A bill to be entitled

An act relating to eye care professionals; amending s.

463.003, F.S.; revising membership requirements for the

Board of Optometry; amending s. 463.009, F.S.; revising

the duties of, and restrictions on the practice of

optometry by, nonlicensed supportive personnel; amending

s. 463.014, F.S.; prohibiting the board from adopting

rules that prohibit certain acts in the practice of

optometry; providing for application; amending s. 484.002,

F.S.; revising definitions relating to the practice of

opticianry; amending s. 484.007, F.S.; revising

requirements for applicants seeking to take the optician

licensure examination; amending s. 484.013, F.S.; revising

grounds that constitute unlawful conduct by opticians;

providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 463.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

463.003 Board of Optometry.-

practitioners actively practicing in this state. One member must be a board-certified ophthalmologist licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459. The remaining two members must be citizens of the state who are not, and have never been, licensed practitioners or ophthalmologists and who are in no way connected with the practice of optometry or ophthalmology or

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with any vision-oriented profession or business. At least one member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.

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Section 2. Section 463.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

463.009 Supportive personnel.—A No person who is not other than a licensed practitioner may not engage in the practice of optometry as defined in s. $463.002 \cdot (5)$. Except as provided in this section, under no circumstances shall nonlicensed supportive personnel may not be delegated the duties of diagnosis, or treatment, or determining the refractive error of the eye unless specifically licensed to provide these services duties; however, such personnel may perform data gathering, preliminary testing, prescribed visual therapy, dispensing of an optical device to and final fitting thereof on a patient, and related duties under the direct supervision of the licensed practitioner. Nonlicensed personnel, who need not be employees of the licensed practitioner, may perform ministerial duties, tasks, and functions assigned to them by and performed under the general supervision of a licensed practitioner, including obtaining information from consumers for the purpose of making appointments for the licensed practitioner. The licensed practitioner is shall be responsible for all delegated acts performed by persons under her or his direct and general supervision.

Section 3. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 463.014, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

463.014 Certain acts prohibited.-

(1)(a) \underline{A} No corporation, lay body, organization, or

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individual other than a licensed practitioner <u>may not shall</u> engage in the practice of optometry through the means of engaging the services, upon a salary, commission, or other means or inducement, of any person licensed to practice optometry in this state. Nothing in This section <u>does not shall be deemed to prohibit</u> the association of a licensed practitioner with a multidisciplinary group of licensed health care professionals, the primary objective of which is the diagnosis and treatment of the human body.

- (b) A No licensed practitioner may not shall engage in the practice of optometry with any corporation, organization, group, or lay individual. This paragraph does provision shall not prohibit licensed practitioners from employing, or from forming partnerships or professional associations with, licensed practitioners licensed in this state or with other licensed health care professionals, the primary objective of whom is the diagnosis and treatment of the human body.
- (c) No rule of The board may not adopt rules prohibiting shall forbid the practice of optometry in or on the premises of a commercial or mercantile establishment.
- (d) \underline{A} No licensed practitioner may <u>not</u> practice under practice identification names, trade names, or service names, unless any dissemination of information by the practitioner to consumers contains the name under which the practitioner is licensed or that of the professional association in which the practitioner participates. Any advertisement or other dissemination of information to consumers may contain factual information as to the geographic location of licensed

practitioners or of the availability of optometric services.

- (e) The board may not adopt rules prohibiting a No licensed practitioner from using or publishing shall adopt and publish or cause to be published any practice identification name, trade name, or service name or from advertising which is, contains, or is intended to serve as an affirmation of the quality or competitive value of the practitioner's optometric services provided at the identified practice.
- (f) This section does not prohibit a licensed practitioner from forming a partnership, corporation, or professional association with one or more other licensed health care professionals in the creation, ownership, and management of a commercial or mercantile optical establishment that is an entity separate from the practitioner's optometry practice.
- (2) A corporation or labor organization may employ licensed practitioners to provide optometric services to bona fide employees of such corporation and members of their immediate families or to bona fide members of such labor organization and members of their immediate families, provided the provision of such services is incidental to the legitimate business of such corporation or labor organization. Nothing in This section does not shall be deemed to authorize the employment of licensed practitioners by corporations or organizations formed primarily for such purposes.
- (5) No rule of The board may not adopt rules prohibiting shall prohibit a licensed practitioner from authorizing a board-certified optician to fill, fit, adapt, or dispense a contact lens prescription as authorized under chapter 484.

Section 4. Subsections (3) and (9) of section 484.002, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

484.002 Definitions.—As used in this part:

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- "Opticianry" means the preparation and dispensing of lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, and other optical devices to the intended user or agent thereof, upon the written prescription of a licensed allopathic or osteopathic physician or optometrist who is duly licensed to practice or upon presentation of a duplicate prescription. The selection of frame designs, the actual sales transaction, and the transfer of physical possession of lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, and other optical devices subsequent to performance of all services of the optician shall not be considered the practice of opticianry; however, such physical possession shall not be transferred until the optician has completed the final fitting of the optical device upon the customer. The practice of opticianry also includes the duplication of lenses accurately as to power, without prescription. A board-certified optician qualified and operating under rules established by the board may fill, fit, adapt, or dispense any soft contact lens prescription. Such optician may fill, fit, adapt, or dispense any extended wear or hard contact lens prescription to the extent authorized to do so by the prescribing allopathic or osteopathic physician or optometrist.
- (9) "Optical dispensing" means interpreting but not altering a prescription of a licensed physician or optometrist and designing, adapting, fitting, or replacing the prescribed optical aids, pursuant to such prescription, to or for the

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intended wearer, duplicating lenses, accurately as to power without a prescription, and duplicating nonprescription eyewear and parts of eyewear. The term "Optical dispensing" does not include selecting frames, transferring an optical aid to the wearer after an optician completes the final has completed fitting thereof it, or providing instruction in the general care and use of an optical aid, including placement, removal, hygiene, or cleaning.

- Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 484.007, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 484.007 Licensure of opticians; permitting of optical establishments.—
- (1) Any person desiring to practice opticianry <u>must</u> shall apply to the department, upon forms prescribed by <u>the department</u> it, to take a licensure examination. The department shall examine each applicant who the board certifies:
- (a) Has completed the application form and remitted a nonrefundable application fee set by the board, in the amount of \$100 or less, and an examination fee set by the board, in the amount of \$325 plus the actual <u>per-applicant</u> per applicant cost to the department for purchase of portions of the examination from the American Board of Opticianry or a similar national organization, or less, and refundable if the board finds the applicant ineligible to take the examination;
 - (b) Is not less than 18 years of age;
- (c) Is a graduate of an accredited high school or possesses a certificate of equivalency of a high school education; and

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(d)1. Has received <u>before July 1, 2013</u>, an associate degree, or its equivalent, in opticianry from an educational institution the curriculum of which is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized and approved by the United States Department of Education or the Council on Postsecondary Education or approved by the board;

- 2. Has received on or after July 1, 2013, an associate degree, or its equivalent, in opticianry from an educational institution the opticianry curriculum of which is accredited by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation or by a nationally recognized accrediting agency approved by the board or recognized by the United States Department of Education;
- 3.2. Is an individual licensed to practice the profession of opticianry pursuant to a regulatory licensing law of another state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States, who has actively practiced in such other state, territory, or jurisdiction for more than 3 years immediately preceding application, and who meets the examination qualifications as provided in this subsection;
- 4.3. Is an individual who has actively practiced in another state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States for more than 5 years immediately preceding application, and who provides tax or business records, affidavits, or other satisfactory documentation of such practice, and who meets the examination qualifications as provided in this subsection; or
- 5.4. Has registered <u>before July 1, 2011,</u> as an apprentice with the department and paid a registration fee not to exceed \$60, as set by rule of the board. The apprentice <u>must shall</u>

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complete 6,240 hours of training under the supervision of an optician licensed in this state for at least 1 year or of a physician or optometrist licensed under the laws of this state. These requirements must be met within 5 years after the date of registration. However, any time spent in a recognized school may be considered as part of the apprenticeship program provided <u>in this subparagraph herein</u>. The board may establish administrative processing fees sufficient to cover the cost of administering apprentice rules <u>adopted</u> as <u>promulgated</u> by the board; or

- 6. Has registered on or after July 1, 2011, as an apprentice with the department and paid a registration fee not to exceed \$60, as set by rule of the board. The apprentice must complete 6,240 hours of training under the supervision of an optician licensed in this state for at least 1 year and complete 12 semester hours of college credit from an educational institution described in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. These requirements must be met within 5 years after the date of registration. However, any time spent in a recognized school may be considered as part of the apprenticeship program provided in this subparagraph. The board may establish administrative processing fees sufficient to cover the cost of administering apprentice rules adopted by the board.
- Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 484.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 484.013 Violations and penalties.-
- (3) It is unlawful for any optician to engage in the diagnosis of the human eyes, attempt to determine the refractive powers of the human eyes, or, in any manner, attempt to

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prescribe for or treat diseases or ailments of human beings.

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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