1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to residential property insurance; 3 amending s. 627.062, F.S.; authorizing an insurer to use a 4 rate for residential property insurance that differs from 5 its otherwise filed rate after a specified date under 6 certain circumstances; requiring such rates to be filed 7 with the Office of Insurance Regulation; specifying the 8 maximum difference between rates; limiting the percentage 9 rate increase as to any individual policyholder; 10 preserving the authority of the office to disapprove a 11 rate for inadequacy or discrimination; providing a future revision that requires the inclusion of a statement in 12 certain rate filings relating to the insurer's current or 13 14 future ability to cover a specified probable maximum loss, 15 requires certification by an insurer relating to the 16 insurer's ability to actually cover a specified probable 17 maximum loss, voids certain rates if an insurer fails to maintain sufficient funds or coverages to cover a 18 19 specified probable maximum loss, and requires refunds and credits to insureds if an insurer fails to maintain 20 21 sufficient funds or coverages to cover a specified 22 probable maximum loss; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; 23 requiring insurance agents to obtain a signed 24 acknowledgment from an applicant for coverage and certain 25 policyholders relating to surcharges and assessments 26 potentially being imposed under a Citizens Property 27 Insurance Corporation policy; requiring Citizens Property 28 Insurance Corporation to maintain signed acknowledgments

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for a specified time; specifying that a signed acknowledgment creates an evidentiary presumption relating to an insured's liability for surcharges and assessments; creating s. 627.7031, F.S.; specifying circumstances under which an insurer may offer or renew residential property insurance policies subject to the amendments to s. 627.062, F.S., contained in this act; prohibiting such insurers from procuring coverage under the temporary increase in coverage limits option; requiring specific notices to applicant or insured; requiring Citizens Property Insurance Corporation premium estimates and signed acknowledgments; specifying ineligible types of policies; providing a future revision requiring an insurer to have certain resources to cover a specified probable maximum loss in order to offer or renew policies at certain rates; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. Paragraph (1) is added to subsection (2) of section 627.062, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 627.062 Rate standards.-
 - (2) As to all such classes of insurance:
- (1)1. On or after January 1, 2012, an insurer complying with the requirements of s. 627.7031 may use a rate for residential property insurance when providing residential coverage, as described in s. 627.4025, different from the otherwise applicable filed rate as provided in this paragraph.

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2. Policies subject to this paragraph may not be counted in the calculation under s. 627.171(2).

- 3. Such rates shall be filed with the office as a separate filing. The initial rates used by an insurer under this paragraph may not provide for rates that represent more than a 15-percent statewide average rate increase over the most recently filed and approved rate. A rate filing under this paragraph submitted in any year after the implementation of such initial rates may not provide for rates that represent more than a 15-percent statewide average rate increase in a year over the rates in effect under this paragraph at the time of the filing. A rate filing under this paragraph may not provide for a percentage rate increase as to any individual policyholder that exceeds 2 times the statewide average rate increase provided for in the filing.
- 4. This paragraph does not affect the authority of the office to disapprove a rate as inadequate or to disapprove a rate filing for charging any insured or applicant a higher premium solely because of the insured's or applicant's race, color, creed, marital status, sex, or national origin. Upon finding that an insurer has used any such factor in charging an insured or applicant a higher premium, the office may direct the insurer to make a new filing for a new rate that does not use such factor.

The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance and to motor vehicle insurance.

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Section 2. Effective January 1, 2015, paragraph (1) of subsection (2) of section 627.062, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, is amended to read:

627.062 Rate standards.-

- (2) As to all such classes of insurance:
- (1)1. On or after January 1, 2012, an insurer complying with the requirements of s. 627.7031 may use a rate for residential property insurance when providing residential coverage, as described in s. 627.4025, different from the otherwise applicable filed rate as provided in this paragraph.
- 2. Policies subject to this paragraph may not be counted in the calculation under s. 627.171(2).
- 3. Such rates shall be filed with the office as a separate filing. The initial rates used by an insurer under this paragraph may not provide for rates that represent more than a 15-percent statewide average rate increase over the most recently filed and approved rate. A rate filing under this paragraph submitted in any year after the implementation of such initial rates may not provide for rates that represent more than a 15-percent statewide average rate increase in a year over the rates in effect under this paragraph at the time of the filing. A rate filing under this paragraph may not provide for a percentage rate increase as to any individual policyholder that exceeds 2 times the statewide average rate increase provided for in the filing.
- 4.a. A filing under this paragraph must include a statement that the insurer has in place, or intends to have in place as of the effective date of the rates, a combination of

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surplus, Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund coverage, reinsurance, and reinsurance equivalents sufficient to cover the insurer's 100-year probable maximum seasonal hurricane loss as described in s. 627.7031.

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- b. No later than the last day of July of a year in which the rates are in effect, the insurer must provide its certification to the office demonstrating that it in fact has in place a combination of surplus, Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Coverage, reinsurance, and reinsurance equivalents sufficient to cover the insurer's 100-year probable maximum seasonal hurricane loss as described in s. 627.7031.
- c. If the insurer fails to maintain the required combination of surplus, Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Coverage, reinsurance, and reinsurance equivalents, the subject rate filing under this paragraph is void and shall be replaced by the insurer's rates in effect under this paragraph at the time of the filing, retroactive to the effective date of the subject rate filing under this paragraph. In such circumstances, the office shall order the insurer to return to each insured the difference between the premium calculated according to the rate filing under this paragraph and the premium under the rates in effect under this paragraph at the time of the subject filing, which may, in the discretion of the insurer, be in the form of either a refund or a credit. Nothing in this sub-subparagraph precludes the insurer from making another filing under this paragraph, but such filing may not take effect before June 1 of the following year.

5.4. This paragraph does not affect the authority of the office to disapprove a rate as inadequate or to disapprove a rate filing for charging any insured or applicant a higher premium solely because of the insured's or applicant's race, color, creed, marital status, sex, or national origin. Upon finding that an insurer has used any such factor in charging an insured or applicant a higher premium, the office may direct the insurer to make a new filing for a new rate that does not use such factor.

- The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance and to motor vehicle insurance.
- Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.-
 - (6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. -
 - (c) The plan of operation of the corporation:
- 1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and nonresidential property insurance forms, which forms must be approved by the office prior to use. The corporation shall adopt the following policy forms:
- a. Standard personal lines policy forms that are comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy.
 - b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies

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similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which coverage is more limited than the coverage under a standard policy.

- c. Commercial lines residential and nonresidential policy forms that are generally similar to the basic perils of full coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures and commercial nonresidential structures in the admitted voluntary market.
- d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to residential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b) 2.a.
- e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b) 2.a.
- f. The corporation may adopt variations of the policy forms listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-e. that contain more restrictive coverage.
- 2.a. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the peril of wind only. As used in this subsection, the term:

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"Quota share primary insurance" means an arrangement in which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is provided in specified percentages by the corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized insurer and the insurance contract. The responsibility of the corporation or authorized insurer to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible risk, as set forth in the quota share primary insurance agreement, may not be altered by the inability of the other party to the agreement to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses. Eliqible risks that are provided hurricane coverage through a quota share primary insurance arrangement must be provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of the corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and conspicuously and clearly state that neither the authorized insurer nor the corporation may be held responsible beyond its specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses.

- (II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002.
 - b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary

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insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

- c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However, the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level may not exceed 90 percent.
- d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized insurer covered under the quota share primary insurance agreement.
- e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is subject to review and approval by the office. However, such agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance contracts entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is already insured by the corporation for wind coverage.
- f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the corporation and the authorized insurer shall maintain complete and accurate records

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for the purpose of exposure and loss reimbursement audits as required by Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund rules. The corporation and the authorized insurer shall each maintain duplicate copies of policy declaration pages and supporting claims documents.

- g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the terms of quota share agreements, pricing of quota share agreements, incentive provisions if any, and consideration paid for servicing policies or adjusting claims.
- h. The quota share primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer producing the business, the reporting of information concerning eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized insurer shall be voluntary and at the discretion of the authorized insurer.
- 3. May provide that the corporation may employ or otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide administrative or professional services that may be appropriate to effectuate the plan. The corporation shall have the power to

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borrow funds, by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall have other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection, including, without limitation, the power to issue bonds and incur other indebtedness in order to refinance outstanding bonds or other indebtedness. The corporation may, but is not required to, seek judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness under chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to subparagraph (q) 2., in the absence of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the corporation and that such financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The corporation is authorized to take all actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for any such bonds or indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other affiliated entities. The corporation shall have the authority to pledge assessments, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, market equalization and other surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation as security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such

bond or other indebtedness.

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4.a. Must require that the corporation operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting of eight individuals who are residents of this state, from different geographical areas of this state. The Governor, the Chief Financial Officer, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint two members of the board. At least one of the two members appointed by each appointing officer must have demonstrated expertise in insurance. The Chief Financial Officer shall designate one of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the pleasure of the appointing officer. All members of the board of governors are subject to removal at will by the officers who appointed them. All board members, including the chair, must be appointed to serve for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date designated by the plan. However, for the first term beginning on or after July 1, 2009, each appointing officer shall appoint one member of the board for a 2-year term and one member for a 3year term. Any board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the appointing officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall appoint a technical advisory group to provide information and advice to the board of governors in connection with the board's duties under this subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the corporation shall be engaged by the board and serve at the pleasure of the board. Any executive director appointed on or after July 1, 2006, is subject to confirmation by the Senate. The executive director is responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may require, subject to

review and concurrence by the board.

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- The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of its rates and its customer and agent service levels in relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar coverage. The members of the advisory committee shall consist of the following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by the members of the committee: four representatives, one appointed by the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by the Florida Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one by the Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the Latin American Association of Insurance Agencies; three representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest voluntary market share of residential property insurance business in the state; one representative from the Office of Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who is insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the committee; one representative appointed by the Florida Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the Florida Bankers Association. All members must serve for 3-year terms and may serve for consecutive terms. The committee shall report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance market issues which may include rates and rate competition with the voluntary market; service, including policy issuance, claims processing, and general responsiveness to policyholders, applicants, and agents; and matters relating to depopulation.
- 5. Must provide a procedure for determining the eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:

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Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, with respect to personal lines residential risks, if the risk is offered coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the office, a basic policy including wind coverage, for a new application to the corporation for coverage, the risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 15 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is eligible for either a standard policy including wind coverage or a basic policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation; however, if the risk could not be insured under a standard policy including wind coverage regardless of market conditions, the risk shall be eligible for a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected under subparagraph 8. However, with regard to a policyholder of the corporation or a policyholder removed from the corporation through an assumption agreement until the end of the assumption period, the policyholder remains eligible for coverage from the corporation regardless of any offer of coverage from an authorized insurer or surplus lines insurer. The corporation shall determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis of objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and based on generally accepted underwriting practices.

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a

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mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who submitted the application to the plan or to the corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

- (A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or
- (B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

- If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A).
- (II) When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:
- (A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

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(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

- If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A).
- b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, for a new application to the corporation for coverage, if the risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 15 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is eligible for a policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation. However, with regard to a policyholder of the corporation or a policyholder removed from the corporation through an assumption agreement until the end of the assumption period, the policyholder remains eligible for coverage from the corporation regardless of any offer of coverage from an authorized insurer or surplus lines insurer.
- (I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30

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days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who submitted the application to the plan or the corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

- (A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or
- (B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period

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of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

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If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

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For purposes of determining comparable coverage under sub-subparagraphs a. and b., the comparison shall be based on those forms and coverages that are reasonably comparable. The corporation may rely on a determination of comparable coverage and premium made by the producing agent who submits the application to the corporation, made in the agent's capacity as the corporation's agent. A comparison may be made solely of the premium with respect to the main building or structure only on the following basis: the same coverage A or other building limits; the same percentage hurricane deductible that applies on an annual basis or that applies to each hurricane for commercial residential property; the same percentage of ordinance and law coverage, if the same limit is offered by both the corporation and the authorized insurer; the same mitigation credits, to the extent the same types of credits are offered both by the corporation and the authorized insurer; the same method for loss payment, such as replacement cost or actual cash value, if the same method is offered both by the corporation and the authorized insurer in accordance with underwriting rules; and any other form or coverage that is reasonably comparable as determined by the board. If an application is submitted to the

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corporation for wind-only coverage in the high-risk account, the premium for the corporation's wind-only policy plus the premium for the ex-wind policy that is offered by an authorized insurer to the applicant shall be compared to the premium for multiperil coverage offered by an authorized insurer, subject to the standards for comparison specified in this subparagraph. If the corporation or the applicant requests from the authorized insurer a breakdown of the premium of the offer by types of coverage so that a comparison may be made by the corporation or its agent and the authorized insurer refuses or is unable to provide such information, the corporation may treat the offer as not being an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate.

- 6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and rates therefor.
- 7. Must provide that if premium and investment income for an account attributable to a particular calendar year are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the account attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in surplus in the account. Such surplus shall be available to defray deficits in that account as to future years and shall be used for that purpose prior to assessing assessable insurers and assessable insureds as to any calendar year.
- 8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures, the following shall be considered:

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a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same class; and

- b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.
- The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of chapter 120 shall not apply.
- 9. Must provide that the corporation shall make its best efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable rates, to cover its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as determined by the board of governors.
- 10. The policies issued by the corporation must provide that, if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal through the corporation, except as otherwise provided in this subsection.
- 11. Corporation policies and applications must include a notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer that does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by the corporation. The notice shall also specify that acceptance of corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.
- 12. May establish, subject to approval by the office, different eligibility requirements and operational procedures

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for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or area if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility requirements and operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage from the corporation. When coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if applicable, the lender.

13. Must provide that, with respect to the high-risk account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may petition the office, within the first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A regular assessment levied by the corporation on a limited apportionment company for a deficit incurred by the corporation for the high-risk account in 2006 or thereafter may be paid to the corporation on a monthly basis as the assessments are collected by the limited apportionment company from its insureds pursuant to s. 627.3512, but the regular assessment must be paid in full within 12 months after being levied by the corporation. A limited apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-

subparagraph (b) 3.d. The plan shall provide that, if the office determines that any regular assessment will result in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the office may direct that all or part of such assessment be deferred as provided in subparagraph (q) 4. However, there shall be no limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph (b) 3.d.

- 14. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment as defined in s. 626.015(3) with an insurer who at the time of the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is authorized to write and is actually writing personal lines residential property coverage, commercial residential property coverage, or commercial nonresidential property coverage within the state.
- 15. Must provide, by July 1, 2007, a premium payment plan option to its policyholders which allows at a minimum for quarterly and semiannual payment of premiums. A monthly payment plan may, but is not required to, be offered.
- 16. Must limit coverage on mobile homes or manufactured homes built prior to 1994 to actual cash value of the dwelling rather than replacement costs of the dwelling.
- 17. May provide such limits of coverage as the board determines, consistent with the requirements of this subsection.
- 18. May require commercial property to meet specified hurricane mitigation construction features as a condition of eligibility for coverage.
- 19.a. Must require an agent to obtain from any applicant for coverage the following acknowledgment, signed by the

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616 applicant, and must require the agent of record to obtain the 617 following acknowledgment from each policyholder of the 618 corporation, signed by the policyholder, before the policy's 619 first renewal after the effective date of this subparagraph: 620 621 ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF POTENTIAL SURCHARGE AND ASSESSMENT 622 LIABILITY: 623 1. I UNDERSTAND, AS A CITIZENS PROPERTY 624 INSURANCE CORPORATION POLICYHOLDER, THAT IF THE 625 CORPORATION SUSTAINS A DEFICIT AS A RESULT OF 626 HURRICANE LOSSES OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON, MY POLICY 627 COULD BE SUBJECT TO CITIZENS POLICYHOLDER SURCHARGES, 628 WHICH WOULD BE DUE AND PAYABLE UPON RENEWAL, 629 CANCELLATION, OR TERMINATION OF THE POLICY. 630 I UNDERSTAND THAT THE SURCHARGES COULD BE AS 631 HIGH AS 15 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM FOR DEFICITS IN EACH 632 OF THREE CITIZENS ACCOUNTS, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS 633 ESTABLISHED BY THE FLORIDA LEGISLATURE. 634 I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY BE SUBJECT TO 635 EMERGENCY ASSESSMENTS TO THE SAME EXTENT AS 636 POLICYHOLDERS OF OTHER INSURANCE COMPANIES. 637 638 The corporation must permanently maintain a signed copy 639 of the signed acknowledgment required by this subparagraph, and 640 the agent may also retain a copy.

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c. The signed acknowledgment form creates a conclusive

presumption that the policyholder understood and accepted his or

her potential surcharge and assessment liability as a Citizens

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644 Property Insurance Corporation policyholder. 645 Section 4. Section 627.7031, Florida Statutes, is created 646 to read: 647 627.7031 Residential property insurance option.-648 (1) An insurer holding a certificate of authority to write 649 property insurance in this state may offer or renew residential 650 property insurance policies at rates established in accordance 651 with s. 627.062(2)(1), subject to all of the requirements and 652 prohibitions of this section. (2) An insurer offering or renewing policies at rates 653 654 established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) may not purchase 655 coverage from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund under the 656 temporary increase in coverage limit option under s. 657 215.555(17). 658 (3) (a) Before the effective date of a newly issued policy 659 at rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) or 660 before the effective date of a renewal policy at rates 661 established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1), the applicant 662 or insured must be given the following notice, printed in at 663 least 12-point boldfaced type: 664 665 THE RATE FOR THIS POLICY IS NOT SUBJECT TO FULL RATE 666 REGULATION BY THE FLORIDA OFFICE OF INSURANCE 667 REGULATION AND MAY BE HIGHER THAN RATES APPROVED BY 668 THAT OFFICE. A RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY POLICY SUBJECT TO 669 FULL RATE REGULATION REQUIREMENTS MAY BE AVAILABLE 670 FROM THIS INSURER, ANOTHER INSURER, OR CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. PLEASE DISCUSS YOUR 671

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POLICY OPTIONS WITH AN INSURANCE AGENT WHO CAN PROVIDE

A CITIZENS QUOTE. YOU MAY WISH TO VIEW THE OFFICE OF

INSURANCE REGULATION'S WEBSITE AT

WWW.SHOPANDCOMPARERATES.COM FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT

CHOICES AVAILABLE TO YOU.

- (b) For policies renewed at a rate established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1), the notice described in paragraph (a) must be furnished in writing at the same time as the renewal notice on a document separate from the renewal notice, but may be contained within the same mailing as the renewal notice.
- (4) Before the effective date of a newly issued policy at rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) or before the effective date of the first renewal at rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) of a policy originally issued before the effective date of this section, the applicant or insured must:
- (a) Be provided or offered, for comparison purposes, an estimate of the premium for a policy from Citizens Property

 Insurance Corporation reflecting substantially similar coverages, limits, and deductibles to the extent available.
- (b) Provide the insurer or agent with a signed copy of the following acknowledgment form, which must be retained by the insurer or agent for at least 3 years. If the acknowledgment form is signed by the insured or if the insured remits payment in the amount of the rate established in accordance with s.

 627.062(2)(1) after being mailed, otherwise provided, or offered

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the comparison specified in paragraph (a), an insurer renewing a policy at such rate shall be deemed to comply with this section, and it is presumed that the insured has been informed and understands the information contained in the comparison and acknowledgment forms:

ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

- 1. I HAVE REVIEWED THE REQUIRED DISCLOSURES AND THE REQUIRED PREMIUM COMPARISON.
- 2. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE RATE FOR THIS

 RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY INSURANCE POLICY IS NOT SUBJECT

 TO FULL RATE REGULATION BY THE FLORIDA OFFICE OF

 INSURANCE REGULATION AND MAY BE HIGHER THAN RATES

 APPROVED BY THAT OFFICE.
- 3. I UNDERSTAND THAT A RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY

 INSURANCE POLICY SUBJECT TO FULL RATE REGULATION

 REQUIREMENTS MAY BE AVAILABLE FROM CITIZENS PROPERTY

 INSURANCE CORPORATION.
- 4. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE FLORIDA OFFICE OF

 INSURANCE REGULATION'S WEBSITE

 WWW.SHOPANDCOMPARERATES.COM CONTAINS RESIDENTIAL

 PROPERTY INSURANCE RATE COMPARISON INFORMATION.

(5) The following types of residential property insurance policies are not eligible for rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) and are not subject to the other provisions of this section:

(a) Residential property insurance policies that exclude

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coverage for the perils of windstorm or hurricane.

- (b) Residential property insurance policies subject to a consent decree, agreement, understanding, or other arrangement between the insurer and the office relating to rates or premiums for policies removed from Citizens Property Insurance Corp.
- Section 5. Effective January 1, 2015, section 627.7031, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, is amended to read: 627.7031 Residential property insurance option.—
- (1) An insurer holding a certificate of authority to write property insurance in this state may offer or renew residential property insurance policies at rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1), subject to all of the requirements and prohibitions of this section.
- established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) only if the insurer has in place a combination of surplus, Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund coverage, reinsurance, and reinsurance equivalents sufficient to cover the insurer's 100-year probable maximum hurricane loss for residential property as determined on a seasonal, rather than a single-event, basis. The insurer shall determine its probable maximum loss using one or more models that meet the standards of the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology.
- $\underline{(3)}$ (2) An insurer offering or renewing policies at rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) may not purchase coverage from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund under the temporary increase in coverage limit option under s. 215.555(17).

(4)(3)(a) Before the effective date of a newly issued policy at rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) or before the effective date of a renewal policy at rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1), the applicant or insured must be given the following notice, printed in at least 12-point boldfaced type:

THE RATE FOR THIS POLICY IS NOT SUBJECT TO FULL RATE REGULATION BY THE FLORIDA OFFICE OF INSURANCE REGULATION AND MAY BE HIGHER THAN RATES APPROVED BY THAT OFFICE. A RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY POLICY SUBJECT TO FULL RATE REGULATION REQUIREMENTS MAY BE AVAILABLE FROM THIS INSURER, ANOTHER INSURER, OR CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. PLEASE DISCUSS YOUR POLICY OPTIONS WITH AN INSURANCE AGENT WHO CAN PROVIDE A CITIZENS QUOTE. YOU MAY WISH TO VIEW THE OFFICE OF INSURANCE REGULATION'S WEBSITE AT WWW.SHOPANDCOMPARERATES.COM FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT CHOICES AVAILABLE TO YOU.

- (b) For policies renewed at a rate established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1), the notice described in paragraph (a) must be furnished in writing at the same time as the renewal notice on a document separate from the renewal notice, but may be contained within the same mailing as the renewal notice.
- $\underline{(5)(4)}$ Before the effective date of a newly issued policy 783 at rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) or

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before the effective date of the first renewal at rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) of a policy originally issued before the effective date of this section, the applicant or insured must:

- (a) Be provided or offered, for comparison purposes, an estimate of the premium for a policy from Citizens Property Insurance Corporation reflecting substantially similar coverages, limits, and deductibles to the extent available.
- (b) Provide the insurer or agent with a signed copy of the following acknowledgment form, which must be retained by the insurer or agent for at least 3 years. If the acknowledgment form is signed by the insured or if the insured remits payment in the amount of the rate established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) after being mailed, otherwise provided, or offered the comparison specified in paragraph (a), an insurer renewing a policy at such rate shall be deemed to comply with this section, and it is presumed that the insured has been informed and understands the information contained in the comparison and acknowledgment forms:

ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

- 1. I HAVE REVIEWED THE REQUIRED DISCLOSURES AND THE REQUIRED PREMIUM COMPARISON.
- 2. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE RATE FOR THIS
 RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY INSURANCE POLICY IS NOT SUBJECT
 TO FULL RATE REGULATION BY THE FLORIDA OFFICE OF
 INSURANCE REGULATION AND MAY BE HIGHER THAN RATES
 APPROVED BY THAT OFFICE.

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3. I UNDERSTAND THAT A RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY
INSURANCE POLICY SUBJECT TO FULL RATE REGULATION
REQUIREMENTS MAY BE AVAILABLE FROM CITIZENS PROPERTY
INSURANCE CORPORATION.

- 4. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE FLORIDA OFFICE OF INSURANCE REGULATION'S WEBSITE
 WWW.SHOPANDCOMPARERATES.COM CONTAINS RESIDENTIAL
 PROPERTY INSURANCE RATE COMPARISON INFORMATION.
- $\underline{(6)}$ (5) The following types of residential property insurance policies are not eligible for rates established in accordance with s. 627.062(2)(1) and are not subject to the other provisions of this section:
- (a) Residential property insurance policies that exclude coverage for the perils of windstorm or hurricane.
- (b) Residential property insurance policies subject to a consent decree, agreement, understanding, or other arrangement between the insurer and the office relating to rates or premiums for policies removed from Citizens Property Insurance Corp.
- Section 6. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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