	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	TTEE A	CTION
ADOP	TED (Y/	'N)	
ADOP	TED AS AMENDED		(Y/N)
ADOP	TED W/O OBJECTION		(Y/N)
FAIL	ED TO ADOPT		(Y/N)
WITH	DRAWN(Y/	'N)	
OTHE	R		

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Education Committee Representative Bileca offered the following:

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## Amendment (with title amendment)

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Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 1001.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1001.10 Commissioner of Education; general powers and duties.-

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To facilitate innovative practices and to allow local selection of educational methods, the State Board of Education may authorize the commissioner to waive, upon the request of a district school board, state board of Education rules that relate to district school instruction and school operations, except those rules pertaining to civil rights, and student health, safety, and welfare. The Commissioner of Education is not authorized to grant waivers for any provisions in rule pertaining to the allocation and appropriation of state and local funds for public education; the election, compensation,

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and organization of school board members and superintendents; graduation and state accountability standards; financial reporting requirements; reporting of out-of-field teaching assignments under s. 1012.2315(5) 1012.42; public meetings; public records; or due process hearings governed by chapter 120. No later than January 1 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the Legislature and the State Board of Education all approved waiver requests in the preceding year.

Section 2. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (21) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, and subsections (24) and (25) are added to that section, to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

- (21) PARENTAL INPUT AND MEETINGS.-
- assigned to a public school that does not improve performance following implementation of a school turnaround option under s.

  1008.33 may submit a petition to the school district requesting implementation of a school turnaround option pursuant to s.

  1003.07.
- (24) PERSONNEL EVALUATION REPORTS.—Upon request by the parent of a public school student, the school district must provide the parent with the performance evaluation for each

classroom teacher assigned to his or her child, pursuant to s. 1012.31.

### (25) ASSIGNMENT TO TEACHERS.—

- (a) Each school district shall annually notify the parent of each public school student assigned to a classroom teacher who is teaching out-of-field regarding such assignment. The notification must inform the parent that virtual instruction from a certified in-field teacher with an annual performance evaluation rating of effective or highly effective is available pursuant to s. 1012.2315(5).
- (b) When a student is assigned to a classroom teacher who has received two consecutive annual performance evaluation ratings of unsatisfactory, two annual performance evaluation ratings of unsatisfactory within a 3-year period, or three consecutive annual performance evaluation ratings of needs improvement or a combination of needs improvement and unsatisfactory under s. 1012.34, the school district shall notify the parent regarding the performance evaluation rating of the classroom teacher. The notification must inform the parent that virtual instruction from a teacher with an annual performance evaluation rating of effective or highly effective is available pursuant to s. 1012.2315(7).
- Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 1002.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1002.32 Developmental research (laboratory) schools.
  - (7) PERSONNEL.-
- (c) Lab school faculty members shall meet the certification requirements of  $\underline{s}$ .  $\underline{s}$ . 1012.32 and 1012.42. 056713 Strike All Education Cmte 2-15-12.docx Published On: 2/15/2012 7:28:02 PM

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- 75 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (16) of section
- 76 1002.33, Florida statutes, is amended to read:
- 77 1002.33 Charter schools.—
  - (16) EXEMPTION FROM STATUTES.—
    - (b) Additionally, a charter school shall be in compliance with the following statutes:
    - 1. Section 286.011, relating to public meetings and records, public inspection, and criminal and civil penalties.
      - 2. Chapter 119, relating to public records.
    - 3. Section 1003.03, relating to the maximum class size, except that the calculation for compliance pursuant to s. 1003.03 shall be the average at the school level.
- 4. Section 1012.22(1)(c), relating to compensation and salary schedules.
  - 5. Section 1012.33(5), relating to workforce reductions.
  - 6. Section 1012.335, relating to contracts with instructional personnel hired on or after July 1, 2011.
  - 7. Section 1012.34, relating to the substantive requirements for performance evaluations for instructional personnel and school administrators.
  - $\underline{8.}$  Section 1012.2315(5) and (7), relating to notifications and assignment of teachers.
  - Section 5. Section 1003.07, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
    - 1003.07 Parent empowerment.-
- 100 (1) This section may be cited as the "Parent Empowerment 101 Act."

(2) Each school district must provide written notification
to the parents of eligible students, as defined in paragraph
(3) (b), and the school advisory council when a public school has
been unable to improve performance and must implement a school
turnaround option as required under s. 1008.33. The written
notification shall inform parents that they may, by petition,
request implementation of a school turnaround option by the
school in the following school year. The notification shall be
provided to parents within 30 calendar days after the school
district receives notice from the Department of Education that
the school must implement a school turnaround option. The
notification by the school district shall include:

- (a) A description of each school turnaround option available for selection under s. 1008.33;
- (b) A description of the process for implementing school turnaround options, including the date by which the school district must submit its implementation plan to the State Board of Education;
  - (c) The date and location for submission of the petition;
- (d) The date and location of the publicly noticed district school board meeting required under paragraph (4)(a) at which the school board will consider any school turnaround option, including a parent petition; and
  - (e) School district contact information for questions.
- (3) (a) Prior to the school district's selection and implementation of a school turnaround option for the following school year, parents may submit a petition selecting an available school turnaround option, as described pursuant to 056713 Strike All Education Cmte 2-15-12.docx

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paragraph (2)(a), for consideration by the district school board.

- (b) Up to one parental vote per eligible student may be counted with respect to parent signatures on the petition. An eligible student is a student enrolled in the school in which the school turnaround option will be implemented or, according to the district school board's enrollment policies, a student who is scheduled the following school year for assignment to that school.
- 1. A parental vote is the signature of one parent unless the other parent objects in writing to the petition vote, in which case the parental vote counts for one-half per eligible student. The objection must be made before the date the petition is to be submitted pursuant to subsection (2).
- 2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., a parental vote is the signature of the parent who has been assigned sole parental responsibility or ultimate responsibility for education decisions pursuant to s. 61.13.
- (c) A parent must date each petition on the day it is signed and identify each eligible student on the petition. The parent's signature shall constitute a certification that the parent has a present intention to enroll each eligible student in the school if the school turnaround option identified on the petition is selected. A parent may sign the petition prior to the initial notification provided to the parents of eligible students pursuant to subsection (2).
- (d) The school district shall verify at least a majority of the signatures on the petition using existing student

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- enrollment documentation or other records containing parent signatures. However, a notarized signature of a person who is a parent of an eligible student shall be treated as valid.

  Signatures not verified within the established verification period shall be treated as valid.
- (e) A signature gatherer may not be paid per signature and, if asked, must disclose the organization he or she represents.
- (4) (a) The school turnaround option selected by parents must be considered for implementation by the district school board at a publicly noticed school board meeting if the petition is signed and dated by a majority of the parents of eligible students. A majority is more than one-half of the parents who are eligible to sign the petition pursuant to paragraph (3) (b). If petitions for more than one school turnaround option are signed by a majority of the parents, the petition having the most such signatures shall be deemed the official turnaround option selected by parents.
- (b) The district school board may adopt the school turnaround option selected by parents or a different school turnaround option selected by the school board. If the district school board does not adopt the school turnaround option selected by parents, it must include that option with the implementation plan submitted to the State Board of Education under s. 1008.33. If the state board determines that the school turnaround option selected by parents is more likely to improve the academic performance of students at the school, it shall return the district school board's implementation plan to the 056713 Strike All Education Cmte 2-15-12.docx

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school board. The district school board shall submit to the
state board an implementation plan for the school turnaround
option selected by parents.

- establish a model petition format, the petition submission process, standards for verifying signatures, and timelines for district school board validation and consideration of a petition at a publicly noticed meeting. The rules must provide a sample petition form for each school turnaround option available for selection under s. 1008.33 with easy-to-understand instructions. Each petition form shall clearly identify only one school turnaround option on the front page of the petition and each page thereafter. The petition forms must be provided or made easily accessible to parents at the time of notification by the school district pursuant to subsection (2). The rules shall provide the following:
- (a) A minimum of 30 days after initial notification, pursuant to subsection (2), for parents of eligible students to gather petition signatures.
- (b) A maximum of 30 days after the date the petition is submitted for the school district to verify the signatures.
- (c) A minimum of 30 days between the submission of a petition and the district school board meeting to consider the petition.
- (d) A submitted petition may list only one school turnaround option identified in s. 1008.33 that is not currently being implemented at the school.

- (e) A parent may sign a petition for each school turnaround option.
- (f) A school district may not reject a parent signature on a petition based on a lack of conformity to signatures in school records if the parent's identity and signature can be easily validated with a photographic identification, a notarized signature verifying the identity of the signer, or by the personal knowledge of a school employee.
- (g) A school district may not reject a parent signature on a petition on the basis that the parent signed the petition prior to the initial notification pursuant to subsection (2).
- Section 6. Subsection (5) of section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.—
- (5)(a) In the school year after a school is initially identified as a school in the lowest-performing category, the school district must submit a plan, which is subject to approval by the State Board of Education, for implementing one of the following school turnaround options at the beginning of the next school year. The plan must be implemented unless the school moves from the lowest-performing category:
- 1. Convert the school to a district-managed turnaround school by means that include implementing a turnaround plan approved by the Commissioner of Education which shall become the school's improvement plan;
- 2. Reassign students to another school and monitor the progress of each reassigned student;

- 3. Close the school and reopen the school as one or more charter schools, each with a governing board that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness; or
- 4. Contract with an outside entity that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school.
- (b) If a school does not move from the lowest-performing category during the initial year of implementing one of the school turnaround options in paragraph (a), the school district must submit a plan, which is subject to approval by the State Board of Education, for implementing a different option in paragraph (a) at the beginning of the next school year, unless the State Board of Education determines that the school is likely to move from the lowest-performing category if additional time is provided to implement intervention and support strategies. The State Board of Education shall determine whether a school district may continue to implement a school turnaround an option beyond 1 year while a school remains in the lowest-performing category.
- (c) Parents of students who are assigned to a public school that is required by the State Board of Education to implement a school turnaround option may petition the school district to implement one of the turnaround options in paragraph (a) selected by the parents pursuant to s. 1003.07. A school implementing a school turnaround option during the 2011-2012 or 2012-2013 school year is not subject to the requirements of s. 1003.07 until the school is required to implement a different school turnaround option.

Section 7. Section 1012.2315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.2315 Assignment of teachers.-

- (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.—The Legislature finds disparities between teachers assigned to teach in a majority of schools that do not need improvement and schools that do need improvement pursuant to s. 1008.33. The disparities may be found in the assignment of temporarily certified teachers, teachers in need of improvement, and out-of-field teachers and in the performance of the students. It is the intent of the Legislature that district school boards have flexibility through the collective bargaining process to assign teachers more equitably across the schools in the district.
- (2) ASSIGNMENT TO SCHOOLS CATEGORIZED AS IN NEED OF IMPROVEMENT.—School districts may not assign a higher percentage than the school district average of temporarily certified teachers, teachers in need of improvement, or out-of-field teachers to schools in one of the three lowest-performing categories under s. 1008.33(3)(b). Each school district shall annually certify to the Commissioner of Education that this requirement has been met. If the commissioner determines that a school district is not in compliance with this subsection, the State Board of Education shall be notified and shall take action pursuant to s. 1008.32 in the next regularly scheduled meeting to require compliance.
- (3) SALARY INCENTIVES.—District school boards <u>may are</u> authorized to provide salary incentives to meet the requirement of subsection (2). A district school board may not sign a 056713 Strike All Education Cmte 2-15-12.docx Published On: 2/15/2012 7:28:02 PM

collective bargaining agreement that precludes the school district from providing sufficient incentives to meet this requirement.

- (4) COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.—Notwithstanding provisions of chapter 447 relating to district school board collective bargaining, collective bargaining provisions may not preclude a school district from providing incentives to high-quality teachers and assigning such teachers to low-performing schools.
  - (5) ASSISTANCE TO OUT-OF-FIELD TEACHERS.-
- implementing an assistance plan for each classroom teacher who is teaching out-of-field. The assistance plan must provide teachers who are teaching out-of-field with priority consideration in professional development activities and require such teachers to participate in a certification or staff development program that provides the competencies required for the assigned duties. A district school board may reimburse a teacher who is teaching out-of-field for a certification fee.

  The assistance plan must also include duties of administrative personnel and other instructional personnel for assisting a teacher who is teaching out-of-field in providing instructional services to students.
- (b) The school district shall annually notify the parent of each student who is assigned to a classroom teacher who is teaching subject matter that is:
  - 1. Outside the field in which the teacher is certified;
- 321 <u>2. Outside the field that was the teacher's minor field of</u>

322 study; or

3. Outside the field in which the teacher has demonstrated sufficient subject area expertise, as determined by district school board policy in the subject area to be taught.

The notification must inform the parent that virtual instruction from a certified in-field teacher with an annual performance evaluation rating of effective or highly effective under s.

1012.34 is available to his or her child through the virtual instruction options listed under s. 1002.321(4).

 $(6)\frac{(5)}{(5)}$  REPORT.

(a) By July 1, 2012, the Department of Education shall annually report on its website, in a manner that is accessible to the public, the performance rating data reported by district school boards under s. 1012.34. The report must include the percentage of classroom teachers, instructional personnel, and school administrators receiving each performance rating aggregated by school district and by school.

# (7) ASSIGNMENT OF TEACHERS BASED UPON PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS.—

(a) (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s.

1012.31(3)(a)2., each school district shall annually notify report to the parent of any student who is assigned to a classroom teacher or school administrator having two consecutive annual performance evaluation ratings of unsatisfactory under s.

1012.34, two annual performance evaluation ratings of unsatisfactory within a 3-year period under s. 1012.34, or three consecutive annual performance evaluation ratings of needs improvement or a combination of needs improvement and 056713 - Strike All Education Cmte 2-15-12.docx Published On: 2/15/2012 7:28:02 PM

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	Bill No. CS/CS/HB 1191 (2012)
	Amendment No. 1
351	unsatisfactory under s. 1012.34. The notification must inform
352	the parent that virtual instruction from a teacher with a
353	performance evaluation rating of highly effective or effective
354	under s. 1012.34 is available to his or her child through the
355	virtual instruction options listed under s. 1002.321(4).
356	(b) Upon request by the parent of a public school student,
357	the school district shall provide the parent with the
358	performance evaluation for each classroom teacher assigned to
359	his or her child, pursuant to s. 1012.31.
360	(c) If a student is currently taught by a classroom
361	teacher who receives, in that school year, a performance
362	evaluation rating of needs improvement or unsatisfactory under
363	s. 1012.34, the student may not be assigned the following school
364	year to a classroom teacher in the same subject area who
365	received a performance evaluation rating of needs improvement or
366	unsatisfactory in the preceding school year.
367	Section 8. <u>Section 1012.42</u> , Florida Statutes, is repealed.
368	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.
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372	TITLE AMENDMENT
373	Remove the entire title and insert:
374	A bill to be entitled
375	An act relating to parent empowerment in education; amending s.
376	1001.10, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s.
377	1002.20, F.S.; authorizing parents of students who are assigned

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to certain underperforming public schools to submit a petition

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to the school district requesting implementation of a school
turnaround option; requiring a school district, upon request, to
provide a parent with a performance evaluation for each
classroom teacher assigned to his or her child; requiring
notification to the parent of each student who is assigned to a
classroom teacher who is teaching out-of-field or who has
received unsatisfactory performance evaluations; requiring such
notification to include information about the availability of
virtual instruction; amending s. 1002.32, F.S.; correcting a
cross-reference; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; requiring charter
schools to be in compliance with statutes relating to
notifications and assignment of teachers; creating s. 1003.07,
F.S., the Parent Empowerment Act; requiring each school district
to notify parents of students attending a lowest-performing
school that has been unable to improve performance and must
implement a school turnaround option; authorizing parents to
submit a petition requesting implementation of an available
school turnaround option; providing requirements for submission
of a petition and its consideration and adoption by the district
school board; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt
rules for the petition process and specifying requirements
therefor; amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; identifying the options for
improving a school identified in the lowest-performing category
as school turnaround options; authorizing parents to submit a
petition to the school district to implement a school turnaround
option; amending s. 1012.2315, F.S.; requiring that each
district school board adopt rules to implement an assistance
plan for out-of-field classroom teachers and requiring their
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Amendment No. 1 participation in certain programs; requiring that the school district annually notify the parent of each student assigned to an out-of-field classroom teacher or a classroom teacher who has received unsatisfactory performance evaluations; requiring such notification to include information about the availability of virtual instruction; requiring that a school district, upon request, provide a parent with the performance evaluation of each classroom teacher assigned to his or her child; prohibiting the consecutive assignment of students to classroom teachers who receive certain performance evaluations; repealing s. 1012.42, F.S., relating to teachers teaching out-of-field; providing an effective date.

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