Bill No. CS/HB 7129 (2011)

Amendment No.

CHAMBER ACTION

Senate

House

Representative Randolph offered the following:

Amendment

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Remove lines 3263-3285 and insert:

5 (1) (a) Sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, potable 6 water and, parks and recreation, schools, and transportation 7 facilities, including mass transit, where applicable, are the 8 only public facilities and services subject to the concurrency 9 requirement on a statewide basis. Additional public facilities 10 and services may not be made subject to concurrency on a 11 statewide basis without appropriate study and approval by the 12 Legislature; however, any local government may extend the 13 concurrency requirement so that it applies to additional public 14 facilities within its jurisdiction. If concurrency is applied to other public facilities, the local government comprehensive plan 15 must provide the principles, guidelines, standards, and 16 201755 Approved For Filing: 4/19/2011 9:54:17 AM

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Amendment No. 17 strategies, including adopted levels of service, to guide its 18 application. In order for a local government to rescind any optional concurrency provisions, a comprehensive plan amendment 19 20 is required. An amendment rescinding optional concurrency issues is not subject to state review. The local government 21 22 comprehensive plan must demonstrate, for required or optional 23 concurrency requirements, that the levels of service adopted can 24 be reasonably met. Infrastructure needed to ensure that adopted 25 level-of-service standards are achieved and maintained for the 26 5-year period of the capital improvement schedule must be 27 identified pursuant to the requirements of s. 163.3177(3). 28 29 Remove lines 3869-4070 and insert: 30 (6) (a) When applying concurrency to public education facilities, The application of school concurrency to development 31 32 shall be based upon the adopted comprehensive plan, as amended. 33 all local governments within a county, except as provided in 34 paragraph (i) (f), shall include principles, guidelines, 35 standards, and strategies, including adopted levels of service, 36 in their comprehensive plans and adopt and transmit to the state 37 land planning agency the necessary plan amendments, along with 38 the interlocal agreements. agreement, for a compliance review 39 pursuant to s. 163.3184(7) and (8). The minimum requirements for 40 school concurrency are the following: 41 (a) Public school facilities element.-A local government 42 shall adopt and transmit to the state land planning agency a plan or plan amendment which includes a public school facilities 43 element which is consistent with the requirements of s. 44 201755 Approved For Filing: 4/19/2011 9:54:17 AM Page 2 of 9

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45 163.3177(12) and which is determined to be in compliance as 46 defined in s. 163.3184(1)(b). All local government provisions 47 included in comprehensive plans regarding school concurrency 48 public school facilities plan elements within a county must be 49 consistent with each other as well as the requirements of this 50 part.

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(b) Level-of-service standards. The Legislature recognizes that an essential requirement for a concurrency management system is the level of service at which a public facility is expected to operate.

55 1. Local governments and school boards imposing school 56 concurrency shall exercise authority in conjunction with each 57 other to establish jointly adequate level-of-service standards, 58 as defined in chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, 59 necessary to implement the adopted local government 60 comprehensive plan, based on data and analysis.

61 <u>(c)</u>². Public school level-of-service standards shall be 62 included and adopted into the capital improvements element of 63 the local comprehensive plan and shall apply districtwide to all 64 schools of the same type. Types of schools may include 65 elementary, middle, and high schools as well as special purpose 66 facilities such as magnet schools.

67 <u>(d)</u>³. Local governments and school boards <u>may</u> shall have 68 the option to utilize tiered level-of-service standards to allow 69 time to achieve an adequate and desirable level of service as 70 circumstances warrant.

71 (e)4. For the purpose of determining whether levels of 72 service have been achieved, for the first 3 years of school 201755 Approved For Filing: 4/19/2011 9:54:17 AM Page 3 of 9

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Amendment No. 73 concurrency implementation, A school district that includes 74 relocatable facilities in its inventory of student stations 75 shall include the capacity of such relocatable facilities as 76 provided in s. 1013.35(2)(b)2.f., provided the relocatable 77 facilities were purchased after 1998 and the relocatable 78 facilities meet the standards for long-term use pursuant to s. 79 1013.20.

80 (c) Service areas.-The Legislature recognizes that an essential requirement for a concurrency system is a designation 81 82 of the area within which the level of service will be measured 83 when an application for a residential development permit is 84 reviewed for school concurrency purposes. This delineation is 85 also important for purposes of determining whether the local government has a financially feasible public school capital 86 87 facilities program that will provide schools which will achieve and maintain the adopted level-of-service standards. 88

89 (f)1. In order to balance competing interests, preserve the constitutional concept of uniformity, and avoid disruption 90 91 of existing educational and growth management processes, local 92 governments are encouraged to initially apply school concurrency to development only on a districtwide basis so that a 93 94 concurrency determination for a specific development will be 95 based upon the availability of school capacity districtwide. To 96 ensure that development is coordinated with schools having 97 available capacity, within 5 years after adoption of school 98 concurrency,

99 <u>2. If a local government elects to governments shall</u> apply 100 school concurrency on a less than districtwide basis, <u>by such as</u> 201755 Approved For Filing: 4/19/2011 9:54:17 AM Page 4 of 9

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101 using school attendance zones or concurrency service areas:, as 102 provided in subparagraph 2.

103 a.2. For local governments applying school concurrency on 104 a less than districtwide basis, such as utilizing school 105 attendance zones or larger school concurrency service areas, 106 Local governments and school boards shall have the burden to demonstrate that the utilization of school capacity is maximized 107 108 to the greatest extent possible in the comprehensive plan and 109 amendment, taking into account transportation costs and courtapproved desegregation plans, as well as other factors. In 110 111 addition, in order to achieve concurrency within the service 112 area boundaries selected by local governments and school boards, 113 the service area boundaries, together with the standards for establishing those boundaries, shall be identified and included 114 as supporting data and analysis for the comprehensive plan. 115

b.3. Where school capacity is available on a districtwide 116 117 basis but school concurrency is applied on a less than districtwide basis in the form of concurrency service areas, if 118 119 the adopted level-of-service standard cannot be met in a 120 particular service area as applied to an application for a 121 development permit and if the needed capacity for the particular 122 service area is available in one or more contiguous service 123 areas, as adopted by the local government, then the local 124 government may not deny an application for site plan or final 125 subdivision approval or the functional equivalent for a development or phase of a development on the basis of school 126 concurrency, and if issued, development impacts shall be 127 128 subtracted from the shifted to contiguous service area's areas 201755

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Amendment No. 129 with schools having available capacity totals. Students from the 130 development may not be required to go to the adjacent service area unless the school board rezones the area in which the 131 132 development occurs. (g) (d) Financial feasibility.—The Legislature recognizes 133 134 that financial feasibility is an important issue because The 135 premise of concurrency is that the public facilities will be 136 provided in order to achieve and maintain the adopted level-of-137 service standard. This part and chapter 9J-5, Florida 138 Administrative Code, contain specific standards to determine the 139 financial feasibility of capital programs. These standards were adopted to make concurrency more predictable and local 140 141 governments more accountable. 142 1. A comprehensive plan amendment seeking to impose school 143 concurrency shall contain appropriate amendments to the capital 144 improvements element of the comprehensive plan, consistent with the requirements of s. 163.3177(3) and rule 9J-5.016, Florida 145 Administrative Code. The capital improvements element shall 146 147 identify facilities necessary to meet adopted levels of service 148 during a 5-year period consistent with the school board's 149 educational set forth a financially feasible public school 150 capital facilities plan program, established in conjunction with 151 the school board, that demonstrates that the adopted level-of- 152 service standards will be achieved and maintained. 153 (h)1. In order to limit the liability of local 154 governments, a local government may allow a landowner to proceed 155 with development of a specific parcel of land notwithstanding a

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156	failure of the development to satisfy school concurrency, if all
157	the following factors are shown to exist:
158	a. The proposed development would be consistent with the
159	future land use designation for the specific property and with
160	pertinent portions of the adopted local plan, as determined by
161	the local government.
162	b. The local government's capital improvements element and
163	the school board's educational facilities plan provide for
164	school facilities adequate to serve the proposed development,
165	and the local government or school board has not implemented
166	that element or the project includes a plan that demonstrates
167	that the capital facilities needed as a result of the project
168	can be reasonably provided.
169	c. The local government and school board have provided a
170	means by which the landowner will be assessed a proportionate
171	share of the cost of providing the school facilities necessary
172	to serve the proposed development.
173	2. Such amendments shall demonstrate that the public
174	school capital facilities program meets all of the financial
175	feasibility standards of this part and chapter 9J-5, Florida
176	Administrative Code, that apply to capital programs which
177	provide the basis for mandatory concurrency on other public
178	facilities and services.
179	3. When the financial feasibility of a public school
180	capital facilities program is evaluated by the state land
181	planning agency for purposes of a compliance determination, the
182	evaluation shall be based upon the service areas selected by the
183	local governments and school board.
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184 2.(e) Availability standard.-Consistent with the public 185 welfare, When a local government applies school concurrency, it 186 may not deny an application for site plan, final subdivision 187 approval, or the functional equivalent for a development or phase of a development authorizing residential development for 188 189 failure to achieve and maintain the level-of-service standard for public school capacity in a local school concurrency 190 management system where adequate school facilities will be in 191 192 place or under actual construction within 3 years after the 193 issuance of final subdivision or site plan approval, or the 194 functional equivalent. School concurrency is satisfied if the 195 developer executes a legally binding commitment to provide 196 mitigation proportionate to the demand for public school 197 facilities to be created by actual development of the property, including, but not limited to, the options described in sub-198 subparagraph a. subparagraph 1. Options for proportionate-share 199 200 mitigation of impacts on public school facilities must be 201 established in the comprehensive plan public school facilities 202 element and the interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.31777.

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203 a.1. Appropriate mitigation options include the 204 contribution of land; the construction, expansion, or payment 205 for land acquisition or construction of a public school 206 facility; the construction of a charter school that complies with the requirements of s. 1002.33(18); or the creation of 207 208 mitigation banking based on the construction of a public school 209 facility in exchange for the right to sell capacity credits. 210 Such options must include execution by the applicant and the 211 local government of a development agreement that constitutes a 201755 Approved For Filing: 4/19/2011 9:54:17 AM

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Amendment No. 212 legally binding commitment to pay proportionate-share mitigation 213 for the additional residential units approved by the local 214 government in a development order and actually developed on the 215 property, taking into account residential density allowed on the 216 property prior to the plan amendment that increased the overall 217 residential density. The district school board must be a party to such an agreement. As a condition of its entry into such a 218 219 development agreement, the local government may require the 220 landowner to agree to continuing renewal of the agreement upon 221 its expiration.

222 <u>b.2.</u> If the education facilities plan and the public
223 educational facilities element authorize a contribution of land;
224 the

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