By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Latvala

590-01823-11 2011426c1 A bill to be entitled

1

An act relating to service of process; amending ss. 48.021 and 48.27, F.S.; authorizing certified process servers to serve writs of possession in actions for possession of residential property; amending s. 83.62, F.S.; authorizing a landlord to select a certified process server to serve a writ of possession; requiring a certified process server to provide notice of the posting of the writ to the sheriff; conforming provisions; providing an effective date.

11 12

10

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26 27

28

29

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 48.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

48.021 Process; by whom served.-

(1) All process shall be served by the sheriff of the county where the person to be served is found, except initial nonenforceable civil process, criminal witness subpoenas, and criminal summonses may be served by a special process server appointed by the sheriff as provided for in this section or by a certified process server as provided for in ss. 48.25-48.31. Civil witness subpoenas may be served by any person authorized by rules of civil procedure. A writ of possession in an action for possession of real property under s. 83.62 may be served by a certified process server as provided in s. 48.27.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 48.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

48.27 Certified process servers.-

590-01823-11 2011426c1

(2) (a) The addition of a person's name to the list authorizes him or her to serve initial nonenforceable civil process on a person found within the circuit where the process server is certified when a civil action has been filed against such person in the circuit court or in a county court in the state. Upon filing an action in circuit or county court, a person may select from the list for the circuit where the process is to be served one or more certified process servers to serve initial nonenforceable civil process.

- (b) The addition of a person's name to the list authorizes him or her to serve criminal witness subpoenas and criminal summonses on a person found within the circuit where the process server is certified. The state in any proceeding or investigation by a grand jury or any party in a criminal action, prosecution, or proceeding may select from the list for the circuit where the process is to be served one or more certified process servers to serve the subpoena or summons.
- (c) The addition of a person's name to the list also authorizes him or her to serve a writ of possession in an action for possession of real property under s. 83.62 on a person found within the circuit where the process server is certified.

Section 3. Section 83.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 83.62 Restoration of possession to landlord.-
- (1) In an action for possession, after entry of judgment in favor of the landlord, the clerk shall issue a writ to the sheriff, or other person selected by the landlord and authorized by s. 48.27 to serve process, describing the premises and commanding the sheriff to put the landlord in possession after

590-01823-11 2011426c1

24 hours' notice conspicuously posted on the premises. <u>Upon</u> entry of judgment in favor of the landlord and issuance of a writ by the clerk, the landlord may select from the list for the circuit where the process is to be served one or more certified process servers to serve the writ. Upon the posting of the writ on the premises, the certified process server shall, within 12 hours after the posting of the writ, provide written notice to the sheriff including the date and time the writ was posted on the premises.

is executed or at any time thereafter, the landlord or the landlord's agent may remove any personal property found on the premises to or near the property line. Subsequent to executing the writ of possession, the landlord may request the sheriff to stand by to keep the peace while the landlord changes the locks and removes the personal property from the premises. When such a request is made, the sheriff may charge a reasonable hourly rate, and the person requesting the sheriff to stand by to keep the peace shall be responsible for paying the reasonable hourly rate set by the sheriff. Neither the sheriff nor the landlord or the landlord's agent shall be liable to the tenant or any other party for the loss, destruction, or damage to the property after it has been removed.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.