A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to growth management; amending s. 3 163.3177, F.S.; authorizing the Florida Fish and Wildlife 4 Conservation Commission, in cooperation with other 5 specified state agencies, to provide assistance to 6 landowners and local governments in implementing 7 provisions relating to rural land stewardship areas; 8 revising criteria for establishing a rural land 9 stewardship area; revising provisions relating to 10 transferrable land use credits; revising credit 11 limitations; providing legislative findings and intent; prohibiting the state land planning agency from adopting 12 certain rules; repealing certain administrative rules 13 14 relating to rural land stewardship areas; providing an effective date. 15 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (11) of section 20 163.3177, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraphs (e) through 21 (h) are redesignated as paragraphs (f) through (i), 22 respectively, and a new paragraph (e) is added to that 23 subsection, to read: 24 163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive 25 plan; studies and surveys.-

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of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in cooperation with the

The department, in cooperation with the Department

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29 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Department of 30 Environmental Protection, water management districts, and regional planning councils, may shall provide assistance to 31 32 landowners and local governments in the implementation of this 33 paragraph and rule 9J-5.006(5)(1), Florida Administrative Code. 34 However, landowners and local governments are not required to 35 demonstrate need based on population growth or any other factor. 36 Implementation of those provisions shall include a process by 37 which one or more landowners the department may petition a authorize local government governments to designate all or 38 39 portions of lands classified in the future land use element as 40 predominantly agricultural, rural, open, open-rural, or a 41 substantively equivalent land use, as a rural land stewardship 42 area within which planning and economic incentives are applied to encourage a balancing of land uses through the implementation 43 44 of innovative and flexible planning and development strategies and creative land use planning techniques, including those 45 contained herein and in rule 9J-5.006(5)(1), Florida 46 47 Administrative Code. Assistance may include, but is not limited 48 to:

- a. Assistance with mapping environmental areas worthy of protection and from the Department of Environmental Protection and water management districts in creating the geographic information systems land cover database and aerial photogrammetry needed to prepare for a rural land stewardship area;
- b. Support for local government implementation of rural land stewardship concepts by providing information and <u>technical</u>

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assistance to local governments as needed; and regarding

- c. Making available land acquisition programs that may be used by the local government or landowners to leverage the protection of greater acreage and maximize the effectiveness of rural land stewardship areas.; and
- c. Expansion of the role of the Department of Community
 Affairs as a resource agency to facilitate establishment of
 rural land stewardship areas in smaller rural counties that do
 not have the staff or planning budgets to create a rural land
 stewardship area.
- 2. The department shall encourage participation by local governments of different sizes and rural characteristics in establishing and implementing rural land stewardship areas. It is the intent of the Legislature that rural land stewardship areas be used to further the following broad principles of rural sustainability: restoration and maintenance of the economic value of rural land; control of urban sprawl; identification and protection of ecosystems, habitats, and natural resources; promotion of rural economic activity within rural areas; maintenance of the viability of the state's Florida's agricultural economy; and protection of private property rights in the character of rural areas of the state Florida. Rural land stewardship areas may be multicounty in order to encourage coordinated regional stewardship planning.
- 3. A local government, in conjunction with a regional planning council, a stakeholder organization of private land owners, or another local government, shall notify the department in writing of its intent to designate a rural land stewardship

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area. The written notification shall describe the basis for the designation, including the extent to which the rural land stewardship area enhances rural land values, controls urban sprawl, provides necessary open space for agriculture and protection of the natural environment, promotes rural economic activity, and maintains rural character and the economic viability of agriculture.

- 3.4. A rural land stewardship area <u>must be at least shall</u> be not less than 10,000 acres, and shall be located outside of municipalities and established urban <u>service areas or planned</u> future urban service areas growth boundaries, and shall be designated by plan amendment or by more than one plan amendment if the rural land stewardship area encompasses more than one county. The plan amendment or amendments designating a rural land stewardship area <u>are shall be</u> subject to review by the Department of Community Affairs pursuant to s. 163.3184 and shall provide for the following:
- a. Criteria for the designation of receiving areas within rural land stewardship areas in which innovative planning and development strategies may be applied. Criteria shall at a minimum provide for the following: adequacy of suitable land to accommodate development so as to avoid conflict with environmentally sensitive areas, resources, and habitats; compatibility between and transition from higher density uses to lower intensity rural uses; and the establishment of receiving area service boundaries which provide for a transition from separation between receiving areas and other land uses within the rural land stewardship area through limitations on the

extension of services; and connection of receiving areas with the rest of the rural land stewardship area using rural design and rural road corridors.

- b. Goals, objectives, and policies setting forth the innovative planning and development strategies to be applied within rural land stewardship areas pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- c. A process for the implementation of innovative planning and development strategies within the rural land stewardship area, including those described in this subsection and rule 9J-5.006(5)(1), Florida Administrative Code, which provide for a functional mix of land uses, including adequate available workforce housing, including low, very-low and moderate income housing for the development anticipated in the receiving area and which are applied through the adoption by the local government of zoning and land development regulations applicable to the rural land stewardship area.
- d. A process which encourages visioning pursuant to s. 163.3167(11) to ensure that innovative planning and development strategies comply with the provisions of this section.
- e. The control of sprawl through the use of <u>applicable</u> innovative strategies and creative land use techniques consistent with the provisions of this subsection and rule 9J-5.006(5)(1), Florida Administrative Code.
- 4.5. A receiving area <u>may only shall</u> be designated <u>pursuant to procedures established in the local government's by the adoption of a land development <u>regulations</u> regulation. Prior to the designation of a receiving area, the local government</u>

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shall provide the Department of Community Affairs a period of 30 days in which to review a proposed receiving area for consistency with the rural land stewardship area plan amendment and to provide comments to the local government. At the time of designation of a stewardship receiving area, a listed species survey will be performed. If listed species occur on the receiving area site, the applicant developer shall coordinate with each appropriate local, state, or federal agency to determine whether if adequate provisions have been made to protect those species in accordance with applicable regulations. In determining the adequacy of provisions for the protection of listed species and their habitats, the rural land stewardship area shall be considered as a whole, and the potential impacts and protective measures taken within to areas to be developed as receiving areas shall be considered in conjunction together with the substantial environmental benefits derived from lands set aside and protective measures taken outside of the designation of receiving areas protected as sending areas in fulfilling this criteria.

5.6. Upon the adoption of a plan amendment creating a rural land stewardship area, the local government shall, by ordinance, establish a rural land stewardship overlay zoning district, which shall provide the methodology for the creation, conveyance, and use of transferable rural land use credits, hereinafter otherwise referred to as stewardship credits, the application of which does shall not constitute a right to develop land or, nor increase density of land, except as provided by this section. The total amount of stewardship

transferable rural land use credits within the rural land stewardship area must enable the realization of the long-term vision and goals for the 25-year or greater projected population of the rural land stewardship area, which may take into consideration the anticipated effect of the proposed receiving areas. The estimated amount of receiving area shall be projected based on available data, and the development potential represented by the stewardship credits created within the rural land stewardship area must correlate that amount.

- <u>6. Stewardship</u> Transferable rural land use credits are subject to the following limitations:
- a. <u>Stewardship</u> Transferable rural land use credits may only exist within a rural land stewardship area.
- b. Stewardship Transferable rural land use credits may only be created from lands designated as stewardship sending areas and may only be used on lands designated as stewardship receiving areas and then solely for the purpose of implementing innovative planning and development strategies and creative land use planning techniques adopted by the local government pursuant to this section.
- c. <u>Stewardship Transferable rural land use</u> credits assigned to a parcel of land within a rural land stewardship area shall cease to exist if the parcel of land is removed from the rural land stewardship area by plan amendment.
- d. Neither the creation of the rural land stewardship area by plan amendment nor the adoption of the assignment of transferable rural land stewardship zoning overlay district use credits by the local government shall operate to displace the

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underlying permitted uses or the density or intensity of land uses assigned to a parcel of land within the rural land stewardship area that existed prior to adoption of the plan amendment or zoning overlay district; however, once stewardship if transferable rural land use credits have been are transferred from a designated sending area parcel for use within a designated receiving area, the underlying density assigned to the designated sending area parcel of land shall cease to exist.

- e. The underlying <u>permitted uses or the</u> density <u>or</u>
 <u>intensity</u> on each parcel of land located within a rural land
 stewardship area shall not be increased or decreased by the
 local government, except as a result of the conveyance or
 <u>stewardship use of transferable rural land use</u> credits, as long
 as the parcel remains within the rural land stewardship area.
- f. <u>Stewardship Transferable rural land use</u> credits shall cease to exist on a parcel of land where the underlying density assigned to the parcel of land is utilized.
- g. An increase in the density <u>or intensity</u> of use on a parcel of land located within a designated receiving area may occur only through the assignment or use of <u>stewardship</u> transferable rural land use credits and <u>does</u> shall not require a plan amendment.
- h. A change in the density <u>or intensity</u> of land use on parcels located within receiving areas shall be specified in a development order which reflects the total number of <u>stewardship</u> transferable rural land use credits assigned to the parcel of land and the infrastructure and support services necessary to provide for a functional mix of land uses corresponding to the

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225 plan of development.

i. Land within a rural land stewardship area may be removed from the rural land stewardship area through a plan amendment.

- j. Stewardship Transferable rural land use credits may be assigned at different ratios of credits per acre according to the natural resource or other beneficial use characteristics of the land and according to the land use remaining following the transfer of credits, with the highest number of credits per acre assigned to the most environmentally valuable land or, in locations where the retention of open space and agricultural land is a priority, to such lands.
- k. The use or conveyance of <u>stewardship</u> transferable rural land use credits must be recorded in the public records of the county in which the property is located as a covenant or restrictive easement running with the land in favor of the county and either the Department of Environmental Protection, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, a water management district, or a recognized statewide land trust.
- 7. Owners of land within rural land stewardship <u>sending</u> areas should be provided incentives to enter into rural land stewardship agreements, pursuant to existing law and rules adopted thereto, with state agencies, water management districts, <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission</u>, and local governments to achieve mutually agreed upon conservation objectives. Such incentives may include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - a. Opportunity to accumulate transferable mitigation

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253 credits for use or sale.

- b. Extended permit agreements.
- c. Opportunities for recreational leases and ecotourism.
- d. Compensation Payment for the achievement of specified land management activities of public benefit, including, but not limited to, facility and corridor siting, the leasing of property for recreational purposes, water conservation and storage, water reuse, wastewater recycling, water supply and water resource development, nutrient removal, environmental restoration and mitigation, public recreation, listed species protection and recovery, wildlife corridor management and enhancement, and activities relating to the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions services on publicly owned land, or property under covenant or restricted easement in favor of a public entity.
- e. Option agreements for sale to public entities or private land conservation entities, in either fee or easement, upon achievement of specified conservation objectives.
- 8. The department shall report to the Legislature on an annual basis on the results of implementation of rural land stewardship areas authorized by the department, including successes and failures in achieving the intent of the Legislature as expressed in this paragraph.
- (e) The Legislature finds that paragraph (d) constitutes an overlay of land use options that provide economic and regulatory incentives for landowners outside of established and planned urban service areas to conserve and manage vast areas of land for the benefit of the state's citizens and natural

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281	environment while maintaining and enhancing the asset value of
282	their landholdings. Therefore, it is the intent of the
283	Legislature that paragraph (d) be implemented pursuant to law.
284	The state land planning agency may not adopt rules relating to
285	paragraph (d).
286	Section 2. Rules $9J-5.026$ and $9J-11.023$, Florida
287	Administrative Code, are repealed, and the Department of State
288	is directed to remove these rules from the Florida
289	Administrative Code.
290	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.