A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to neighborhood improvement districts; 3 amending s. 163.501, F.S.; revising the short title to 4 become the "Neighborhoods Improvement Act"; amending s. 5 163.502, F.S.; revising legislative findings and purpose; 6 amending s. 163.503, F.S.; revising a definition and 7 removing definitions for "environmental security," "crime 8 prevention, " "defensible space, " "enterprise zone, " and 9 "community policing innovation"; amending s. 163.5035, 10 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 11 amending s. 163.504, F.S.; authorizing the governing body of any municipality or county to form a neighborhood 12 improvement district through the adoption of an ordinance 13 14 rather than by a planning ordinance; removing provisions 15 pertaining to the creation and funding of safe 16 neighborhood districts; amending s. 163.5055, F.S.; requiring each neighborhood improvement district 17 authorized under law to notify the Department of Community 18 19 Affairs and the Department of Legal Affairs of their existence rather than to register with them; amending s. 20 21 163.506, F.S.; revising provisions authorizing a local 22 governing body to create a local government neighborhood 23 improvement district; specifying that the ordinance may 24 authorize the improvement district to borrow money, issue 25 bonds, and collect special assessments; authorizing the 26 governing body of the improvement district to levy ad 27 valorem taxes upon real and tangible personal property within the district which the governing body deems 28

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necessary for payment on the general obligation bonds; authorizing the district to make and collect special assessments; removing provisions allowing an alternative organization for the board of directors; amending s. 163.508, F.S., relating to property owners' association neighborhood improvement districts; revising the requirements for creating a property owners' association neighborhood improvement district by the enactment of a separate ordinance for each district; authorizing the governing body to request grants from the state; amending s. 163.511, F.S., relating to special neighborhood improvement districts; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; revising the method of appointing and removing directors of the district; amending s. 163.512, F.S.; revising provisions authorizing a municipality or county to create a community redevelopment neighborhood improvement district; authorizing the district to receive grants and other funding; providing that the local governing body may dissolve the district under certain circumstances; repealing s. 163.513, F.S., relating to crime prevention through community policing innovations; amending s. 163.514, F.S.; specifying the powers of neighborhood improvement districts; allowing the district to contract with legal counsel and other needed professionals; authorizing the districts to collect special assessments under certain circumstances and following designated procedures; amending s. 163.5151, F.S.; requiring a local government to prepare its budget

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in a specified manner if levying an ad valorem tax on real or personal property; amending s. 163.516, F.S.; requiring neighborhood improvement plans to be created for each improvement district; specifying the contents of the neighborhood improvement district's plan; repealing s. 163.517, F.S., relating to the safe neighborhoods program; repealing s. 163.519, F.S., relating to the duties of the Department of Legal Affairs; repealing s. 163.521, F.S., relating to the neighborhood improvement district inside an enterprise zone; repealing s. 163.5215, F.S., relating to the effect and construction of the existing laws; repealing s. 163.522, F.S., relating to state redevelopment programs; repealing s. 163.523, F.S., relating to safe neighborhood districts; repealing s. 163.524, F.S., relating to the Neighborhood Preservation and Enhancement Program; repealing s. 163.526, F.S., relating to Neighborhood Councils and the local government designated agency; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. 163.501 Short title.—This part may be cited as the "Safe Neighborhoods Improvement Act."

Section 2. Section 163.502, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.502 Safe Neighborhoods  $\underline{\text{improvement}}$ ; legislative findings and purpose.—

(1) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that among

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the many causes of deterioration in the business and residential neighborhoods of the state are the following: proliferation of crime, automobile traffic flow strangled by outmoded street patterns, unsuitable topography, faulty lot layouts, fragmentation of land uses and parking areas necessitating frequent automobile movement, lack of separation of pedestrian areas from automobile traffic, lack of separation of vehicle traffic lanes and railroad traffic, and excessive noise levels from automobile traffic, and lack of adequate public improvements such as streets, street lights, street furniture, street landscaping, sidewalks, traffic signals, way-finding signs, mass transit, stormwater systems, and other public utilities and improvements.

- (2) The Legislature further finds and declares that <a href="healthy">healthy and vibrant safe</a> neighborhoods are the product of planning and implementation of appropriate environmental design concepts, comprehensive planning crime prevention programs, land use recommendations, and beautification techniques.
- (3) The Legislature further finds and declares that the provisions of this part and the powers granted to local governments, property owners' associations, special dependent districts, and community redevelopment neighborhood improvement districts are desirable to guide and accomplish the coordinated, balanced, and harmonious development of <a href="healthy and vibrant safe">healthy and vibrant safe</a> neighborhoods; to promote the health, safety, and general welfare of these areas and their inhabitants, visitors, property owners, and workers; to establish, maintain, and preserve property values and preserve and foster the development of

attractive neighborhood and business environments; to prevent overcrowding and congestion; and to improve or redirect automobile traffic and provide pedestrian safety; to reduce crime rates and the opportunities for the commission of crime; and to provide improvements in neighborhoods so they are defensible against crime.

- (4) It is the intent of the Legislature to assist local governments in implementing plans that <u>improve the employ crime</u> prevention through community policing innovations, environmental design, environmental security, and defensible space techniques to establish safe neighborhoods of this state. The Legislature, therefore, declares that the development, redevelopment, preservation, and revitalization of neighborhoods in this state, and all the purposes of this part, are public purposes for which public money may be borrowed, expended, loaned, and granted.
- Section 3. Section 163.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

## 163.503 Safe neighborhoods; Definitions.-

(1) "Safe Neighborhood improvement district," "district," or "neighborhood improvement district" means a district located in an area in which more than 75 percent of the land is used for residential purposes, or in an area in which more than 75 percent of the land is used for commercial, office, business, or industrial purposes, excluding the land area used for public facilities, and where there is a plan to reduce crime through the implementation of crime prevention through environmental design, environmental security, or defensible space techniques, or through community policing innovations. Nothing in This

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section <u>does not shall</u> preclude the inclusion of public land in a neighborhood improvement district although the amount of land used for public facilities is excluded from the land use acreage calculations.

- (2) "Association" means a property owners' association which is incorporated for the purpose of creating and operating a neighborhood improvement district.
  - (3) "Department" means the Department of Legal Affairs.
- (4) "Board" means the board of directors of a neighborhood improvement district, which may be the governing body of a municipality or county or the officers of a property owners' association or the board of directors of a special neighborhood improvement district or community redevelopment neighborhood improvement district.
- (5) "Environmental security" means an urban planning and design process which integrates crime prevention with neighborhood design and community development.
- (6) "Crime prevention through environmental design" means the planned use of environmental design concepts such as natural access control, natural surveillance, and territorial reinforcement in a neighborhood or community setting which is designed to reduce criminal opportunity and foster positive social interaction among the legitimate users of that setting.
- (7) "Defensible space" means an architectural perspective on crime prevention through physical design of the environment to create the ability to monitor and control the environment along individual perceived zones of territorial influence that result in a proprietary interest and a felt responsibility.

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(8) "Enterprise zone" means an area designated pursuant to s. 290.0065.

(9) "Community policing innovation" means techniques or strategies as defined by s. 163.340.

Section 4. Section 163.5035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.5035 Safe Neighborhood improvement districts; compliance with special district provisions.—Any special district created pursuant to this part shall comply with all applicable provisions contained in chapter 189. In cases where a provision contained in this part conflicts with a provision in chapter 189, the provision in chapter 189 shall prevail.

Section 5. Section 163.504, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.504 Safe Neighborhood improvement districts; planning funds.—

(1) The governing body of any municipality or county may authorize the formation of safe neighborhood improvement districts through the adoption of an a planning ordinance that which specifies that such districts may be created by one or more of the methods established in ss. 163.506, 163.508, 163.511, and 163.512. A No district may not overlap the jurisdictional boundaries of a municipality and the unincorporated area of a county, unless approved except by interlocal agreement.

(2) If the governing body of a municipality or county elects to create a safe neighborhood improvement district, it shall be eligible to request a grant from the Safe Neighborhoods

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Program, created pursuant to s. 163.517 and administered by the Department of Legal Affairs, to prepare a safe neighborhood improvement plan for the district.

- (3) Municipalities and counties may implement the provisions of this section without planning funds from the Department of Legal Affairs. However, nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt any district from the requirements of providing a safe neighborhood improvement plan pursuant to s. 163.516.
- Section 6. Section 163.5055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 163.5055 <u>Notice</u> Registration of district establishment; notice of dissolution.—
- (1) (a) Each neighborhood improvement district authorized and established under this part shall within 30 days thereof notify register with both the Department of Community Affairs and the Department of Legal Affairs by providing these departments with the district's name, location, size, and type, and such other information as the departments may request require.
- (2) (b) Each local governing body that which authorizes the dissolution of a district shall notify both the Department of Community Affairs and the Department of Legal Affairs within 30 days after the dissolution of the district.
- (2) This section shall apply to all neighborhood improvement districts established on or after July 1, 1987.
- Section 7. Section 163.506, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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163.506 Local government neighborhood improvement districts; creation; advisory council; dissolution.—

- (1) After <u>an</u> a <u>local planning</u> ordinance has been adopted authorizing the creation of local government neighborhood improvement districts, the local governing body of a municipality or county may create local government neighborhood improvement districts by the enactment of a separate ordinance for each district, which ordinance:
- (a) Specifies the boundaries, size, and name of the district.
- (b) Authorizes the district to receive  $\underline{\text{grants}}$  a  $\underline{\text{planning}}$   $\underline{\text{grant from the department}}$ .
- (c) Authorizes the local government neighborhood improvement district to levy an ad valorem tax on real and personal property of up to 2 mills annually.
- (d) Authorizes the use of special assessments to support planning and implementation of district improvements pursuant to the provisions of s. 163.514(16), if the district is a residential local government neighborhood improvement district including community policing innovations.
- (e) Designates the local governing body as the board of directors of the district.
- (f) Establishes an advisory council to the board of directors comprised of property owners, representatives of property owners, business owners, or residents of the district.
- (g) May prohibit the use of any district power authorized by s. 163.514.
  - (h) Requires the district to notify the Department of

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Legal Affairs and the Department of Community Affairs in writing of its establishment within 30 days thereof pursuant to s.

163.5055.

- (i) Authorizes the district to borrow money, contract loans, and issue bonds, certificates, warrants, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness from time to time to finance the undertaking of any capital or other project for the purposes permitted by the State Constitution and this part and may pledge the funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the improvement district for the payment of such debts and bonds.
- 1. Bonds issued under this part shall be authorized by resolution of the governing board of the district and, if required by the State Constitution, by affirmative vote of the electors of the district. Such bonds may be issued in one or more series and shall bear such date or dates, be payable upon demand or mature at such time or times, bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such denomination or denominations, be in such form, registered or not, with or without coupon, carry such conversion or registration privileges, have such rank or priority, be executed in such manner, be payable in such medium of payment, at such place or places, and subject to such terms of redemption, with or without premium, be secured in such manner, and have such other characteristics as may be provided by such resolution or trust indenture or mortgage issued pursuant thereto.
- 2. The governing body of the district shall determine the terms and manner of sale and distribution or other disposition of any and all bonds it may issue, consistent with s. 218.385,

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and shall have any and all powers necessary and convenient to such disposition.

- 3. The governing body of the district may establish and administer such sinking funds as it deems necessary or convenient for the payment, purchase, or redemption of any outstanding bonded indebtedness of the district.
- 4. The governing body of the improvement district may levy ad valorem taxes upon real and tangible personal property within the district as it deems necessary to make payment, including principal and interest, upon the general obligation and ad valorem bonded indebtedness of the district or into any sinking fund created pursuant to this part.
- 5. This part shall be full authority for the issuance of bonds authorized herein.
- (j) Authorizes the district to make and collect special assessments pursuant to ss. 197.3632 and 197.3635 to pay for capital improvements within the district and for reasonable expenses of operating the district, including the payment of expenses included in the district's budget, if the district is a commercial local government neighborhood improvement district.

  Such assessments may not exceed \$1,500 for each individual parcel of land per year.
- (k) Authorizes the district to charge, collect, and enforce fees and other user charges.
- (2) The advisory council shall perform such duties as may be prescribed by the governing body and shall submit within the time period specified by the governing body, acting as the board of directors, a report on the district's activities and a

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proposed budget to accomplish its objectives. In formulating a plan for services or improvements the advisory board shall consult in public session with the appropriate staff or consultants of the local governing body responsible for the district's plan.

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(3) As an alternative to designating the local governing body as the board of directors, a majority of the local governing body of a city or county may appoint a board of three to seven directors for the district who shall be residents of the proposed area and who are subject to ad valorem taxation in the residential neighborhood improvement district or who are property owners in a commercial neighborhood improvement district. The directors shall be appointed for staggered terms of 3 years. The initial appointments shall be as follows: one director for a 1-year term; one director for a 2-year term; and one director for a 3-year term. If more than three directors are to be appointed, the additional members shall initially be appointed for 3-year terms. Vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired portion of a term in the same manner as the initial appointments were made. Each director shall hold office until his or her successor is appointed and qualified unless the director ceases to be qualified or is removed from office. Upon appointment and qualification and in January of each year, the directors shall organize by electing from their number a chair and a secretary.

(3) (4) A district may be dissolved by the governing body by rescinding the ordinance creating the district. The governing body may rescind shall consider rescinding the ordinance if

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Petitions related to a residential neighborhood improvement district must contain containing the signatures of 60 percent of the residents. Petitions related to a commercial neighborhood improvement district must contain signatures representing owners of 60 percent of the land area of the of a district.

Section 8. Section 163.508, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 163.508 Property owners' association neighborhood improvement districts; creation; powers and duties; duration.—
- (1) After <u>an</u> a <u>local planning</u> ordinance has been adopted authorizing the creation of property owners' association neighborhood improvement districts, the local governing body of a municipality or county may create property owners' association neighborhood improvement districts by the enactment of a separate ordinance for each district, which ordinance:
- (a) Establishes that an incorporated property owners' association representing 75 percent of all owners of property within a proposed district meeting the requirements of this section has petitioned the governing body of the municipality or county for creation of a district for the area encompassed by the property owned by members of the association.
- (b) Specifies the boundaries, size, and name of the district.
- (c) Authorizes the governing body through mutual agreement with the property owners' association to:
- 1. Request <u>grants</u> a matching grant from the state's Safe
  Neighborhoods Program to prepare the first year's safe

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neighborhood improvement plan. The provider of the local match for the state grant shall be mutually agreed upon between the governing body and the property owners' association. The governing body may agree to provide the match as a no-interest-bearing loan to be paid back from assessments imposed by the association on its members or shareholders.

- 2. Provide staff and other technical assistance to the property owners' association on a mutually agreed-upon basis, contractual or otherwise.
- 3. Prepare the first year's safe neighborhood improvement plan, which shall comply with and be consistent with the governing body's adopted comprehensive plan.
- (d) Provides for an audit of the property owners' association.
- (e) Designates the officers of the incorporated property owners' association as the board of directors of the district.
- (f) May prohibit the use of any district power authorized by s. 163.514.
- (g) Requires the district to notify the Department of Legal Affairs and the Department of Community Affairs in writing of its establishment within 30 days thereof pursuant to s. 163.5055.
- (2) In order to qualify for the creation of a neighborhood improvement district, the property owners shall form an association in compliance with this section, or use an existing property owners' association in compliance with this section, which shall be a corporation, for profit or not for profit. At least, and of which not less than 75 percent of all property

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owners within the proposed area <u>must consent</u> have consented in writing to become members or shareholders. Upon such consent by 75 percent of the property owners in the proposed district, all consenting property owners and their successors shall become members of the association and shall be bound by the provisions of the articles of incorporation, the bylaws of the association, the covenants, the deed restrictions, the indentures, and any other properly promulgated restrictions. The association shall have no member or shareholder who is not a bona fide owner of property within the proposed district. Upon receipt of its certificate of incorporation, the property owners' association shall notify the clerk of the city or county court, whichever is appropriate, in writing, of such incorporation and shall list the names and addresses of the officers of the association.

- (3) Any incorporated property owners' association operating pursuant to this part <u>has</u> shall have the power:
- (a) To negotiate with the governing body of a municipality or county for closing, privatizing, or modifying the rights-of-way, and appurtenances thereto, within the district.
- (b) To <u>use</u> utilize various legal instruments such as covenants, deed restrictions, and indentures to preserve and maintain the integrity of property, land, and rights-of-way owned and conveyed to it within the district.
- (c) To make and collect assessments against all property within the boundaries of the district pursuant to the provisions of s. 163.514(16) and to lease, maintain, repair, and reconstruct any privatized street, land, or common area within the district upon dedication thereof to the association.

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(d) Without the joinder of any property owner, to modify, move, or create any easement for ingress and egress or for the purpose of utilities, if such easement constitutes part of or crosses district property. However, this <u>does shall</u> not authorize the association to modify or move any easement <u>that</u> which is created in whole or in part for the use or benefit of anyone other than association members, or which crosses the property of anyone other than association members, without the consent or approval of such person as required by law or by the instrument creating the easement. Nothing in this paragraph shall affect the rights of ingress or egress of any member of the association.

- (4) A property owners' association neighborhood improvement district shall continue in perpetuity as long as the property owners' association created pursuant to this section exists under the applicable laws of the state.
- Section 9. Subsections (1), (7), (8), and (10) of section 163.511, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 163.511 Special neighborhood improvement districts; creation; referendum; board of directors; duration; extension.—
- (1) After <u>an</u> a <u>local planning</u> ordinance has been adopted authorizing the creation of special neighborhood improvement districts, the governing body of a municipality or county may declare the need for and create special residential or business neighborhood improvement districts by the enactment of a separate ordinance for each district, which ordinance:
- (a) Conditions the implementation of the ordinance on the approval of a referendum as provided in subsection (2).

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HB 781 2011

Authorizes the special neighborhood improvement district to levy an ad valorem tax on real and personal property of up to 2 mills annually.

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- Authorizes the use of special assessments to support planning and implementation of district improvements pursuant to the provisions of s. 163.514(16), including community policing innovations.
- Specifies the boundaries, size, and name of the (d) district.
- (e) Authorizes the district to receive a planning grant from the department.
- Provides for the appointment of a 3-member board of directors for the district.
- May authorize a special neighborhood improvement district to exercise the power of eminent domain pursuant to chapters 73 and 74. Any property identified for eminent domain by the district shall be subject to the approval of the local governing body before eminent domain procedures are exercised.
- May prohibit the use of any district power authorized by s. 163.514.
- Requires the district to notify the Department of Legal Affairs and the Department of Community Affairs in writing of its establishment within 30 days thereof pursuant to s. 163.5055.
- May authorize a special neighborhood improvement district to develop and implement community policing innovations 474 in consultation with the local law enforcement agency having 475 jurisdiction within the district boundaries.

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improvement district shall be conducted and administered by a board of three directors who shall be residents of or property owners within the proposed area and who are subject to ad valorem taxation in the district. Upon their initial appointment and qualification and in January of each year thereafter, the directors shall organize by electing from their number a chair and a secretary, and may also employ staff and legal representatives as deemed appropriate, who shall serve at the pleasure of the board and may receive such compensation as shall be fixed by the board. The secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings of the district and shall be custodian of all books and records of the district. The directors may shall not receive any compensation for their services, nor may they be employed by the district.

(8) Within 30 days of the approval of the creation of a special neighborhood improvement district, if the district is in a municipality, a majority of the governing body of the municipality, or if the district is in the unincorporated area of the county, a majority of the county commission, shall appoint the three directors provided for herein for staggered terms of 3 years. The initial appointments shall be as follows: one for a 1-year term, one for a 2-year term, and one for a 3-year term. Each director shall hold office until his or her successor is appointed and qualified unless the director ceases to be qualified to act as a director or is removed from office. Vacancies on the board shall be filled for the unexpired portion of a term in the same manner as the initial appointments were

505 made.

(10) The governing body of a municipality or county may remove a director for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or misconduct in office only after a hearing and only if he or she has been given a copy of the charges at least 10 days prior to such hearing and has had an opportunity to be heard in person or by counsel. A vacancy so created shall be filled as provided herein.

Section 10. Section 163.512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 163.512 Community redevelopment neighborhood improvement districts; creation; advisory council; dissolution.—
- (1) Upon the recommendation of the community redevelopment agency and after <u>an</u> a <u>local planning</u> ordinance has been adopted authorizing the creation of community redevelopment neighborhood improvement districts, the local governing body of a municipality or county may create community redevelopment neighborhood improvement districts by the enactment of a separate ordinance for each district, which ordinance:
- (a) Specifies the boundaries, size, and name of the district.
- (b) Authorizes the district to receive <u>grants</u> a <u>planning</u> grant from the department.
- (c) Authorizes the use of the community redevelopment trust fund created pursuant to s. 163.387 for the purposes of implementing the <u>district's</u> safe neighborhood improvement plan and furthering crime prevention through community policing innovations, environmental design, environmental security, and

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defensible space techniques, if the expenditures from the community redevelopment trust fund are consistent with the community redevelopment plan created pursuant to s. 163.360.

- (d) Designates the community redevelopment board of commissioners established pursuant to s. 163.356 or s. 163.357 as the board of directors for the district.
- (e) Establishes an advisory council to the board of directors comprised of property owners or residents of the district.
- (f) May prohibit the use of any district power authorized by s. 163.514.
- (g) Requires that the <u>district's</u> <u>safe</u> neighborhood improvement plan be consistent with the community redevelopment plan created pursuant to s. 163.360, and permits the <u>safe</u> neighborhood improvement plan to be included in the community redevelopment plan as an optional element.
- (h) Requires that the boundaries of the community redevelopment district be contained in whole within the community redevelopment area established pursuant to ss. 163.355 and 163.356.
- (i) Requires the district to notify the Department of Legal Affairs and the Department of Community Affairs in writing of its establishment within 30 days thereof pursuant to s. 163.5055.
- (2) The advisory council shall perform such duties as may be prescribed by the community redevelopment board established pursuant to s. 163.356 and shall submit within the time period specified by the board of directors a report on the district's

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activities and a proposed budget to accomplish its objectives. In formulating a plan for services or improvements, the advisory council shall consult in public session with the appropriate staff or consultants of the community redevelopment board responsible for the district's plan.

- (3) A district may be dissolved by the local governing body by rescinding the ordinance creating the district. The governing body may rescind shall consider rescinding the ordinance if presented with a petition containing the signatures of 60 percent of the residents of a district.
- Section 11. <u>Section 163.513, Florida Statutes, is</u> repealed.
- Section 12. Section 163.514, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 163.514 Powers of neighborhood improvement districts.— Unless prohibited by ordinance, the board of any district  $\underline{is}$  shall be empowered to:
- (1) Enter into contracts and agreements and sue and be sued as a body corporate.
  - (2) Have and use a corporate seal.
- (3) Acquire, own, convey, or otherwise dispose of, lease as lessor or lessee, construct, maintain, improve, enlarge, raze, relocate, operate, and manage property and facilities of whatever type to which it holds title and grant and acquire licenses, easements, and options with respect thereto.
- (4) Accept grants and donations of any type of property, labor, or other thing of value from any public or private source.

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(5) Have exclusive control of funds legally available to it, subject to limitations imposed by law or by any agreement validly entered into by it.

(6) Cooperate and contract with other governmental agencies or other public bodies.

- (7) Contract for services of <u>planners</u>, <u>engineers</u>, <u>attorneys</u>, <u>and other</u> <u>planning</u> consultants, <u>experts on crime</u> <u>prevention through community policing innovations</u>, <u>environmental design</u>, <u>environmental security</u>, <u>or defensible space</u>, <u>or other experts</u> in areas pertaining to the operations of the board of directors or the district.
- (8) Contract with the county or municipal government for planning assistance, <u>legal advice</u>, and for increased levels of law enforcement protection and security, including additional personnel.
- (9) Promote and advertise the commercial advantages of the district so as to attract new businesses and encourage the expansion of existing businesses.
- (10) Promote and advertise the district to the public and engage in cooperative advertising programs with businesses located in the district.
- (11) Improve, plan, design, construct, operate, provide, and maintain street lighting, parks, streets, drainage, utilities, swales, parking facilities, transit, landscaping, and open areas, and provide safe access to mass transportation facilities in the district.
- (12) Undertake innovative approaches to securing neighborhoods from crime, such as crime prevention through

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community policing innovations, environmental design, environmental security, and defensible space.

- (13) Privatize, close, vacate, plan, or replan streets, roads, sidewalks, and alleys, subject to the concurrence of the local governing body and, if required, the state Department of Transportation.
- (14) Prepare, adopt, implement, and modify a safe neighborhood improvement plan for the district.
- (15) Identify areas with blighted influences, including, but not limited to, areas where unlawful urban dumping or graffiti are prevalent, and develop programs for eradication thereof.
- (16) (a) Subject to referendum approval, and for special, community redevelopment, and property owners' association neighborhood improvement districts only, make and collect special assessments pursuant to ss. 197.3632 and 197.3635 to pay for improvements to the district and for reasonable expenses of operating the district, including the payment of expenses included in the district's budget, subject to an affirmative vote by a majority of the registered voters residing in the district. Such assessments shall not exceed \$500 for each individual parcel of land per year. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 101.6102, the referendum to approve the special assessment shall be by mail ballot.
- (b) In order to implement this subsection, the city clerk or the supervisor of elections, whichever is appropriate, shall compile a list of the names and last known addresses of the electors in the neighborhood improvement district from the list

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of registered voters of the county as of the last day of the preceding month. The same shall constitute the registration list for the purposes of a referendum. Within 45 days after compilation of the voter registration list, the city clerk or the supervisor of elections shall notify each elector of the general provisions of this section, including the taxing authority and the date of the upcoming referendum. Notification shall be by United States mail and, in addition thereto, by publication one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or municipality in which the district is located.

- (c) Any resident of the district whose name does not appear on the list compiled pursuant to paragraph (b) may register to vote as provided by law. The registration list shall remain open for 75 days after the notification required in paragraph (b).
- (d) Within 15 days after the closing of registration, the city clerk or the supervisor of elections shall send a ballot to each elector at his or her last known mailing address by first-class United States mail. The ballot shall include:
- 1. A description of the general provisions of this section applicable to the neighborhood improvement district; and
  - 2. Immediately following said information, the following:

"Do you favor the imposition of a special assessment of not greater than \$500 for each individual parcel of land per year to pay for the expenses of operating the neighborhood improvement district?

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....Yes, for the special assessment.

.... No, against the special assessment."

- (e) Ballots shall be returned by United States mail or by personal delivery.
- (f) All ballots received within 60 days after the closing of registration shall be tabulated by the city clerk or the supervisor of elections, who shall certify the results thereof to the city governing body or county commission no later than 5 days after said 60-day period.
- (17) Exercise all lawful powers incidental to the effective and expedient exercise of the foregoing powers.
- Section 13. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 163.5151, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 163.5151 Fiscal management; budget preparation.-
- improvement district levying an ad valorem tax on real or personal property shall establish its budget pursuant to the provisions of chapter 200. Before adopting Prior to adoption of the final budget and setting of the millage rate to be levied by the board, the board shall submit a tentative budget and proposed millage rate of the district to the governing body of the municipality in which the district is located, or to the county if the district is located in the unincorporated portion of the county, for approval or disapproval. Such governing body shall have the power to modify the budget or millage submitted by the board. Subsequent to approval, the board shall adopt its

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final budget and millage rate in accordance with the requirements of chapter 200.

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- (4) At the option of the county property appraiser for the county within which the neighborhood improvement district is located, the assessments levied by the district may shall be collected in the same manner as all ad valorem taxes if so requested by the local governing body pursuant to s. 197.363.
- Section 14. Section 163.516, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 163.516 Safe Neighborhood improvement plans.-
  - (1) A  $\overline{\text{safe}}$  neighborhood improvement plan is mandated for all neighborhood improvement districts. The plan  $\overline{\text{must}}$   $\overline{\text{shall}}$  contain at least the following elements:
    - (a) Demographics of the district.
    - (b) Crime activity data and analysis.
    - (b) (c) Land use, zoning, housing, and traffic analysis.
- (d) Determination of the problems of the crime-to-environment relationship and the stability of the neighborhood improvement district.
  - (c) (e) Statement of the district's goal and objectives.
- (f) Assessment of crime prevention through community policing innovations, environmental design, environmental security, and defensible space strategies and tactics that will be applied to the crime-to-environment relationship problems.
  - (g) Cost estimates and the methods of financing.
- 726 (h) Outline of program participants and their functions
  727 and responsibilities.
  - (i) Schedule for executing program activities.

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<del>(j) Evaluation guidelines.</del>

- (2) Every safe neighborhood improvement plan  $\underline{\text{must}}$  show, by diagram and by general explanation:
- (a) Such property as is intended for use as public parks, recreation areas, streets, public utilities, and public improvements of any nature.
- (b) Specific identification of any publicly funded capital improvement projects to be undertaken within the district.
- (c) Adequate assurances that the improvements will be carried out pursuant to the plan.
- (d) Provision for the retention of controls and the establishment of any restrictions or covenants running with land sold or leased for private use for such periods of time and under such conditions as the governing body of the municipality in which the district is located, or the county if the district is located in the unincorporated portion of the county, deems necessary to effectuate the purposes of this part.
- (c) (e) Projected costs of improvements, including the amount to be expended on publicly funded capital improvement projects in the district and any indebtedness of the district, the county, or the municipality proposed to be incurred if such indebtedness is to be repaid with district revenues.
- (f) Promotion of advertising programs to be undertaken by the district or in conjunction with businesses in the district.
- (g) Suggested physical improvements necessary for the safety of residents in or visitors to the district.
  - (h) Law enforcement and security plans for the district.
  - (3) The safe neighborhood improvement plan must shall:

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(a) Be consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan for the county or municipality pursuant to the Local Government Comprehensive Planning and Land Development Regulation Act. No district plan shall be implemented unless the local governing body has determined said plan is consistent.

- (b) Be sufficiently complete to indicate such land acquisition, demolition and removal of structures, street modifications, redevelopment, and rehabilitation as may be proposed to be carried out in the district.
- (c) Provide some method for and measurement of the reduction of crime within the district.
- cause to be prepared a safe neighborhood improvement plan, or any person or agency, public or private, may submit such a plan to a district. Prior to its consideration of a safe neighborhood improvement plan, the district shall submit such plan to the local governing body for review and written approval as to its consistency with the local government comprehensive plan. The district must be notified of approval or disapproval within 60 days after receipt of the plan for review, and a revised version of the plan may be submitted to satisfy any inconsistencies. The district may not proceed with the safe neighborhood improvement plan until final approval is given by the local governing body.
- (4) (5) Prior to adoption of the safe neighborhood improvement plan, the board shall hold a public hearing on the plan after public notice thereof by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or municipality in which the district is located. The notice shall describe the time,

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date, place, and purpose of the hearing; identify the boundaries of the district; and outline the general scope of the plan.

(5)(6) The board, after the public hearing, may approve the safe neighborhood improvement plan if it finds:

- (a) The plan has been approved as consistent with the local comprehensive plan by the local governing body; and
- (b) The plan will improve the promotion, appearance, safety, security, and public amenities of the neighborhood improvement district as stipulated in s. 163.502.
- (6)(7) If, at any time after approval of the safe neighborhood improvement plan, it becomes desirable to amend or modify the plan, the board may do so. Prior to any such amendment or modification, the board shall obtain written approval of the local governing body concerning conformity to the local government comprehensive plan and hold a public hearing on the proposed amendment or modification after public notice thereof by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or municipality in which the district is located. The notice shall describe the time, place, and purpose of the hearing and generally describe the proposed amendment or modification.
- (8) Pursuant to ss. 163.3184, 163.3187, and 163.3189, the governing body of a municipality or county shall hold two public hearings to consider the board-adopted safe neighborhood improvement plan as an amendment or modification to the municipality's or county's adopted local comprehensive plan.
- (9) A safe neighborhood improvement plan for each district shall be prepared and adopted by the municipality or county

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813	<del>prior to the levy</del>	and expenditure of any of the proceeds of any
814	tax assessment or	fee authorized to such districts other than
815	for the preparation	on of the safe community or business
816	improvement plan.	
817	Section 15.	Section 163.517, Florida Statutes, is
818	repealed.	
819	Section 16.	Section 163.519, Florida Statutes, is
820	repealed.	
821	Section 17.	Section 163.521, Florida Statutes, is
822	repealed.	
823	Section 18.	Section 163.5215, Florida Statutes, is
824	repealed.	
825	Section 19.	Section 163.522, Florida Statutes, is
826	repealed.	
827	Section 20.	Section 163.523, Florida Statutes, is
828	repealed.	
829	Section 21.	Section 163.524, Florida Statutes, is
830	repealed.	
831	Section 22.	Section 163.526, Florida Statutes, is
832	repealed.	
833	Section 23.	This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.