A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to economic development; creating the 3 Commercialization Credit Transfer Program; providing 4 legislative findings that it is in the state's interest to 5 promote the commercialization of products and services 6 developed by technology companies; amending s. 213.053, 7 F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to share 8 certain confidential information with the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; amending s. 9 10 220.02, F.S.; adding the certified credits available under 11 s. 220.194, F.S., to the list of credits that may be taken against state corporate income tax; amending s. 220.13, 12 F.S.; redefining the term "adjusted federal income" in 13 14 relation to net operating losses transferred and payments 15 received for a certified credit pursuant to the 16 Commercialization Credit Transfer Program; amending s. 220.16, F.S.; providing for the allocation of financial 17 assistance pursuant to the Commercialization Credit 18 19 Transfer Program as income in this state; creating s. 20 220.194, F.S.; creating the Commercialization Credit 21 Transfer Program; providing a purpose, intent, goals, and objectives; providing definitions; requiring the office to 22 23 certify eligible companies for the transfer of corporate 24 income tax net operating loss amounts as certified 25 credits; providing qualifications and an application 26 process and requirements; requiring an application fee; 27 providing for an application deadline; requiring the 28 office to grant or deny an application within a specified

Page 1 of 13

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

time after receiving a completed application; providing for calculating the certified credit amount; providing a maximum amount that may be transferred; providing a penalty; requiring each certified company to file an annual report with the office; requiring the office to create an annual report; requiring the office to adopt rules; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt rules; providing for future repeal of the Commercialization Credit Transfer Program; providing appropriations; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. <u>Legislative findings.—The Legislature finds</u>
that it is in the best interests of this state to promote the
commercialization of products and services developed by
technology companies in this state which can lead to the
creation of high-wage and high-skilled jobs. One mechanism to
this end is the Commercialization Credit Transfer Program.

Section 2. Paragraph (dd) is added to subsection (8) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 3 of chapter 2010-280, Laws of Florida, to read:

213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.-

(8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department may provide:

(dd) Information relative to tax credits taken under s.

220.194 to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

Development

Development.

57 Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be 58 59 pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director 60 and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, 61 shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as 62 the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a 63 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 64 65 Section 3. Subsection (8) of section 220.02, Florida 66 Statutes, is amended to read: 67 220.02 Legislative intent.-It is the intent of the Legislature that credits 68 69 against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax be 70 applied in the following order: those enumerated in s. 631.828, those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in s. 220.181, 71 72 those enumerated in s. 220.183, those enumerated in s. 220.182, 73 those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those enumerated in s. 221.02, 74 those enumerated in s. 220.184, those enumerated in s. 220.186, 75 those enumerated in s. 220.1845, those enumerated in s. 220.19, those enumerated in s. 220.185, those enumerated in s. 220.1875, 76 77 those enumerated in s. 220.192, those enumerated in s. 220.193, 78 those enumerated in s. 288.9916, those enumerated in s. 79 220.1899, and those enumerated in s. 220.1896, and those enumerated in s. 220.194. 80 81 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 82 220.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: "Adjusted federal income" defined.-83

Page 3 of 13

The term "adjusted federal income" means an amount

84

(1)

equal to the taxpayer's taxable income as defined in subsection (2), or such taxable income of more than one taxpayer as provided in s. 220.131, for the taxable year, adjusted as follows:

- (b) Subtractions.-
- 1. There shall be subtracted from such taxable income:
- a. The net operating loss deduction allowable for federal income tax purposes under s. 172 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year,
- b. The net capital loss allowable for federal income tax purposes under s. 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year,
- c. The excess charitable contribution deduction allowable for federal income tax purposes under s. 170(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year, and
- d. The excess contributions deductions allowable for federal income tax purposes under s. 404 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year, except that any net operating loss transferred pursuant to s. 220.194 may not be deducted by the seller.

However, a net operating loss and a capital loss shall never be carried back as a deduction to a prior taxable year, but all deductions attributable to such losses shall be deemed net operating loss carryovers and capital loss carryovers, respectively, and treated in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same time periods as are prescribed for such carryovers in ss. 172 and 1212, respectively, of the Internal

Page 4 of 13

113 Revenue Code.

- 2. There shall be subtracted from such taxable income any amount to the extent included therein the following:
- a. Dividends treated as received from sources without the United States, as determined under s. 862 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- b. All amounts included in taxable income under s. 78 or
 s. 951 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- However, as to any amount subtracted under this subparagraph, there shall be added to such taxable income all expenses deducted on the taxpayer's return for the taxable year which are attributable, directly or indirectly, to such subtracted amount. Further, no amount shall be subtracted with respect to dividends paid or deemed paid by a Domestic International Sales Corporation.
- 3. In computing "adjusted federal income" for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1976, there shall be allowed as a deduction the amount of wages and salaries paid or incurred within this state for the taxable year for which no deduction is allowed pursuant to s. 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to credit for employment of certain new employees).
- 4. There shall be subtracted from such taxable income any amount of nonbusiness income included therein, including payments received for a certified credit pursuant to s. 220.194.
- 5. There shall be subtracted any amount of taxes of foreign countries allowable as credits for taxable years beginning on or after September 1, 1985, under s. 901 of the

Page 5 of 13

Internal Revenue Code to any corporation which derived less than 20 percent of its gross income or loss for its taxable year ended in 1984 from sources within the United States, as described in s. 861(a)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, not including credits allowed under ss. 902 and 960 of the Internal Revenue Code, withholding taxes on dividends within the meaning of sub-subparagraph 2.a., and withholding taxes on royalties, interest, technical service fees, and capital gains.

- 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, except with respect to amounts subtracted pursuant to subparagraphs 1. and 3., any increment of any apportionment factor which is directly related to an increment of gross receipts or income which is deducted, subtracted, or otherwise excluded in determining adjusted federal income shall be excluded from both the numerator and denominator of such apportionment factor. Further, all valuations made for apportionment factor purposes shall be made on a basis consistent with the taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes.
- Section 5. Subsection (5) is added to section 220.16, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 220.16 Allocation of nonbusiness income.—Nonbusiness income shall be allocated as follows:
- (5) The amount of financial assistance received in exchange for transferring a net operating loss as authorized by s. 220.194 is allocable to this state.
- Section 6. Section 220.194, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

Page 6 of 13

169 220.194 Commercialization Credit Transfer Program; 170 transfer of net loss carryforward as a certified credit.-171 (1) PURPOSE; GOALS AND OBJECTIVES.—It is the intent of the 172 Legislature that the Commercialization Credit Transfer Program 173 act as a catalyst for eligible technology companies to 174 accelerate their revenue and job growth and their market 175 penetration by monetizing their net operating losses into 176 transferable credits. The program's objectives include: 177 (a) Accelerating the entry of new technology-based products and services into the marketplace; 178 (b) Producing high-wage, technology-based jobs for this 179 180 state; and 181 Encouraging the expansion of high-impact technology-182 based firms in this state. 183 (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term: (a) 184 "Certified credit" means the product of the net 185 operating loss generated in the current year apportioned to 186 Florida, multiplied by the corporate income tax rate imposed 187 during the year in which the loss occurred. "Department" means the Department of Revenue. 188 (b) 189 "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and (C) 190 Economic Development. 191 (3) ELIGIBILITY.—A company seeking to transfer a certified 192 credit shall be certified by the office if it timely files a 193 completed application and meets the requirements of this 194 subsection. For purposes of this subsection, all conditions in 195 paragraphs (a)-(g) must be met by the date that the application

Page 7 of 13

is filed with the office. In order to be certified, a company

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must demonstrate that it:

(a) Is registered with the Secretary of State to operate in this state and is operating in Florida.

- (b) Is primarily engaged in developing, manufacturing, producing, or providing technology for commercial or public purposes and has a federally assigned NAICS code identifying the company as such.
- (c) Has fewer than 100 full-time employees worldwide, including full-time employees leased to the applicant, of which at least 75 percent work full-time in this state at the time the transfer of certified credits is first allowed.
- (d) Has been audited by an independent certified public accountant, and:
- 1. Has not had positive net income in any of the 2 previous years of ongoing operations;
- 2. Has reported a net operating loss in any of the 2 previous years of operation; and
- 3. Is not at least 50 percent owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by another corporation that has demonstrated positive net income in any of the 2 previous years of ongoing operations, or is not part of a consolidated group of affiliated corporations, as filed for federal income tax purposes, which in the aggregate demonstrated positive net income in any of the 2 previous years of ongoing operations.
- (e) Has at least one active application for a patent under 35 U.S.C. s. 111(a) on file with the United States Patent and Trademark Office.
 - (f) Has received research grants from governmental

Page 8 of 13

entities, foundations, or other private entities, or received financial assistance from investors.

- (g) Has an established business plan that describes its commercialization strategy, a business-development plan that includes revenue projections and a strategy for becoming profitable, and a timeline for development which addresses revenue growth and job creation in this state.
 - (h) Has certified that:

- 1. It will not transfer a certified credit in exchange for private financial assistance in an amount that is less than 80 percent of the certified credit;
- 2. All proceeds from the transfer will be expended to support the operation or expansion of the company's business activity in this state; and
- 3. Upon transfer of a certified credit, it will notify the office of the amount within 30 days after each certified credit is transferred, the amount of the financial compensation for the credit received, and the identity of the purchaser of the certified credit.
 - (4) APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATION.
- (a) A completed application must be filed with the office on or after 2 p.m., on the first business day of August commencing in 2011. The office may investigate the qualifications of each company applicant and may require by rule the applicant to provide such evidence of its qualification as is necessary to ensure compliance with the requirements of this section, including, but not limited to, the state corporate income tax return supporting the request for certification of a

Page 9 of 13

certified credit, audited financial statements, federal tax returns, and state and federal employment filings.

- (b) The office shall require a nonrefundable application fee of \$100 per application submitted. The department shall cooperate with the office in its review of the applications.
- (c) The office shall grant or deny an application in full or in part within 90 days after receiving a completed application containing the necessary information, including payment of the application fee. If the office denies any part of the application, it shall inform the applicant of the grounds for the denial.
- (d) This section does not create a presumption that a company applicant will be approved by the office to transfer its certified credits. However, the office may issue a nonbinding opinion letter, upon the request of a prospective applicant, as to its eligibility and the potential amount of certified credits available.
- (5) CALCULATION OF CERTIFIED CREDIT TRANSFER AMOUNT AND LIMITATIONS.—When submitting an application for certification, a company shall state the amount of the net operating loss, including any net operating loss carryover, which it requests to be transferred as a certified credit. To the extent allowed as a deduction in this state, a reported net operating loss not otherwise taken may be certified by the office for transfer by a certified company in exchange for private financial assistance from a purchaser as follows:
- (a) The net operating loss shall be transferred as a certified credit.

Page 10 of 13

(b) The maximum amount of certified credits which a company may transfer during its existence may not exceed \$1 million.

- (c) The office may not certify the transfer of more than \$3 million in certified credits during a state fiscal year.
- (d) The certified company is liable if, after a transfer, its net operating loss is adjusted by amendment or as a result of any other recomputation or redetermination of federal or Florida taxable income or loss. The certified company is also liable for a penalty equal to the amount of the credit transferred, reduced in proportion to the amount of the net operating loss certified for transfer over the amount of the certified net operating loss disallowed.
- (e) The certified company and its successors shall maintain all records necessary to support the reported amount of certified credits.
 - (6) PURCHASE OF TRANSFERRED CERTIFIED CREDITS.—
- (a) The certified credit must be reported as a credit against tax due by the unaffiliated corporate purchaser on the next tax return due to be filed by the purchaser, but in no case may it be reported later than 1 year after the date of transfer.
- (b) If the certified credit is larger than the amount owed the state on the tax return for the time period in which the credit is claimed, after applying the other credits and unused credit carryovers in the order provided in s. 220.02(8), the amount of the credit for that time period shall be the amount owed the state on that tax return. Unused certified credit amounts remaining may not be carried forward.

Page 11 of 13

(c) The purchaser of a certified credit amount may not further sell, or otherwise transfer, the certified credit amount.

- (d) It is the responsibility of the certified company that transferred the certified credit amount to notify the office, within 30 days after transfer, of the amount of each certified credit transferred, the amount of the financial assistance received, and the identity of the purchaser of the certified credit. The office shall certify to the department the same information within 14 working days.
 - (7) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—

- (a) Each company that is certified to transfer its certified credit must provide the office with an annual report on its development covering the year after it receives funds from transferring its certified credits. The report must include a summary of the company's commercialization strategy; business development plan; timeline for development; and actual employment and employment projections, both total and within this state only. The report is due January 3 of each applicable year.
- (b) The office shall provide a report by February 1 each year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives containing a synopsis of the individual company reports described in paragraph (a).
 - (8) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.-
- (a) The office shall adopt rules to administer this section. The rules must establish the criteria for qualified technology research and experimental development, production, or

Page 12 of 13

provision of technology for commercial or public purposes; the
format of application forms; and the procedures to implement the
program.

(b) The department may adopt rules to administer this section.

- (9) This section is repealed effective June 30, 2016, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
- Section 7. (1) The sum of \$... is appropriated to the Economic Development Trust Fund to be drawn, as needed, to pay the administrative costs incurred by the Office of Tourism,

 Trade, and Economic Development and associated with implementing the commercialization credit transfer program.
- (2) The sum of \$... is appropriated to the Department of Revenue to pay the initial administrative costs associated with amending tax forms, modifying computer software, creating a tracking system for the transferred credits, and otherwise implementing the commercialization credit transfer program.
- Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.