1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to drug-free workplaces; amending s.
3	112.0455, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
4	"job applicant," defining the term "random testing,"
5	and removing the definition of the term "safety-
6	sensitive position" for purposes of the Drug-Free
7	Workplace Act; requiring drug testing to be conducted
8	within each state agency's appropriation; authorizing
9	a state agency to conduct random drug testing every 3
10	months; providing testing selection requirements;
11	removing provisions prohibiting a state agency from
12	discharging or disciplining an employee under certain
13	circumstances based on the employee's first positive
14	confirmed drug test; removing provisions limiting the
15	circumstances under which an agency may discharge an
16	employee in a special risk or safety-sensitive
17	position; providing that an agency may discharge or
18	discipline an employee following a first-time positive
19	confirmed drug test result; authorizing an agency to
20	refer an employee to an employee assistance program or
21	an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program if the
22	employee is not discharged; requiring participation in
23	an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug
24	rehabilitation program at the employee's own expense
25	or at the expense of a health insurance plan;
26	requiring the employer to determine if the employee is
27	able to safely and effectively perform the job duties
28	assigned to the employee while the employee is
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29 participating in the employee assistance program or 30 alcohol and drug rehabilitation program; deeming that 31 certain specified job activities cannot be performed 32 safely and effectively while the employee is participating in the employee assistance program or 33 34 alcohol and drug rehabilitation program; requiring the 35 employer to transfer the employee to a job assignment that he or she can perform safely and effectively 36 37 while the employee participates in the employee 38 assistance program or alcohol and drug rehabilitation 39 program; requiring the employer to place the employee on leave status while the employee is participating in 40 an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug 41 42 rehabilitation program if such a position is 43 unavailable; authorizing the employee to use 44 accumulated leave credits before being placed on leave without pay; amending s. 440.102, F.S.; revising the 45 definition of the term "job applicant" as it pertains 46 47 to a public employer; removing the definition of the term "safety-sensitive position" and replacing it with 48 49 the definition for the term "mandatory-testing 50 position;" providing that an employer remains 51 qualified for an insurer rate plan that discounts 52 rates for workers' compensation and employer's 53 liability insurance policies if the employer maintains 54 a drug-free workplace program that is broader in scope 55 than that provided for by the standards and procedures 56 established in the act; authorizing a public employer, Page 2 of 21

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57	using an unbiased selection procedure, to conduct
58	random drug tests of employees occupying mandatory-
59	testing or special-risk positions if the testing is
60	performed in accordance with drug-testing rules
61	adopted by the Agency for Health Care Administration;
62	requiring that a public sector employer assign a
63	public sector employee to a position other than a
64	mandatory-testing position if the employee enters an
65	employee assistance program or drug and alcohol
66	rehabilitation program; amending s. 944.474, F.S.;
67	revising provisions governing employees of the state
68	correctional system, to conform to changes made by the
69	act; providing an effective date.
70	
71	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
72	
73	Section 1. Subsections (5), (7), and (8) and paragraphs
74	(h), (i), (j), and (k) of subsection (10) of section 112.0455,
75	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
76	112.0455 Drug-Free Workplace Act
77	(5) DEFINITIONSExcept where the context otherwise
78	requires, as used in this act:
79	(a) "Drug" means alcohol, including distilled spirits,
80	wine, malt beverages, and intoxicating liquors; amphetamines;
81	cannabinoids; cocaine; phencyclidine (PCP); hallucinogens;
82	methaqualone; opiates; barbiturates; benzodiazepines; synthetic
83	narcotics; designer drugs; or a metabolite of any of the
84	substances listed herein.
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(b) "Drug test" or "test" means any chemical, biological, or physical instrumental analysis administered for the purpose of determining the presence or absence of a drug or its metabolites.

(c) "Initial drug test" means a sensitive, rapid, and reliable procedure to identify negative and presumptive positive specimens. All initial tests <u>must</u> shall use an immunoassay procedure or an equivalent, or <u>must</u> shall use a more accurate scientifically accepted method approved by the Agency for Health Care Administration as <del>such</del> more accurate technology becomes available in a cost-effective form.

96 (d) "Confirmation test," "confirmed test," or "confirmed 97 drug test" means a second analytical procedure used to identify 98 the presence of a specific drug or metabolite in a specimen. The 99 confirmation test must be different in scientific principle from 100 that of the initial test procedure. This confirmation method 101 must be capable of providing requisite specificity, sensitivity, 102 and quantitative accuracy.

(e) "Chain of custody" refers to the methodology of tracking specified materials or substances for the purpose of maintaining control and accountability from initial collection to final disposition for all such materials or substances and providing for accountability at each stage in handling, testing, storing specimens, and reporting of test results.

(f) "Job applicant" means a person who has applied for a special risk or safety-sensitive position with an employer and has been offered employment conditioned upon successfully passing a drug test.

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(g) "Employee" means <u>a</u> any person who works for salary, wages, or other remuneration for an employer.

(h) "Employer" means <u>an</u> any agency within state government that employs individuals for salary, wages, or other remuneration.

(i) "Prescription or nonprescription medication" means a drug or medication obtained pursuant to a prescription as defined by s. 893.02 or a medication that is authorized pursuant to federal or state law for general distribution and use without a prescription in the treatment of human diseases, ailments, or injuries.

124 (j) "Random testing" means a drug test conducted on 125 employees who are selected through the use of a computer-126 generated random sample of an employer's employees.

127 "Reasonable suspicion drug testing" means drug (k)<del>(j)</del> 128 testing based on a belief that an employee is using or has used 129 drugs in violation of the employer's policy drawn from specific 130 objective and articulable facts and reasonable inferences drawn 131 from those facts in light of experience. Reasonable suspicion 132 drug testing may shall not be required except upon the 133 recommendation of a supervisor who is at least one level of 134 supervision higher than the immediate supervisor of the employee 135 in question. Among other things, such facts and inferences may 136 be based upon:

Observable phenomena while at work, such as direct
 observation of drug use or of the physical symptoms or
 manifestations of being under the influence of a drug.

140 2. Abnormal conduct or erratic behavior while at work or a Page 5 of 21

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141 significant deterioration in work performance.

142 3. A report of drug use, provided by a reliable and143 credible source, which has been independently corroborated.

144 4. Evidence that an individual has tampered with a drug145 test during employment with the current employer.

146 5. Information that an employee has caused, or contributed147 to, an accident while at work.

148 6. Evidence that an employee has used, possessed, sold, 149 solicited, or transferred drugs while working or while on the 150 employer's premises or while operating the employer's vehicle, 151 machinery, or equipment.

152 <u>(1) (k)</u> "Specimen" means a tissue, hair, or product of the 153 human body capable of revealing the presence of drugs or their 154 metabolites.

(m) (1) "Employee assistance program" means an established program for employee assessment, counseling, and possible referral to an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program.

(m) "Safety-sensitive position" means any position, including a supervisory or management position, in which a drug impairment would constitute an immediate and direct threat to public health or safety.

(n) "Special risk" means employees who are required as a
condition of employment to be certified under chapter 633 or
chapter 943.

165 (7) TYPES OF TESTING.—<u>Drug testing must be conducted</u> 166 <u>within each agency's appropriation.</u> An employer <u>may conduct is</u> 167 <del>authorized</del>, but <u>is</u> not required, to conduct, the following types 168 of drug tests:

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(a) Job applicant testing.—An employer may require job
applicants to submit to a drug test and may use a refusal to
submit to a drug test or a positive confirmed drug test as a
basis for refusal to hire the job applicant.

(b) Reasonable suspicion.—An employer may require an
employee to submit to reasonable suspicion drug testing.

175 (c) Random testing.—An employer may conduct random testing
 176 once every 3 months. The random sample of employees chosen for
 177 testing must be computer-generated by an independent third
 178 party. A random sample may not constitute more than 10 percent
 179 of the total employee population.

180 <u>(d) (c)</u> Routine fitness for duty.—An employer may require 181 an employee to submit to a drug test if the test is conducted as 182 part of a routinely scheduled employee fitness-for-duty medical 183 examination that is part of the employer's established policy or 184 that is scheduled routinely for all members of an employment 185 classification or group.

186 <u>(e) (d)</u> Followup testing.—If the employee in the course of 187 employment enters an employee assistance program for drug-188 related problems, or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program, 189 the employer may require <u>the</u> said employee to submit to a drug 190 test as a followup to such program, and on a quarterly, 191 semiannual, or annual basis for up to 2 years thereafter.

(8) PROCEDURES AND EMPLOYEE PROTECTION.—All specimen
 collection and testing for drugs under this section shall be
 performed in accordance with the following procedures:

(a) A sample shall be collected with due regard to the privacy of the individual providing the sample, and in a manner Page 7 of 21

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197 reasonably calculated to prevent substitution or contamination 198 of the sample.

(b) Specimen collection shall be documented, and thedocumentation procedures shall include:

Labeling of specimen containers so as to reasonably
 preclude the likelihood of erroneous identification of test
 results.

204 2. A form for the employee or job applicant to provide any 205 information he or she considers relevant to the test, including 206 identification of currently or recently used prescription or nonprescription medication, or other relevant medical 207 208 information. Such form shall provide notice of the most common medications by brand name or common name, as applicable, as well 209 210 as by chemical name, which may alter or affect a drug test. The 211 providing of information does shall not preclude the 212 administration of the drug test, but shall be taken into account 213 in interpreting any positive confirmed results.

(c) Specimen collection, storage, and transportation to
 the testing site shall be performed in a manner <u>that</u> <del>which</del> will
 reasonably preclude specimen contamination or adulteration.

(d) Each initial and confirmation test conducted under this section, not including the taking or collecting of a specimen to be tested, shall be conducted by a licensed laboratory as described in subsection (12).

(e) A specimen for a drug test may be taken or collectedby any of the following persons:

A physician, a physician's assistant, a registered
 professional nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a nurse

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225 practitioner, or a certified paramedic who is present at the 226 scene of an accident for the purpose of rendering emergency 227 medical service or treatment.

228

2. A qualified person employed by a licensed laboratory.

(f) A person who collects or takes a specimen for a drug test conducted pursuant to this section shall collect an amount sufficient for two drug tests as determined by the Agency for Health Care Administration.

(g) Any drug test conducted or requested by an employer may occur before, during, or immediately after the regular work period of the employee, and shall be deemed to be performed during work time for the purposes of determining compensation and benefits for the employee.

238 Every specimen that produces a positive confirmed (h) 239 result shall be preserved by the licensed laboratory that 240 conducts the confirmation test for a period of at least 210 days 241 from the time the results of the positive confirmation test are 242 mailed or otherwise delivered to the employer. However, if an 243 employee or job applicant undertakes an administrative or legal 244 challenge to the test result, the employee or job applicant 245 shall notify the laboratory and the sample shall be retained by 246 the laboratory until the case or administrative appeal is 247 settled. During the 180-day period after written notification of a positive test result, the employee or job applicant who has 248 provided the specimen shall be permitted by the employer to have 249 a portion of the specimen retested, at the employee or job 250 251 applicant's expense, at another laboratory, licensed and 252 approved by the Agency for Health Care Administration, chosen by Page 9 of 21

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the employee or job applicant. The second laboratory must test at equal or greater sensitivity for the drug in question as the first laboratory. The first laboratory <u>that</u> which performed the test for the employer <u>is shall be</u> responsible for the transfer of the portion of the specimen to be retested, and for the integrity of the chain of custody during such transfer.

(i) Within 5 working days after receipt of a positive
confirmed test result from the testing laboratory, an employer
shall inform an employee or job applicant in writing of such
positive test result, the consequences of such results, and the
options available to the employee or job applicant.

(j) The employer shall provide to the employee or jobapplicant, upon request, a copy of the test results.

(k) Within 5 working days after receiving notice of a positive confirmed test result, the employee or job applicant may submit information to an employer explaining or contesting the test results, and why the results do not constitute a violation of the employer's policy.

271 (1) If an employee or job applicant's explanation or 272 challenge of the positive test results is unsatisfactory to the 273 employer, a written explanation as to why the employee or job 274 applicant's explanation is unsatisfactory, along with the report 275 of positive results, shall be provided by the employer to the 276 employee or job applicant. All such documentation shall be kept confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) by 277 the employer pursuant to subsection (11) and shall be retained 278 by the employer for at least 1 year. 279

280

(m) <u>An</u> <del>No</del> employer may <u>not</u> discharge, discipline, refuse Page 10 of 21

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to hire, discriminate against, or request or require rehabilitation of an employee or job applicant on the sole basis of a positive test result that has not been verified by a confirmation test.

285 (n) In addition to the limitation under paragraph (m): 286 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 3., no employer may 287 discharge, discipline, or discriminate against an employee <del>on</del> 288 the sole basis of the employee's first positive confirmed drug 289 test, unless the employer has first given the employee an 290 opportunity to participate in, at the employee's own expense or 291 pursuant to coverage under a health insurance plan, an employee 292 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation 293 program, and:

a. The employee has either refused to participate in the
employee assistance program or the alcohol and drug
rehabilitation program or has failed to successfully complete
such program, as evidenced by withdrawal from the program before
its completion or a report from the program indicating
unsatisfactory compliance, or by a positive test result on a
confirmation test after completion of the program; or

301 b. The employee has failed or refused to sign a written 302 consent form allowing the employer to obtain information 303 regarding the progress and successful completion of an employee 304 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation 305 program.

306 2. An employee in a safety-sensitive position shall be 307 placed by the employer in a non-safety-sensitive position, or if 308 such position is unavailable, on leave status while Page 11 of 21

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309 participating in an employee assistance program or an alcohol 310 and drug rehabilitation program. If placed on leave status 311 without pay, the employee shall be permitted to use any 312 accumulated leave credits prior to being placed on leave without 313 pay.

314 special risk employee may be discharged or 3. 315 disciplined for the first positive confirmed drug test result 316 when illicit drugs, pursuant to s. 893.13, are confirmed. No 317 special risk employee shall be permitted to continue work in a 318 safety-sensitive position, but may be placed either in a non-319 safety-sensitive position or on leave status while participating 320 in an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug 321 rehabilitation program.

322 <u>(n) (o)</u> Upon successful completion of an employee 323 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation 324 program, the employee shall be reinstated to the same or 325 equivalent position that was held prior to such rehabilitation.

326 <u>(o) (p)</u> <u>An</u> No employer may <u>not</u> discharge, discipline, or 327 discriminate against an employee, or refuse to hire a job 328 applicant, on the basis of any prior medical history revealed to 329 the employer pursuant to this section.

330 <u>(p)(q)</u> An employer who performs drug testing or specimen 331 collection shall use chain-of-custody procedures as established 332 by the Agency for Health Care Administration to ensure proper 333 recordkeeping, handling, labeling, and identification of all 334 specimens to be tested.

335 <u>(q)(r)</u> An employer shall pay the cost of all drug tests, 336 initial and confirmation, which the employer requires of

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337 employees.

338 (r) (s) An employee or job applicant shall pay the costs of 339 any additional drug tests not required by the employer.

340 (s) (t) An No employer may not shall discharge, discipline, 341 or discriminate against an employee solely upon voluntarily 342 seeking treatment, while under the employ of the employer, for a 343 drug-related problem if the employee has not previously tested 344 positive for drug use, entered an employee assistance program 345 for drug-related problems, or entered an alcohol and drug 346 rehabilitation program. However, special risk employees may be 347 subject to discharge or disciplinary action when the presence of 348 illicit drugs, pursuant to s. 893.13, is confirmed.

(t) (u) If Where testing is conducted based on reasonable 349 350 suspicion, each employer shall promptly detail in writing the 351 circumstances which formed the basis of the determination that 352 reasonable suspicion existed to warrant the testing. A copy of 353 this documentation shall be given to the employee upon request 354 and the original documentation shall be kept confidential and 355 exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) by the employer 356 pursuant to subsection (11) and retained by the employer for at 357 least 1 year.

<u>(u) (v)</u> If an employee is unable to participate in outpatient rehabilitation, the employee may be placed on leave status while participating in an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program. If placed on leavewithout-pay status, the employee shall be permitted to use any accumulated leave credits prior to being placed on leave without pay. Upon successful completion of an employee assistance

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365 program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program, the 366 employee shall be reinstated to the same or equivalent position 367 that was held prior to such rehabilitation.

368

(10) EMPLOYER PROTECTION.-

369 An employer may discharge or discipline shall refer an (h) 370 employee following with a first-time positive confirmed drug test result. If the employer does not discharge the employee, 371 372 the employer may refer the employee to an employee assistance 373 program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program in which 374 the employee may participate at the expense of the employee or pursuant to a health insurance plan, unless such employee is 375 376 discharged as provided in subparagraph (8) (n)3. If the results 377 of a subsequent confirmed drug test are positive, the employer 378 may discharge or discipline the employee.

379 <u>1. If an employer refers an employee to an employee</u> 380 <u>assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation</u> 381 <u>program, the employer must determine whether the employee is</u> 382 <u>able to safely and effectively perform the job duties assigned</u> 383 <u>to the employee while the employee participates in the employee</u> 384 <u>assistance program or the alcohol and drug rehabilitation</u> 385 program.

386 <u>2. An employee whose assigned duties require the employee</u> 387 <u>to carry a firearm, work closely with an employee who carries a</u> 388 <u>firearm, perform life-threatening procedures, work with heavy or</u> 389 <u>dangerous machinery, work as a safety inspector, work with</u> 390 <u>children, work with detainees in the correctional system, work</u> 391 <u>with confidential information or documents pertaining to</u> 392 <u>criminal investigations, work with controlled substances, hold a</u>

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393 position subject to s. 110.1127, or hold a position in which a 394 momentary lapse in attention could result in injury or death to 395 another person, is deemed unable to safely and effectively 396 perform the job duties assigned to the employee while the 397 employee participates in the employee assistance program or the 398 alcohol and drug rehabilitation program. 399 3. If an employer refers an employee to an employee 400 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program

401 and the employer determines that the employee is unable, or the 402 employee is deemed unable, to safely and effectively perform the 403 job duties assigned to the employee before he or she completes 404 the employee assistance program or the alcohol and drug 405 rehabilitation program, the employer shall place the employee in 406 a job assignment that the employer determines the employee can 407 safely and effectively perform while participating in the employee assistance program or the alcohol and drug 408

409 rehabilitation program.

410 <u>4. If a job assignment in which the employee may safely</u> 411 <u>and effectively perform is unavailable, the employer shall place</u> 412 <u>the employee on leave status while the employee is participating</u> 413 <u>in an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug</u> 414 <u>rehabilitation program. If placed on leave status without pay,</u> 415 <u>the employee may use accumulated leave credits before being</u> 416 placed on leave without pay.

(i) Nothing in This section does not shall be construed to
prohibit an employer from conducting medical screening or other
tests required by any statute, rule, or regulation for the
purpose of monitoring exposure of employees to toxic or other

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421 unhealthy substances in the workplace or in the performance of 422 job responsibilities. Such screening or tests shall be limited 423 to the specific substances expressly identified in the 424 applicable statute, rule, or regulation, unless prior written 425 consent of the employee is obtained for other tests.

426 (j) An employer shall place a safety-sensitive position 427 employee whose drug test result is confirmed positive in a non-428 safety-sensitive position, or if such a position is unavailable, 429 on leave status while the employee participates in an employee 430 assistance program or an alcohol and drug rehabilitation 431 program. If placed on leave status without pay, the employee 432 shall be permitted to use any accumulated leave credits prior to 433 being placed on leave without pay.

434 (k) A special risk employee may be discharged or 435 disciplined on the first positive confirmed drug test result 436 when illicit drugs, pursuant to s. 893.13, are confirmed. No 437 special risk employee shall be permitted to continue work in a 438 safety-sensitive position, but may be placed either in a non-439 safety-sensitive position or on leave status while participating 440 in an employee assistance program or an alcohol and drug 441 rehabilitation program.

Section 2. Paragraphs (j) and (o) of subsection (1),
subsection (2), paragraph (g) of subsection (7), and subsection
(11) of section 440.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

445 440.102 Drug-free workplace program requirements.—The 446 following provisions apply to a drug-free workplace program 447 implemented pursuant to law or to rules adopted by the Agency 448 for Health Care Administration:

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449 (1) DEFINITIONS.-Except where the context otherwise450 requires, as used in this act:

(j) "Job applicant" means a person who has applied for a position with an employer and has been offered employment conditioned upon successfully passing a drug test, and may have begun work pending the results of the drug test. For a public employer, "job applicant" means only a person who has applied for a special-risk or <u>mandatory-testing</u> <del>safety-sensitive</del> position.

458 "Mandatory-testing position" means, with respect to a  $(\circ)$ 459 public employer, a job assignment that requires the employee to 460 carry a firearm, work closely with an employee who carries a 461 firearm, perform life-threatening procedures, work with heavy or 462 dangerous machinery, work as a safety inspector, work with 463 children, work with detainees in the correctional system, work 464 with confidential information or documents pertaining to criminal investigations, work with controlled substances, or a 465 466 job assignment that requires an employee security background check, pursuant to s. 110.1127, or a job assignment in which a 467 468 momentary lapse in attention could result in injury or death to 469 another person. "Safety-sensitive position" means, with respect 470 to a public employer, a position in which a drug impairment 471 constitutes an immediate and direct threat to public health or 472 safety, such as a position that requires the employee to carry a 473 firearm, perform life-threatening procedures, work with 474 confidential information or documents pertaining to criminal investigations, or work with controlled substances; a position 475 476 subject to s. 110.1127; or a position in which a momentary lapse Page 17 of 21

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477 in attention could result in injury or death to another person. 478 (2)DRUG TESTING.-An employer may test an employee or job 479 applicant for any drug described in paragraph (1)(c). In order 480 to qualify as having established a drug-free workplace program 481 under this section and to qualify for the discounts provided under s. 627.0915 and deny medical and indemnity benefits under 482 483 this chapter, an employer must, at a minimum, implement drug 484 testing that conforms to the standards and procedures 485 established in this section and all applicable rules adopted pursuant to this section as required in subsection (4). However, 486 487 an employer does not have a legal duty under this section to 488 request an employee or job applicant to undergo drug testing. If an employer fails to maintain a drug-free workplace program in 489 490 accordance with the standards and procedures established in this 491 section and in applicable rules, the employer is ineligible for discounts under s. 627.0915. However, an employer qualifies for 492 493 discounts under s. 627.0915 if the employer maintains a drug-494 free workplace program that is broader in scope than that 495 provided for by the standards and procedures established in this 496 section. An employer who qualifies All employers qualifying for 497 and receives receiving discounts provided under s. 627.0915 must 498 be reported annually by the insurer to the department.

499

(7) EMPLOYER PROTECTION.-

(g) This section does not prohibit an employer from conducting medical screening or other tests required, permitted, or not disallowed by any statute, rule, or regulation for the purpose of monitoring exposure of employees to toxic or other unhealthy substances in the workplace or in the performance of

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505 job responsibilities. Such screening or testing is limited to 506 the specific substances expressly identified in the applicable 507 statute, rule, or regulation, unless prior written consent of the employee is obtained for other tests. Such screening or 508 509 testing need not be in compliance with the rules adopted by the 510 Agency for Health Care Administration under this chapter or 511 under s. 112.0455. A public employer may, through the use of an 512 unbiased selection procedure, conduct random drug tests of 513 employees occupying mandatory-testing safety-sensitive or special-risk positions if the testing is performed in accordance 514 515 with drug-testing rules adopted by the Agency for Health Care 516 Administration and the department. If applicable, random drug 517 testing must be specified in a collective bargaining agreement 518 as negotiated by the appropriate certified bargaining agent 519 before such testing is implemented.

520 (11) PUBLIC EMPLOYEES IN <u>MANDATORY-TESTING</u> SAFETY 521 <u>SENSITIVE</u> OR SPECIAL-RISK POSITIONS.-

522 If an employee who is employed by a public employer in (a) 523 a mandatory-testing safety-sensitive position enters an employee 524 assistance program or drug rehabilitation program, the employer 525 must assign the employee to a position other than a mandatorytesting safety-sensitive position or, if such position is not 526 527 available, place the employee on leave while the employee is 528 participating in the program. However, the employee shall be 529 permitted to use any accumulated annual leave credits before leave may be ordered without pay. 530

(b) An employee who is employed by a public employer in aspecial-risk position may be discharged or disciplined by a

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533 public employer for the first positive confirmed test result if 534 the drug confirmed is an illicit drug under s. 893.03. A 535 special-risk employee who is participating in an employee 536 assistance program or drug rehabilitation program may not be 537 allowed to continue to work in any special-risk or mandatorytesting safety-sensitive position of the public employer, but 538 539 may be assigned to a position other than a mandatory-testing 540 safety-sensitive position or placed on leave while the employee 541 is participating in the program. However, the employee shall be 542 permitted to use any accumulated annual leave credits before leave may be ordered without pay. 543

544 Section 3. Section 944.474, Florida Statutes, is amended 545 to read:

546 944.474 Legislative intent; employee wellness program; 547 drug and alcohol testing.-

548 (1)It is the intent of the Legislature that the state 549 correctional system provide a safe and secure environment for 550 both inmates and staff. A healthy workforce is a productive 551 workforce, and security of the state correctional system can 552 best be provided by strong and healthy employees. The Department 553 of Corrections may develop and implement an employee wellness 554 program. The program may include, but is not limited to, 555 wellness education, smoking cessation, nutritional education, 556 and overall health-risk reduction, including the effects of 557 using drugs and alcohol.

558 (2) <u>An employee</u> Under no circumstances shall employees of 559 the department <u>may not</u> test positive for illegal use of 560 controlled substances. An employee of the department may not be Page 20 of 21

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561 under the influence of alcohol while on duty. In order to ensure 562 that these prohibitions are adhered to by all employees of the 563 department and notwithstanding s. 112.0455, the department may 564 develop a program for the drug testing of all job applicants and 565 for the random drug testing of all employees. The department may 566 randomly evaluate employees for the contemporaneous use or 567 influence of alcohol through the use of alcohol tests and 568 observation methods. Notwithstanding s. 112.0455, the department 569 may develop a program for the reasonable suspicion drug testing of employees who are in mandatory-testing positions, as defined 570 571 in s. 440.102(1)(o), safety-sensitive or special risk positions, 572 as defined in s. 112.0455(5), for the controlled substances 573 listed in s. 893.03(3)(d). The reasonable suspicion drug testing 574 authorized by this subsection shall be conducted in accordance 575 with s. 112.0455, but may also include testing upon reasonable 576 suspicion based on violent acts or violent behavior of an 577 employee who is on or off duty. The department shall adopt rules 578 pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 that are necessary to administer this subsection. 579

580

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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