1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to Medicaid; amending s. 409.904,
3	F.S.; providing for funding the Medicaid reimbursement
4	for certain persons age 65 or older while the optional
5	program is being phased out; renaming the "medically
6	needy" program as the "Medicaid nonpoverty medical
7	subsidy"; limiting certain categories of persons
8	eligible for the subsidy to only physician services
9	after a certain date; amending s. 409.905, F.S.;
10	deleting the hospitalist program; amending s. 409.908,
11	F.S.; revising the factors for calculating the maximum
12	allowable fee for pharmaceutical ingredient costs;
13	directing the Agency for Health Care Administration to
14	establish reimbursement rates for the next fiscal
15	year; amending s. 409.9082, F.S.; revising the
16	aggregated amount of the quality assessment for
17	nursing home facilities; exempting certain nursing
18	home facilities from the quality assessment; amending
19	s. 409.911, F.S.; updating references to data to be
20	used for the disproportionate share program; amending
21	s. 409.9112, F.S.; extending the prohibition against
22	distributing moneys under the regional perinatal
23	intensive care centers disproportionate share program
24	for another year; amending s. 409.9113, F.S.;
25	extending the disproportionate share program for
26	teaching hospitals for another year; amending s.
27	409.9117, F.S.; extending the prohibition against
28	distributing moneys under the primary care
29	disproportionate share program for another year;

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30	amending s. 409.912, F.S.; allowing the agency to
31	continue to contract for electronic access to certain
32	pharmacology drug information; eliminating the
33	requirement to implement a wireless handheld clinical
34	pharmacology drug information database for
35	practitioners; revising the factors for calculating
36	the maximum allowable fee for pharmaceutical
37	ingredient costs; amending ss. 409.9122, 409.915, and
38	409.9301, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made
39	by the act; providing an effective date.
40	
41	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
42	
43	Section 1. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 409.904,
44	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
45	409.904 Optional payments for eligible persons.—The agency
46	may make payments for medical assistance and related services on
47	behalf of the following persons who are determined to be
48	eligible subject to the income, assets, and categorical
49	eligibility tests set forth in federal and state law. Payment on
50	behalf of these Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the
51	availability of moneys and any limitations established by the
52	General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.
53	(1) Effective January 1, 2006, and Subject to federal
54	waiver approval, a person who is age 65 or older or is
55	determined to be disabled, whose income is at or below 88
56	percent of the federal poverty level, whose assets do not exceed
57	established limitations, and who is not eligible for Medicare
58	or, if eligible for Medicare, is also eligible for and receiving
I	

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59 Medicaid-covered institutional care services, hospice services, 60 or home and community-based services. The agency shall seek federal authorization through a waiver to provide this coverage. 61 62 This eligibility category subsection expires June 30, 2011. 63 However, for the purpose of phasing out this category, the 64 agency may continue making payments through March 31, 2012. 65 (2) (a) A family, a pregnant woman, a child under age 21, a 66 person age 65 or over, or a blind or disabled person, who would 67 be eligible under any group listed in s. 409.903(1), (2), or 68 (3), except that the income or assets of such family or person 69 exceed established limitations is eligible for the Medicaid 70 nonpoverty medical subsidy, which includes the same services as 71 those provided to other Medicaid recipients, with the exception 72 of services in skilled nursing facilities and intermediate care 73 facilities for the developmentally disabled. For a family or 74 person in one of these coverage groups, medical expenses are 75 deductible from income in accordance with federal requirements 76 in order to make a determination of eligibility. Effective April 77 1, 2012, a family, a person age 65 or older, or a blind or 78 disabled person is eligible to receive physician services only. 79 A family or person eligible under the coverage known as the 80 "medically needy," is eligible to receive the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with the exception of services in 81 82 skilled nursing facilities and intermediate care facilities for 83 the developmentally disabled. This paragraph expires June 30, 84 2011. 85 (b) Effective July 1, 2011, a pregnant woman or a child 86 younger than 21 years of age who would be eligible under any

87 group listed in s. 409.903, except that the income or assets of

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88 such group exceed established limitations. For a person in one 89 of these coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from income in accordance with federal requirements in order to make 90 91 a determination of eligibility. A person eligible under the 92 coverage known as the "medically needy" is eligible to receive the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with the 93 94 exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and 95 intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled. 96 Section 2. Paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of subsection (5) of section 409.905, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 97 98 409.905 Mandatory Medicaid services.-The agency may make 99 payments for the following services, which are required of the 100 state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by 101 Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any 102 103 service under this section shall be provided only when medically 104 necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. 105 Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. Nothing in 106 107 this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency 108 from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, 109 number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments 110 necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any 111 limitations or directions provided for in the General 112 Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

(5) HOSPITAL INPATIENT SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for all covered services provided for the medical care and treatment of a recipient who is admitted as an inpatient by a licensed physician or dentist to a hospital licensed under part I of

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117 chapter 395. However, the agency shall limit the payment for 118 inpatient hospital services for a Medicaid recipient 21 years of 119 age or older to 45 days or the number of days necessary to 120 comply with the General Appropriations Act. 121 (d) The agency shall implement a hospitalist program in 122 nonteaching hospitals, select counties, or statewide. The 123 program shall require hospitalists to manage Medicaid 124 recipients' hospital admissions and lengths of stay. Individuals 125 who are dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid are exempted 126 from this requirement. Medicaid participating physicians and 127 other practitioners with hospital admitting privileges shall coordinate and review admissions of Medicaid recipients with the 128 129 hospitalist. The agency may competitively bid a contract for selection of a single qualified organization to provide 130 131 hospitalist services. The agency may procure hospitalist 132 services by individual county or may combine counties in a single procurement. The qualified organization shall contract 133 with or employ board-eligible physicians in Miami-Dade, Palm 134 135 Beach, Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties. The agency is 136 authorized to seek federal waivers to implement this program.

137 (d) (e) The agency shall implement a comprehensive 138 utilization management program for hospital neonatal intensive 139 care stays in certain high-volume participating hospitals, select counties, or statewide, and shall replace existing 140 hospital inpatient utilization management programs for neonatal 141 142 intensive care admissions. The program shall be designed to 143 manage the lengths of stay for children being treated in 144 neonatal intensive care units and must seek the earliest medically appropriate discharge to the child's home or other 145

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146 less costly treatment setting. The agency may competitively bid 147 a contract for <u>the</u> selection of a qualified organization to 148 provide neonatal intensive care utilization management services. 149 The agency <u>may</u> is authorized to seek any federal waivers to 150 implement this initiative.

(e) (f) The agency may develop and implement a program to
 reduce the number of hospital readmissions among the non Medicare population eligible in areas 9, 10, and 11.

Section 3. Subsections (14) and (23) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

156 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.-Subject to 157 specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid 158 providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according 159 to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in 160 policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. 161 These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement 162 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency 163 164 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or 165 goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based 166 on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost 167 report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate 168 for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester 169 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected 170 171 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost 172 reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost 173 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the 174

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175 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 176 provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. 177 Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent 178 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, 179 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or 180 making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 181 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 182 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent. 183

184 (14) A provider of prescribed drugs shall be reimbursed the 185 least of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual 186 and customary charge, or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee 187 established by the agency, plus a dispensing fee. The Medicaid maximum allowable fee for ingredient cost must will be based on 188 189 the lowest lower of: the average wholesale price (AWP) minus 190 16.4 percent, the wholesaler acquisition cost (WAC) plus 1.5 191 4.75 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the state maximum 192 allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary (UAC) charge 193 billed by the provider.

(a) Medicaid providers <u>must</u> are required to dispense
generic drugs if available at lower cost and the agency has not
determined that the branded product is more cost-effective,
unless the prescriber has requested and received approval to
require the branded product.

(b) The agency <u>shall</u> is directed to implement a variable
 dispensing fee for payments for prescribed medicines while
 ensuring continued access for Medicaid recipients. The variable
 dispensing fee may be based upon, but not limited to, either or
 both the volume of prescriptions dispensed by a specific

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204 pharmacy provider, the volume of prescriptions dispensed to an 205 individual recipient, and dispensing of preferred-drug-list 206 products.

207 (c) The agency may increase the pharmacy dispensing fee 208 authorized by statute and in the annual General Appropriations 209 Act by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a Medicaid preferred-drug-210 list product and reduce the pharmacy dispensing fee by \$0.50 for 211 the dispensing of a Medicaid product that is not included on the 212 preferred drug list.

(d) The agency may establish a supplemental pharmaceutical dispensing fee to be paid to providers returning unused unitdose packaged medications to stock and crediting the Medicaid program for the ingredient cost of those medications if the ingredient costs to be credited exceed the value of the supplemental dispensing fee.

(e) The agency <u>may</u> is authorized to limit reimbursement for prescribed medicine in order to comply with any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, which may include implementing a prospective or concurrent utilization review program.

(23) (a) The agency shall establish rates at a level that
ensures no increase in statewide expenditures resulting from a
change in unit costs for 2 fiscal years effective July 1, 2009.

227 (a) Reimbursement rates for the <u>2011-2012 state fiscal year</u>
 228 2 fiscal years shall be as provided in the General
 229 Appropriations Act.

(b) This subsection applies to the following providertypes:

232 1. Inpatient hospitals.

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i	
233	2. Outpatient hospitals.
234	3. Nursing homes.
235	4. County health departments.
236	5. Community intermediate care facilities for the
237	developmentally disabled.
238	6. Prepaid health plans.
239	(c) The agency shall apply the effect of this subsection to
240	the reimbursement rates for nursing home diversion programs.
241	(c) The agency shall create a workgroup on hospital
242	reimbursement, a workgroup on nursing facility reimbursement,
243	and a workgroup on managed care plan payment. The workgroups
244	shall evaluate alternative reimbursement and payment
245	methodologies for hospitals, nursing facilities, and managed
246	care plans, including prospective payment methodologies for
247	hospitals and nursing facilities. The nursing facility workgroup
248	shall also consider price-based methodologies for indirect care
249	and acuity adjustments for direct care. The agency shall submit
250	a report on the evaluated alternative reimbursement
251	methodologies to the relevant committees of the Senate and the
252	House of Representatives by November 1, 2009.
253	(d) This subsection expires June 30, <u>2012</u> 2011 .
254	Section 4. Subsection (2) and paragraph (d) of subsection
255	(3) of section 409.9082, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
256	409.9082 Quality assessment on nursing home facility
257	providers; exemptions; purpose; federal approval required;
258	remedies
259	(2) Effective April 1, 2009, <u>a quality assessment</u> there is
260	imposed upon each nursing home facility a quality assessment.
261	The aggregated amount of assessments for all nursing home

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262 facilities in a given year may shall be an amount not exceed the 263 maximum percentage exceeding 5.5 percent of the total aggregate 264 net patient service revenue of assessed facilities allowed under 265 federal law. The agency shall calculate the quality assessment 266 rate annually on a per-resident-day basis, exclusive of those 267 resident days funded by the Medicare program, as reported by the 268 facilities. The per-resident-day assessment rate must shall be 269 uniform except as prescribed in subsection (3). Each facility 270 shall report monthly to the agency its total number of resident days, exclusive of Medicare Part A resident days, and shall 271 272 remit an amount equal to the assessment rate times the reported 273 number of days. The agency shall collect, and each facility 274 shall pay, the quality assessment each month. The agency shall 275 collect the assessment from nursing home facility providers by no later than the 15th day of the next succeeding calendar 276 277 month. The agency shall notify providers of the quality 278 assessment and provide a standardized form to complete and 279 submit with payments. The collection of the nursing home 280 facility quality assessment shall commence no sooner than 5 days 281 after the agency's initial payment of the Medicaid rates 282 containing the elements prescribed in subsection (4). Nursing 283 home facilities may not create a separate line-item charge for 284 the purpose of passing through the assessment through to 285 residents.

(3)

286

(d) Effective July 1, <u>2011</u> 2009, the agency <u>shall may</u>
exempt from the quality assessment <u>any</u> or apply a lower quality
assessment rate to a qualified public, nonstate-owned or
operated nursing home facility whose total annual indigent

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291 census days are greater than <u>15</u> 25 percent of the facility's 292 total annual census days.

293 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 294 409.911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

295 409.911 Disproportionate share program.-Subject to specific 296 allocations established within the General Appropriations Act 297 and any limitations established pursuant to chapter 216, the agency shall distribute, pursuant to this section, moneys to 298 299 hospitals providing a disproportionate share of Medicaid or 300 charity care services by making quarterly Medicaid payments as 301 required. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 409.915, counties 302 are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special 303 reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of 304 low-income patients.

305 (2) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall use the 306 following actual audited data to determine the Medicaid days and 307 charity care to be used in calculating the disproportionate 308 share payment:

(a) The average of the <u>2004, 2005, and 2006</u> 2003, 2004, and
2005 audited disproportionate share data to determine each
hospital's Medicaid days and charity care for the <u>2011-2012</u>
2010-2011 state fiscal year.

313 Section 6. Section 409.9112, Florida Statutes, is amended 314 to read:

315 409.9112 Disproportionate share program for regional 316 perinatal intensive care centers.—In addition to the payments 317 made under s. 409.911, the agency shall design and implement a 318 system for making disproportionate share payments to those 319 hospitals that participate in the regional perinatal intensive

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320 care center program established pursuant to chapter 383. The 321 system of payments must conform to federal requirements and 322 distribute funds in each fiscal year for which an appropriation 323 is made by making quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding 324 s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the 325 cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a 326 disproportionate share of low-income patients. For the 2011-2012 327 2010-2011 state fiscal year, the agency may not distribute 328 moneys under the regional perinatal intensive care centers 329 disproportionate share program. 330 (1) The following formula shall be used by the agency to 331 calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate 332 in the regional perinatal intensive care center program: 333 334 TAE = HDSP/THDSP335 336 Where: 337 TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive 338 care center. 339 HDSP = the prior state fiscal year regional perinatal 340 intensive care center disproportionate share payment to the 341 individual hospital. 342 THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total regional 343 perinatal intensive care center disproportionate share payments 344 to all hospitals. 345 346 (2) The total additional payment for hospitals that 347 participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center 348 program shall be calculated by the agency as follows:

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349	
350	$TAP = TAE \times TA$
351	
352	Where:
353	TAP = total additional payment for a regional perinatal
354	intensive care center.
355	TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive
356	care center.
357	TA = total appropriation for the regional perinatal
358	intensive care center disproportionate share program.
359	
360	(3) In order to receive payments under this section, a
361	hospital must be participating in the regional perinatal
362	intensive care center program pursuant to chapter 383 and must
363	meet the following additional requirements:
364	(a) Agree to conform to all departmental and agency
365	requirements to ensure high quality in the provision of
366	services, including criteria adopted by departmental and agency
367	rule concerning staffing ratios, medical records, standards of
368	care, equipment, space, and such other standards and criteria as
369	the department and agency deem appropriate as specified by rule.
370	(b) Agree to provide information to the Department <u>of</u>
371	<u>Health</u> and <u>the</u> agency, in a form and manner to be prescribed by
372	rule of the department and agency, concerning the care provided
373	to all patients in neonatal intensive care centers and high-risk
374	maternity care.
375	(c) Agree to accept all patients for neonatal intensive
376	care and high-risk maternity care, regardless of ability to pay,
377	on a functional space-available basis.
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406

to read:

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378 (d) Agree to develop arrangements with other maternity and 379 neonatal care providers in the hospital's region for the 380 appropriate receipt and transfer of patients in need of 381 specialized maternity and neonatal intensive care services. 382 (e) Agree to establish and provide a developmental 383 evaluation and services program for certain high-risk neonates, 384 as prescribed and defined by rule of the department. 385 (f) Agree to sponsor a program of continuing education in 386 perinatal care for health care professionals within the region of the hospital, as specified by rule. 387 388 (g) Agree to provide backup and referral services to the 389 county health departments and other low-income perinatal 390 providers within the hospital's region, including the 391 development of written agreements between these organizations 392 and the hospital. 393 (h) Agree to arrange for transportation for high-risk 394 obstetrical patients and neonates in need of transfer from the 395 community to the hospital or from the hospital to another more 396 appropriate facility. 397 (4) Hospitals that which fail to comply with any of the 398 conditions in subsection (3) or the applicable rules of the 399 Department of Health and the agency may not receive any payments 400 under this section until full compliance is achieved. A hospital 401 that which is not in compliance in two or more consecutive 402 quarters may not receive its share of the funds. Any forfeited 403 funds shall be distributed by the remaining participating 404 regional perinatal intensive care center program hospitals. 405 Section 7. Section 409.9113, Florida Statutes, is amended

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407 409.9113 Disproportionate share program for teaching 408 hospitals.-In addition to the payments made under ss. 409.911 409 and 409.9112, the agency shall make disproportionate share 410 payments to statutorily defined teaching hospitals, as defined in s. 408.07, for their increased costs associated with medical 411 412 education programs and for tertiary health care services 413 provided to the indigent. This system of payments must conform to federal requirements and distribute funds in each fiscal year 414 415 for which an appropriation is made by making quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding s. 409.915, counties are exempt from 416 417 contributing toward the cost of this special reimbursement for 418 hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income 419 patients. For the 2011-2012 2010-2011 state fiscal year, the 420 agency shall distribute the moneys provided in the General 421 Appropriations Act to statutorily defined teaching hospitals and 422 family practice teaching hospitals, as defined in s. 395.805, pursuant to this section under the teaching hospital 423 424 disproportionate share program. The funds provided for 425 statutorily defined teaching hospitals shall be distributed in 426 the same proportion as the state fiscal year 2003-2004 state 427 fiscal year teaching hospital disproportionate share funds were 428 distributed or as otherwise provided in the General 429 Appropriations Act. The funds provided for family practice 430 teaching hospitals shall be distributed equally among family 431 practice teaching hospitals.

(1) On or before September 15 of each year, the agency
shall calculate an allocation fraction to be used for
distributing funds to state statutory teaching hospitals.
Subsequent to the end of each quarter of the state fiscal year,

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436 the agency shall distribute to each statutory teaching hospital, 437 as defined in s. 408.07, an amount determined by multiplying 438 one-fourth of the funds appropriated for this purpose by the 439 Legislature times such hospital's allocation fraction. The 440 allocation fraction for each such hospital shall be determined 441 by the sum of the following three primary factors, divided by 442 three:

443 (a) The number of nationally accredited graduate medical 444 education programs offered by the hospital, including programs accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical 445 446 Education and the combined Internal Medicine and Pediatrics 447 programs acceptable to both the American Board of Internal 448 Medicine and the American Board of Pediatrics at the beginning 449 of the state fiscal year preceding the date on which the 450 allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this 451 factor is the fraction that the hospital represents of the total 452 number of programs, where the total is computed for all state 453 statutory teaching hospitals.

(b) The number of full-time equivalent trainees in thehospital, which comprises two components:

456 1. The number of trainees enrolled in nationally accredited 457 graduate medical education programs, as defined in paragraph 458 (a). Full-time equivalents are computed using the fraction of 459 the year during which each trainee is primarily assigned to the 460 given institution, over the state fiscal year preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical 461 462 value of this factor is the fraction that the hospital 463 represents of the total number of full-time equivalent trainees enrolled in accredited graduate programs, where the total is 464

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465 computed for all state statutory teaching hospitals. 466 2. The number of medical students enrolled in accredited 467 colleges of medicine and engaged in clinical activities, 468 including required clinical clerkships and clinical electives. 469 Full-time equivalents are computed using the fraction of the 470 year during which each trainee is primarily assigned to the 471 given institution, over the course of the state fiscal year 472 preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is 473 calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction 474 that the given hospital represents of the total number of fulltime equivalent students enrolled in accredited colleges of 475 476 medicine, where the total is computed for all state statutory 477 teaching hospitals. 478 479 The primary factor for full-time equivalent trainees is computed 480 as the sum of these two components, divided by two. 481 (c) A service index that comprises three components: 482 1. The Agency for Health Care Administration Service Index, 483 computed by applying the standard Service Inventory Scores 484 established by the agency to services offered by the given 485 hospital, as reported on Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year 486 reported to the agency before the date on which the allocation 487 fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this factor is 488 the fraction that the given hospital represents of the total 489 Agency for Health Care Administration Service index values, 490 where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching 491 hospitals. 492 2. A volume-weighted service index, computed by applying the standard Service Inventory Scores established by the agency 493

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494 for Health Care Administration to the volume of each service, 495 expressed in terms of the standard units of measure reported on 496 Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency 497 before the date on which the allocation factor is calculated. 498 The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the 499 given hospital represents of the total volume-weighted service 500 index values, where the total is computed for all state 501 statutory teaching hospitals.

502 3. Total Medicaid payments to each hospital for direct 503 inpatient and outpatient services during the fiscal year 504 preceding the date on which the allocation factor is calculated. 505 This includes payments made to each hospital for such services 506 by Medicaid prepaid health plans, whether the plan was 507 administered by the hospital or not. The numerical value of this 508 factor is the fraction that each hospital represents of the 509 total of such Medicaid payments, where the total is computed for 510 all state statutory teaching hospitals.

512 The primary factor for the service index is computed as the sum 513 of these three components, divided by three.

(2) By October 1 of each year, the agency shall use the following formula to calculate the maximum additional disproportionate share payment for <u>statutory</u> statutorily defined teaching hospitals:

 $TAP = THAF \times A$

521 Where:

511

518 519

520

522

TAP = total additional payment.

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523	THAF = teaching hospital allocation factor.
524	A = amount appropriated for a teaching hospital
525	disproportionate share program.
526	Section 8. Section 409.9117, Florida Statutes, is amended
527	to read:
528	409.9117 Primary care disproportionate share programFor
529	the $2011-2012$ $2010-2011$ state fiscal year, the agency may shall
530	not distribute moneys under the primary care disproportionate
531	share program.
532	(1) If federal funds are available for disproportionate
533	share programs in addition to those otherwise provided by law,
534	there shall be created a primary care disproportionate share
535	program <u>shall be established</u> .
536	(2) The following formula shall be used by the agency to
537	calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate
538	in the primary care disproportionate share program:
538 539	in the primary care disproportionate share program:
	in the primary care disproportionate share program: TAE = HDSP/THDSP
539	
539 540	
539 540 541	TAE = HDSP/THDSP
539 540 541 542	TAE = HDSP/THDSP Where:
539 540 541 542 543	TAE = HDSP/THDSP Where: TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in
539 540 541 542 543 544	TAE = HDSP/THDSP Where: TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in the primary care disproportionate share program.
539 540 541 542 543 544 545	TAE = HDSP/THDSP Where: TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in the primary care disproportionate share program. HDSP = the prior state fiscal year primary care
539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546	<pre>TAE = HDSP/THDSP Where: TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in the primary care disproportionate share program. HDSP = the prior state fiscal year primary care disproportionate share payment to the individual hospital.</pre>
539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547	<pre>TAE = HDSP/THDSP Where: TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in the primary care disproportionate share program. HDSP = the prior state fiscal year primary care disproportionate share payment to the individual hospital. THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total primary care</pre>
539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547 548	<pre>TAE = HDSP/THDSP Where: TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in the primary care disproportionate share program. HDSP = the prior state fiscal year primary care disproportionate share payment to the individual hospital. THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total primary care</pre>

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552	shall be calculated by the agency as follows:
553	
554	$TAP = TAE \times TA$
555	
556	Where:
557	TAP = total additional payment for a primary care hospital.
558	TAE = total amount earned by a primary care hospital.
559	TA = total appropriation for the primary care
560	disproportionate share program.
561	
562	(4) In <u>establishing</u> the establishment and funding of this
563	program, the agency shall use the following criteria in addition
564	to those specified in s. 409.911, and payments may not be made
565	to a hospital unless the hospital agrees to:
566	(a) Cooperate with a Medicaid prepaid health plan, if one
567	exists in the community.
568	(b) Ensure the availability of primary and specialty care
569	physicians to Medicaid recipients who are not enrolled in a
570	prepaid capitated arrangement and who are in need of access to
571	such physicians.
572	(c) Coordinate and provide primary care services free of
573	charge, except copayments, to all persons with incomes up to 100
574	percent of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise
575	covered by Medicaid or another program administered by a
576	governmental entity, and to provide such services based on a
577	sliding fee scale to all persons with incomes up to 200 percent
578	of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise covered by
579	Medicaid or another program administered by a governmental
580	entity, except that eligibility may be limited to persons who

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581 reside within a more limited area, as agreed to by the agency 582 and the hospital.

(d) Contract with any federally gualified health center, if 583 584 one exists within the agreed geopolitical boundaries, concerning the provision of primary care services, in order to guarantee 585 586 delivery of services in a nonduplicative fashion, and to provide 587 for referral arrangements, privileges, and admissions, as 588 appropriate. The hospital shall agree to provide at an onsite or 589 offsite facility primary care services within 24 hours at an onsite or offsite facility to which all Medicaid recipients and 590 591 persons eligible under this paragraph who do not require 592 emergency room services are referred during normal daylight 593 hours.

(e) Cooperate with the agency, the county, and other entities to ensure the provision of certain public health services, case management, referral and acceptance of patients, and sharing of epidemiological data, as the agency and the hospital find mutually necessary and desirable to promote and protect the public health within the agreed geopolitical boundaries.

(f) In cooperation with the county in which the hospital resides, develop a low-cost, outpatient, prepaid health care program to persons who are not eligible for the Medicaid program, and who reside within the area.

(g) Provide inpatient services to residents within the area who are not eligible for Medicaid or Medicare, and who do not have private health insurance, regardless of ability to pay, on the basis of available space, except that hospitals may not be prevented from establishing bill collection programs based on

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610 ability to pay.

626

(h) Work with the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, the Florida Health Care Purchasing Cooperative, and business health coalitions, as appropriate, to develop a feasibility study and plan to provide a low-cost comprehensive health insurance plan to persons who reside within the area and who do not have access to such a plan.

(i) Work with public health officials and other experts to
provide community health education and prevention activities
designed to promote healthy lifestyles and appropriate use of
health services.

(j) Work with the local health council to develop a plan for promoting access to affordable health care services for all persons who reside within the area, including, but not limited to, public health services, primary care services, inpatient services, and affordable health insurance generally.

Any hospital that fails to comply with any of the provisions of this subsection, or any other contractual condition, may not receive payments under this section until full compliance is achieved.

631 Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (16) and paragraph
632 (a) of subsection (39) of section 409.912, Florida Statutes, are
633 amended to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.-The
agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients
in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery
of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are
effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a

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639 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct 640 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the 641 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to 642 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined 643 in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion 644 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency 645 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid 646 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other 647 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, 648 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed 649 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed 650 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to 651 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute 652 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the 653 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The 654 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the 655 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify 656 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a 657 provider's professional peers or the national quidelines of a 658 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to 659 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice 660 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, 661 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. 662 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy 663 management, or disease management participation for certain 664 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or 665 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible 666 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 667 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for

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668 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform 669 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions 670 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is 671 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as 672 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through 673 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-674 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services 675 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without 676 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based 677 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider 678 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance 679 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid 680 681 beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider 682 683 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, 684 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer 685 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, 686 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers 687 shall not be entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider 688 network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing 689 Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and 690 other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-691 term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in 692 693 order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program 694 as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers 695 necessary to administer these policies. 696 (16)

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(b) The responsibility of the agency under this subsection
<u>includes</u> shall include the development of capabilities to
identify actual and optimal practice patterns; patient and
provider educational initiatives; methods for determining
patient compliance with prescribed treatments; fraud, waste, and
abuse prevention and detection programs; and beneficiary case
management programs.

704 1. The practice pattern identification program shall 705 evaluate practitioner prescribing patterns based on national and regional practice guidelines, comparing practitioners to their 706 707 peer groups. The agency and its Drug Utilization Review Board 708 shall consult with the Department of Health and a panel of 709 practicing health care professionals consisting of the following: the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the 710 711 President of the Senate shall each appoint three physicians 712 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; and the Governor 713 shall appoint two pharmacists licensed under chapter 465 and one 714 dentist licensed under chapter 466 who is an oral surgeon. Terms 715 of the panel members shall expire at the discretion of the 716 appointing official. The advisory panel shall be responsible for 717 evaluating treatment guidelines and recommending ways to 718 incorporate their use in the practice pattern identification program. Practitioners who are prescribing inappropriately or 719 720 inefficiently, as determined by the agency, may have their 721 prescribing of certain drugs subject to prior authorization or 722 may be terminated from all participation in the Medicaid 723 program.

724 2. The agency shall also develop educational interventions725 designed to promote the proper use of medications by providers

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726 and beneficiaries.

727 3. The agency shall implement a pharmacy fraud, waste, and abuse initiative that may include a surety bond or letter of 728 729 credit requirement for participating pharmacies, enhanced 730 provider auditing practices, the use of additional fraud and 731 abuse software, recipient management programs for beneficiaries 732 inappropriately using their benefits, and other steps that will 733 eliminate provider and recipient fraud, waste, and abuse. The 734 initiative shall address enforcement efforts to reduce the 735 number and use of counterfeit prescriptions.

736 4. By September 30, 2002, The agency may shall contract 737 with an entity in the state to provide Medicaid providers with 738 electronic access to Medicaid prescription refill data and 739 information relating to the Medicaid Preferred Drug List 740 implement a wireless handheld clinical pharmacology drug 741 information database for practitioners. The initiative shall be 742 designed to enhance the agency's efforts to reduce fraud, abuse, 743 and errors in the prescription drug benefit program and to 744 otherwise further the intent of this paragraph.

745 5. By April 1, 2006, The agency shall contract with an 746 entity to design a database of clinical utilization information 747 or electronic medical records for Medicaid providers. The 748 database This system must be web-based and allow providers to 749 review on a real-time basis the utilization of Medicaid services, including, but not limited to, physician office 750 751 visits, inpatient and outpatient hospitalizations, laboratory 752 and pathology services, radiological and other imaging services, 753 dental care, and patterns of dispensing prescription drugs in 754 order to coordinate care and identify potential fraud and abuse.

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755 6. The agency may apply for any federal waivers needed to 756 administer this paragraph.

757 (39) (a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-758 drug spending-control program that includes the following 759 components:

760 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which is shall be a 761 listing of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the 762 Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established 763 pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion 764 765 of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list 766 should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The 767 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the 768 preferred drug list on an Internet website without following the 769 rulemaking procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are 770 excluded from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also 771 limit the amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than 772 a 34-day supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed 773 package is greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is 774 determined by the agency to be a maintenance drug in which case 775 a 100-day maximum supply may be authorized. The agency may is 776 authorized to seek any federal waivers necessary to implement 777 these cost-control programs and to continue participation in the 778 federal Medicaid rebate program, or alternatively to negotiate 779 state-only manufacturer rebates. The agency may adopt rules to 780 administer implement this subparagraph. The agency shall 781 continue to provide unlimited contraceptive drugs and items. The 782 agency must establish procedures to ensure that:

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a. There is a response to a request for prior consultation

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784 by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours 785 after receipt of a request for prior consultation; and 786 b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in 787 an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a. 788 789 2. Reimbursement to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed 790 drugs shall be set at the lowest lesser of: the average 791 wholesale price (AWP) minus 16.4 percent, the wholesaler 792 acquisition cost (WAC) plus 1.5 4.75 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the 793 794 usual and customary (UAC) charge billed by the provider. 795 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for 796 managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using 797 significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The 798 management process may include, but is not limited to, 799 comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims 800 analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical 801 necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and 802 drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private 803 organization to provide drug-program-management services. The 804 Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include 805 initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, 806 patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The 807 808 agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit 809 management program if he or she meets the specifications of this 810 provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance 811 organization. 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network 812

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813 based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, 814 credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give 815 special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy 816 817 network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, 818 819 patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease management services, and other characteristics. The agency may 820 impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment if when it 821 822 is determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-823 participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing 824 practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy 825 network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other 826 entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid 827 program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing 828 requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by 829 the agency.

830 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that 831 requires Medicaid practitioners who prescribe drugs to use a 832 counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions. 833 The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-834 proof prescription pads by Medicaid-participating prescribers or 835 prescribers who write prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The 836 agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or statewide. 837

6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products.

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These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

847 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as 848 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment 849 of such preferred drug list, it is authorized to negotiate 850 supplemental rebates from manufacturers that are in addition to 851 those required by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and at no 852 less than 14 percent of the average manufacturer price as 853 defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 on the last day of a quarter unless 854 the federal or supplemental rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 855 29 percent. There is no upper limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The agency may determine that specific 856 857 products, brand-name or generic, are competitive at lower rebate 858 percentages. Agreement to pay the minimum supplemental rebate 859 percentage will guarantee a manufacturer that the Medicaid 860 Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee will consider a 861 product for inclusion on the preferred drug list. However, a 862 pharmaceutical manufacturer is not guaranteed placement on the 863 preferred drug list by simply paying the minimum supplemental 864 rebate. Agency decisions will be made on the clinical efficacy 865 of a drug and recommendations of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and 866 Therapeutics Committee, as well as the price of competing 867 products minus federal and state rebates. The agency may is 868 authorized to contract with an outside agency or contractor to 869 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash 870

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871 rebates. Effective July 1, 2004, Value-added programs as a 872 substitution for supplemental rebates are prohibited. The agency 873 <u>may is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this</u> 874 initiative.

875 8. The agency for Health Care Administration shall expand 876 home delivery of pharmacy products. To assist Medicaid 877 recipients patients in securing their prescriptions and reduce 878 program costs, the agency shall expand its current mail-order-879 pharmacy diabetes-supply program to include all generic and 880 brand-name drugs used by Medicaid recipients patients with 881 diabetes. Medicaid recipients in the current program may obtain 882 nondiabetes drugs on a voluntary basis. This initiative is 883 limited to the geographic area covered by the current contract. 884 The agency may seek and implement any federal waivers necessary 885 to implement this subparagraph.

8869. The agency shall limit to one dose per month any drug887 prescribed to treat erectile dysfunction.

10.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems to implement this program. The agency <u>may</u> is authorized to seek federal waivers to implement this program.

b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of
Children and Family Services, may implement the Medicaid
behavioral drug management system that is designed to improve
the quality of care and behavioral health prescribing practices
based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to
medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed
drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid

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900 behavioral drugs. The program may include the following 901 elements:

(I) Provide for the development and adoption of best 902 903 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as 904 antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating 905 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate 906 them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and 907 compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators 908 that are based on national standards; and determine deviations 909 from best practice guidelines.

910 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and 911 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials 912 and peer-to-peer consultation.

913 (III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in 914 their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers 915 and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug 916 therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral 917 health drugs.

918 (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill 919 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple same-920 class behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential 921 medication problems.

922 (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and923 deviation from best practice guidelines.

924 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to 925 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers 926 in the use of practice guidelines.

927 (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.928 (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

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929 (IX) Implement a disease management program with a model 930 quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill 931 individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high 932 users of care.

933 11.a. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription934 drug management system.

935 a. The agency may contract with a vendor that has 936 experience in operating prescription drug management systems in 937 order to implement this system. Any management system that is implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must rely on 938 939 cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to determine 940 appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines to improve 941 the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the Medicaid 942 program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this 943 program.

944 b. The drug management system must be designed to improve 945 the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best 946 practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication 947 plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and 948 the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription 949 drugs. The program must:

950 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best 951 practice guidelines for the prescribing and use of drugs in the 952 Medicaid program, including translating best practice guidelines 953 into practice; reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them 954 to indicators that are based on national standards and practice 955 patterns of clinical peers in their community, statewide, and 956 nationally; and determine deviations from best practice 957 guidelines.

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958 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and 959 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials 960 and peer-to-peer consultation.

961 (III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their 962 use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to 963 the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination 964 drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of 965 prescription drugs.

966 (IV) Alert prescribers to recipients patients who fail to 967 refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed 968 multiple drugs that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may 969 have other potential medication problems.

970 (V) Track spending trends for prescription drugs and 971 deviation from best practice guidelines.

972 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to 973 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers 974 in the use of practice guidelines.

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986

(VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

976

(VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

977 (IX) Implement disease management programs in cooperation 978 with physicians and pharmacists, along with a model quality-979 based medication component for individuals having chronic 980 medical conditions.

981 12. The agency may is authorized to contract for drug 982 rebate administration, including, but not limited to, 983 calculating rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating 984 disputes with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of 985 rebate collections.

13. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form

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987 or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with 988 regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the 989 General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective 990 prescribing practices.

991 14. The agency may require prior authorization for
992 Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may, but is not
993 required to, prior-authorize the use of a product:

a. For an indication not approved in labeling;

b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or

996 c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse, or 997 abuse.

999 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide 1000 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence 1001 for the use of a drug. The agency may post prior authorization 1002 criteria and protocol and updates to the list of drugs that are 1003 subject to prior authorization on an Internet website without 1004 amending its rule or engaging in additional rulemaking.

1005 15. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and 1006 Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior 1007 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may 1008 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet 1009 the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use 1010 of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved 1011 by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may 1012 require the prescribing professional to provide information 1013 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use 1014 of a drug.

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16. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior

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1016 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the 1017 preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug 1018 list must be used within the previous 12 months before prior to 1019 the alternative medications that are not listed. The step-1020 therapy prior authorization may require the prescriber to use 1021 the medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical 1022 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug 1023 Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-1024 1025 therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with 1026 the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug 1027 product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the 1028 1029 agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation 1030 that the product is medically necessary because:

1031 a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat 1032 the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical 1033 alternative;

1034 b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment 1035 of the beneficiary's disease; or

1036 c. Based on historic evidence and known characteristics of 1037 the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective, 1038 or the number of doses have been ineffective.

1040 The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best 1041 alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving 1042 the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific 1043 drugs in limited clinical situations.

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17. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program

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1045 for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients, 1046 which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the 1047 implementation and operation of the program. The return and 1048 reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a 1049 manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a 1050 pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not 1051 practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must 1052 provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be 1053 credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency 1054 shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of 1055 Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual 1056 basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more 1057 prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be 1058 reused. The agency's conclusion and recommendations shall be 1059 reported to the Legislature by December 1, 2005.

1060Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section1061409.9122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1062 409.9122 Mandatory Medicaid managed care enrollment; 1063 programs and procedures.-

1064 (2) (a) The agency shall enroll all Medicaid recipients in a 1065 managed care plan or MediPass all Medicaid recipients, except 1066 those Medicaid recipients who are: in an institution, receiving 1067 a Medicaid nonpoverty medical subsidy, ; enrolled in the Medicaid 1068 medically needy Program; or eligible for both Medicaid and Medicare. Upon enrollment, recipients may individuals will be 1069 1070 able to change their managed care option during the 90-day opt 1071 out period required by federal Medicaid regulations. The agency 1072 may is authorized to seek the necessary Medicaid state plan amendment to implement this policy. However, to the extent 1073

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1074 <u>1. If</u> permitted by federal law, the agency may enroll in a 1075 managed care plan or MediPass a Medicaid recipient who is exempt 1076 from mandatory managed care enrollment <u>in a managed care plan or</u> 1077 MediPass if, provided that:

1078 <u>a.1.</u> The recipient's decision to enroll in a managed care 1079 plan or MediPass is voluntary;

1080 <u>b.2. If</u> The recipient chooses to enroll in a managed care 1081 plan, the agency has determined that the managed care plan 1082 provides specific programs and services <u>that</u> which address the 1083 special health needs of the recipient; and

1084c.3. The agency receives the any necessary waivers from the1085federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

1086 <u>2.</u> The agency shall develop rules to establish policies by 1087 which exceptions to the mandatory managed care enrollment 1088 requirement may be made on a case-by-case basis. The rules <u>must</u> 1089 <u>shall</u> include the specific criteria to be applied when 1090 <u>determining making a determination as to</u> whether to exempt a 1091 recipient from mandatory enrollment <u>in a managed care plan or</u> 1092 <u>MediPass</u>.

1093 3. School districts participating in the certified school 1094 match program pursuant to ss. 409.908(21) and 1011.70 shall be 1095 reimbursed by Medicaid, subject to the limitations of s. 1096 1011.70(1), for a Medicaid-eligible child participating in the 1097 services as authorized in s. 1011.70, as provided for in s. 409.9071, regardless of whether the child is enrolled in 1098 1099 MediPass or a managed care plan. Managed care plans must shall 1100 make a good faith effort to execute agreements with school 1101 districts regarding the coordinated provision of services authorized under s. 1011.70. 1102

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1103 4. County health departments delivering school-based 1104 services pursuant to ss. 381.0056 and 381.0057 shall be 1105 reimbursed by Medicaid for the federal share for a Medicaid-1106 eligible child who receives Medicaid-covered services in a 1107 school setting, regardless of whether the child is enrolled in 1108 MediPass or a managed care plan. Managed care plans shall make a 1109 good faith effort to execute agreements with county health 1110 departments that coordinate the regarding the coordinated provision of services to a Medicaid-eligible child. To ensure 1111 1112 continuity of care for Medicaid patients, the agency, the 1113 Department of Health, and the Department of Education shall 1114 develop procedures for ensuring that a student's managed care 1115 plan or MediPass provider receives information relating to 1116 services provided in accordance with ss. 381.0056, 381.0057, 409.9071, and 1011.70. 1117

1118Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section1119409.915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1120 409.915 County contributions to Medicaid.—Although the 1121 state is responsible for the full portion of the state share of 1122 the matching funds required for the Medicaid program, in order 1123 to acquire a certain portion of these funds, the state shall 1124 charge the counties for certain items of care and service as 1125 provided in this section.

(1) Each county shall participate in the following items of care and service:

(a) For both health maintenance members and fee-for-service beneficiaries, payments for inpatient hospitalization in excess of 10 days, but not in excess of 45 days, with the exception of pregnant women and children whose income is greater than in

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1132	excess of the federal poverty level and who do not <u>receive a</u>
1133	Medicaid nonpoverty medical subsidy under s. 409.904(2)
1134	participate in the Medicaid medically needy Program, and for
1135	adult lung transplant services.
1136	Section 12. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 409.9301,
1137	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1138	409.9301 Pharmaceutical expense assistance
1139	(1) PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.—A program is established in the
1140	agency for Health Care Administration to provide pharmaceutical
1141	expense assistance to individuals diagnosed with cancer or
1142	individuals who have <u>obtained</u> received organ transplants who
1143	received a Medicaid nonpoverty medical subsidy before were
1144	medically needy recipients prior to January 1, 2006.
1145	(2) ELIGIBILITYEligibility for the program is limited to
1146	an individual who:
1147	(a) Is a resident of this state;
1148	(b) Was a Medicaid recipient who received a Medicaid
1149	nonpoverty medical subsidy before under the Florida Medicaid
1150	medically needy program prior to January 1, 2006;
1151	(c) Is eligible for Medicare;
1152	(d) Is a cancer patient or an organ transplant recipient;
1153	and
1154	(e) Requests to be enrolled in the program.
1155	Section 13. This act shall take effect June 30, 2011.

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