By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Oelrich

591-03793-12 20121128c1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to eligibility for temporary cash assistance and food assistance; amending s. 414.095, F.S.; prohibiting an individual convicted of a felony offense from receiving temporary cash assistance or food assistance under certain conditions; providing conditions under which a person with a felony conviction may resume receiving such assistance; providing for designation of an alternative payee under certain circumstances; amending ss. 409.2564, 409.902, 414.045, 414.0652, and 414.0655, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Present subsections (2) through (18) of section 414.095, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (19), respectively, subsection (1), paragraph (a) of present subsection (2), paragraphs (c) and (e) of present subsection (14), and present subsection (17) are amended, and a new subsection (2) is added to that section, to read:

414.095 Determining eligibility for temporary cash <u>and food</u> assistance.—

(1) ELIGIBILITY FOR TEMPORARY CASH ASSISTANCE.—An applicant must meet eligibility requirements of this section before receiving services or temporary cash assistance under this chapter, except that an applicant shall be required to register for work and engage in work activities in accordance with s.

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445.024, as designated by the regional workforce board, and may receive support services or child care assistance in conjunction with such requirement. The department shall make a determination of eligibility based on the criteria listed in this chapter. The department shall monitor continued eligibility for temporary cash assistance through periodic reviews consistent with the food assistance eligibility process. Benefits shall not be denied to an individual solely based on a felony drug conviction, unless the conviction is for trafficking pursuant to s. 893.135. To be eligible under this section, an individual convicted of a drug felony must be satisfactorily meeting the requirements of the temporary cash assistance program, including all substance abuse treatment requirements. Within the limits specified in this chapter, the state opts out of the provision of Pub. L. No. 104-193, s. 115, that eliminates eligibility for temporary cash assistance and food assistance for any individual convicted of a controlled substance felony.

- (2) INELIGIBILITY DUE TO FELONY CONVICTION.—Pursuant to Pub. L. No. 104-193, s. 115, an individual convicted, on or after July 1, 2012, of an offense classified as a felony for possession of a controlled substance, as defined in the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C., s. 802(6), is not eligible for temporary cash assistance or food assistance unless the department receives verification that the individual has satisfactorily completed a drug treatment program offered by a provider that meets the requirements of s. 397.401 and is licensed by the department.
- (a) The department shall specify through rule, the criteria to determine satisfactory completion of a drug treatment

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program. An individual who has a felony conviction for drug trafficking, pursuant to s. 893.135, is not eligible for temporary cash assistance or food assistance.

- (b) If an individual is deemed ineligible for temporary cash assistance or food assistance as a result of a felony drug conviction, a protective payee shall be designated to receive the assistance on behalf of the other members of the assistance group.
 - (3) (2) ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. -
- (a) To be eligible for services or temporary cash assistance and Medicaid:
- 1. An applicant must be a United States citizen, or a qualified noncitizen, as defined in this section.
 - 2. An applicant must be a legal resident of the state.
- 3. Each member of a family must provide to the department the member's social security number or shall provide proof of application for a social security number. An individual who fails to provide a social security number, or proof of application for a social security number, is not eligible to participate in the program.
- 4. A minor child must reside with a parent or parents, with a relative caretaker who is within the specified degree of blood relationship as defined by 45 C.F.R. part 233, or, if the minor is a teen parent with a child, in a setting approved by the department as provided in subsection (15) (14).
- 5. Each family must have a minor child and meet the income and resource requirements of the program. All minor children who live in the family, as well as the parents of the minor children, shall be included in the eligibility determination

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unless specifically excluded.

- (15) (14) PROHIBITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.
- (c) The teen parent is not required to live with a parent, legal guardian, or other adult caretaker relative if the department determines that:
- 1. The teen parent has suffered or might suffer harm in the home of the parent, legal guardian, or adult caretaker relative.
- 2. The requirement is not in the best interest of the teen parent or the child. If the department determines that it is not in the best interest of the teen parent or child to reside with a parent, legal guardian, or other adult caretaker relative, the department shall provide or assist the teen parent in finding a suitable home, a second-chance home, a maternity home, or other appropriate adult-supervised supportive living arrangement. Such living arrangement may include a shelter obligation in accordance with subsection (11) (10).

The department may not delay providing temporary cash assistance to the teen parent through the alternative payee designated by the department pending a determination as to where the teen parent should live and sufficient time for the move itself. A teen parent determined to need placement that is unavailable shall continue to be eligible for temporary cash assistance so long as the teen parent cooperates with the department and the Department of Health. The teen parent shall be provided with counseling to make the transition from independence to supervised living and with a choice of living arrangements.

(e) If a parent or caretaker relative does not assign any rights a family member may have to support from any other person

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as required by subsection (8) (7), temporary cash assistance to the entire family shall be denied until the parent or caretaker relative assigns the rights to the department.

(17) (16) PROPORTIONAL REDUCTION.—If the Social Services Estimating Conference forecasts an increase in the temporary cash assistance caseload and there is insufficient funding, a proportional reduction as determined by the department shall be applied to the levels of temporary cash assistance in subsection (11) (10).

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section 409.2564, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2564 Actions for support.

(11) (a) The Department of Revenue shall review child support orders in IV-D cases at least once every 3 years when requested by either party, or when support rights are assigned to the state under s. 414.095(8) 414.095(7), and may seek modification of the order if appropriate under the child support guidelines in s. 61.30. Not less than once every 3 years the department shall provide notice to the parties subject to the order informing them of their right to request a review and, if appropriate, a modification of the child support order. The notice requirement may be met by including appropriate language in the initial support order or any subsequent orders.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 409.902, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.902 Designated single state agency; payment requirements; program title; release of medical records.—

(2) Eligibility is restricted to United States citizens and to lawfully admitted noncitizens who meet the criteria provided

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in s. $414.095(4) \frac{414.095(3)}{6}$.

- (a) Citizenship or immigration status must be verified. For noncitizens, this includes verification of the validity of documents with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services using the federal SAVE verification process.
- (b) State funds may not be used to provide medical services to individuals who do not meet the requirements of this subsection unless the services are necessary to treat an emergency medical condition or are for pregnant women. Such services are authorized only to the extent provided under federal law and in accordance with federal regulations as provided in 42 C.F.R. s. 440.255.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 414.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

414.045 Cash assistance program.—Cash assistance families include any families receiving cash assistance payments from the state program for temporary assistance for needy families as defined in federal law, whether such funds are from federal funds, state funds, or commingled federal and state funds. Cash assistance families may also include families receiving cash assistance through a program defined as a separate state program.

- (1) For reporting purposes, families receiving cash assistance shall be grouped into the following categories. The department may develop additional groupings in order to comply with federal reporting requirements, to comply with the data-reporting needs of the board of directors of Workforce Florida, Inc., or to better inform the public of program progress.
 - (b) Child-only cases.—Child-only cases include cases that

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do not have an adult or teen head of household as defined in federal law. Such cases include:

- 1. Children in the care of caretaker relatives where the caretaker relatives choose to have their needs excluded in the calculation of the amount of cash assistance.
- 2. Families in the Relative Caregiver Program as provided in s. 39.5085.
- 3. Families in which the only parent in a single-parent family or both parents in a two-parent family receive supplemental security income (SSI) benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended. To the extent permitted by federal law, individuals receiving SSI shall be excluded as household members in determining the amount of cash assistance, and such cases shall not be considered families containing an adult. Parents or caretaker relatives who are excluded from the cash assistance group due to receipt of SSI may choose to participate in work activities. An individual who volunteers to participate in work activity but whose ability to participate in work activities consistent with such limitations. An individual who volunteers to participate in a work activity may receive child care or support services consistent with such participation.
- 4. Families where the only parent in a single-parent family or both parents in a two-parent family are not eligible for cash assistance due to immigration status or other limitation of federal law. To the extent required by federal law, such cases shall not be considered families containing an adult.
- 5. To the extent permitted by federal law and subject to appropriations, special needs children who have been adopted

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pursuant to s. 409.166 and whose adopting family qualifies as a needy family under the state program for temporary assistance for needy families. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in s. 414.075, s. 414.085, or s. 414.095, a family shall be considered a needy family if:

- a. The family is determined by the department to have an income below 200 percent of the federal poverty level;
- b. The family meets the requirements of s. $\underline{414.095(3)}$ and $\underline{(4)}$ $\underline{414.095(2)}$ and $\underline{(3)}$ related to residence, citizenship, or eligible noncitizen status; and
- c. The family provides any information that may be necessary to meet federal reporting requirements specified under Part A of Title IV of the Social Security Act.

Families described in subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3. may receive child care assistance or other supports or services so that the children may continue to be cared for in their own homes or the homes of relatives. Such assistance or services may be funded from the temporary assistance for needy families block grant to the extent permitted under federal law and to the extent funds have been provided in the General Appropriations Act.

Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 414.0652, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

414.0652 Drug screening for applicants for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families.—

- (2) The department shall:
- (c) Require that any teen parent who is not required to live with a parent, legal guardian, or other adult caretaker

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relative in accordance with s. $\underline{414.095(15)(c)}$ $\underline{414.095(14)(c)}$ must comply with the drug-testing requirement.

Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 414.0655, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

 $414.0655 \ \mathrm{Medical}$ incapacity due to substance abuse or mental health impairment.—

(2) Notwithstanding any provision of s. $\underline{414.095(3)(a)4.}$ or $\underline{5.}$ $\underline{414.095(2)(a)4.}$ or $\underline{5.}$ to the contrary, a participant who is absent from the home due to out-of-home residential treatment for not more than 150 days shall continue to be a member of the assistance group whether or not the child or children for whom the participant is the parent or caretaker relative are living in the residential treatment center.

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.