1

A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to environmental regulation; amending s. 3 120.569, F.S.; providing that a nonapplicant who petitions 4 to challenge an agency's issuance of a license or 5 conceptual approval in certain circumstances has the 6 burden of ultimate persuasion and the burden of going 7 forward with evidence; creating s. 125.0112, F.S.; 8 providing that the construction and operation of a biofuel 9 processing facility or renewable energy generating 10 facility and the cultivation of bioenergy by a local 11 government is a valid and permitted land use; providing an exception; requiring expedited review of such facilities; 12 13 providing that such facilities are eligible for the 14 alternative state review process; amending s. 125.022, 15 F.S.; prohibiting a county from requiring an applicant to 16 obtain a permit or approval from another state or federal agency as a condition of processing a development permit 17 under certain conditions; authorizing a county to attach 18 19 certain disclaimers to the issuance of a development permit; creating s. 161.032, F.S.; requiring that the 20 21 Department of Environmental Protection review an 22 application for certain permits under the Beach and Shore 23 Preservation Act and request additional information within 24 a specified time; requiring that the department proceed to 25 process the application if the applicant believes that a 26 request for additional information is not authorized by 27 law or rule; extending the period for an applicant to 28 timely submit additional information, notwithstanding

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29	certain provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act;
30	amending s. 161.041, F.S.; specifying that s. 403.0874,
31	F.S., authorizing expedited permitting, applies to
32	provisions governing coastal construction; prohibiting the
33	Department of Environmental Protection from requiring
34	certain sediment quality specifications or turbidity
35	standards as a permit condition; providing legislative
36	intent with respect to permitting for beach renourishment
37	projects; directing the department to amend specified
38	rules relating to permitting for such projects; amending
39	s. 163.3180, F.S.; providing an exemption to the level-of-
40	service standards adopted under the Strategic Intermodal
41	System for certain inland multimodal facilities;
42	specifying project criteria; amending s. 166.033, F.S.;
43	prohibiting a municipality from requiring an applicant to
44	obtain a permit or approval from another state or federal
45	agency as a condition of processing a development permit
46	under certain conditions; authorizing a county to attach
47	certain disclaimers to the issuance of a development
48	permit; creating s. 166.0447, F.S.; providing that the
49	construction and operation of a biofuel processing
50	facility or renewable energy generating facility and the
51	cultivation of bioenergy is a valid and permitted land use
52	within the incorporated area of a municipality; providing
53	an exception; prohibiting any requirement that the owner
54	or operator of such a facility obtain comprehensive plan
55	amendments, use permits, waivers, or variances, or pay any
56	fee in excess of a specified amount; amending s. 373.026,
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57	F.S.; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection
58	to expand its use of Internet-based self-certification
59	services for exemptions and permits issued by the
60	department and water management districts; amending s.
61	373.413, F.S.; specifying that s. 403.0874, F.S.,
62	authorizing expedited permitting, applies to provisions
63	governing surface water management and storage; amending
64	s. 373.4137, F.S.; revising legislative findings with
65	respect to the options for mitigation relating to
66	transportation projects; revising certain requirements for
67	determining the habitat impacts of transportation
68	projects; requiring water management districts to purchase
69	credits from public or private mitigation banks under
70	certain conditions; providing for the release of certain
71	mitigation funds held for the benefit of a water
72	management district if a project is excluded from a
73	mitigation plan; requiring water management districts to
74	use private mitigation banks in developing plans for
75	complying with mitigation requirements; providing an
76	exception; revising the procedure for excluding a project
77	from a mitigation plan; amending s. 373.4141, F.S.;
78	providing a limitation for the request of additional
79	information from an applicant by the department; providing
80	that failure of an applicant to respond to such a request
81	within a specified time period constitutes withdrawal of
82	the application; reducing the time within which the
83	department or district must approve or deny a permit
84	application; prohibiting a state agency or an agency of
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85 the state from requiring additional permits or approval 86 from a local, state, or federal agency without explicit 87 authority; amending s. 373.4144, F.S.; providing 88 legislative intent with respect to the coordination of 89 regulatory duties among specified state and federal 90 agencies; requiring that the department report annually to 91 the Legislature on efforts to expand the state 92 programmatic general permit or regional general permits; 93 providing for a voluntary state programmatic general 94 permit for certain dredge and fill activities; amending s. 95 373.41492, F.S.; authorizing the use of proceeds from the water treatment plant upgrade fee to pay for specified 96 97 mitigation projects; requiring proceeds from the water 98 treatment plant upgrade fee to be transferred by the 99 Department of Revenue to the South Florida Water 100 Management District and deposited into the Lake Belt 101 Mitigation Trust Fund for a specified period of time; 102 providing, after that period, for the proceeds of the 103 water treatment plant upgrade fee to return to being transferred by the Department of Revenue to a trust fund 104 105 established by Miami-Dade County for specified purposes; 106 conforming a term; amending s. 373.441, F.S.; requiring 107 that certain counties or municipalities apply by a 108 specified date to the department or water management 109 district for authority to require certain permits; 110 providing that following such delegation, the department 111 or district may not regulate activities that are subject to the delegation; clarifying the authority of local 112

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113 governments to adopt pollution control programs under certain conditions; amending s. 376.30715, F.S.; providing 114 that the transfer of a contaminated site from an owner to 115 116 a child of the owner or corporate entity does not 117 disqualify the site from the innocent victim petroleum 118 storage system restoration financial assistance program; 119 authorizing certain applicants to reapply for financial assistance; amending s. 380.06, F.S.; exempting a proposed 120 121 solid mineral mine or a proposed addition or expansion of 122 an existing solid mineral mine from provisions governing 123 developments of regional impact; providing certain exceptions; amending s. 380.0657, F.S.; authorizing 124 125 expedited permitting for certain inland multimodal 126 facilities that individually or collectively will create a 127 minimum number of jobs; amending s. 403.061, F.S.; 128 requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to 129 establish reasonable zones of mixing for discharges into 130 specified waters; providing that certain discharges do not 131 create liability for site cleanup; providing that exceedance of soil cleanup target levels is not a basis 132 133 for enforcement or cleanup; amending s. 403.087, F.S.; 134 revising conditions under which the department is 135 authorized to revoke environmental resource permits; 136 creating s. 403.0874, F.S.; providing a short title; 137 providing legislative findings and intent with respect to 138 the consideration of the compliance history of a permit 139 applicant; providing for applicability; specifying the period of compliance history to be considered is issuing 140 Page 5 of 69

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or renewing a permit; providing criteria to be considered 141 142 by the Department of Environmental Protection; authorizing 143 expedited review of permit issuance, renewal, 144 modification, and transfer; providing for a reduced number 145 of inspections; providing for extended permit duration; 146 authorizing the department to make additional incentives 147 available under certain circumstances; providing for 148 automatic permit renewal and reduced or waived fees under 149 certain circumstances; requiring the department to adopt 150 rules that are binding on a water management district or 151 local government that has been delegated certain 152 regulatory duties; amending s. 403.703, F.S.; revising the 153 term "solid waste" to exclude sludge from a waste 154 treatment works that is not discarded; amending s. 155 403.707, F.S.; revising provisions relating to disposal by 156 persons of solid waste resulting from their own activities 157 on their property; clarifying what constitutes "addressed 158 by a groundwater monitoring plan" with regard to certain 159 effects on groundwater and surface waters; authorizing the 160 disposal of solid waste over a zone of discharge; 161 providing that exceedance of soil cleanup target levels is 162 not a basis for enforcement or cleanup; providing that certain disposal of solid waste does not create liability 163 164 for site cleanup; extending the duration of all permits 165 issued to solid waste management facilities that meet 166 specified criteria; providing an exception; providing for 167 prorated permit fees; providing applicability; amending s. 403.814, F.S.; providing for issuance of general permits 168

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169 for the construction, alteration, and maintenance of 170 certain surface water management systems without the 171 action of the department or a water management district; 172 specifying conditions for the general permits; amending s. 173 403.973, F.S.; authorizing expedited permitting for 174 certain commercial or industrial development projects that 175 individually or collectively will create a minimum number 176 of jobs; providing for a project-specific memorandum of 177 agreement to apply to a project subject to expedited 178 permitting; clarifying the authority of the Department of Environmental Protection to enter final orders for the 179 180 issuance of certain licenses; revising criteria for the 181 review of certain sites; amending s. 526.203, F.S.; 182 authorizing the sale of unblended fuels for certain uses; 183 amending s. 604.50, F.S.; exempting farm fences from the 184 Florida Building Code; revising the term "nonresidential 185 farm building"; exempting nonresidential farm buildings 186 and farm fences from county and municipal codes and fees; 187 specifying that the exemptions do not apply to code provisions implementing certain floodplain regulations; 188 189 revising the deadline for completion of the installation 190 of fuel tank upgrades to secondary containment systems for 191 specified properties; revising rules of the Department of 192 Environmental Protection relating to the uniform 193 mitigation assessment method for activities in surface 194 waters and wetlands; directing the Department of 195 Environmental Protection to make additional changes to

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196	conform; providing for reassessment of mitigation banks
197	under certain conditions; providing an effective date.
198	
199	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
200	
201	Section 1. Paragraph (p) is added to subsection (2) of
202	section 120.569, Florida Statutes, to read:
203	120.569 Decisions which affect substantial interests
204	(2)
205	(p) For any proceeding arising under chapter 373, chapter
206	378, or chapter 403, if a nonapplicant petitions as a third
207	party to challenge an agency's issuance of a license or
208	conceptual approval, the petitioner initiating the action has
209	the burden of ultimate persuasion and, in the first instance,
210	has the burden of going forward with the evidence.
211	Notwithstanding subsection (1), this paragraph applies to
212	proceedings under s. 120.574.
213	Section 2. Section 125.0112, Florida Statutes, is created
214	to read:
215	125.0112 Biofuels and renewable energyThe construction
216	and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable
217	energy generating facility, as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d), and
218	the cultivation and production of bioenergy, as defined pursuant
219	to s. 163.3177, except where biomass material derived from
220	municipal solid waste or landfill gases provides the renewable
221	energy for such facilities, shall be considered by a local
222	government to be a valid industrial, agricultural, and
223	silvicultural use permitted within those land use categories in

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224	the local comprehensive land use plan. If the local
225	comprehensive plan does not specifically allow for the
226	construction of a biofuel processing facility or renewable
227	energy facility, the local government shall establish a specific
228	review process that may include expediting local review of any
229	necessary comprehensive plan amendment, zoning change, use
230	permit, waiver, variance, or special exemption. Local expedited
231	review of a proposed biofuel processing facility or a renewable
232	energy facility does not obligate a local government to approve
233	such proposed use. A comprehensive plan amendment necessary to
234	accommodate a biofuel processing facility or renewable energy
235	facility shall, if approved by the local government, be eligible
236	for the alternative state review process in s. 163.32465. The
237	construction and operation of a facility and related
238	improvements on a portion of a property under this section does
239	not affect the remainder of the property's classification as
240	agricultural under s. 193.461.
241	Section 3. Section 125.022, Florida Statutes, is amended
242	to read:
243	125.022 Development permitsWhen a county denies an
244	application for a development permit, the county shall give
245	written notice to the applicant. The notice must include a
246	citation to the applicable portions of an ordinance, rule,
247	statute, or other legal authority for the denial of the permit.
248	As used in this section, the term "development permit" has the
249	same meaning as in s. 163.3164. <u>A county may not require as a</u>
250	condition of processing a development permit that an applicant
251	obtain a permit or approval from any other state or federal
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252 agency unless the agency has issued a notice of intent to deny 253 the federal or state permit before the county action on the 254 local development permit. Issuance of a development permit by a 255 county does not in any way create any rights on the part of the 256 applicant to obtain a permit from another state or federal 257 agency and does not create any liability on the part of the 258 county for issuance of the permit if the applicant fails to 259 fulfill its legal obligations to obtain requisite approvals or 260 fulfill the obligations imposed by another state or a federal 261 agency. A county may attach such a disclaimer to the issuance of 262 a development permit, and may include a permit condition that 263 all other applicable state or federal permits be obtained before 264 commencement of the development. This section does not prohibit 265 a county from providing information to an applicant regarding 266 what other state or federal permits may apply. 267 Section 4. Section 161.032, Florida Statutes, is created 268 to read: 269 161.032 Application review; request for additional 270 information.-271 Within 30 days after receipt of an application for a (1)272 permit under this part, the department shall review the 273 application and shall request submission of any additional 274 information the department is permitted by law to require. If 275 the applicant believes that a request for additional information 276 is not authorized by law or rule, the applicant may request a hearing pursuant to s. 120.57. Within 30 days after receipt of 277 such additional information, the department shall review such 278 279 additional information and may request only that information

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280 <u>needed to clarify such additional information or to answer new</u> 281 <u>questions raised by or directly related to such additional</u> 282 <u>information. If the applicant believes that the request for such</u> 283 <u>additional information by the department is not authorized by</u> 284 <u>law or rule, the department, at the applicant's request, shall</u> 285 proceed to process the permit application.

286 (2) Notwithstanding s. 120.60, an applicant for a permit 287 under this part has 90 days after the date of a timely request for additional information to submit such information. If an 288 applicant requires more than 90 days in order to respond to a 289 290 request for additional information, the applicant must notify 291 the agency processing the permit application in writing of the 292 circumstances, at which time the application shall be held in 293 active status for no more than one additional period of up to 90 294 days. Additional extensions may be granted for good cause shown 295 by the applicant. A showing that the applicant is making a 296 diligent effort to obtain the requested additional information 297 constitutes good cause. Failure of an applicant to provide the 298 timely requested information by the applicable deadline shall 299 result in denial of the application without prejudice. 300 Section 5. Subsections (5), (6), and (7) are added to 301 section 161.041, Florida Statutes, to read: 302 161.041 Permits required.-303 (5) The provisions of s. 403.0874, relating to the 304 incentive-based permitting program, apply to all permits issued 305 under this chapter. 306 (6) The department may not require as a permit condition 307 sediment quality specifications or turbidity standards more

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308 stringent than those provided for in this chapter, chapter 373, 309 or the Florida Administrative Code. The department may not issue 310 guidelines that are enforceable as standards without going 311 through the rulemaking process pursuant to chapter 120. 312 (7) As an incentive for permit applicants, it is the 313 Legislature's intent to simplify the permitting for periodic maintenance of beach renourishment projects previously permitted 314 315 and restored under the joint coastal permit process pursuant to 316 this section or part IV of chapter 373. The department shall 317 amend chapters 62B-41 and 62B-49 of the Florida Administrative

318 <u>Code to streamline the permitting process for periodic</u> 319 maintenance projects.

- 320 Section 6. Subsection (10) of section 163.3180, Florida
- 321 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 322

163.3180 Concurrency.-

323 (10) (a) Except in transportation concurrency exception 324 areas, with regard to roadway facilities on the Strategic 325 Intermodal System designated in accordance with s. 339.63, local 326 governments shall adopt the level-of-service standard 327 established by the Department of Transportation by rule. However, if the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 328 329 Development concurs in writing with the local government that 330 the proposed development is for a qualified job creation project 331 under s. 288.0656 or s. 403.973, the affected local government, after consulting with the Department of Transportation, may 332 provide for a waiver of transportation concurrency for the 333 project. For all other roads on the State Highway System, local 334 335 governments shall establish an adequate level-of-service

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336 standard that need not be consistent with any level-of-service 337 standard established by the Department of Transportation. In 338 establishing adequate level-of-service standards for any 339 arterial roads, or collector roads as appropriate, which 340 traverse multiple jurisdictions, local governments shall 341 consider compatibility with the roadway facility's adopted 342 level-of-service standards in adjacent jurisdictions. Each local 343 government within a county shall use a professionally accepted 344 methodology for measuring impacts on transportation facilities 345 for the purposes of implementing its concurrency management 346 system. Counties are encouraged to coordinate with adjacent 347 counties, and local governments within a county are encouraged 348 to coordinate, for the purpose of using common methodologies for 349 measuring impacts on transportation facilities for the purpose 350 of implementing their concurrency management systems.

351 (b) There shall be a limited exemption from the Strategic 352 Intermodal System adopted level-of-service standards for new or 353 redevelopment projects consistent with the local comprehensive 354 plan as inland multimodal facilities receiving or sending cargo 355 for distribution and providing cargo storage, consolidation, 356 repackaging, and transfer of goods, and which may, if developed 357 as proposed, include other intermodal terminals, related 358 transportation facilities, warehousing and distribution 359 facilities, and associated office space, light industrial, manufacturing, and assembly uses. The limited exemption applies 360 361 if the project meets all of the following criteria: 362 The project will not cause the adopted level-of-service 1. 363 standards for the Strategic Intermodal System facilities to be

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364 exceeded by more than 150 percent within the first 5 years of 365 the project's development. 366 2. The project, upon completion, would result in the 367 creation of at least 50 full-time jobs. 368 3. The project is compatible with existing and planned 369 adjacent land uses. 370 4. The project is consistent with local and regional 371 economic development goals or plans. 372 5. The project is proximate to regionally significant road 373 and rail transportation facilities. 374 6. The project is proximate to a community having an 375 unemployment rate, as of the date of the development order 376 application, which is 10 percent or more above the statewide 377 reported average. 378 Section 7. Section 166.033, Florida Statutes, is amended 379 to read: 380 166.033 Development permits.-When a municipality denies an 381 application for a development permit, the municipality shall 382 give written notice to the applicant. The notice must include a 383 citation to the applicable portions of an ordinance, rule, 384 statute, or other legal authority for the denial of the permit. 385 As used in this section, the term "development permit" has the 386 same meaning as in s. 163.3164. A municipality may not require 387 as a condition of processing a development permit that an 388 applicant obtain a permit or approval from any other state or 389 federal agency unless the agency has issued a notice of intent 390 to deny the federal or state permit before the municipal action 391 on the local development permit. Issuance of a development

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392	permit by a municipality does not in any way create any right on
393	the part of an applicant to obtain a permit from another state
394	or federal agency and does not create any liability on the part
395	of the municipality for issuance of the permit if the applicant
396	fails to fulfill its legal obligations to obtain requisite
397	approvals or fulfill the obligations imposed by another state or
398	federal agency. A municipality may attach such a disclaimer to
399	the issuance of development permits and may include a permit
400	condition that all other applicable state or federal permits be
401	obtained before commencement of the development. This section
402	does not prohibit a municipality from providing information to
403	an applicant regarding what other state or federal permits may
404	apply.
405	Section 8. Section 166.0447, Florida Statutes, is created
406	to read:
406 407	to read: <u>166.0447</u> Biofuels and renewable energyThe construction
407	166.0447 Biofuels and renewable energyThe construction
407 408	<u>166.0447</u> Biofuels and renewable energy.—The construction and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable
407 408 409	166.0447 Biofuels and renewable energy.—The construction and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable energy generating facility, as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d), and
407 408 409 410	166.0447 Biofuels and renewable energyThe construction and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable energy generating facility, as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d), and the cultivation and production of bioenergy, as defined pursuant
407 408 409 410 411	<u>166.0447</u> Biofuels and renewable energyThe construction and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable energy generating facility, as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d), and the cultivation and production of bioenergy, as defined pursuant to s. 163.3177, except where biomass material derived from
407 408 409 410 411 412	166.0447 Biofuels and renewable energyThe construction and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable energy generating facility, as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d), and the cultivation and production of bioenergy, as defined pursuant to s. 163.3177, except where biomass material derived from municipal solid waste or landfill gases provides the renewable
407 408 409 410 411 412 413	166.0447 Biofuels and renewable energyThe construction and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable energy generating facility, as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d), and the cultivation and production of bioenergy, as defined pursuant to s. 163.3177, except where biomass material derived from municipal solid waste or landfill gases provides the renewable energy for such facilities, are each a valid industrial,
407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414	<u>166.0447</u> Biofuels and renewable energy.—The construction and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable energy generating facility, as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d), and the cultivation and production of bioenergy, as defined pursuant to s. 163.3177, except where biomass material derived from municipal solid waste or landfill gases provides the renewable energy for such facilities, are each a valid industrial, agricultural, and silvicultural use permitted within those land
407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415	166.0447 Biofuels and renewable energy.—The construction and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable energy generating facility, as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d), and the cultivation and production of bioenergy, as defined pursuant to s. 163.3177, except where biomass material derived from municipal solid waste or landfill gases provides the renewable energy for such facilities, are each a valid industrial, agricultural, and silvicultural use permitted within those land use categories in the local comprehensive land use plan and for
407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416	<u>166.0447</u> Biofuels and renewable energy.—The construction and operation of a biofuel processing facility or a renewable energy generating facility, as defined in s. 366.91(2)(d), and the cultivation and production of bioenergy, as defined pursuant to s. 163.3177, except where biomass material derived from municipal solid waste or landfill gases provides the renewable energy for such facilities, are each a valid industrial, agricultural, and silvicultural use permitted within those land use categories in the local comprehensive land use plan and for purposes of any local zoning regulation within an incorporated

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420	generating facility to obtain any comprehensive plan amendment,
421	rezoning, special exemption, use permit, waiver, or variance, or
422	to pay any special fee in excess of \$1,000 to operate in an area
423	zoned for or categorized as industrial, agricultural, or
423	
	silvicultural use. This section does not exempt biofuel
425	processing facilities and renewable energy generating facilities
426	from complying with building code requirements. The construction
427	and operation of a facility and related improvements on a
428	portion of a property pursuant to this section does not affect
429	the remainder of that property's classification as agricultural
430	pursuant to s. 193.461.
431	Section 9. Subsection (10) is added to section 373.026,
432	Florida Statutes, to read:
433	373.026 General powers and duties of the departmentThe
434	department, or its successor agency, shall be responsible for
435	the administration of this chapter at the state level. However,
436	it is the policy of the state that, to the greatest extent
437	possible, the department may enter into interagency or
438	interlocal agreements with any other state agency, any water
439	management district, or any local government conducting programs
440	related to or materially affecting the water resources of the
441	state. All such agreements shall be subject to the provisions of
442	s. 373.046. In addition to its other powers and duties, the
443	department shall, to the greatest extent possible:
444	(10) Expand the use of Internet-based self-certification
445	services for appropriate exemptions and general permits issued
446	by the department and the water management districts, if such
447	expansion is economically feasible. In addition to expanding the
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448 use of Internet-based self-certification services for 449 appropriate exemptions and general permits, the department and 450 water management districts shall identify and develop general 451 permits for appropriate activities currently requiring 452 individual review which could be expedited through the use of 453 applicable professional certification. 454 Section 10. Subsection (6) is added to section 373.413, 455 Florida Statutes, to read: 456 373.413 Permits for construction or alteration.-457 The provisions of s. 403.0874, relating to the (6) 458 incentive-based permitting program, apply to permits issued 459 under this section. Section 11. Subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (c) of 460 461 subsection (3), and subsection (4) of section 373.4137, Florida 462 Statutes, are amended to read: 463 373.4137 Mitigation requirements for specified 464 transportation projects.-465 The Legislature finds that environmental mitigation (1)466 for the impact of transportation projects proposed by the 467 Department of Transportation or a transportation authority 468 established pursuant to chapter 348 or chapter 349 can be more effectively achieved by regional, long-range mitigation planning 469 470 rather than on a project-by-project basis. It is the intent of 471 the Legislature that mitigation to offset the adverse effects of 472 these transportation projects be funded by the Department of Transportation and be carried out by the water management 473 districts, through including the use of private mitigation banks 474 475 if available or, if a private mitigation bank is not available,

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476 through any other mitigation options that satisfy state and 477 federal requirements established pursuant to this part.

478 (2) Environmental impact inventories for transportation
479 projects proposed by the Department of Transportation or a
480 transportation authority established pursuant to chapter 348 or
481 chapter 349 shall be developed as follows:

482 By July 1 of each year, the Department of (a) 483 Transportation or a transportation authority established 484 pursuant to chapter 348 or chapter 349 which chooses to 485 participate in this program shall submit to the water management districts a list copy of its projects in the adopted work 486 487 program and an environmental impact inventory of habitats 488 addressed in the rules adopted pursuant to this part and s. 404 489 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. s. 1344, which may be impacted 490 by its plan of construction for transportation projects in the 491 next 3 years of the tentative work program. The Department of 492 Transportation or a transportation authority established 493 pursuant to chapter 348 or chapter 349 may also include in its 494 environmental impact inventory the habitat impacts of any future 495 transportation project. The Department of Transportation and 496 each transportation authority established pursuant to chapter 497 348 or chapter 349 may fund any mitigation activities for future 498 projects using current year funds.

(b) The environmental impact inventory shall include a
description of these habitat impacts, including their location,
acreage, and type; state water quality classification of
impacted wetlands and other surface waters; any other state or
regional designations for these habitats; and a <u>list</u> survey of

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(3)

504 threatened species, endangered species, and species of special 505 concern affected by the proposed project.

506

507 (C) Except for current mitigation projects in the 508 monitoring and maintenance phase and except as allowed by 509 paragraph (d), the water management districts may request a 510 transfer of funds from an escrow account no sooner than 30 days 511 prior to the date the funds are needed to pay for activities 512 associated with development or implementation of the approved 513 mitigation plan described in subsection (4) for the current 514 fiscal year, including, but not limited to, design, engineering, production, and staff support. Actual conceptual plan 515 516 preparation costs incurred before plan approval may be submitted 517 to the Department of Transportation or the appropriate 518 transportation authority each year with the plan. The conceptual 519 plan preparation costs of each water management district will be 520 paid from mitigation funds associated with the environmental 521 impact inventory for the current year. The amount transferred to 522 the escrow accounts each year by the Department of 523 Transportation and participating transportation authorities 524 established pursuant to chapter 348 or chapter 349 shall 525 correspond to a cost per acre of \$75,000 multiplied by the 526 projected acres of impact identified in the environmental impact 527 inventory described in subsection (2). However, the \$75,000 cost per acre does not constitute an admission against interest by 528 the state or its subdivisions nor is the cost admissible as 529 530 evidence of full compensation for any property acquired by eminent domain or through inverse condemnation. Each July 1, the 531 Page 19 of 69

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532 cost per acre shall be adjusted by the percentage change in the 533 average of the Consumer Price Index issued by the United States 534 Department of Labor for the most recent 12-month period ending 535 September 30, compared to the base year average, which is the 536 average for the 12-month period ending September 30, 1996. Each 537 quarter, the projected acreage of impact shall be reconciled 538 with the acreage of impact of projects as permitted, including 539 permit modifications, pursuant to this part and s. 404 of the 540 Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. s. 1344. The subject year's transfer 541 of funds shall be adjusted accordingly to reflect the acreage of 542 impacts as permitted. The Department of Transportation and 543 participating transportation authorities established pursuant to 544 chapter 348 or chapter 349 are authorized to transfer such funds 545 from the escrow accounts to the water management districts to 546 carry out the mitigation programs. Environmental mitigation 547 funds that are identified or maintained in an escrow account for 548 the benefit of a water management district may be released if the associated transportation project is excluded in whole or 549 550 part from the mitigation plan. For a mitigation project that is 551 in the maintenance and monitoring phase, the water management 552 district may request and receive a one-time payment based on the 553 project's expected future maintenance and monitoring costs. Upon 554 disbursement of the final maintenance and monitoring payment, 555 the department or the participating transportation authorities' 556 obligation will be satisfied, the water management district will 557 have continuing responsibility for the mitigation project, and 558 the escrow account for the project established by the Department 559 of Transportation or the participating transportation authority Page 20 of 69

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560 may be closed. Any interest earned on these disbursed funds 561 shall remain with the water management district and must be used 562 as authorized under this section.

563 Prior to March 1 of each year, each water management (4) 564 district, in consultation with the Department of Environmental 565 Protection, the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the 566 Department of Transportation, participating transportation 567 authorities established pursuant to chapter 348 or chapter 349, 568 and other appropriate federal, state, and local governments, and 569 other interested parties, including entities operating 570 mitigation banks, shall develop a plan for the primary purpose of complying with the mitigation requirements adopted pursuant 571 572 to this part and 33 U.S.C. s. 1344. In developing such plans, 573 private mitigation banks shall be used if available or, if a private mitigation bank is not available, the districts shall 574 575 use utilize sound ecosystem management practices to address 576 significant water resource needs and shall focus on activities 577 of the Department of Environmental Protection and the water 578 management districts, such as surface water improvement and 579 management (SWIM) projects and lands identified for potential 580 acquisition for preservation, restoration or enhancement, and 581 the control of invasive and exotic plants in wetlands and other 582 surface waters, to the extent that such activities comply with the mitigation requirements adopted under this part and 33 583 U.S.C. s. 1344. In determining the activities to be included in 584 585 such plans, the districts shall also consider the purchase of 586 credits from public or private mitigation banks permitted under 587 s. 373.4136 and associated federal authorization and shall

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588 include such purchase as a part of the mitigation plan when such 589 purchase would offset the impact of the transportation $project_{r}$ 590 provide equal benefits to the water resources than other 591 mitigation options being considered, and provide the most cost-592 effective mitigation option. The mitigation plan shall be 593 submitted to the water management district governing board, or its designee, for review and approval. At least 14 days prior to 594 595 approval, the water management district shall provide a copy of 596 the draft mitigation plan to any person who has requested a 597 copy.

(a) For each transportation project with a funding request
for the next fiscal year, the mitigation plan must include a
brief explanation of why a mitigation bank was or was not chosen
as a mitigation option, including an estimation of identifiable
costs of the mitigation bank and nonbank options to the extent
practicable.

604 Specific projects may be excluded from the mitigation (b) 605 plan, in whole or in part, and shall not be subject to this 606 section upon the election agreement of the Department of 607 Transportation, or a transportation authority if applicable, or 608 and the appropriate water management district that the inclusion 609 of such projects would hamper the efficiency or timeliness of 610 the mitigation planning and permitting process. The water 611 management district may choose to exclude a project in whole or 612 in part if the district is unable to identify mitigation that 613 would offset impacts of the project.

614 Section 12. Section 373.4141, Florida Statutes, is amended 615 to read:

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373.4141 Permits; processing.-

617 (1)Within 30 days after receipt of an application for a 618 permit under this part, the department or the water management 619 district shall review the application and shall request 620 submittal of all additional information the department or the 621 water management district is permitted by law to require. If the 622 applicant believes any request for additional information is not 623 authorized by law or rule, the applicant may request a hearing 624 pursuant to s. 120.57. Within 30 days after receipt of such 625 additional information, the department or water management 626 district shall review it and may request only that information 627 needed to clarify such additional information or to answer new questions raised by or directly related to such additional 628 629 information. If the applicant believes the request of the 630 department or water management district for such additional 631 information is not authorized by law or rule, the department or 632 water management district, at the applicant's request, shall proceed to process the permit application. The department or 633 634 water management district may request additional information no 635 more than twice unless the applicant waives this limitation in 636 writing. If the applicant does not provide a written response to 637 the second request for additional information within 90 days or 638 another time period mutually agreed upon between the applicant 639 and the department or water management district, the application 640 shall be considered withdrawn.

641 (2) A permit shall be approved or denied within <u>60</u> 90 days
 642 after receipt of the original application, the last item of
 643 timely requested additional material, or the applicant's written
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644	request	to	bealn	processing	the	permit	application.

645 Processing of applications for permits for affordable (3) 646 housing projects shall be expedited to a greater degree than 647 other projects. 648 (4) A state agency or an agency of the state may not 649 require as a condition of approval for a permit or as an item to 650 complete a pending permit application that an applicant obtain a 651 permit or approval from any other local, state, or federal 652 agency without explicit statutory authority to require such 653 permit or approval. Section 13. Section 373.4144, Florida Statutes, is amended 654 655 to read: 656 373.4144 Federal environmental permitting.-657 (1)It is the intent of the Legislature to: 658 (a) Facilitate coordination and a more efficient process 659 of implementing regulatory duties and functions between the 660 Department of Environmental Protection, the water management 661 districts, the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the United 662 States Fish and Wildlife Service, the National Marine Fisheries 663 Service, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the 664 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, and other relevant 665 federal and state agencies. 666 (b) Authorize the Department of Environmental Protection to obtain issuance by the United States Army Corps of Engineers, 667 668 pursuant to state and federal law and as set forth in this 669 section, of an expanded state programmatic general permit, or a series of regional general permits, for categories of activities 670 671 in waters of the United States governed by the Clean Water Act Page 24 of 69

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672 and in navigable waters under the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 673 which are similar in nature, which will cause only minimal 674 adverse environmental effects when performed separately, and 675 which will have only minimal cumulative adverse effects on the 676 environment.

677 (c) Use the mechanism of such a state general permit or 678 such regional general permits to eliminate overlapping federal 679 regulations and state rules that seek to protect the same 680 resource and to avoid duplication of permitting between the 681 United States Army Corps of Engineers and the department for 682 minor work located in waters of the United States, including 683 navigable waters, thus eliminating, in appropriate cases, the 684 need for a separate individual approval from the United States 685 Army Corps of Engineers while ensuring the most stringent 686 protection of wetland resources.

687 (d) Direct the department not to seek issuance of or take 688 any action pursuant to any such permit or permits unless such 689 conditions are at least as protective of the environment and 690 natural resources as existing state law under this part and 691 federal law under the Clean Water Act and the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. The department is directed to develop, on or before 692 693 October 1, 2005, a mechanism or plan to consolidate, to the 694 maximum extent practicable, the federal and state wetland 695 permitting programs. It is the intent of the Legislature that 696 all dredge and fill activities impacting 10 acres or less of 697 wetlands or waters, including navigable waters, be processed by the state as part of the environmental resource permitting 698 699 program implemented by the department and the water management Page 25 of 69

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700 districts. The resulting mechanism or plan shall analyze and 701 propose the development of an expanded state programmatic 702 general permit program in conjunction with the United States 703 Army Corps of Engineers pursuant to s. 404 of the Clean Water 704 Act, Pub. L. No. 92-500, as amended, 33 U.S.C. ss. 1251 et seq., 705 and s. 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. Alternatively, 706 in combination with an expanded state programmatic general or 707 permit, the mechanism or plan may propose the creation of a 708 series of regional general permits issued by the United States 709 Army Corps of Engineers pursuant to the referenced statutes. All 710 of the regional general permits must be administered by the 711 department or the water management districts or their designees. In order to effectuate efficient wetland permitting 712 (2)713 and avoid duplication, the department and water management 714 districts are authorized to implement a voluntary state 715 programmatic general permit for all dredge and fill activities impacting 3 acres or less of wetlands or other surface waters, 716 717 including navigable waters, subject to agreement with the United 718 States Army Corps of Engineers, if the general permit is at 719 least as protective of the environment and natural resources as 720 existing state law under this part and federal law under the 721 Clean Water Act and the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. The 722 department is directed to file with the Speaker of the House of 723 Representatives and the President of the Senate a report 724 proposing any required federal and state statutory changes that 725 would be necessary to accomplish the directives listed in this 726 section and to coordinate with the Florida Congressional 727 Delegation on any necessary changes to federal law to implement Page 26 of 69

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728 the directives.

729 (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude 730 the department from pursuing a series of regional general 731 permits for construction activities in wetlands or surface 732 waters or complete assumption of federal permitting programs 733 regulating the discharge of dredged or fill material pursuant to 734 s. 404 of the Clean Water Act, Pub. L. No. 92-500, as amended, 735 33 U.S.C. ss. 1251 et seq., and s. 10 of the Rivers and Harbors 736 Act of 1899, so long as the assumption encompasses all dredge 737 and fill activities in, on, or over jurisdictional wetlands or 738 waters, including navigable waters, within the state.

Section 14. Subsections (2) and (3), paragraph (a) of
subsection (4), and paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section
373.41492, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

742 373.41492 Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Mitigation Plan;
743 mitigation for mining activities within the Miami-Dade County
744 Lake Belt.-

745 To provide for the mitigation of wetland resources (2)746 lost to mining activities within the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt 747 Plan, effective October 1, 1999, a mitigation fee is imposed on 748 each ton of limerock and sand extracted by any person who 749 engages in the business of extracting limerock or sand from 750 within the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Area and the east one-751 half of sections 24 and 25 and all of sections 35 and 36, 752 Township 53 South, Range 39 East. The mitigation fee is imposed for each ton of limerock and sand sold from within the 753 properties where the fee applies in raw, processed, or 754 755 manufactured form, including, but not limited to, sized

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756 aggregate, asphalt, cement, concrete, and other limerock and 757 concrete products. The mitigation fee imposed by this subsection 758 for each ton of limerock and sand sold shall be 12 cents per ton 759 beginning January 1, 2007; 18 cents per ton beginning January 1, 760 2008; 24 cents per ton beginning January 1, 2009; and 45 cents per ton beginning close of business December 31, 2011. To pay 761 762 for seepage mitigation projects, including hydrological 763 structures, as authorized in an environmental resource permit 764 issued by the department for mining activities within the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Area, and to upgrade a water treatment 765 766 plant that treats water coming from the Northwest Wellfield in 767 Miami-Dade County, a water treatment plant upgrade fee is 768 imposed within the same Lake Belt Area subject to the mitigation 769 fee and upon the same kind of mined limerock and sand subject to 770 the mitigation fee. The water treatment plant upgrade fee 771 imposed by this subsection for each ton of limerock and sand 772 sold shall be 15 cents per ton beginning on January 1, 2007, and 773 the collection of this fee shall cease once the total amount of 774 proceeds collected for this fee reaches the amount of the actual 775 moneys necessary to design and construct the water treatment 776 plant upgrade, as determined in an open, public solicitation 777 process. Any limerock or sand that is used within the mine from 778 which the limerock or sand is extracted is exempt from the fees. 779 The amount of the mitigation fee and the water treatment plant upgrade fee imposed under this section must be stated separately 780 on the invoice provided to the purchaser of the limerock or sand 781 782 product from the limerock or sand miner, or its subsidiary or 783 affiliate, for which the fee or fees apply. The limerock or sand Page 28 of 69

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784 miner, or its subsidiary or affiliate, who sells the limerock or 785 sand product shall collect the mitigation fee and the water 786 treatment plant upgrade fee and forward the proceeds of the fees 787 to the Department of Revenue on or before the 20th day of the 788 month following the calendar month in which the sale occurs. As 789 used in this section, the term "proceeds of the fee" means all 790 funds collected and received by the Department of Revenue under 791 this section, including interest and penalties on delinquent 792 fees. The amount deducted for administrative costs may not exceed 3 percent of the total revenues collected under this 793 794 section and may equal only those administrative costs reasonably 795 attributable to the fees.

796 The mitigation fee and the water treatment plant (3)797 upgrade fee imposed by this section must be reported to the 798 Department of Revenue. Payment of the mitigation and the water 799 treatment plant upgrade fees must be accompanied by a form 800 prescribed by the Department of Revenue. The proceeds of the 801 mitigation fee, less administrative costs, must be transferred by the Department of Revenue to the South Florida Water 802 803 Management District and deposited into the Lake Belt Mitigation 804 Trust Fund. Beginning January 1, 2012, and ending December 31, 805 2017, or upon issuance of water quality certification by the 806 department for mining activities within Phase II of the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Plan, whichever occurs later, the proceeds 807 808 of the water treatment plant upgrade fee, less administrative 809 costs, must be transferred by the Department of Revenue to the 810 South Florida Water Management District and deposited into the 811 Lake Belt Mitigation Trust Fund. Beginning January 1, 2018, the

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812 proceeds of the water treatment plant upgrade fee, less 813 administrative costs, must be transferred by the Department of 814 Revenue to a trust fund established by Miami-Dade County, for 815 the sole purpose authorized by paragraph (6) (a). As used in this 816 section, the term "proceeds of the fee" means all funds 817 collected and received by the Department of Revenue under this 818 section, including interest and penalties on delinguent fees. The amount deducted for administrative costs may not exceed 3 819 820 percent of the total revenues collected under this section and may equal only those administrative costs reasonably 821 822 attributable to the fees.

823 (4) (a) The Department of Revenue shall administer, 824 collect, and enforce the mitigation and water treatment plant 825 upgrade fees authorized under this section in accordance with 826 the procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the 827 general sales tax imposed under chapter 212. The provisions of 828 chapter 212 with respect to the authority of the Department of 829 Revenue to audit and make assessments, the keeping of books and 830 records, and the interest and penalties imposed on delinquent 831 fees apply to this section. The fees may not be included in 832 computing estimated taxes under s. 212.11, and the dealer's 833 credit for collecting taxes or fees provided for in s. 212.12 834 does not apply to the fees imposed by this section.

(6) (a) The proceeds of the mitigation fee must be used to conduct mitigation activities that are appropriate to offset the loss of the value and functions of wetlands as a result of mining activities and must be used in a manner consistent with the recommendations contained in the reports submitted to the

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Legislature by the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Plan

CS/CS/HB 991

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Implementation Committee and adopted under s. 373.4149. Such mitigation may include the purchase, enhancement, restoration, and management of wetlands and uplands, the purchase of mitigation credit from a permitted mitigation bank, and any structural modifications to the existing drainage system to enhance the hydrology of the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Area. Funds may also be used to reimburse other funding sources, including the Save Our Rivers Land Acquisition Program, the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, the South Florida Water Management District, and Miami-Dade County, for the purchase of lands that were acquired in areas appropriate for mitigation due to rock mining and to reimburse governmental agencies that exchanged land under s. 373.4149 for mitigation due to rock mining. The proceeds of the water treatment plant upgrade fee that are deposited into the Lake Belt Mitigation Trust Fund shall be used solely to pay for seepage mitigation projects, including groundwater or surface water management structures, as authorized in an environmental resource permit issued by the department for mining activities within the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Area. The proceeds of the water treatment plant upgrade fee that are transferred to a trust fund established by Miami-Dade County shall be used to upgrade a water treatment plant that treats water coming from the Northwest Wellfield in Miami-Dade County. As used in this section, the terms "upgrade a

865 water treatment plant" or "water treatment plant upgrade" means 866 those works necessary to treat or filter a surface water source 867 or supply or both.

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868	Section 15. Present subsections (3), (4), and (5) of
869	section 373.441, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections
870	(6), (7), and (8), respectively, and new subsections (3), (4),
871	and (5) are added to that section to read:
872	373.441 Role of counties, municipalities, and local
873	pollution control programs in permit processing; delegation
874	(3) A county having a population of 75,000 or more or a
875	municipality having a population of more than 50,000 that
876	implements a local pollution control program regulating wetlands
877	or surface waters throughout its geographic boundary must apply
878	for delegation of state environmental resource permitting
879	authority on or before June 1, 2012. A county, municipality, or
880	local pollution control program that fails to receive delegation
881	of authority by June 1, 2013, may not require permits that in
882	part or in full are substantially similar to the requirements
883	needed to obtain an environmental resource permit.
884	(4) Upon delegation to a qualified local government, the
885	department and water management district may not regulate the
886	activities subject to the delegation within that jurisdiction
887	unless regulation is required pursuant to the terms of the
888	delegation agreement.
889	(5) This section does not prohibit or limit a local
890	government from adopting a pollution control program regulating
891	wetlands or surface waters after June 1, 2012, if the local
892	government applies for and receives delegation of state
893	environmental resource permitting authority within 1 year after
894	adopting such a program.
895	Section 16. Section 376.30715, Florida Statutes, is
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896 amended to read:

897 376.30715 Innocent victim petroleum storage system 898 restoration.-A contaminated site acquired by the current owner 899 prior to July 1, 1990, which has ceased operating as a petroleum 900 storage or retail business prior to January 1, 1985, is eligible 901 for financial assistance pursuant to s. 376.305(6), 902 notwithstanding s. 376.305(6)(a). For purposes of this section, 903 the term "acquired" means the acquisition of title to the 904 property; however, a subsequent transfer of the property to a 905 spouse or child of the owner, a surviving spouse or child of the 906 owner in trust or free of trust, or a revocable trust created 907 for the benefit of the settlor, or a corporate entity created by 908 the owner to hold title to the site does not disqualify the site 909 from financial assistance pursuant to s. 376.305(6) and 910 applicants previously denied coverage may reapply. Eligible 911 sites shall be ranked in accordance with s. 376.3071(5). 912 Section 17. Paragraph (u) is added to subsection (24) of 913 section 380.06, Florida Statutes, to read: 914 380.06 Developments of regional impact.-915 (24) STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS.-916 (u) Any proposed solid mineral mine and any proposed 917 addition to, expansion of, or change to an existing solid 918 mineral mine is exempt from the provisions of this section. 919 Proposed changes to any previously approved solid mineral mine 920 development-of-regional-impact development orders having vested 921 rights is not subject to further review or approval as a 922 development of regional impact or notice of proposed change 923 review or approval pursuant to subsection (19), except for those

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2011 924 applications pending as of July 1, 2011, which shall be governed 925 by s. 380.115(2). Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, 926 pursuant to s. 380.115(1), previously approved solid mineral 927 mine development-of-regional-impact development orders shall 928 continue to enjoy vested rights and continue to be effective 929 unless rescinded by the developer. 930 931 If a use is exempt from review as a development of regional 932 impact under paragraphs (a)-(s), but will be part of a larger 933 project that is subject to review as a development of regional 934 impact, the impact of the exempt use must be included in the 935 review of the larger project, unless such exempt use involves a 936 development of regional impact that includes a landowner, 937 tenant, or user that has entered into a funding agreement with 938 the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development under the Innovation Incentive Program and the agreement contemplates a 939 state award of at least \$50 million. 940 941 Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 380.0657, Florida 942 Statutes, is amended to read: 943 380.0657 Expedited permitting process for economic 944 development projects.-945 (1)The Department of Environmental Protection and, as 946 appropriate, the water management districts created under 947 chapter 373 shall adopt programs to expedite the processing of 948 wetland resource and environmental resource permits for economic development projects that have been identified by a municipality 949 or county as meeting the definition of target industry 950 951 businesses under s. 288.106, or any inland multimodal facility, Page 34 of 69

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952 <u>receiving or sending cargo to or from Florida ports</u>, with the 953 exception of those projects requiring approval by the Board of 954 Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund.

955 Section 19. Subsection (11) of section 403.061, Florida 956 Statutes, is amended to read:

957 403.061 Department; powers and duties.—The department 958 shall have the power and the duty to control and prohibit 959 pollution of air and water in accordance with the law and rules 960 adopted and promulgated by it and, for this purpose, to:

(11) Establish ambient air quality and water quality 961 962 standards for the state as a whole or for any part thereof, and 963 also standards for the abatement of excessive and unnecessary noise. The department shall is authorized to establish 964 965 reasonable zones of mixing for discharges into waters where 966 assimilative capacity in the receiving water is available. Zones 967 of discharge to groundwater are authorized to a facility or 968 owner's property boundary and extending to the base of a 969 specifically designated aquifer or aquifers. Discharges that 970 occur within a zone of discharge or on land that is over a zone 971 of discharge do not create liability under this chapter or 972 chapter 376 for site cleanup and the exceedance of soil cleanup 973 target levels is not a basis for enforcement or site cleanup.

(a) When a receiving body of water fails to meet a water
quality standard for pollutants set forth in department rules, a
steam electric generating plant discharge of pollutants that is
existing or licensed under this chapter on July 1, 1984, may
nevertheless be granted a mixing zone, provided that:

979 1. The standard would not be met in the water body in the Page 35 of 69

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980 absence of the discharge;

981 2. The discharge is in compliance with all applicable982 technology-based effluent limitations;

983 3. The discharge does not cause a measurable increase in 984 the degree of noncompliance with the standard at the boundary of 985 the mixing zone; and

986 4. The discharge otherwise complies with the mixing zone987 provisions specified in department rules.

988 (b) No mixing zone for point source discharges shall be 989 permitted in Outstanding Florida Waters except for:

990 1. Sources that have received permits from the department 991 prior to April 1, 1982, or the date of designation, whichever is 992 later;

993 2. Blowdown from new power plants certified pursuant to994 the Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Act;

995 3. Discharges of water necessary for water management 996 purposes which have been approved by the governing board of a 997 water management district and, if required by law, by the 998 secretary; and

999 4. The discharge of demineralization concentrate which has 1000 been determined permittable under s. 403.0882 and which meets 1001 the specific provisions of s. 403.0882(4)(a) and (b), if the 1002 proposed discharge is clearly in the public interest.

1003 (c) The department, by rule, shall establish water quality 1004 criteria for wetlands which criteria give appropriate 1005 recognition to the water quality of such wetlands in their 1006 natural state.

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Nothing in this act shall be construed to invalidate any existing department rule relating to mixing zones. The department shall cooperate with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in the development of regulations required by s. 316.272(1).

1014 The department shall implement such programs in conjunction with 1015 its other powers and duties and shall place special emphasis on 1016 reducing and eliminating contamination that presents a threat to 1017 humans, animals or plants, or to the environment.

1018 Section 20. Subsection (7) of section 403.087, Florida 1019 Statutes, is amended to read:

1020 403.087 Permits; general issuance; denial; revocation; 1021 prohibition; penalty.-

1022 (7) A permit issued pursuant to this section shall not 1023 become a vested right in the permittee. The department may 1024 revoke any permit issued by it if it finds that the permitholder 1025 has:

(a) Has Submitted false or inaccurate information in the
 his or her application for such permit;

1028 (b) Has Violated law, department orders, rules, or 1029 regulations, or permit conditions;

1030 (c) Has Failed to submit operational reports or other 1031 information required by department rule which directly relate to 1032 <u>such permit and has refused to correct or cure such violations</u> 1033 <u>when requested to do so</u> or regulation; or

1034 (d) Has Refused lawful inspection under s. 403.091 at the
 1035 facility authorized by such permit.

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1036 Section 21. Section 403.0874, Florida Statutes, is created 1037 to read: 1038 403.0874 Incentive-based permitting program.-

1039 <u>(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Florida</u> 1040 <u>Incentive-based Permitting Act."</u>

(2) FINDINGS AND INTENT.-The Legislature finds and 1041 1042 declares that the department should consider compliance history when deciding whether to issue, renew, amend, or modify a permit 1043 1044 by evaluating an applicant's site-specific and program-specific relevant aggregate compliance history. Persons having a history 1045 1046 of complying with applicable permits or state environmental laws 1047 and rules are eligible for permitting benefits, including, but 1048 not limited to, expedited permit application reviews, longer-1049 duration permit periods, decreased announced compliance inspections, and other similar regulatory and compliance 1050 1051 incentives to encourage and reward such persons for their 1052 environmental performance. 1053 (3) APPLICABILITY.-1054 This section applies to all persons and regulated (a) 1055 activities that are subject to the permitting requirements of 1056 chapter 161, chapter 373, or this chapter, and all other 1057 applicable state or federal laws that govern activities for the 1058 purpose of protecting the environment or the public health from 1059 pollution or contamination. 1060 Notwithstanding paragraph (a), this section does not (b) 1061 apply to certain permit actions or environmental permitting laws 1062 such as: 1063 1. Environmental permitting or authorization laws that

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1064	regulate activities for the purpose of zoning, growth
1065	management, or land use; or
1066	2. Any federal law or program delegated or assumed by the
1067	state to the extent that implementation of this section, or any
1068	part of this section, would jeopardize the ability of the state
1069	to retain such delegation or assumption.
1070	(c) As used in this section, the term "regulated activity"
1071	means any activity, including, but not limited to, the
1072	construction or operation of a facility, installation, system,
1073	or project, for which a permit, certification, or authorization
1074	is required under chapter 161, chapter 373, or this chapter.
1075	(4) COMPLIANCE HISTORYThe compliance history period
1076	shall be the 10 years before the date any permit or renewal
1077	application is received by the department. Any person is
1078	entitled to the incentives under subsection (5) if:
1079	(a)1. The applicant has conducted the regulated activity
1080	at the same site for which the permit or renewal is sought for
1081	at least 8 of the 10 years before the date the permit
1082	application is received by the department; or
1083	2. The applicant has conducted the same regulated activity
1084	at a different site within the state for at least 8 of the 10
1085	years before the date the permit or renewal application is
1086	received by the department;
1087	(b) In the 10 years before the date the permit or renewal
1088	application is received by the department or water management
1089	district, the applicant has not been subject to a formal
1090	administrative or civil judgment or criminal conviction whereby
1091	an administrative law judge or civil or criminal court found the
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1092	applicant violated the applicable law or rule or has been the
1093	subject of an administrative settlement or consent order,
1094	whether formal or informal, that established a violation of an
1095	applicable law or rule; and
1096	(c) The applicant can demonstrate during a 10-year
1097	compliance history period the implementation of activities or
1098	practices that resulted in:
1099	1. Reductions in actual or permitted discharges or
1100	emissions;
1101	2. Reductions in the impacts of regulated activities on
1102	public lands or natural resources; and
1103	3. Implementation of voluntary environmental performance
1104	programs, such as environmental management systems.
1105	(5) COMPLIANCE INCENTIVESAn applicant shall request all
1106	applicable incentives at the time of application submittal.
1107	Unless otherwise prohibited by state or federal law, rule, or
1108	regulation, and if the applicant meets all other applicable
1109	criteria for the issuance of a permit or authorization, an
1110	applicant is entitled to the following incentives:
1111	(a) Expedited reviews on permit actions, including, but
1112	not limited to, initial permit issuance, renewal, modification,
1113	and transfer, if applicable. Expedited review means, at a
1114	minimum, that any request for additional information regarding a
1115	permit application shall be issued no later than 15 days after
1116	the application is filed, and final agency action shall be taken
1117	no later than 45 days after the application is deemed complete;
1118	(b) Priority review of permit application;
1119	(c) Reduced number of routine compliance inspections;

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1120 (d) No more than two requests for additional information 1121 under s. 120.60; and 1122 (e) Longer permit period durations. 1123 (6) RULEMAKING.-The department shall implement rulemaking 1124 within 6 months after the effective date of this act. Such rulemaking may identify additional incentives and programs not 1125 1126 expressly enumerated under this section, so long as each incentive is consistent with the Legislature's purpose and 1127 intent of this section. Any rule adopted by the department to 1128 1129 administer this section shall be deemed an invalid exercise of 1130 delegated legislative authority if the department cannot 1131 demonstrate how such rules will produce the compliance incentives set forth in subsection (5). The department's rules 1132 adopted under this section are binding on the water management 1133 1134 districts and any local government that has been delegated or 1135 assumed a regulatory program to which this section applies. 1136 Section 22. Subsection (32) of section 403.703, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1137 1138 403.703 Definitions.-As used in this part, the term: "Solid waste" means sludge unregulated under the 1139 (32)1140 federal Clean Water Act or Clean Air Act, sludge from a waste 1141 treatment works, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or garbage, rubbish, refuse, special waste, or 1142 1143 other discarded material, including solid, liquid, semisolid, or 1144 contained gaseous material resulting from domestic, industrial, 1145 commercial, mining, agricultural, or governmental operations. Recovered materials as defined in subsection (24) are not solid 1146 waste. The term does not include sludge from a waste treatment 1147 Page 41 of 69

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1151

1148 works if the sludge is not discarded.

1149 Section 23. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 403.707, 1150 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

403.707 Permits.-

(2) Except as provided in s. 403.722(6), a permit under this section is not required for the following, if the activity does not create a public nuisance or any condition adversely affecting the environment or public health and does not violate other state or local laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, or orders:

1158 Disposal by persons of solid waste resulting from (a) 1159 their own activities on their own property, if such waste is 1160 ordinary household waste from their residential property or is 1161 rocks, soils, trees, tree remains, and other vegetative matter 1162 that normally result from land development operations. Disposal 1163 of materials that could create a public nuisance or adversely affect the environment or public health, such as white goods; 1164 1165 automotive materials, such as batteries and tires; petroleum 1166 products; pesticides; solvents; or hazardous substances, is not 1167 covered under this exemption.

(b) Storage in containers by persons of solid waste resulting from their own activities on their property, leased or rented property, or property subject to a homeowners or maintenance association for which the person contributes association assessments, if the solid waste in such containers is collected at least once a week.

1174 (c) Disposal by persons of solid waste resulting from 1175 their own activities on their property, if:

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1176 The environmental effects of such disposal on 1. 1177 groundwater and surface waters are: a.1. Addressed or authorized by a site certification order 1178 1179 issued under part II or a permit issued by the department under 1180 this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter; or 1181 b.2. Addressed or authorized by, or exempted from the 1182 requirement to obtain, a groundwater monitoring plan approved by the department. As used in this sub-subparagraph, "addressed by 1183 a groundwater monitoring plan" means the plan is sufficient to 1184 monitor groundwater or surface water for contaminants of 1185 1186 concerns associated with the solid waste being disposed. A 1187 groundwater monitoring plan can be demonstrated to be sufficient 1188 irrespective of whether the groundwater monitoring plan or 1189 disposal is referenced in a department permit or other 1190 authorization. 1191 2. The disposal of solid waste takes place within an area 1192 which is over a zone of discharge. 1193 1194 The disposal of solid waste pursuant to this paragraph does not 1195 create liability under this chapter or chapter 376 for site 1196 cleanup and the exceedance of soil cleanup target levels is not 1197 a basis for enforcement or site cleanup. 1198 Disposal by persons of solid waste resulting from (d) 1199 their own activities on their own property, if such disposal 1200 occurred prior to October 1, 1988. 1201 (e) Disposal of solid waste resulting from normal farming operations as defined by department rule. Polyethylene 1202 1203 agricultural plastic, damaged, nonsalvageable, untreated wood Page 43 of 69

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1204 pallets, and packing material that cannot be feasibly recycled, 1205 which are used in connection with agricultural operations 1206 related to the growing, harvesting, or maintenance of crops, may 1207 be disposed of by open burning if a public nuisance or any 1208 condition adversely affecting the environment or the public 1209 health is not created by the open burning and state or federal 1210 ambient air quality standards are not violated.

(f) The use of clean debris as fill material in any area. However, this paragraph does not exempt any person from obtaining any other required permits, and does not affect a person's responsibility to dispose of clean debris appropriately if it is not to be used as fill material.

(g) Compost operations that produce less than 50 cubic yards of compost per year when the compost produced is used on the property where the compost operation is located.

1219 (3) All applicable provisions of ss. 403.087 and 403.088, 1220 relating to permits, apply to the control of solid waste 1221 management facilities. Additionally, any permit issued to a 1222 solid waste management facility that is designed with a leachate 1223 control system that meets department requirements shall be 1224 issued for a term of 20 years unless the applicant requests a 1225 lesser permit term. Permit fees for qualifying solid waste 1226 management facilities shall be prorated to the permit term authorized by this section. This provision applies to all 1227 1228 qualifying solid waste management facilities that apply for an 1229 operating or construction permit or renew an existing operating 1230 or construction permit on or after July 1, 2012. 1231 Section 24. Subsection (12) is added to section 403.814, Page 44 of 69

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1232	Florida Statutes, to read:
1232	403.814 General permits; delegation
1234	(12) A general permit shall be granted for the
1235	construction, alteration, and maintenance of a surface water
1236	management system serving a total project area of up to 10
1237	acres. The construction of such a system may proceed without any
1238	agency action by the department or water management district if:
1239	(a) The total project area is less than 10 acres;
1240	(b) The total project area involves less than 2 acres of
1241	impervious surface;
1242	(c) No activities will impact wetlands or other surface
1243	waters;
1244	(d) No activities are conducted in, on, or over wetlands
1245	or other surface waters;
1246	(e) Drainage facilities will not include pipes having
1247	diameters greater than 24 inches, or the hydraulic equivalent,
1248	and will not use pumps in any manner;
1249	(f) The project is not part of a larger common plan of
1250	development or sale;
1251	(g) The project does not:
1252	1. Cause adverse water quantity or flooding impacts to
1253	receiving water and adjacent lands;
1254	2. Cause adverse impacts to existing surface water storage
1255	and conveyance capabilities;
1256	3. Cause a violation of state water quality standards; and
1257	4. Cause an adverse impact to the maintenance of surface
1258	or ground water levels or surface water flows established
1259	pursuant to s. 373.042 or a work of the district established
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1260	pursuant to s. 373.086; and
1261	(h) The surface water management system design plans must
1262	be signed and sealed by a registered professional and must be
1263	capable, based on generally accepted engineering and scientific
1264	principles, of being performed and functioning as proposed.
1265	Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and
1266	subsections (4), (5), (10), (11), (14), (15), and (18) of
1267	section 403.973, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1268	403.973 Expedited permitting; amendments to comprehensive
1269	plans
1270	(3)(a) The secretary shall direct the creation of regional
1271	permit action teams for the purpose of expediting review of
1272	permit applications and local comprehensive plan amendments
1273	submitted by:
1274	1. Businesses creating at least 50 jobs <u>or a commercial or</u>
1275	industrial development project that will be occupied by
1276	businesses that would individually or collectively create at
1277	<u>least 50 jobs;</u> or
1278	2. Businesses creating at least 25 jobs if the project is
1279	located in an enterprise zone, or in a county having a
1280	population of fewer than 75,000 or in a county having a
1281	population of fewer than 125,000 which is contiguous to a county
1282	having a population of fewer than 75,000, as determined by the
1283	most recent decennial census, residing in incorporated and
1284	unincorporated areas of the county.
1285	(4) The regional teams shall be established through the
1286	execution of <u>a project-specific</u> memoranda of agreement developed
1287	and executed by the applicant and the secretary, with input
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1288 solicited from the office and the respective heads of the 1289 Department of Community Affairs, the Department of 1290 Transportation and its district offices, the Department of 1291 Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Fish and Wildlife 1292 Conservation Commission, appropriate regional planning councils, 1293 appropriate water management districts, and voluntarily 1294 participating municipalities and counties. The memoranda of 1295 agreement should also accommodate participation in this 1296 expedited process by other local governments and federal 1297 agencies as circumstances warrant.

1298 (5)In order to facilitate local government's option to 1299 participate in this expedited review process, the secretary 1300 shall, in cooperation with local governments and participating state agencies, create a standard form memorandum of agreement. 1301 1302 The standard form of the memorandum of agreement shall be used 1303 only if the local government participates in the expedited review process. In the absence of local government 1304 1305 participation, only the project-specific memorandum of agreement 1306 executed pursuant to subsection (4) applies. A local government 1307 shall hold a duly noticed public workshop to review and explain 1308 to the public the expedited permitting process and the terms and 1309 conditions of the standard form memorandum of agreement.

(10) The memoranda of agreement may provide for the waiver or modification of procedural rules prescribing forms, fees, procedures, or time limits for the review or processing of permit applications under the jurisdiction of those agencies that are members of the regional permit action team party to the memoranda of agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision of Page 47 of 69

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1316 law to the contrary, a memorandum of agreement must to the 1317 extent feasible provide for proceedings and hearings otherwise 1318 held separately by the parties to the memorandum of agreement to 1319 be combined into one proceeding or held jointly and at one 1320 location. Such waivers or modifications shall not be available 1321 for permit applications governed by federally delegated or 1322 approved permitting programs, the requirements of which would 1323 prohibit, or be inconsistent with, such a waiver or modification. 1324

(11) The standard form for memoranda of agreement shall include guidelines to be used in working with state, regional, and local permitting authorities. Guidelines may include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) A central contact point for filing permit applications
and local comprehensive plan amendments and for obtaining
information on permit and local comprehensive plan amendment
requirements;

(b) Identification of the individual or individuals within each respective agency who will be responsible for processing the expedited permit application or local comprehensive plan amendment for that agency;

(c) A mandatory preapplication review process to reduce permitting conflicts by providing guidance to applicants regarding the permits needed from each agency and governmental entity, site planning and development, site suitability and limitations, facility design, and steps the applicant can take to ensure expeditious permit application and local comprehensive plan amendment review. As a part of this process, the first

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1344 interagency meeting to discuss a project shall be held within 14 1345 days after the secretary's determination that the project is 1346 eligible for expedited review. Subsequent interagency meetings 1347 may be scheduled to accommodate the needs of participating local 1348 governments that are unable to meet public notice requirements 1349 for executing a memorandum of agreement within this timeframe. 1350 This accommodation may not exceed 45 days from the secretary's 1351 determination that the project is eligible for expedited review;

(d) The preparation of a single coordinated project description form and checklist and an agreement by state and regional agencies to reduce the burden on an applicant to provide duplicate information to multiple agencies;

1356 Establishment of a process for the adoption and review (e) 1357 of any comprehensive plan amendment needed by any certified 1358 project within 90 days after the submission of an application 1359 for a comprehensive plan amendment. However, the memorandum of 1360 agreement may not prevent affected persons as defined in s. 1361 163.3184 from appealing or participating in this expedited plan 1362 amendment process and any review or appeals of decisions made 1363 under this paragraph; and

(f) Additional incentives for an applicant who proposes a project that provides a net ecosystem benefit.

(14) (a) Challenges to state agency action in the expedited permitting process for projects processed under this section are subject to the summary hearing provisions of s. 120.574, except that the administrative law judge's decision, as provided in s. 120.574(2)(f), shall be in the form of a recommended order and shall not constitute the final action of the state agency. In

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1372 those proceedings where the action of only one agency of the 1373 state other than the Department of Environmental Protection is 1374 challenged, the agency of the state shall issue the final order 1375 within 45 working days after receipt of the administrative law 1376 judge's recommended order, and the recommended order shall 1377 inform the parties of their right to file exceptions or 1378 responses to the recommended order in accordance with the 1379 uniform rules of procedure pursuant to s. 120.54. In those 1380 proceedings where the actions of more than one agency of the 1381 state are challenged, the Governor shall issue the final order 1382 within 45 working days after receipt of the administrative law 1383 judge's recommended order, and the recommended order shall 1384 inform the parties of their right to file exceptions or 1385 responses to the recommended order in accordance with the 1386 uniform rules of procedure pursuant to s. 120.54. For This 1387 paragraph does not apply to the issuance of department licenses 1388 required under any federally delegated or approved permit 1389 program. In such instances, the department, and not the 1390 Governor, shall enter the final order. The participating 1391 agencies of the state may opt at the preliminary hearing 1392 conference to allow the administrative law judge's decision to 1393 constitute the final agency action. If a participating local 1394 government agrees to participate in the summary hearing provisions of s. 120.574 for purposes of review of local 1395 1396 government comprehensive plan amendments, s. 163.3184(9) and 1397 (10) apply.

(b) Projects identified in paragraph (3) (f) or challenges
 to state agency action in the expedited permitting process for
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1400 establishment of a state-of-the-art biomedical research 1401 institution and campus in this state by the grantee under s. 1402 288.955 are subject to the same requirements as challenges 1403 brought under paragraph (a), except that, notwithstanding s. 1404 120.574, summary proceedings must be conducted within 30 days 1405 after a party files the motion for summary hearing, regardless 1406 of whether the parties agree to the summary proceeding.

1407 (15)The office, working with the agencies providing 1408 cooperative assistance and input regarding the memoranda of agreement, shall review sites proposed for the location of 1409 1410 facilities that the office has certified to be eligible for the 1411 Innovation Incentive Program under s. 288.1089. Within 20 days 1412 after the request for the review by the office, the agencies 1413 shall provide to the office a statement as to each site's necessary permits under local, state, and federal law and an 1414 1415 identification of significant permitting issues, which if unresolved, may result in the denial of an agency permit or 1416 1417 approval or any significant delay caused by the permitting 1418 process.

1419 (18)The office, working with the Rural Economic 1420 Development Initiative and the agencies participating in the 1421 memoranda of agreement, shall provide technical assistance in 1422 preparing permit applications and local comprehensive plan 1423 amendments for counties having a population of fewer than 75,000 residents, or counties having fewer than 125,000 residents which 1424 are contiguous to counties having fewer than 75,000 residents. 1425 1426 Additional assistance may include, but not be limited to, 1427 quidance in land development regulations and permitting

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1428 processes, working cooperatively with state, regional, and local 1429 entities to identify areas within these counties which may be 1430 suitable or adaptable for preclearance review of specified types 1431 of land uses and other activities requiring permits.

1432 Section 26. Subsection (5) is added to section 526.203, 1433 Florida Statutes, to read:

526.203 Renewable fuel standard.-

1435 This section does not prohibit the sale of unblended (5) 1436 fuels for the uses exempted under subsection (3).

Section 27. Section 604.50, Florida Statutes, is amended 1437 1438 to read:

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1434

604.50 Nonresidential farm buildings.-

1440 (1) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any 1441 nonresidential farm building or farm fence is exempt from the 1442 Florida Building Code and any county or municipal building code 1443 or fee, except for code provisions implementing local, state, or 1444 federal floodplain management regulations.

(2) As used in For purposes of this section, the term:

"Nonresidential farm building" means any temporary or (a) permanent building or support structure that is classified as a nonresidential farm building on a farm under s. 553.73(9)(c) or that is used primarily for agricultural purposes, is located on 1450 a farm that is not used as a residential dwelling, and is located on land that is an integral part of a farm operation or 1451 1452 is classified as agricultural land under s. 193.461, and is not 1453 intended to be used as a residential dwelling. The term may 1454 include, but is not limited to, a barn, greenhouse, shade house, 1455 farm office, storage building, or poultry house.

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1456 The term "Farm" has the same meaning is as provided (b) 1457 defined in s. 823.14. 1458 Section 28. The installation of fuel tank upgrades to 1459 secondary containment systems shall be completed by the 1460 deadlines specified in Rule 62-761.510, Florida Administrative 1461 Code, Table UST. However, notwithstanding any agreements to the 1462 contrary, any fuel service station that changed ownership 1463 interest through a bona fide sale of the property between January 1, 2009, and December 31, 2009, is not required to 1464 complete the upgrades described in Rule 62-761.510, Florida 1465 Administrative Code, Table UST, until December 31, 2012. 1466 1467 Section 29. The uniform mitigation assessment rules 1468 adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection in chapter 1469 62-345, Florida Administrative Code, as of January 1, 2011, to fulfill the mandate of s. 373.414(18), Florida Statutes, are 1470 1471 changed as follows: 1472 (1) Rule 62-345.100(11), Florida Administrative Code, is 1473 added to read: "(11) The Department of Environmental Protection 1474 shall be responsible for ensuring statewide coordination and 1475 consistency in the application of this rule by providing 1476 training and guidance to other relevant state agencies, water 1477 management districts, and local governments. Not less than every 1478 two years, the Department of Environmental Protection shall 1479 coordinate with the water management districts to verify consistent application of the methodology. To ensure that this 1480 rule is interpreted and applied uniformly, any interpretation or 1481 1482 application of this rule by any agency or local government that 1483 differs from the Department of Environmental Protection's

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1484	interpretation or application of this rule is incorrect and
1485	invalid. The Department of Environmental Protection's
1486	interpretation, application, and implementation of this rule
1487	shall be the only acceptable method."
1488	(2) Rule 62-345.200(12), Florida Administrative Code, is
1489	changed to read: "(12) "Without preservation assessment" means
1490	a reasonably anticipated use of the assessment area, and the
1491	temporary or permanent effects of those uses on the assessment
1492	area, considering the protection provided by existing easements,
1493	regulations, and land use restrictions. Reasonably anticipated
1494	uses include those activities that have been previously
1495	implemented within the assessment area or adjacent to the
1496	assessment area, or are considered to be common uses in the
1497	region without the need for additional authorizations or zoning,
1498	land use code, or comprehensive plan changes."
1499	(3) Rule 62-345.300(1), Florida Administrative Code, is
1500	changed to read: "(1) When an applicant proposes mitigation for
1501	impacts to wetlands and surface waters as part of an
1502	environmental resource permit or wetland resource permit
1503	application, the applicant will be responsible for preparing and
1504	submitting the necessary supporting information for the
1505	application of Rules 62-345.400-62-345.600, F.A.C., of this
1506	chapter and the reviewing agency will be responsible for
1507	verifying this information , contacting the applicant to address
1508	any insufficiencies or need for clarification, and approving the
1509	amount of mitigation necessary to offset the proposed impacts.
1510	When an applicant submits a mitigation bank or regional
1511	mitigation permit application, the applicant will be responsible
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1512 for preparing and submitting the necessary supporting 1513 information for the application of Rules 62-345.400-.600, 1514 F.A.C., of this chapter and the reviewing agency will be 1515 responsible for verifying this information, contacting the 1516 applicant to address any insufficiencies or need for 1517 clarification, and approving the potential amount of mitigation 1518 to be provided by the bank or regional mitigation area. If an 1519 applicant submits either Part I or Part II or both, the 1520 reviewing agency shall notify the applicant of any inadequacy in 1521 the submittal or disagreement with the information provided. 1522 Rule 62-345.300(3)(a), Florida Administrative Code, is (4) 1523 changed to read: "(a) Conduct qualitative characterization of 1524 both the impact and mitigation assessment areas (Part I) that 1525 identifies the assessment area's native community type and the 1526 functions to fish and wildlife and their habitat, describes the 1527 current condition and functions provided by the assessment area, 1528 and summarizes the project condition of the assessment area. The 1529 purpose of Part I is to provide a framework for comparison of 1530 the assessment area to the optimal condition and 1531 location/landscape setting of that native community type. 1532 Another purpose of this part is to note any relevant factors of 1533 the assessment area that are discovered by site inspectors, 1534 including use by listed species." (5) Rule 62-345.300(3)(c), Florida Administrative Code, is 1535 1536 changed to read: "(c) Adjust the gain in ecological value from 1537 either upland or wetland preservation in accordance with subsection 62-345.500(3), F.A.C. when preservation is the only 1538 1539 mitigation activity proposed (absent creation, restoration, or

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1540	enhancement activities) at a specified assessment area."
1541	(6) The introductory paragraph of rule 62-345.400, Florida
1542	Administrative Code, is changed to read: "An impact or
1543	mitigation assessment area must be described with sufficient
1544	detail to provide a frame of reference for the type of community
1545	being evaluated and to identify the functions that will be
1546	evaluated. When an assessment area is an upland proposed as
1547	mitigation, functions must be related to the benefits provided
1548	by that upland to fish and wildlife of associated wetlands or
1549	other surface waters. Information for each assessment area must
1550	be sufficient to identify the functions beneficial to fish and
1551	wildlife and their habitat that are characteristic of the
1552	assessment area's native community type, based on currently
1553	available information, such as current and historic aerial
1554	photographs, topographic maps, geographic information system
1555	data and maps, site visits, scientific articles, journals, other
1556	professional reports, field verification when needed, and
1557	reasonable scientific judgment. For wetlands and other surface
1558	waters, other than those created for mitigation, that have been
1559	created on sites where such did not exist before the creation,
1560	such as borrow pits, ditches, and canals, refer to the native
1561	community type or surface water body to which it is most
1562	analogous in function for the given landscape position. For
1563	altered natural communities or surface waterbodies, refer to the
1564	native community type or surface water body present in the
1565	earliest available aerial photography except that if the
1566	alteration has been of such a degree and extent that a clearly
1567	defined different native community type is now present and self-
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sustaining, in which case the native community type shall be

identified as the one the present community most closely 1569 1570 resembles. In determining the historic native community type, 1571 all currently available information shall be used to ensure the 1572 highest degree of accuracy. The information provided by the 1573 applicant for each assessment area must address the following, 1574 as applicable:"

(7) Rule 62-345.500(1)(a), Florida Administrative Code, is 1575 1576 changed to read: "(a) Current condition or, in the case of preservation only mitigation, without preservation - The current 1577 1578 condition of an assessment area is scored using the information 1579 in this part to determine the degree to which the assessment 1580 area currently provides the relative value of functions 1581 identified in Part I for the native community type. In the case of preservation-only mitigation, the "without preservation" 1582 1583 assessment utilizes the information in this part to determine 1584 the degree to which the assessment area could provide the 1585 relative value of functions identified in Part I for the native 1586 community type assuming the area is not preserved. For 1587 assessment areas where previous impacts that affect the current 1588 condition are temporary in nature, consideration will be given 1589 to the inherent functions of these areas relative to seasonal 1590 hydrologic changes, and expected vegetation regeneration and 1591 projected habitat functions if the use of the area were to 1592 remain unchanged. When evaluating impacts to a previously 1593 permitted mitigation site that has not achieved its intended 1594 function, the reviewing agency shall consider the functions the 1595 mitigation site was intended to offset and any delay or

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1596	reduction in offsetting those functions that may be caused by
1597	the project. Previous construction or alteration undertaken in
1598	violation of Part IV, Chapter 373, F.S., or Sections 403.91-
1599	.929, F.S. (1984 Supp.), as amended, or rule, order or permit
1600	adopted or issued thereunder, will not be considered as having
1601	diminished the condition and relative value of a wetland or
1602	surface water, when assigning a score under this part. When
1603	evaluating wetlands or other surface waters that are within an
1604	area that is subject to a recovery strategy pursuant to Chapter
1605	40D-80, F.A.C., impacts from water withdrawals will not be
1606	considered when assigning a score under this part."
1607	(8) Rule 62-345.500(1)(b), Florida Administrative Code, is
1608	changed to read: "(b) "With mitigation" or "with impact" - The
1609	"with mitigation" and "with impact" assessments are based on the
1610	reasonably expected outcome, which may represent an increase,
1611	decrease, or no change in value relative to current conditions.
1612	For the "with impact" and "with mitigation" assessments, the
1613	evaluator will assume that all other necessary regulatory
1614	authorizations required for the proposed project have been
1615	obtained and that construction will be consistent with such
1616	authorizations. The "with mitigation" assessment will be scored
1617	only when reasonable assurance has been provided that the
1618	proposed plan can be conducted. When scoring the "with
1619	mitigation" assessment for assessment areas involving
1620	enhancement, restoration, or creation activities and that are
1621	proposed to be placed under a conservation easement or other
1622	similar land protection mechanism, the with mitigation score
1623	shall reflect the combined preservation and
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1624	enhancement/restoration/creation value of the specified
1625	assessment area, and the Preservation Adjustment Factor shall
1626	not apply to these mitigation assessments."
1627	(9) Rule 62-345.500(2), Florida Administrative Code, is
1628	changed to read: "(2) Uplands function as the contributing
1629	watershed to wetlands and are necessary to maintain the
1630	ecological value of associated wetlands or other surface waters.
1631	Upland mitigation assessment areas shall be scored using the
1632	landscape support/location and community structure indicators
1633	listed in subsection 62-345.500(6), F.A.C. Scoring of these
1634	indicators for the upland assessment areas shall be based on the
1635	degree to which the relative value of functions of the upland
1636	assessment area provide benefits to the fish and wildlife of the
1637	associated wetlands or other surface waters, considering the
1638	native community type, current condition, and anticipated
1639	ecological value of the uplands and associated wetlands and
1640	other surface waters.
1641	(a) For upland preservation, the without preservation
1642	assessment utilizes the information in this part to determine
1643	the degree to which the assessment area could provide the
1644	relative value of functions identified in Part I for the native
1645	community type (to include benefits to fish and wildlife of the
1646	associated wetlands or other surface waters) assuming the upland
1647	area is not preserved. The gain in ecological value is
1648	determined by the mathematical difference between the score of
1649	the upland assessment area with the proposed preservation
1650	measure and the upland assessment area without the proposed
1651	preservation measure. When the community structure is scored as
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1652 "zero", then the location and landscape support shall also be 1653 "zero". However, a gain in ecological value for the location and 1654 landscape support score can also occur when the community 1655 structure is scored other than "zero". The resulting delta is 1656 then multiplied by the preservation adjustment factor contained 1657 in subsection 62-345.500(3), F.A.C. 1658 For upland enhancement or restoration, the current (b) 1659 condition of an assessment area is scored using the information 1660 in this part to determine the degree to which the assessment 1661 area currently provides the relative value of functions 1662 identified in Part I for the native community type (to include 1663 benefits to fish and wildlife of the associated wetlands or other surface waters). The value provided shall be determined by 1664 1665 the mathematical difference between the score of the upland 1666 assessment area with the proposed restoration or enhancement 1667 measure and the current condition of the upland assessment area. 1668 (c) For uplands proposed to be converted to wetlands or 1669 other surface waters through creation or restoration measures, 1670 the upland areas shall be scored as "zero" in their current 1671 condition. Only the "with mitigation" assessment shall be scored 1672 in accordance with the indicators listed in subsection 62-1673 345.500(6), F.A.C." 1674 (10) Rule 62-345.500(3), Florida Administrative Code, is changed to read: "(3)(a) When an assessment area's mitigation 1675 1676 plan consists of preservation only (absent creation, 1677 restoration, or enhancement activities), the "with mitigation" 1678 assessment shall consider the potential of the assessment area 1679 to perform current functions in the long term, considering the

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1680 protection mechanism proposed, and the "without preservation" 1681 assessment shall evaluate the assessment area's functions 1682 considering the reasonably anticipated use of the assessment 1683 area and the temporary or permanent effects of those uses in the 1684 assessment area considering the protection provided by existing 1685 easements, regulations, and land use restrictions. The gain in 1686 ecological value is determined by the mathematical difference 1687 between the Part II scores for the "with mitigation" and "without preservation" (the delta) multiplied by a preservation 1688 adjustment factor. The preservation adjustment factor shall be 1689 1690 scored on a scale from 0.2 (minimum preservation value) to 1 1691 (optimal preservation value), on one-tenth increments. The score 1692 shall be calculated by evaluating the scoring method set forth 1693 in the "Preservation Adjustment Factor Worksheet" for each of 1694 the following considerations: 1695 1. The extent to which proposed management activities 1696 within the preserve area promote natural ecological conditions 1697 such as fire patterns or the exclusion of invasive exotic 1698 species. 1699 2. The ecological and hydrological relationship between 1700 wetlands, other surface waters, and uplands to be preserved. 1701 The scarcity of the habitat provided by the proposed 3. 1702 preservation area and the degree to which listed species use the 1703 area. 1704 4. The proximity of the area to be preserved to areas of 1705 national, state, or regional ecological significance, such as 1706 national or state parks, Outstanding Florida Waters, and other 1707 regionally significant ecological resources or habitats, such as

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1708 <u>lands acquired or to be acquired through governmental or non-</u> 1709 <u>profit land acquisition programs for environmental conservation</u>, 1710 <u>and whether the areas to be preserved include corridors between</u> 1711 these habitats.

17125. The extent and likelihood of potential adverse impacts1713if the assessment area were not preserved.

1714 (b) Each of these considerations shall be scored on a relative scale of zero (0) to two-tenths (0.2) based on the 1715 value provided [optimal (0.2), low to moderate (0.1), and no 1716 1717 value (0)] and summed together to calculate the preservation 1718 adjustment factor. The minimum value to be assigned to a 1719 specified assessment area will be 0.2. The preservation adjustment factor is multiplied by the mitigation delta assigned 1720 1721 to the preservation proposal to yield an adjusted mitigation 1722 delta for preservation." (11) Rule 62-345.500(6)(a), Florida Administrative Code, 1723 1724 is changed to read: "(6) Three categories of indicators of 1725 wetland function (landscape support, water environment and 1726 community structure) listed below are to be scored to the extent 1727 that they affect the ecological value of the assessment area. 1728 Upland mitigation assessment areas shall be scored for landscape 1729 support/location and community structure only. 1730 (a) Landscape Support/Location - The value of functions 1731 provided by an assessment area to fish and wildlife are 1732 influenced by the landscape attributes of the assessment area 1733 and its relationship with surrounding areas. While the 1734 geographic location of the assessment area does not change, the

1735 ecological relationship between the assessment area and

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1736	surrounding landscape may vary from the current condition to the
1737	"with impact" and "with mitigation" conditions. Additionally, a
1738	mitigation assessment area may be located within a regional
1739	corridor or in proximity to areas of national, state, or
1740	regional significance, and the "with mitigation" condition may
1741	serve to complement the regional ecological value identified for
1742	these areas. Many species that nest, feed, or find cover in a
1743	specific habitat or habitat type are also dependent in varying
1744	degrees upon other habitats, including upland, wetland, and
1745	other surface waters, that are present in the regional
1746	landscape. For example, many amphibian species require small
1747	isolated wetlands for breeding pools and for juvenile life
1748	stages, but may spend the remainder of their adult lives in
1749	uplands or other wetland habitats. If these habitats are
1750	unavailable or poorly connected in the landscape or are
1751	degraded, then the value of functions provided by the assessment
1752	area to the fish and wildlife identified in Part I is reduced.
1753	The assessment area shall also be considered to the extent that
1754	fish and wildlife utilizing the area have the opportunity to
1755	access other habitats necessary to fulfill their life history
1756	requirements. The availability, connectivity, and quality of
1757	offsite habitats, and offsite land uses which might adversely
1758	impact fish and wildlife utilizing these habitats, are factors
1759	to be considered in assessing the landscape support of the
1760	assessment area. The location of the assessment area shall be
1761	considered relative to offsite and upstream hydrologic
1762	contributing areas and to downstream and other connected waters
1763	to the extent that the diversity and abundance of fish and
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wildlife and their habitats is affected in these areas. The opportunity for the assessment area to provide offsite water quantity and quality benefits to fish and wildlife and their habitats downstream and in connected waters is assessed based on the degree of hydrologic connectivity between these habitats and the extent to which offsite habitats are affected by discharges from the assessment area. It is recognized that isolated wetlands lack surface water connections to downstream waters and as a result, do not perform certain functions (e.g., detrital transport) to benefit downstream fish and wildlife; for such wetlands, this consideration does not apply.

1775 1. A score of (10) means the assessment area, in 1776 combination with the surrounding landscape, provides full 1777 opportunity for the assessment area to perform beneficial 1778 functions at an optimal level. The score is based on reasonable 1779 scientific judgment and characterized by a predominance of the 1780 following, as applicable: a. Habitats outside the assessment area represent the full 1781 1782 range of habitats needed to fulfill the life history 1783 requirements of all wildlife listed in Part I and are available 1784 in sufficient quantity to provide optimal support for these

1785 <u>wildlife.</u>

1786b. Invasive exotic or other invasive plant species are not1787present in the proximity of the assessment area.

1788 <u>c. Wildlife access to and from habitats outside the</u> 1789 <u>assessment area is not limited by distance to these habitats and</u> 1790 is unobstructed by landscape barriers.

1791

d. Functions of the assessment area that benefit

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1792	downstream fish and wildlife are not limited by distance or
1793	barriers that reduce the opportunity for the assessment area to
1794	provide these benefits.
1795	e. Land uses outside the assessment area have no adverse
1796	impacts on wildlife in the assessment area as listed in Part I.
1797	f. The opportunity for the assessment area to provide
1798	benefits to downstream or other hydrologically connected areas
1799	is not limited by hydrologic impediments or flow restrictions.
1800	g. Downstream or other hydrologically connected habitats
1801	are critically or solely dependent on discharges from the
1802	assessment area and could suffer severe adverse impacts if the
1803	quality or quantity of these discharges were altered.
1804	h. For upland mitigation assessment areas, the uplands
1805	provide a full suite of ecological values so as to provide
1806	optimal protection and support of wetland functions.
1807	2. A score of (7) means that, compared to the optimal
1808	condition of the native community type, the opportunity for the
1809	assessment area to perform beneficial functions in combination
1810	with the surrounding landscape is limited to 70% of the optimal
1811	ecological value. The score is based on reasonable scientific
1812	judgment and characterized by a predominance of the following,
1813	as applicable:
1814	a. Habitats outside the assessment area are available in
1815	sufficient quantity and variety to provide optimal support for
1816	most, but not all, of the wildlife listed in Part I, or certain
1817	wildlife populations may be limited due to the reduced
1818	availability of habitats needed to fulfill their life history
1819	requirements.
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1820 b. Some of the plant community composition in the 1821 proximity of the assessment area consists of invasive exotic or 1822 other invasive plant species, but cover is minimal and has 1823 minimal adverse effect on the functions provided by the 1824 assessment area. 1825 c. Wildlife access to and from habitats outside the 1826 assessment area is partially limited, either by distance or by 1827 the presence of barriers that impede wildlife movement. 1828 d. Functions of the assessment area that benefit fish and 1829 wildlife downstream are somewhat limited by distance or barriers 1830 that reduce the opportunity for the assessment area to provide 1831 these benefits. 1832 e. Land uses outside the assessment area have minimal 1833 adverse impacts on fish and wildlife identified in Part I. f. The opportunity for the assessment area to provide 1834 1835 benefits to downstream or other hydrologically connected areas 1836 is limited by hydrologic impediments or flow restrictions such 1837 that these benefits are provided with lesser frequency or lesser 1838 magnitude than would occur under optimal conditions. 1839 Downstream or other hydrologically connected habitats q. 1840 derive significant benefits from discharges from the assessment 1841 area and could suffer substantial adverse impacts if the quality 1842 or quantity of these discharges were altered. 1843 h. For upland mitigation assessment areas, the uplands 1844 provide significant, but suboptimal ecological values and 1845 protection of wetland functions. 3. A score of (4) means that, compared to the optimal 1846 1847 condition of the native community type, the opportunity for the Page 66 of 69

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1848	assessment area to perform beneficial functions in combination
1849	with the surrounding landscape is limited to 40% of the optimal
1850	ecological value. The score is based on reasonable scientific
1851	judgment and characterized by a predominance of the following,
1852	as applicable:
1853	a. Availability of habitats outside the assessment area is
1854	fair, but fails to provide support for some species of wildlife
1855	listed in Part I, or provides minimal support for many of the
1856	species listed in Part I.
1857	b. The majority of the plant community composition in the
1858	proximity of the assessment area consists of invasive exotic or
1859	other invasive plant species that adversely affect the functions
1860	provided by the assessment area.
1861	c. Wildlife access to and from habitats outside the
1862	assessment area is substantially limited, either by distance or
1863	by the presence of barriers which impede wildlife movement.
1864	d. Functions of the assessment area that benefit fish and
1865	wildlife downstream are limited by distance or barriers that
1866	substantially reduce the opportunity for the assessment area to
1867	provide these benefits.
1868	e. Land uses outside the assessment area have significant
1869	adverse impacts on fish and wildlife identified in Part I.
1870	f. The opportunity for the assessment area to provide
1871	benefits to downstream or other hydrologically connected areas
1872	is limited by hydrologic impediments or flow restrictions, such
1873	that these benefits are rarely provided or are provided at
1874	greatly reduced levels compared to optimal conditions.
1875	g. Downstream or other hydrologically connected habitats
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1876 derive minimal benefits from discharges from the assessment area 1877 but could be adversely impacted if the quality or quantity of 1878 these discharges were altered. 1879 h. For upland mitigation assessment areas, the uplands 1880 provide minimal ecological values and protection of wetland 1881 functions. 1882 A score of (0) means that the assessment area, in 4. combination with the surrounding landscape, provides no habitat 1883 1884 support for wildlife utilizing the assessment area and no 1885 opportunity for the assessment area to provide benefits to fish 1886 and wildlife outside the assessment area. The score is based on 1887 reasonable scientific judgment and characterized by a 1888 predominance of the following, as applicable: a. No habitats are available outside the assessment area 1889 1890 to provide any support for the species of wildlife listed in 1891 Part I. 1892 b. The plant community composition in the proximity of the 1893 assessment area consists predominantly of invasive exotic or 1894 other invasive plant species such that little or no function is 1895 provided by the assessment area. 1896 Wildlife access to and from habitats outside the с. 1897 assessment area is precluded by barriers or distance. 1898 d. Functions of the assessment area that would be expected 1899 to benefit fish and wildlife downstream are not present. 1900 Land uses outside the assessment area have a severe е. 1901 adverse impact on wildlife in the assessment area as listed in 1902 Part I. 1903 f. There is negligible or no opportunity for the

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1904	assessment area to provide benefits to downstream or other
1905	hydrologically connected areas due to hydrologic impediments or
1906	flow restrictions that preclude provision of these benefits.
1907	g. Discharges from the assessment area provide negligible
1908	or no benefits to downstream or hydrologically connected areas
1909	and these areas would likely be unaffected if the quantity or
1910	quality of these discharges were altered.
1911	h. For upland mitigation assessment areas, the uplands
1912	provide no ecological value or protection of wetland functions."
1913	(12) The Department of Environmental Protection is
1914	directed to make additional changes to the worksheet portions of
1915	chapter 62-345, Florida Administrative Code, as needed to
1916	conform to the changes set forth in this section.
1917	(13) Any entity holding a mitigation bank permit that was
1918	evaluated under chapter 62-345, Florida Administrative Code, may
1919	apply to the relevant agency to have such mitigation bank
1920	reassessed pursuant to the changes to chapter 62-345, Florida
1921	Administrative Code, set forth in this section, if such
1922	application is filed with that agency no later than September
1923	<u>30, 2011.</u>
1924	Section 30. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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