CS/HB 739 2011

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to transition-to-adulthood services; amending s. 985.03, F.S.; defining the term "transitionto-adulthood services"; creating s. 985.461, F.S.; providing legislative intent concerning transition-toadulthood services for youth in the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice; providing for eligibility for services for youth served by the department who are legally in the custody of the Department of Children and Family Services; providing that an adjudication of delinquency does not disqualify a youth in foster care from certain services from the Department of Children and Family Services; providing powers and duties of the Department of Juvenile Justice for transition services; providing for assessments; requiring that services be part of a plan leading to independence; amending s. 985.0301, F.S.; providing for retention of court jurisdiction over a child for a specified period following the child's 19th birthday if the child is participating in transition-toadulthood services; providing that certain services require voluntary participation by affected youth and do not create an involuntary court-sanctioned residential commitment; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Present subsections (57) and (58) of section 985.03, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (58) and

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(59), respectively, and a new subsection (57) is added to that section to read:

- 985.03 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (57) "Transition-to-adulthood services" means services
  that are provided for youth in the custody of the department or
  under the supervision of the department and that have the
  objective of instilling the knowledge, skills, and aptitudes
  essential to a socially integrated, self-supporting adult life.
  The services may include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Assessment of the youth's ability and readiness for adult life.
- (b) A plan for the youth to acquire the knowledge, information, and counseling necessary to make a successful transition to adulthood.
- (c) Services that have proven effective toward achieving the transition to adulthood.
- Section 2. Section 985.461, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
  - 985.461 Transition to adulthood.—
- (1) The Legislature finds that older youth are faced with the need to learn how to support themselves within legal means and overcome the stigma of being delinquent. In most cases, parents expedite this transition. It is the intent of the Legislature that the department provide older youth in its custody or under its supervision with opportunities for participating in transition—to—adulthood services while in the department's commitment programs or in probation or conditional release programs in the community. These services should be

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reasonable and appropriate for the youths' respective ages or special needs and provide activities that build life skills and increase the ability to live independently and become self-sufficient.

- of the Department of Children and Family Services and who entered juvenile justice placement from a foster care placement, if otherwise eligible, may receive independent living transition services pursuant to s. 409.1451. Court-ordered commitment or probation with the department is not a barrier to eligibility for the array of services available to a youth who is in the dependency foster care system only.
- (3) For a dependent child in the foster care system, adjudication for delinquency does not, by itself, disqualify such child for eligibility in the Department of Children and Family Services' independent living program.
- (4) To support participation in transition-to-adulthood services and subject to appropriation, the department may:
- (a) Assess the child's skills and abilities to live independently and become self-sufficient. The specific services to be provided shall be determined using an assessment of his or her readiness for adult life.
- (b) Develop a list of age-appropriate activities and responsibilities to be incorporated in the child's written case plan for any youth 17 years of age or older who is under the custody or supervision of the department. Activities may include, but are not limited to, life skills training, including training to develop banking and budgeting skills, interviewing

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and career planning skills, parenting skills, personal health management, and time management or organizational skills; educational support; employment training; and counseling.

(c) Provide information related to social security insurance benefits and public assistance.

- (d) Request parental or guardian permission for the youth to participate in transition-to-adulthood services. Upon such consent, age-appropriate activities shall be incorporated into the youth's written case plan. This plan may include specific goals and objectives and shall be reviewed and updated at least quarterly. If the parent or guardian is cooperative, the plan may not interfere with the parent's or guardian's rights to nurture and train his or her child in ways that are otherwise in compliance with the law and court order.
- (e) Contract for transition-to-adulthood services that include residential services and assistance and allow the child to live independently of the daily care and supervision of an adult in a setting that is not licensed under s. 409.175. A child under the care or supervision of the department who has reached 17 years of age but is not yet 19 years of age is eligible for such services if he or she does not pose a danger to the public and is able to demonstrate minimally sufficient skills and aptitude for living under decreased adult supervision, as determined by the department, using established procedures and assessments.
- (5) For a child who is 17 years of age or older, under the department's care or supervision, and without benefit of parents or legal guardians capable of assisting the child in the

assessment to determine the child's skills and abilities to live independently and become self-sufficient. Based on the assessment and within existing resources, services and training may be provided in order to develop the necessary skills and abilities before the child's 18th birthday.

- (6) The provision of transition-to-adulthood services must be part of an overall plan leading to the total independence of the child from department supervision. The plan must include, but need not be limited to:
- (a) A description of the child's skills and a plan for learning additional identified skills;
- (b) The behavior that the child has exhibited which indicates an ability to be responsible and a plan for developing additional responsibilities, as appropriate;
- (c) A plan for the provision of future educational, vocational, and training skills;
- (d) Present financial and budgeting capabilities and a plan for improving resources and abilities;
  - (e) A description of the proposed residence;
- (f) Documentation that the child understands the specific consequences of his or her conduct in such a program;
- (g) Documentation of proposed services to be provided by the department and other agencies, including the type of services and the nature and frequency of contact; and
- (h) A plan for maintaining or developing relationships with family, other adults, friends, and the community, as appropriate.

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141 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 985.0301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 985.0301 Jurisdiction. (5) (a) Notwithstanding ss. 743.07, 985.43, 985.433, 145 985.435, 985.439, and 985.441, and except as provided in ss. 146 985.461, 985.465, and 985.47 and paragraph (f), when the jurisdiction of any child who is alleged to have committed a delinquent act or violation of law is obtained, the court shall retain jurisdiction, unless relinquished by its order, until the 149 child reaches 19 years of age, with the same power over the 150 child which that the court had before prior to the child became becoming an adult. For the purposes of s. 985.461, the court may retain jurisdiction for an additional 365 days following the child's 19th birthday if the child is participating in transition-to-adulthood services. The additional services do not extend involuntary court-sanctioned residential commitment and 157 therefore require voluntary participation by the affected youth. Section 4. This act shall take effect October 1, 2011.