${\bf By}$  Senator Alexander

	17-01156-12 20121372
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
3	Fund; amending s. 215.555, F.S.; revising the
4	definitions of "retention" and "corporation";
5	providing for calculation of an insurer's
6	reimbursement premium and retention under the
7	reimbursement contract; revising coverage levels
8	available under the reimbursement contract; revising
9	aggregate coverage limits; providing for the phase-in
10	of changes to coverage levels and limits; revising the
11	cash build-up factor included in reimbursement
12	premiums; providing for phase-in; reducing maximum
13	allowable emergency assessments; changing the name of
14	the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance
15	Corporation; repealing provisions related to temporary
16	emergency options for additional coverage; terminating
17	the temporary increase in coverage limits option at
18	the end of the 2011-2012 contract year; limiting to
19	the 2012-2013 contract year provisions relating to the
20	TICL options addendum, TICL reimbursement premiums,
21	and the claims-paying capacity of the fund, to
22	conform; amending s. 627.0629, F.S.; conforming a
23	cross-reference; providing an effective date.
24	
25	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
26	
27	Section 1. Paragraphs (e) and (n) of subsection (2),
28	paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (4), paragraph (b) of
29	subsection (5), paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (6), and

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30	subsections (16), (17), and (18) of section 215.555, Florida
31	Statutes, are amended to read:
32	215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.—
33	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section:
34	(e) "Retention" means the amount of losses below which an
35	insurer is not entitled to reimbursement from the fund. An
36	insurer's retention shall be calculated as follows:
37	1. <u>a.</u> The board shall calculate and report to each insurer
38	the retention multiples for that year.
39	(I) For the contract year beginning June 1, 2005, the
40	retention multiple shall be equal to \$4.5 billion divided by the
41	total estimated reimbursement premium for the contract year; for
42	subsequent years, up to and including the 2012-2013 contract
43	year, the retention multiple shall be equal to \$4.5 billion,
44	adjusted based upon the reported exposure for the contract year
45	occurring 2 years before the particular contract year to reflect
46	the percentage growth in exposure to the fund for covered
47	policies since 2004, divided by the total estimated
48	reimbursement premium for the contract year.
49	(II) For the contract year beginning June 1, 2013, the
50	retention multiple shall be equal to \$8 billion divided by the
51	total estimated reimbursement premium for the contract year. For
52	subsequent years, the retention multiple shall be equal to \$8
53	billion, adjusted based upon the reported exposure for the
54	contract year occurring 2 years before the particular contract
55	year to reflect the percentage growth in exposure to the fund
56	for covered policies since 2011, divided by the total
57	reimbursement premium for the contract year.
58	b. For the 2012-2013 contract year, total reimbursement

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59	premium for purposes of the calculation under this subparagraph
60	shall be estimated using the assumption that all insurers have
61	selected the 90-percent coverage level.
62	c. In order to implement the phase-in of reduced coverage
63	levels as provided in paragraph (4)(b), total reimbursement
64	premium for purposes of the calculation under this subparagraph
65	shall be estimated using the following assumptions:
66	(I) For the 2013-2014 contract year, the assumption is that
67	all insurers have selected the 85-percent coverage level.
68	(II) For the 2014-2015 contract year, the assumption is
69	that all insurers have selected the 80-percent coverage level.
70	(III) For the 2015-2016 contract year and subsequent
71	contract years, the assumption is that all insurers have
72	selected the 75-percent coverage level.
73	2. The retention multiple as determined under subparagraph
74	1. shall be adjusted to reflect the coverage level elected by
75	the insurer.
76	a. For an insurer electing the maximum coverage level
77	available under paragraph (4)(b) for a particular contract year
78	For insurers electing the 90-percent coverage level, the
79	adjusted retention multiple is 100 percent of the amount
80	determined under subparagraph 1.
81	b. In order to implement the phase-in of reduced coverage
82	levels as provided in paragraph (4)(b), for an insurer electing
83	a coverage level other than the maximum coverage level, the
84	adjusted retention multiple is as follows:
85	(I) With respect to the 2012-2013 contract year, for an
86	insurer For insurers electing the 75-percent coverage level, the
87	retention multiple is <u>90/75ths</u> <del>120 percent</del> of the amount

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88	determined under subparagraph 1., and for an insurer <del>For</del>
89	insurers electing the 45-percent coverage level, the adjusted
90	retention multiple is <u>90/45ths</u> <del>200 percent</del> of the amount
91	determined under subparagraph 1.
92	(II) With respect to the 2013-2014 contract year, for an
93	insurer electing the 75-percent coverage level, the retention
94	multiple is 85/75ths of the amount determined under subparagraph
95	1., and for an insurer electing the 45-percent coverage level,
96	the retention multiple is 85/45ths of the amount determined
97	under subparagraph 1.
98	(III) With respect to the 2014-2015 contract year, for an
99	insurer electing the 75-percent coverage level, the retention
100	multiple is 80/75ths of the amount determined under subparagraph
101	1., and for an insurer electing the 45-percent coverage level,
102	the retention multiple is 80/45ths of the amount determined
103	under subparagraph 1.
104	(IV) With respect to the 2015-2016 contract year and
105	subsequent contract years, for an insurer electing the 75-
106	percent coverage level, the retention multiple is the amount
107	determined under subparagraph 1., and for an insurer electing
108	the 45-percent coverage level, the retention multiple is
109	75/45ths of the amount determined under subparagraph 1.
110	3. An insurer shall determine its provisional retention by
111	multiplying its provisional reimbursement premium by the
112	applicable adjusted retention multiple and shall determine its
113	actual retention by multiplying its actual reimbursement premium
114	by the applicable adjusted retention multiple.
115	4. For insurers who experience multiple covered events
116	causing loss during the contract year, beginning June 1, 2005,

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117	each insurer's full retention shall be applied to each of the
118	covered events causing the two largest losses for that insurer.
119	For each other covered event resulting in losses, the insurer's
120	retention shall be reduced to one-third of the full retention.
121	The reimbursement contract shall provide for the reimbursement
122	of losses for each covered event based on the full retention
123	with adjustments made to reflect the reduced retentions on or
124	after January 1 of the contract year provided the insurer
125	reports its losses as specified in the reimbursement contract.
126	(n) "Corporation" means the State Board of Administration
127	Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation created
128	in paragraph (6)(d).
129	(4) REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS
130	(b)1. <u>a.</u> The contract shall contain a promise by the board
131	to reimburse the insurer for <u>a specified percentage</u> 45 percent $_r$
132	75 percent, or 90 percent of its losses from each covered event
133	in excess of the insurer's retention, plus 5 percent of the
134	reimbursed losses to cover loss adjustment expenses.
135	b. The available coverage levels are as follows:
136	(I) For the 2012-2013 contract year, 90 percent, 75
137	percent, and 45 percent.
138	(II) For the 2013-2014 contract year, 85 percent, 75
139	percent, and 45 percent.
140	(III) For the 2014-2015 contract year, 80 percent, 75
141	percent, and 45 percent.
142	(IV) For the 2015-2016 contract year and subsequent
143	contract years, 75 percent and 45 percent.
144	2. <u>a.</u> The insurer must elect one of the percentage coverage
145	levels specified in this paragraph and may, upon renewal of a

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17-01156-12 20121372 146 reimbursement contract, elect a lower percentage coverage level 147 if no revenue bonds issued under subsection (6) after a covered event are outstanding, or elect a higher percentage coverage 148 level, regardless of whether or not revenue bonds are 149 150 outstanding. All members of an insurer group must elect the same 151 percentage coverage level. Any joint underwriting association, 152 risk apportionment plan, or other entity created under s. 153 627.351 must elect the maximum <del>90-percent</del> coverage level 154 available under subparagraph 1. 155 b. In order to implement the phase-in of reduced coverage 156 levels as provided in subparagraph 1., and notwithstanding any 157 provisions of sub-subparagraph a. to the contrary, if revenue bonds issued under subsection (6) after a covered event are 158 159 outstanding and the insurer has elected the maximum coverage 160 level available under subparagraph 1., the insurer must, upon 161 renewal of the reimbursement contract, elect the maximum 162 coverage level available under subparagraph 1. for the renewal 163 contract year. 3. The contract shall provide that reimbursement amounts 164 165 shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to the 166 insurer from other sources. 167 4. Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this section, the board shall make available to insurers that 168

169 purchased coverage provided by this subparagraph in 2008, 170 insurers qualifying as limited apportionment companies under s. 171 627.351(6)(c), and insurers that have been approved to 172 participate in the Insurance Capital Build-Up Incentive Program 173 pursuant to s. 215.5595 a contract or contract addendum that 174 provides an additional amount of reimbursement coverage of up to

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17-01156-12 20121372 175 \$10 million. The premium to be charged for this additional 176 reimbursement coverage shall be 50 percent of the additional 177 reimbursement coverage provided, which shall include one prepaid 178 reinstatement. The minimum retention level that an eligible 179 participating insurer must retain associated with this 180 additional coverage layer is 30 percent of the insurer's surplus 181 as of December 31, 2008, for the 2009-2010 contract year; as of December 31, 2009, for the 2010-2011 contract year; and as of 182 December 31, 2010, for the 2011-2012 contract year. This 183 184 coverage shall be in addition to all other coverage that may be 185 provided under this section. The coverage provided by the fund 186 under this subparagraph shall be in addition to the claims-187 paying capacity as defined in subparagraph (c)1., but only with 188 respect to those insurers that select the additional coverage 189 option and meet the requirements of this subparagraph. The 190 claims-paying capacity with respect to all other participating 191 insurers and limited apportionment companies that do not select 192 the additional coverage option shall be limited to their reimbursement premium's proportionate share of the actual 193 194 claims-paying capacity otherwise defined in subparagraph (c)1. 195 and as provided for under the terms of the reimbursement 196 contract. The optional coverage retention as specified shall be 197 accessed before the mandatory coverage under the reimbursement contract, but once the limit of coverage selected under this 198 199 option is exhausted, the insurer's retention under the mandatory 200 coverage will apply. This coverage will apply and be paid 201 concurrently with mandatory coverage. This subparagraph expires 202 on May 31, 2012. 203 (c)1. The contract shall also provide that the obligation

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204	of the board with respect to all contracts covering a particular
205	contract year shall not exceed the actual claims-paying capacity
206	of the fund up to the limit specified in this subparagraph.
207	a. For the 2012-2013 contract year, the limit is \$17
208	billion.
209	b. For the 2013-2014 contract year, the limit is \$15.5
210	billion.
211	c. For the 2014-2015 contract year, the limit is \$14
212	billion.
213	d. For the 2015-2016 contract year and subsequent contract
214	years, the limit is \$12 billion.
215	e. For contract years after the 2015-2016 contract year, if
216	a limit of \$17 billion for that contract year, unless the board
217	determines that there is sufficient estimated claims-paying
218	capacity to provide $\frac{\$12}{\$17}$ billion of capacity for the current
219	contract year and an additional $\frac{\$12}{\$17}$ billion of capacity for
220	subsequent contract years <del>. If the board makes such a</del>
221	determination, the estimated claims-paying capacity for the
222	particular contract year shall be determined by adding to the
223	$\frac{12}{12}$ $\frac{17}{10}$ billion limit one-half of the fund's estimated claims-
224	paying capacity in excess of $\frac{\$24}{\$34}$ billion. However, the
225	dollar growth in the limit may not increase in any year by an
226	amount greater than the dollar growth of the balance of the fund
227	as of December 31, less any premiums or interest attributable to
228	optional coverage, as defined by rule, which occurred over the
229	prior calendar year.
230	2. In May and October of the contract year, the board shall
231	publish in the Florida Administrative Weekly a statement of the
232	fund's estimated borrowing capacity, the fund's estimated

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17-01156-12 20121372 233 claims-paying capacity, and the projected balance of the fund as 234 of December 31. After the end of each calendar year, the board 235 shall notify insurers of the estimated borrowing capacity, 236 estimated claims-paying capacity, and the balance of the fund as 237 of December 31 to provide insurers with data necessary to assist 238 them in determining their retention and projected payout from 239 the fund for loss reimbursement purposes. In conjunction with 240 the development of the premium formula, as provided for in subsection (5), the board shall publish factors or multiples 241 242 that assist insurers in determining their retention and projected payout for the next contract year. For all regulatory 243 244 and reinsurance purposes, an insurer may calculate its projected 245 payout from the fund as its share of the total fund premium for 246 the current contract year multiplied by the sum of the projected 247 balance of the fund as of December 31 and the estimated 248 borrowing capacity for that contract year as reported under this 249 subparagraph.

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(5) REIMBURSEMENT PREMIUMS.-

251 (b)1. The State Board of Administration shall select an 252 independent consultant to develop a formula for determining the 253 actuarially indicated premium to be paid to the fund. The 254 formula shall specify, for each zip code or other limited 255 geographical area, the amount of premium to be paid by an 256 insurer for each \$1,000 of insured value under covered policies 257 in that zip code or other area. In establishing premiums, the 258 board shall consider the coverage elected under paragraph (4)(b) 259 and any factors that tend to enhance the actuarial 260 sophistication of ratemaking for the fund, including 261 deductibles, type of construction, type of coverage provided,

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262	relative concentration of risks, and other such factors deemed
263	by the board to be appropriate.
264	2. The formula must provide for a cash build-up factor <u>as</u>
265	specified in this subparagraph. For the 2009-2010 contract year,
266	the factor is 5 percent. For the 2010-2011 contract year, the
267	factor is 10 percent.
268	<u>a.</u> For the 2011-2012 contract year, the factor is $15$
269	percent.
270	b. For the 2012-2013 contract year, the factor is 20
271	percent.
272	<u>c.</u> For the 2013-2014 contract year <del>and thereafter</del> , the
273	factor is 25 percent.
274	d. For the 2014-2015 contract year, the factor is 30
275	percent.
276	e. For the 2015-2016 contract year, the factor is 35
277	percent.
278	f. For the 2016-2017 contract year, the factor is 40
279	percent.
280	g. For the 2017-2018 contract year, the factor is 45
281	percent.
282	h. For the 2018-2019 contract year and subsequent contract
283	years, the factor is 50 percent.
284	3. The formula may provide for a procedure to determine the
285	premiums to be paid by new insurers that begin writing covered
286	policies after the beginning of a contract year, taking into
287	consideration when the insurer starts writing covered policies,
288	the potential exposure of the insurer, the potential exposure of
289	the fund, the administrative costs to the insurer and to the
290	fund, and any other factors deemed appropriate by the board. The

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17-01156-1220121372\_\_\_291formula must be approved by unanimous vote of the board. The292board may, at any time, revise the formula pursuant to the293procedure provided in this paragraph.294(6) REVENUE BONDS.-295(b) Emergency assessments-

1. If the board determines that the amount of revenue 296 297 produced under subsection (5) is insufficient to fund the 298 obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the 299 corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds and that 300 portion of the debt service coverage not met by reimbursement 301 premiums, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance 302 Regulation to levy, by order, an emergency assessment on direct 303 premiums for all property and casualty lines of business in this 304 state, including property and casualty business of surplus lines 305 insurers regulated under part VIII of chapter 626, but not 306 including any workers' compensation premiums or medical 307 malpractice premiums. As used in this subsection, the term 308 "property and casualty business" includes all lines of business 309 identified on Form 2, Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the 310 annual statement required of authorized insurers by s. 624.424 311 and any rule adopted under this section, except for those lines 312 identified as accident and health insurance and except for policies written under the National Flood Insurance Program. The 313 assessment shall be specified as a percentage of direct written 314 315 premium and is subject to annual adjustments by the board in 316 order to meet debt obligations. The same percentage shall apply 317 to all policies in lines of business subject to the assessment 318 issued or renewed during the 12-month period beginning on the effective date of the assessment. 319

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320	2. <u>a.</u> A premium is not subject to an annual assessment under
321	this paragraph in excess of 6 percent of premium with respect to
322	obligations arising out of losses attributable to any one
323	contract year prior to the 2015-2016 contract year, and a
324	premium is not subject to an aggregate annual assessment under
325	this paragraph in excess of 10 percent of premium <u>if all of the</u>
326	losses that generated the obligations were attributable to
327	contract years prior to the 2015-2016 contract year. An annual
328	assessment under this paragraph shall continue as long as the
329	revenue bonds issued with respect to which the assessment was
330	imposed are outstanding, including any bonds the proceeds of
331	which were used to refund the revenue bonds, unless adequate
332	provision has been made for the payment of the bonds under the
333	documents authorizing issuance of the bonds.
334	b. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph a., a premium is
335	not subject to an annual assessment under this paragraph in
336	excess of 5 percent of premium with respect to obligations
337	arising out of losses attributable to any one contract year, and
338	a premium is not subject to an aggregate annual assessment under
339	this paragraph in excess of 8 percent of premium. An annual
340	assessment under this paragraph shall continue as long as the
341	revenue bonds issued with respect to which the assessment was
342	imposed are outstanding, including any bonds the proceeds of
343	which were used to refund the revenue bonds, unless adequate
344	provision has been made for the payment of the bonds under the
345	documents authorizing issuance of the bonds.
346	3. Emergency assessments shall be collected from
347	policyholders. Emergency assessments shall be remitted by

348 insurers as a percentage of direct written premium for the

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17-01156-12 20121372 349 preceding calendar quarter as specified in the order from the 350 Office of Insurance Regulation. The office shall verify the 351 accurate and timely collection and remittance of emergency 352 assessments and shall report the information to the board in a 353 form and at a time specified by the board. Each insurer 354 collecting assessments shall provide the information with 355 respect to premiums and collections as may be required by the 356 office to enable the office to monitor and verify compliance 357 with this paragraph. 358 4. With respect to assessments of surplus lines premiums, 359 each surplus lines agent shall collect the assessment at the 360 same time as the agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932, and the surplus lines agent shall remit the 361 362 assessment to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office created 363 by s. 626.921 at the same time as the agent remits the surplus 364 lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The 365 emergency assessment on each insured procuring coverage and 366 filing under s. 626.938 shall be remitted by the insured to the 367 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the insured 368 pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service 369 Office. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall remit the 370 collected assessments to the fund or corporation as provided in 371 the order levied by the Office of Insurance Regulation. The 372 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify the proper 373 application of such emergency assessments and shall assist the 374 board in ensuring the accurate and timely collection and 375 remittance of assessments as required by the board. The Florida 376 Surplus Lines Service Office shall annually calculate the 377 aggregate written premium on property and casualty business,

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17-01156-1220121372\_\_\_378other than workers' compensation and medical malpractice,379procured through surplus lines agents and insureds procuring380coverage and filing under s. 626.938 and shall report the381information to the board in a form and at a time specified by382the board.3835.a. Any assessment authority not used for a particular

384 contract year may be used for a subsequent contract year. If, 385 for a subsequent contract year, the board determines that the 386 amount of revenue produced under subsection (5) is insufficient 387 to fund the obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the 388 corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds and that 389 portion of the debt service coverage not met by reimbursement 390 premiums, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance 391 Regulation to levy an emergency assessment up to an amount not 392 exceeding the amount of unused assessment authority from a 393 previous contract year or years, plus an additional 4 percent, 394 if <del>provided that</del> the assessments in the aggregate do not exceed 395 the limits specified in subparagraph 2. and all of the losses 396 that generated the obligations were attributable to contract 397 years prior to the 2015-2016 contract year.

398 b. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph a., any 399 assessment authority not used for a particular contract year may be used for a subsequent contract year. If, for a subsequent 400 401 contract year, the board determines that the amount of revenue produced under subsection (5) is insufficient to fund the 402 obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the 403 404 corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds and that 405 portion of the debt service coverage not met by reimbursement premiums, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance 406

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407	Regulation to levy an emergency assessment up to an amount not
408	exceeding the amount of unused assessment authority from a
409	previous contract year or years, plus an additional 3 percent,
410	if the assessments in the aggregate do not exceed the limits
411	specified in subparagraph 2.

6. The assessments otherwise payable to the corporation 412 413 under this paragraph shall be paid to the fund unless and until 414 the Office of Insurance Regulation and the Florida Surplus Lines 415 Service Office have received from the corporation and the fund a 416 notice, which shall be conclusive and upon which they may rely 417 without further inquiry, that the corporation has issued bonds 418 and the fund has no agreements in effect with local governments 419 under paragraph (c). On or after the date of the notice and 420 until the date the corporation has no bonds outstanding, the 421 fund shall have no right, title, or interest in or to the 422 assessments, except as provided in the fund's agreement with the 423 corporation.

424 7. Emergency assessments are not premium and are not 425 subject to the premium tax, to the surplus lines tax, to any 426 fees, or to any commissions. An insurer is liable for all 427 assessments that it collects and must treat the failure of an 428 insured to pay an assessment as a failure to pay the premium. An 429 insurer is not liable for uncollectible assessments.

8. When an insurer is required to return an unearned premium, it shall also return any collected assessment attributable to the unearned premium. A credit adjustment to the collected assessment may be made by the insurer with regard to future remittances that are payable to the fund or corporation, but the insurer is not entitled to a refund.

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436	9. When a surplus lines insured or an insured who has
437	procured coverage and filed under s. 626.938 is entitled to the
438	return of an unearned premium, the Florida Surplus Lines Service
439	Office shall provide a credit or refund to the agent or such
440	insured for the collected assessment attributable to the
441	unearned premium prior to remitting the emergency assessment
442	collected to the fund or corporation.
443	10. The exemption of medical malpractice insurance premiums
444	from emergency assessments under this paragraph is repealed May
445	31, 2013, and medical malpractice insurance premiums shall be
446	subject to emergency assessments attributable to loss events
447	occurring in the contract years commencing on June 1, 2013.
448	(d) <u>State Board of Administration</u> <del>Florida Hurricane</del>
449	Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation
450	1. In addition to the findings and declarations in
451	subsection (1), the Legislature also finds and declares that:
452	a. The public benefits corporation created under this
453	paragraph will provide a mechanism necessary for the cost-
454	effective and efficient issuance of bonds. This mechanism will
455	eliminate unnecessary costs in the bond issuance process,
456	thereby increasing the amounts available to pay reimbursement
457	for losses to property sustained as a result of hurricane
458	damage.
459	b. The purpose of such bonds is to fund reimbursements
460	through the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to pay for the
461	costs of construction, reconstruction, repair, restoration, and
462	other costs associated with damage to properties of

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policyholders of covered policies due to the occurrence of a

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465	c. The efficacy of the financing mechanism will be enhanced
466	by the corporation's ownership of the assessments, by the
467	insulation of the assessments from possible bankruptcy
468	proceedings, and by covenants of the state with the
469	corporation's bondholders.
470	2.a. There is created a public benefits corporation, which
471	is an instrumentality of the state, to be known as the <u>State</u>
472	Board of Administration Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund
473	Finance Corporation.
474	b. The corporation shall operate under a five-member board
475	of directors consisting of the Governor or a designee, the Chief
476	Financial Officer or a designee, the Attorney General or a
477	designee, the director of the Division of Bond Finance of the
478	State Board of Administration, and the Chief Operating Officer
479	senior employee of the State Board of Administration responsible
480	for operations of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
481	c. The corporation has all of the powers of corporations
482	under chapter 607 and under chapter 617, subject only to the
483	provisions of this subsection.
484	d. The corporation may issue bonds and engage in such other
485	financial transactions as are necessary to provide sufficient
486	funds to achieve the purposes of this section.
487	e. The corporation may invest in any of the investments
488	authorized under s. 215.47.
489	f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause
490	of action shall arise against, any board members or employees of
491	the corporation for any actions taken by them in the performance
492	of their duties under this paragraph.

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3.a. In actions under chapter 75 to validate any bonds

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17-01156-1220121372\_494issued by the corporation, the notice required by s. 75.06 shall495be published only in Leon County and in two newspapers of496general circulation in the state, and the complaint and order of497the court shall be served only on the State Attorney of the498Second Judicial Circuit.

499 b. The state hereby covenants with holders of bonds of the 500 corporation that the state will not repeal or abrogate the power 501 of the board to direct the Office of Insurance Regulation to 502 levy the assessments and to collect the proceeds of the revenues 503 pledged to the payment of such bonds as long as any such bonds 504 remain outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing 505 506 the issuance of such bonds.

507 4. The bonds of the corporation are not a debt of the state 508 or of any political subdivision, and neither the state nor any 509 political subdivision is liable on such bonds. The corporation 510 does not have the power to pledge the credit, the revenues, or 511 the taxing power of the state or of any political subdivision. 512 The credit, revenues, or taxing power of the state or of any 513 political subdivision shall not be deemed to be pledged to the 514 payment of any bonds of the corporation.

515 5.a. The property, revenues, and other assets of the 516 corporation; the transactions and operations of the corporation 517 and the income from such transactions and operations; and all 518 bonds issued under this paragraph and interest on such bonds are 519 exempt from taxation by the state and any political subdivision, 520 including the intangibles tax under chapter 199 and the income 521 tax under chapter 220. This exemption does not apply to any tax 522 imposed by chapter 220 on interest, income, or profits on debt

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17-01156-12 20121372 523 obligations owned by corporations other than the State Board of 524 Administration Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance 525 Corporation. 526 b. All bonds of the corporation shall be and constitute 527 legal investments without limitation for all public bodies of 528 this state; for all banks, trust companies, savings banks, 529 savings associations, savings and loan associations, and 530 investment companies; for all administrators, executors, 531 trustees, and other fiduciaries; for all insurance companies and 532 associations and other persons carrying on an insurance 533 business; and for all other persons who are now or may hereafter 534 be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the 535 state and shall be and constitute eligible securities to be 536 deposited as collateral for the security of any state, county, 537 municipal, or other public funds. This sub-subparagraph shall be 538 considered as additional and supplemental authority and shall 539 not be limited without specific reference to this sub-540 subparagraph. 6. The corporation and its corporate existence shall 541 542 continue until terminated by law; however, no such law shall 543 take effect as long as the corporation has bonds outstanding 544 unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such

545 bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such 546 bonds. Upon termination of the existence of the corporation, all 547 of its rights and properties in excess of its obligations shall 548 pass to and be vested in the state.

549 <u>7. The State Board of Administration Finance Corporation is</u>
 550 for all purposes the successor to the Florida Hurricane
 551 <u>Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation.</u>

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553	(a) Findings and intent.—
554	1. The Legislature finds that:
555	a. Because of temporary disruptions in the market for
556	catastrophic reinsurance, many property insurers were unable to
557	procure reinsurance for the 2006 hurricane season with an
558	attachment point below the insurers' respective Florida
559	Hurricane Catastrophe Fund attachment points, were unable to
560	procure sufficient amounts of such reinsurance, or were able to
561	procure such reinsurance only by incurring substantially higher
562	costs than in prior years.
563	b. The reinsurance market problems were responsible, at
564	least in part, for substantial premium increases to many
565	consumers and increases in the number of policies issued by the
566	Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.
567	c. It is likely that the reinsurance market disruptions
568	will not significantly abate prior to the 2007 hurricane season.
569	2. It is the intent of the Legislature to create a
570	temporary emergency program, applicable to the 2007, 2008, and
571	2009 hurricane seasons, to address these market disruptions and
572	enable insurers, at their option, to procure additional coverage
573	from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
574	(b) Applicability of other provisions of this section.—All
575	provisions of this section and the rules adopted under this
576	section apply to the program created by this subsection unless
577	specifically superseded by this subsection.
578	(c) Optional coverageFor the contract year commencing
579	June 1, 2007, and ending May 31, 2008, the contract year
580	commencing June 1, 2008, and ending May 31, 2009, and the

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581	contract year commencing June 1, 2009, and ending May 31, 2010,
582	the board shall offer for each of such years the optional
583	coverage as provided in this subsection.
584	(d) Additional definitions. As used in this subsection, the
585	term:
586	1. "TEACO options" means the temporary emergency additional
587	coverage options created under this subsection.
588	2. "TEACO insurer" means an insurer that has opted to
589	obtain coverage under the TEACO options in addition to the
590	coverage provided to the insurer under its reimbursement
591	contract.
592	3. "TEACO reimbursement premium" means the premium charged
593	by the fund for coverage provided under the TEACO options.
594	4. "TEACO retention" means the amount of losses below which
595	a TEACO insurer is not entitled to reimbursement from the fund
596	under the TEACO option selected. A TEACO insurer's retention
597	options shall be calculated as follows:
598	a. The board shall calculate and report to each TEACO
599	insurer the TEACO retention multiples. There shall be three
600	TEACO retention multiples for defining coverage. Each multiple
601	shall be calculated by dividing \$3 billion, \$4 billion, or \$5
602	billion by the total estimated mandatory FHCF reimbursement
603	premium assuming all insurers selected the 90-percent coverage
604	<del>level.</del>
605	b. The TEACO retention multiples as determined under sub-
606	subparagraph a. shall be adjusted to reflect the coverage level
607	elected by the insurer. For insurers electing the 90-percent
608	coverage level, the adjusted retention multiple is 100 percent
609	of the amount determined under sub-subparagraph a. For insurers

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610	electing the 75-percent coverage level, the retention multiple
611	is 120 percent of the amount determined under sub-subparagraph
612	a. For insurers electing the 45-percent coverage level, the
613	adjusted retention multiple is 200 percent of the amount
614	determined under sub-subparagraph a.
615	c. An insurer shall determine its provisional TEACO
616	retention by multiplying its estimated mandatory FHCF
617	reimbursement premium by the applicable adjusted TEACO retention
618	multiple and shall determine its actual TEACO retention by
619	multiplying its actual mandatory FHCF reimbursement premium by
620	the applicable adjusted TEACO retention multiple.
621	d. For TEACO insurers who experience multiple covered
622	events causing loss during the contract year, the insurer's full
623	TEACO retention shall be applied to each of the covered events
624	causing the two largest losses for that insurer. For other
625	covered events resulting in losses, the TEACO option does not
626	apply and the insurer's retention shall be one-third of the full
627	retention as calculated under paragraph (2)(e).
628	5. "TEACO addendum" means an addendum to the reimbursement
629	contract reflecting the obligations of the fund and TEACO
630	insurers under the program created by this subsection.
631	6. "FHCF" means the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
632	<del>(e) TEACO addendum.—</del>
633	1. The TEACO addendum shall provide for reimbursement of
634	TEACO insurers for covered events occurring during the contract
635	year, in exchange for the TEACO reimbursement premium paid into
636	the fund under paragraph (f). Any insurer writing covered
637	policies has the option of choosing to accept the TEACO addendum
638	for any of the 3 contract years that the coverage is offered.

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639	2. The TEACO addendum shall contain a promise by the board
640	to reimburse the TEACO insurer for 45 percent, 75 percent, or 90
641	percent of its losses from each covered event in excess of the
642	insurer's TEACO retention, plus 5 percent of the reimbursed
643	losses to cover loss adjustment expenses. The percentage shall
644	be the same as the coverage level selected by the insurer under
645	<del>paragraph (4)(b).</del>
646	3. The TEACO addendum shall provide that reimbursement
647	amounts shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to
648	the insurer from other sources.
649	4. The TEACO addendum shall also provide that the
650	obligation of the board with respect to all TEACO addenda shall
651	not exceed an amount equal to two times the difference between
652	the industry retention level calculated under paragraph (2)(e)
653	and the \$3 billion, \$4 billion, or \$5 billion industry TEACO
654	retention level options actually selected, but in no event may
655	the board's obligation exceed the actual claims-paying capacity
656	of the fund plus the additional capacity created in paragraph
657	(g). If the actual claims-paying capacity and the additional
658	capacity created under paragraph (g) fall short of the board's
659	obligations under the reimbursement contract, each insurer's
660	share of the fund's capacity shall be prorated based on the
661	premium an insurer pays for its mandatory reimbursement coverage
662	and the premium paid for its optional TEACO coverage as each
663	such premium bears to the total premiums paid to the fund times
664	the available capacity.
665	5. The priorities, schedule, and method of reimbursements
666	under the TEACO addendum shall be the same as provided under

667 subsection (4).

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668	 6. A TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement for a single
669	event shall be equal to the product of multiplying its mandatory
670	FHCF premium by the difference between its FHCF retention
671	multiple and its TEACO retention multiple under the TEACO option
672	selected and by the coverage selected under paragraph (4)(b),
673	plus an additional 5 percent for loss adjustment expenses. A
674	TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement under the TEACO option
675	selected for a TEACO insurer's two largest events shall be twice
676	its maximum reimbursement for a single event.
677	(f) TEACO reimbursement premiums.
678	1. Each TEACO insurer shall pay to the fund, in the manner
679	and at the time provided in the reimbursement contract for
680	payment of reimbursement premiums, a TEACO reimbursement premium
681	calculated as specified in this paragraph.
682	2. The insurer's TEACO reimbursement premium associated
683	with the \$3 billion retention option shall be equal to 85
684	percent of a TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement for a single
685	event as calculated under subparagraph (e)6. The TEACO
686	reimbursement premium associated with the \$4 billion retention
687	option shall be equal to 80 percent of a TEACO insurer's maximum
688	reimbursement for a single event as calculated under
689	subparagraph (e)6. The TEACO premium associated with the \$5
690	billion retention option shall be equal to 75 percent of a TEACO
691	insurer's maximum reimbursement for a single event as calculated
692	under subparagraph (e)6.
693	(g) Effect on claims-paying capacity of the fundFor the
694	contract term commencing June 1, 2007, the contract year
695	commencing June 1, 2008, and the contract term beginning June 1,
696	2009, the program created by this subsection shall increase the

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697	claims-paying capacity of the fund as provided in subparagraph
698	(4)(c)1. by an amount equal to two times the difference between
699	the industry retention level calculated under paragraph (2)(e)
700	and the \$3 billion industry TEACO retention level specified in
701	sub-subparagraph (d)4.a. The additional capacity shall apply
702	only to the additional coverage provided by the TEACO option and
703	shall not otherwise affect any insurer's reimbursement from the
704	fund.
705	(16) (17) TEMPORARY INCREASE IN COVERAGE LIMIT OPTIONS
706	(a) Findings and intent
707	1. The Legislature finds that:
708	a. Because of temporary disruptions in the market for
709	catastrophic reinsurance, many property insurers were unable to
710	procure sufficient amounts of reinsurance for the 2006 hurricane
711	season or were able to procure such reinsurance only by
712	incurring substantially higher costs than in prior years.
713	b. The reinsurance market problems were responsible, at
714	least in part, for substantial premium increases to many
715	consumers and increases in the number of policies issued by
716	Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.
717	c. It is likely that the reinsurance market disruptions
718	will not significantly abate prior to the 2007 hurricane season.
719	2. It is the intent of the Legislature to create options
720	for insurers to purchase a temporary increased coverage limit
721	above the statutorily determined limit in subparagraph (4)(c)1.,
722	applicable for the <del>2007, 2008, 2009, 2010,</del> 2011 <del>, 2012, and 2013</del>
723	hurricane <u>season</u> seasons, to address market disruptions and
724	enable insurers, at their option, to procure additional coverage
725	from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.

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726	(b) Applicability of other provisions of this section.—All
727	provisions of this section and the rules adopted under this
728	section apply to the coverage created by this subsection unless
729	specifically superseded by provisions in this subsection.
730	(c) <i>Optional coverage.</i> -For the <del>2009-2010, 2010-2011,</del> 2011-
731	2012 <del>, 2012–2013, and 2013–2014</del> contract <u>year</u> <del>years</del> , the board
732	shall offer <del>, for each of such years,</del> the optional coverage as
733	provided in this subsection.
734	(d) Additional definitions.—As used in this subsection, the
735	term:
736	1. "FHCF" means Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
737	2. "FHCF reimbursement premium" means the premium paid by
738	an insurer for its coverage as a mandatory participant in the
739	FHCF, but does not include additional premiums for optional
740	coverages.
741	3. "Payout multiple" means the number or multiple created
742	by dividing the statutorily defined claims-paying capacity as
743	determined in subparagraph (4)(c)1. by the aggregate
744	reimbursement premiums paid by all insurers estimated or
745	projected as of calendar year-end.
746	4. "TICL" means the temporary increase in coverage limit.
747	5. "TICL options" means the temporary increase in coverage
748	options created under this subsection.
749	6. "TICL insurer" means an insurer that has opted to obtain
750	coverage under the TICL options addendum in addition to the
751	coverage provided to the insurer under its FHCF reimbursement
752	contract.
753	7. "TICL reimbursement premium" means the premium charged
754	by the fund for coverage provided under the TICL option.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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755
          8. "TICL coverage multiple" means the coverage multiple
756
     when multiplied by an insurer's reimbursement premium that
757
     defines the temporary increase in coverage limit.
758
          9. "TICL coverage" means the coverage for an insurer's
759
     losses above the insurer's statutorily determined claims-paying
760
     capacity based on the claims-paying limit in subparagraph
761
     (4) (c)1., which an insurer selects as its temporary increase in
762
     coverage from the fund under the TICL options selected. A TICL
763
     insurer's increased coverage limit options shall be calculated
764
     as follows:
765
          a. The board shall calculate and report to each TICL
766
     insurer the TICL coverage multiples based on 12 options for
     increasing the insurer's FHCF coverage limit. Each TICL coverage
767
768
     multiple shall be calculated by dividing $1 billion, $2 billion,
769
     $3 billion, $4 billion, $5 billion, $6 billion, $7 billion, $8
770
     billion, $9 billion, $10 billion, $11 billion, or $12 billion by
771
     the total estimated aggregate FHCF reimbursement premiums for
772
     the 2007-2008 contract year, and the 2008-2009 contract year.
773
          b. For the 2009-2010 contract year, the board shall
774
     calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage
775
     multiples based on 10 options for increasing the insurer's FHCF
776
     coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be calculated
777
     by dividing $1 billion, $2 billion, $3 billion, $4 billion, $5
778
     billion, $6 billion, $7 billion, $8 billion, $9 billion, and $10
779
     billion by the total estimated aggregate FHCF reimbursement
780
     premiums for the 2009-2010 contract year.
781
          c. For the 2010-2011 contract year, the board shall
782
     calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage
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783 multiples based on eight options for increasing the insurer's

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784	FHCF coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be
785	calculated by dividing \$1 billion, \$2 billion, \$3 billion, \$4
786	billion, \$5 billion, \$6 billion, \$7 billion, and \$8 billion by
787	the total estimated aggregate FHCF reimbursement premiums for
788	the contract year.
789	d. For the 2011-2012 contract year, the board shall
790	calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage
791	multiples based on six options for increasing the insurer's FHCF
792	coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be calculated
793	by dividing \$1 billion, \$2 billion, \$3 billion, \$4 billion, \$5
794	billion, and \$6 billion by the total estimated aggregate FHCF
795	reimbursement premiums for the 2011-2012 contract year.
796	<u>a.</u> e. For the 2012-2013 contract year, the board shall
797	calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage
798	multiples based on four options for increasing the insurer's
799	FHCF coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be

800 calculated by dividing \$1 billion, \$2 billion, \$3 billion, and 801 \$4 billion by the total estimated aggregate FHCF reimbursement 802 premiums for the 2012-2013 contract year.

803 f. For the 2013-2014 contract year, the board shall 804 calculate and report to each TICL insurer the TICL coverage 805 multiples based on two options for increasing the insurer's FHCF 806 coverage limit. Each TICL coverage multiple shall be calculated 807 by dividing \$1 billion and \$2 billion by the total estimated 808 aggregate FHCF reimbursement premiums for the 2013-2014 contract 809 year.

810 <u>b.g.</u> The TICL insurer's increased coverage shall be the 811 FHCF reimbursement premium multiplied by the TICL coverage 812 multiple. In order to determine an insurer's total limit of

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17-01156-12 20121372 813 coverage, an insurer shall add its TICL coverage multiple to its 814 payout multiple. The total shall represent a number that, when multiplied by an insurer's FHCF reimbursement premium for a 815 816 given reimbursement contract year, defines an insurer's total 817 limit of FHCF reimbursement coverage for that reimbursement 818 contract year. 819 10. "TICL options addendum" means an addendum to the 820 reimbursement contract reflecting the obligations of the fund 821 and insurers selecting an option to increase an insurer's FHCF 822 coverage limit. 82.3 (e) TICL options addendum.-824 1. The TICL options addendum shall provide for reimbursement of TICL insurers for covered events occurring 825 during the 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012, 2012-2013, and 2013-826 827 2014 contract year <del>years</del> in exchange for the TICL reimbursement 828 premium paid into the fund under paragraph (f) based on the TICL 829 coverage available and selected for each respective contract 830 year. Any insurer writing covered policies has the option of 831 selecting an increased limit of coverage under the TICL options 832 addendum and shall select such coverage at the time that it 833 executes the FHCF reimbursement contract. 834 2. The TICL addendum shall contain a promise by the board to reimburse the TICL insurer for 45 percent, 75 percent, or 90 835 836 percent of its losses from each covered event in excess of the

838 cover loss adjustment expenses. The percentage shall be the same 839 as the coverage level selected by the insurer under paragraph 840 (4)(b).

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3. The TICL addendum shall provide that reimbursement

insurer's retention, plus 5 percent of the reimbursed losses to

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17-01156-12 20121372 842 amounts shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to 843 the insurer from other sources. 4. The priorities, schedule, and method of reimbursements 844 under the TICL addendum shall be the same as provided under 845 846 subsection (4). (f) TICL reimbursement premiums.-Each TICL insurer shall 847 848 pay to the fund, in the manner and at the time provided in the 849 reimbursement contract for payment of reimbursement premiums, a 850 TICL reimbursement premium determined as specified in subsection 851 (5), except that a cash build-up factor does not apply to the 852 TICL reimbursement premiums. However, the TICL reimbursement 853 premium shall be increased in the 2009-2010 contract year by a factor of two, in the 2010-2011 contract year by a factor of 854 three, in the 2011-2012 contract year by a factor of four, in 855 856 the 2012-2013 contract year by a factor of five, and in the 857 2013-2014 contract year by a factor of six. 858 (g) Effect on claims-paying capacity of the fund.-For the

859 2009-2010, 2010-2011, 2011-2012, 2012-2013, and 2013-2014 860 contract year years, the program created by this subsection 861 shall increase the claims-paying capacity of the fund as 862 provided in subparagraph (4)(c)1. by an amount not to exceed \$4 863 \$12 billion and shall depend on the TICL coverage options 864 available and selected for the specified contract year and the 865 number of insurers that select the TICL optional coverage. The 866 additional capacity shall apply only to the additional coverage 867 provided under the TICL options and shall not otherwise affect 868 any insurer's reimbursement from the fund if the insurer chooses 869 not to select the temporary option to increase its limit of 870 coverage under the FHCF.

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871 <u>(17) (18)</u> FACILITATION OF INSURERS' PRIVATE CONTRACT 872 NEGOTIATIONS BEFORE THE START OF THE HURRICANE SEASON.—

(a) In addition to the legislative findings and intentprovided elsewhere in this section, the Legislature finds that:

875 1.a. Because a regular session of the Legislature begins 876 approximately 3 months before the start of a contract year and 877 ends approximately 1 month before the start of a contract year, 878 participants in the fund always face the possibility that 879 legislative actions will change the coverage provided or offered 880 by the fund with only a few days or weeks of advance notice.

b. The timing issues described in sub-subparagraph a. can
create uncertainties and disadvantages for the residential
property insurers that are required to participate in the fund
when such insurers negotiate for the procurement of private
reinsurance or other sources of capital.

c. Providing participating insurers with a greater degree of certainty regarding the coverage provided or offered by the fund and more time to negotiate for the procurement of private reinsurance or other sources of capital will enable the residential property insurance market to operate with greater stability.

892 d. Increased stability in the residential property 893 insurance market serves a primary purpose of the fund and 894 benefits Florida consumers by enabling insurers to operate more 895 economically. In years when reinsurance and capital markets are 896 experiencing a capital shortage, the last-minute rush by 897 insurers only weeks before the start of the hurricane season to 898 procure adequate coverage in order to meet their capital 899 requirements can result in higher costs that are passed on to

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900	Florida consumers. However, if more time is available,
901	residential property insurers should experience greater
902	competition for their business with a corresponding beneficial
903	effect for Florida consumers.
904	2. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide insurers
905	with the terms and conditions of the reimbursement contract well
906	in advance of the insurers' need to finalize their procurement
907	of private reinsurance or other sources of capital, and thereby
908	improve insurers' negotiating position with reinsurers and other
909	sources of capital.
910	3. It is also the intent of the Legislature that the board
911	publish the fund's maximum statutory limit of coverage and the
912	fund's total retention early enough that residential property
913	insurers can have the opportunity to better estimate their
914	coverage from the fund.
915	(b) The board shall adopt the reimbursement contract for a
916	particular contract year by February 1 of the immediately
917	preceding contract year. However, the reimbursement contract
918	shall be adopted as soon as possible in advance of the 2010-2011
919	contract year.
920	(c) Insurers writing covered policies shall execute the
921	reimbursement contract by March 1 of the immediately preceding
922	contract year, and the contract shall have an effective date as
923	defined in paragraph (2)(o).
924	(d) The board shall publish in the Florida Administrative
925	Weekly the maximum statutory adjusted capacity for the mandatory
926	coverage for a particular contract year, the maximum statutory
927	coverage for any optional coverage for the particular contract
928	year, and the aggregate fund retention used to calculate

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929	individual insurer's retention multiples for the particular
930	contract year no later than January 1 of the immediately
931	preceding contract year.
932	Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 627.0629, Florida
933	Statutes, is amended to read:
934	627.0629 Residential property insurance; rate filings
935	(5) In order to provide an appropriate transition period,
936	an insurer may implement an approved rate filing for residential
937	property insurance over a period of years. Such insurer must
938	provide an informational notice to the office setting out its
939	schedule for implementation of the phased-in rate filing. The
940	insurer may include in its rate the actual cost of private
941	market reinsurance that corresponds to available coverage of the
942	Temporary Increase in Coverage Limits, TICL, from the Florida
943	Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The insurer may also include the
944	cost of reinsurance to replace the TICL reduction implemented
945	pursuant to <u>s. 215.555(16)(d)9</u> <del>s. 215.555(17)(d)9</del> . However, this
946	cost for reinsurance may not include any expense or profit load
947	or result in a total annual base rate increase in excess of 10
948	percent.

949

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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