. For the taxable year and for each of  
205 the 6 subsequent taxable years, there shall be subtracted from  
206 such taxable income one-seventh of the amount by which taxable  
207 income was increased pursuant to this subparagraph,  
208 notwithstanding any sale or other disposition of the property  
209 that is the subject of the adjustments and regardless of whether  
210 such property remains in service in the hands of the taxpayer.

211 3. There shall be added to such taxable income an amount  
212 equal to the amount of deferred income not included in such  
213 taxable income pursuant to s. 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue  
214 Code of 1986, as amended by s. 1231 of Pub. L. No. 111-5. There  
215 shall be subtracted from such taxable income an amount equal to  
216 the amount of deferred income included in such taxable income  
217 pursuant to s. 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,  
218 as amended by s. 1231 of Pub. L. No. 111-5.

219 4. Subtractions available under this paragraph may be  
220 transferred to the surviving or acquiring entity following a  
221 merger or acquisition and used in the same manner and with the  
222 same limitations as specified by this paragraph.

223 5. The additions and subtractions specified in this  
224 paragraph are intended to adjust taxable income for Florida tax  
225 purposes, and, notwithstanding any other provision of this code,  
226 such additions and subtractions shall be permitted to change a  
227 taxpayer's net operating loss for Florida tax purposes.

228 (2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, a taxpayer's  
229 taxable income for the taxable year means taxable income as  
230 defined in s. 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and properly  
231 reportable for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year,  
232 but subject to the limitations set forth in paragraph (1)(b)



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233 with respect to the deductions provided by ss. 172 (relating to  
234 net operating losses), 170(d)(2) (relating to excess charitable  
235 contributions), 404(a)(1)(D) (relating to excess pension trust  
236 contributions), 404(a)(3)(A) and (B) (to the extent relating to  
237 excess stock bonus and profit-sharing trust contributions), and  
238 1212 (relating to capital losses) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
239 except that, subject to the same limitations, the term:

240 (a) "Taxable income," in the case of a life insurance  
241 company subject to the tax imposed by s. 801 of the Internal  
242 Revenue Code, means life insurance company taxable income;  
243 however, for purposes of this code, the total of any amounts  
244 subject to tax under s. 815(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code  
245 pursuant to s. 801(c) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not  
246 exceed, cumulatively, the total of any amounts determined under  
247 s. 815(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended,  
248 from January 1, 1972, to December 31, 1983;

249 (b) "Taxable income," in the case of an insurance company  
250 subject to the tax imposed by s. 831(b) of the Internal Revenue  
251 Code, means taxable investment income;

252 (c) "Taxable income," in the case of an insurance company  
253 subject to the tax imposed by s. 831(a) of the Internal Revenue  
254 Code, means insurance company taxable income;

255 (d) "Taxable income," in the case of a regulated investment  
256 company subject to the tax imposed by s. 852 of the Internal  
257 Revenue Code, means investment company taxable income;

258 (e) "Taxable income," in the case of a real estate  
259 investment trust subject to the tax imposed by s. 857 of the  
260 Internal Revenue Code, means the income subject to tax, computed  
261 as provided in s. 857 of the Internal Revenue Code;

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262 (f) "Taxable income," in the case of a corporation that  
263 ~~which~~ is a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing  
264 a consolidated income tax return for the taxable year for  
265 federal income tax purposes, means taxable income of such  
266 corporation for federal income tax purposes as if such  
267 corporation had filed a separate federal income tax return for  
268 the taxable year and each preceding taxable year for which it  
269 was a member of an affiliated group, unless a consolidated  
270 return for the taxpayer and others is required or elected under  
271 s. 220.131;

272 (g) "Taxable income," in the case of a cooperative  
273 corporation or association, means the taxable income of such  
274 organization determined in accordance with the provisions of ss.  
275 1381-1388 of the Internal Revenue Code;

276 (h) "Taxable income," in the case of an organization that  
277 ~~which~~ is exempt from the federal income tax by reason of s.  
278 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, means its unrelated  
279 business taxable income as determined under s. 512 of the  
280 Internal Revenue Code;

281 (i) "Taxable income," in the case of a corporation for  
282 which there is in effect for the taxable year an election under  
283 s. 1362(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, means the amounts  
284 subject to tax under s. 1374 or s. 1375 of the Internal Revenue  
285 Code for each taxable year;

286 (j) "Taxable income," in the case of a limited liability  
287 company, other than a limited liability company classified as a  
288 partnership for federal income tax purposes, as defined in and  
289 organized pursuant to chapter 608 or qualified to do business in  
290 this state as a foreign limited liability company or other than

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291 a similar limited liability company classified as a partnership  
292 for federal income tax purposes and created as an artificial  
293 entity pursuant to the statutes of the United States or any  
294 other state, territory, possession, or jurisdiction, if such  
295 limited liability company or similar entity is taxable as a  
296 corporation for federal income tax purposes, means taxable  
297 income determined as if such limited liability company were  
298 required to file or had filed a federal corporate income tax  
299 return under the Internal Revenue Code;

300 (k) "Taxable income," in the case of a taxpayer liable for  
301 the alternative minimum tax as defined in s. 55 of the Internal  
302 Revenue Code, means the alternative minimum taxable income as  
303 defined in s. 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, less the  
304 exemption amount computed under s. 55(d) of the Internal Revenue  
305 Code. A taxpayer is not liable for the alternative minimum tax  
306 unless the taxpayer's federal tax return, or related federal  
307 consolidated tax return, if included in a consolidated return  
308 for federal tax purposes, reflect a liability on the return  
309 filed for the alternative minimum tax as defined in s. 55(b)(2)  
310 of the Internal Revenue Code;

311 (l) "Taxable income," in the case of a taxpayer whose  
312 taxable income is not otherwise defined in this subsection,  
313 means the sum of amounts to which a tax rate specified in s. 11  
314 of the Internal Revenue Code plus the amount to which a tax rate  
315 specified in s. 1201(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code are  
316 applied for federal income tax purposes.

317 (3) LIMITATIONS ON DEDUCTIONS OF INTANGIBLE EXPENSES AND  
318 FEES WITH A RELATED ENTITY.-

319 (a) Definitions.-As used in this subsection, the term:

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320       1. "Intangible expenses" means the following amounts to the  
321 extent that these amounts are allowed as deductions in  
322 determining federal taxable income under the Internal Revenue  
323 Code before the application of any net operating loss deduction  
324 and special deductions for the taxable year:

325           a. Expenses, losses, and costs directly or indirectly for,  
326 related to, or in association with the acquisition, use,  
327 maintenance, management, ownership, sale, exchange, or other  
328 disposition of intangible property;

329           b. Royalty, patent, technical, trademark, and copyright  
330 fees;

331           c. Licensing fees; or

332           d. Other substantially similar expenses and costs,  
333 including, but not limited to, interest and losses from  
334 factoring transactions.

335       2. "Intangible property" means patents, patent  
336 applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks,  
337 copyrights, trade secrets, and substantially similar types of  
338 intangible assets.

339       3. "Interest expenses" means amounts that are allowed as  
340 deductions under s. 163 of the Internal Revenue Code in  
341 determining federal taxable income before the application of any  
342 net operating loss deductions and special deductions for the  
343 taxable year.

344       4. "Management fees" means expenses and costs paid for  
345 services, including, but not limited to, management overhead,  
346 management supervision, accounts receivable and payable,  
347 employee benefit plans, insurance, legal, payroll, data  
348 processing, purchasing, tax, financial and securities, billing,

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349 accounting, reporting and compliance, or similar services, only  
350 to the extent that the amounts are allowed as a deduction, cost,  
351 or expense in determining taxable net income under the Internal  
352 Revenue Code before the application of any net operating loss  
353 deduction and special deductions for the taxable year.

354 5. "Recipient" means a related entity that is paid an item  
355 of income that corresponds to an intangible expense, interest  
356 expense, or management fee.

357 6. "Related entity" means an artificial entity that would  
358 be a member of the taxpayer's affiliated group under s. 1504 of  
359 the Internal Revenue Code during all or any portion of the  
360 taxable year using an ownership percentage of 50 percent instead  
361 of 80 percent. The term includes any entity, other than a  
362 natural person, which would be included in the affiliated group  
363 based upon a 50 percent ownership percentage if the entity was  
364 organized as a corporation.

365 (b) Additions.—Except as provided in paragraph (c), in  
366 determining its adjusted federal income under this section and  
367 s. 220.131, a corporation subject to tax shall add to its  
368 taxable income:

- 369 1. Intangible expenses;
- 370 2. Interest expenses; and
- 371 3. Management fees,

372  
373 paid, accrued, or incurred directly or indirectly with a related  
374 entity. For income received from a pass-through entity or a  
375 disregarded entity, the corporation is deemed to have received  
376 its share of the income and the expenses of the pass-through  
377 entity or disregarded entity for purposes of this subsection.

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378 (c) Special exceptions.—Except as provided in paragraph  
379 (d), the addition of intangible expenses, interest expenses, or  
380 management fees otherwise required in a taxable year under this  
381 subsection for a specific transaction with a related entity is  
382 not required if one of the following apply:

383 1. The taxpayer and the recipient are included in the same  
384 Florida consolidated tax return filed under s. 220.131 for the  
385 taxable year.

386 2. The taxpayer and the executive director or his or her  
387 designee agree in writing to alternative computations or  
388 adjustments. The executive director or his or her designee may  
389 enter into such an agreement only if the taxpayer has clearly  
390 established to the satisfaction of the executive director or his  
391 or her designee that the addition is unreasonable and that the  
392 proposed alternative method of determining the measure of the  
393 tax accurately reflects the activity, business, income, and  
394 capital of the taxpayers within this state. The agreement must  
395 be signed by the executive director or his or her designee. The  
396 term of the agreement may not exceed 4 years.

397 3. The taxpayer makes a disclosure on its return and  
398 establishes all of the following by clear and convincing  
399 evidence:

400 a. The recipient was subject to an income tax or franchise  
401 tax measured in whole or part by net income in its state or  
402 country of commercial domicile, or in the state of commercial  
403 domicile in which an intangible is required by contract to be  
404 held, and

405 (I) The tax base for the income or franchise tax included  
406 the intangible expense, management fee, or interest expense

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407 paid, accrued, or incurred by the taxpayer;

408 (II) The aggregate effective tax rate applied was at least  
409 5.5 percent;

410 (III) If the recipient is a foreign corporation, the  
411 foreign nation has a comprehensive income tax treaty with the  
412 United States; and

413 (IV) The recipient did not receive a credit, exemption, or  
414 exclusion for the net income from its intangible income,  
415 management fee income, or interest income, or the credit,  
416 exemption, or exclusion received was 75 percent or less of the  
417 net income.

418 b. The transaction did not have Florida tax avoidance as a  
419 principle purpose.

420 c. The recipient regularly engages in the same types of  
421 transactions with third parties.

422 d. The transaction was made at a commercially reasonable  
423 rate and at arms-length terms similar to those with third  
424 parties.

425 4. The taxpayer makes a disclosure on its return and  
426 establishes all of the following by clear and convincing  
427 evidence:

428 a. The related entity, during the same taxable year,  
429 directly or indirectly incurred and paid the amount of the  
430 intangible expense, interest expense, and management fee to a  
431 person or entity that is not a related entity.

432 b. The transaction was done for a valid business purpose.

433 c. The payments were limited to reimbursement of the  
434 amounts paid to a person or entity that is not a related entity.

435 d. The unrelated person or entity regularly engages in the

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436 same types of transactions with third parties on a substantial  
437 basis.

438 (d) Limitation on special exceptions.—The exceptions  
439 described in subparagraphs (c)3. and (c)4. do not apply to:

440 1. Interest paid by a taxpayer in connection with a debt  
441 incurred to acquire the taxpayer's or a related entity's assets  
442 or stock in a transaction referenced in s. 368 of the Internal  
443 Revenue Code. For purposes of this subparagraph, acquisition  
444 interest paid by a taxpayer to a person or entity that is not a  
445 related entity is deemed to be made to a related entity.

446 2. Intangible property acquired directly or indirectly from  
447 the taxpayer or from a related entity.

448 3. Those instances in which the related entity is primarily  
449 engaged in managing, acquiring, or maintaining intangible  
450 property or related-party financing and a primary purpose of the  
451 transaction was the avoidance of Florida tax.

452 4. Those instances in which the taxpayer files with the  
453 related entity or the related entity files with another related  
454 entity an income tax return or report and the return or report  
455 is due because of the imposition of a tax on or measured by  
456 income or the income tax return or report results in the  
457 elimination of the tax effects from transactions directly or  
458 indirectly between the taxpayer and the related member.

459 (e) Adjustment to the taxable income of a related entity.—  
460 To the extent that a taxpayer is required to make an adjustment  
461 under paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) for a specific related  
462 entity transaction, the corresponding related entity must make a  
463 corresponding subtraction to its taxable income if the income of  
464 the related entity is subject to tax in this state.



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465 (f) Adjustment of net operating loss carryover.—The amount  
466 of a taxpayer's net operating loss carryover from tax years  
467 ending before December 31, 2011, to a tax year ending on or  
468 after December 31, 2011, must be adjusted to account for the  
469 addition of intangible expenses, interest expenses, and  
470 management fees under this subsection. However, this calculation  
471 may not increase the amount of a net operating loss carryover.

472 (g) Limitation on additions to income.—This subsection does  
473 not require a taxpayer to add to its Florida taxable income more  
474 than once any amount of interest expenses, intangible expenses,  
475 or management fees that the taxpayer pays, accrues, or incurs to  
476 a related entity.

477 (h) Limitations on subtractions to income.—This subsection  
478 does not allow any item to be subtracted from adjusted federal  
479 income more than once a subtraction for any item that is  
480 excluded from income, or any item to be included in the adjusted  
481 federal income of more than one taxpayer.

482 (i) Authority to make adjustments.—This subsection does not  
483 limit or negate the authority of the executive director to make  
484 adjustments under s. 220.131(2), s. 220.44, or s. 220.152.

485 (j) Required information for a return.—Each taxpayer shall  
486 provide the following information to the department along with  
487 its tax return regarding each related entity transaction:

- 488 1. The name of the recipient;
- 489 2. The state or country of domicile of the recipient;
- 490 3. The amount paid to the recipient; and
- 491 4. A complete description of the payment made to the  
492 recipient.

493 (k) Negligence.—The failure of a taxpayer to add to its

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494 income an amount paid directly or indirectly to a related party  
495 or to provide complete information along with the tax return is  
496 evidence of negligence within the meaning of s. 220.803(1).

497 (1) Rulemaking.—The department may adopt rules and forms  
498 necessary to administer this subsection, including, but not  
499 limited to, forms and rules for reporting transactions with  
500 related entities.

501 Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law,  
502 and applies to tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011.