By Senator Evers

	2-00586-11 2011612
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to regulation of hoisting equipment
3	used in construction, demolition, or excavation work;
4	creating s. 489.1138, F.S.; defining the terms
5	"hoisting equipment," "mobile crane," and "tower
6	crane"; requiring an applicant for a building permit
7	to submit certain information to a local building
8	official; requiring radio communications between
9	certain crane operators; requiring certain
10	preparations for a hurricane or high-wind event;
11	requiring a preparedness plan for certain cranes;
12	requiring that hoisting equipment be secured in a
13	specified manner under certain circumstances;
14	providing penalties for violation of the act by
15	certain licensed contractors; preempting regulation of
16	hoisting equipment and persons operating the equipment
17	to the state; providing that the act does not apply to
18	the regulation of elevators; providing an effective
19	date.
20	
21	WHEREAS, cranes, derricks, hoists, elevators, and conveyors
22	used in construction, demolition, or excavation work are
23	currently regulated under federal rules adopted by the
24	Occupational Safety and Health Administration in 29 C.F.R. parts
25	1910 and 1926, and
26	WHEREAS, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration
27	has conducted a thorough and exhaustive review of these rules in
28	an effort to better protect against the hazards presented by
29	these types of hoisting equipment, and

Page 1 of 5

2-00586-11 2011612 30 WHEREAS, the review conducted by the Occupational Safety 31 and Health Administration was undertaken in consultation with 32 many of the most knowledgeable engineering, construction, and 33 safety experts in the nation and in the world, and 34 WHEREAS, this review has culminated in the production of 35 proposed rules setting forth comprehensive and detailed new 36 regulations applicable to cranes, derricks, hoists, elevators, 37 and conveyors, and to the operators of these types of hoisting 38 equipment, as published in the Federal Register on October 9, 39 2008, and 40 WHEREAS, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration 41 should be commended and supported in these efforts, and 42 WHEREAS, cranes, derricks, hoists, elevators, and conveyors 43 are routinely transported across city, county, and state lines, 44 making uniform federal regulation of these types of hoisting 45 equipment and their operators essential to commerce, to 46 Florida's economic competitiveness, and to minimizing 47 construction costs in our state, and WHEREAS, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration 48 49 has recently entered into a strategic alliance with the 50 Associated Builders and Contractors of Florida, the South 51 Florida Chapter of the Associated General Contractors of 52 America, the Construction Association of South Florida, and the 53 Florida Crane Owners Council to improve crane safety, NOW, 54 THEREFORE, 55 56 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 57 58 Section 1. Section 489.1138, Florida Statutes, is created

Page 2 of 5

	2-00586-11 2011612
59	to read:
60	489.1138 Regulation of hoisting equipment used in
61	construction, demolition, or excavation work
62	(1) As used in this section, the term:
63	(a) "Hoisting equipment" means power-operated cranes,
64	derricks, hoists, elevators, and conveyors that are used in
65	construction, demolition, or excavation work and regulated by
66	the Occupational Safety and Health Administration under 29
67	C.F.R. parts 1910 and 1926.
68	(b) "Mobile crane" means a type of hoisting equipment
69	incorporating a cable-suspended latticed boom or hydraulic
70	telescoping boom designed to be moved between operating
71	locations by transport over a roadway. The term does not include
72	<u>a mobile crane that has a boom length of less than 25 feet or a</u>
73	maximum rated load capacity of less than 15,000 pounds.
74	(c) "Tower crane" means a type of hoisting equipment using
75	a vertical mast or tower to support a working boom in an
76	elevated position, where the working boom can rotate to move
77	loads laterally by rotating at the top of the mast or tower or
78	by the rotation of the mast or tower itself, whether the mast or
79	tower base is fixed in one location or ballasted and moveable
80	between locations.
81	(2) An applicant for a building permit for construction,
82	demolition, or excavation work involving the use of a tower
83	crane or mobile crane must submit to the local building official
84	of the appropriate county, municipality, or other political
85	subdivision:
86	(a) A site plan accurately identifying the location of the
87	crane, clearances from above-ground power lines, the location of

Page 3 of 5

	2-00586-11 2011612
88	adjacent buildings, and the structural foundation of the crane.
89	(b) Documentation of compliance with the requirements of
90	all governmental authorities related to operation of the crane
91	on the work site, including compliance with the lighting
92	requirements of the Federal Aviation Administration.
93	(3) When two or more tower cranes or mobile cranes are
94	operating within the same swing radius, there must be at all
95	times a clear, independent, and operable channel of radio
96	communications among the persons operating the cranes.
97	(4)(a) When a tower crane or mobile crane is located on a
98	work site, a hurricane and high-wind event preparedness plan for
99	the crane must be available for inspection at the site.
100	(b) In preparation for a hurricane or high-wind event,
101	hoisting equipment must be secured in the following manner:
102	1. All hoisting equipment must be secured in compliance
103	with manufacturer recommendations relating to hurricane and
104	high-wind events, including any recommendations relating to the
105	placement, use, and removal of advertising banners and rigging.
106	2. Tower crane turntables must be lubricated before the
107	event.
108	3. Fixed booms on mobile cranes must be laid down whenever
109	feasible.
110	4. Booms on hydraulic cranes must be retracted and stored.
111	5. The counterweights of any hoists must be locked below
112	the top tie-in.
113	6. Tower cranes must be set in the weathervane position.
114	7. All rigging must be removed from hoist blocks.
115	8. All power at the base of tower cranes must be
116	disconnected.

Page 4 of 5

	2-00586-11 2011612
117	(5) A person licensed under this part who intentionally
118	violates this section is subject to discipline under ss. 455.227
119	and 489.129.
120	(6) This section preempts any local act, law, ordinance, or
121	regulation, including, but not limited to, a local building code
122	or building permit requirement, of a county, municipality, or
123	other political subdivision which pertains to the regulation of
124	hoisting equipment and persons operating the equipment in the
125	state.
126	(7) This section does not apply to the regulation of
127	<u>elevators under chapter 399.</u>
128	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

Page 5 of 5