LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
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03/09/2012 11:20 PM	•	

Senator Garcia moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 29 and 30

insert:

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Section 2. Subsections (17) through (26) of section 373.019, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (19) through (28), respectively, and new subsections (17) and (18) are added to that section to read:

9 373.019 Definitions.-When appearing in this chapter or in 10 any rule, regulation, or order adopted pursuant thereto, the 11 term:

12 (17) "Reclaimed water" means water that has received at 13 least secondary treatment and basic disinfection and is reused

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14	after flowing out of a domestic wastewater treatment facility.
15	Reclaimed water is not subject to regulation pursuant to s.
16	373.175 or part II of this chapter until it has been discharged
17	into waters as defined in s. 403.031(13).
18	(18) "Reclaimed water distribution system" means a network
19	of pipes, pumping facilities, storage facilities, and
20	appurtenances designed to convey and distribute reclaimed water
21	from one or more domestic wastewater treatment facilities to one
22	or more users of reclaimed water.
23	Section 3. Section 373.250, Florida Statutes, is amended to
24	read:
25	373.250 Reuse of reclaimed water
26	(1) (a) The encouragement and promotion of water
27	conservation and reuse of reclaimed water, as defined by the
28	department and used in this chapter, are state objectives and
29	considered to be in the public interest. The Legislature finds
30	that the use of reclaimed water provided by domestic wastewater
31	treatment plants permitted and operated under a reuse program
32	approved by the department is environmentally acceptable and not
33	a threat to public health and safety.
34	(b) The Legislature recognizes that the interest of the
35	state to sustain water resources for the future through the use
36	of reclaimed water must be balanced with the need of reuse
37	utilities to operate and manage reclaimed water systems in
38	accordance with a variety and range of circumstances, including
39	regulatory and financial considerations, which influence the
40	development and operation of reclaimed water systems across the
41	state.
42	(2) Reclaimed water is an alternative water supply as

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43 defined in s. 373.019(1) and is eligible for alternative water 44 supply funding. A contract for state or district funding 45 assistance for the development of reclaimed water as an 46 alternative water supply may include provisions listed under s. 47 373.707(9). The use of reclaimed water may not be excluded from 48 regional water supply planning under s. 373.709.

49 <u>(3)(2)(a)</u> For purposes of this section, "uncommitted" means 50 the average amount of reclaimed water produced during the three 51 lowest-flow months minus the amount of reclaimed water that a 52 reclaimed water provider is contractually obligated to provide 53 to a customer or user.

54 (b) Reclaimed water may be presumed available to a 55 consumptive use permit applicant when a utility exists which 56 provides reclaimed water, which has <u>determined that it has</u> 57 uncommitted reclaimed water capacity, and which has distribution 58 facilities, which are initially provided by the utility at its 59 cost, to the site of the affected applicant's proposed use.

60 (b) A water management district may not require a permit 61 for the use of reclaimed water. However, when a use includes 62 surface water or groundwater, the permit for such sources may 63 include conditions that govern the use of the permitted sources 64 in relation to the feasibility or use of reclaimed water.

(c) A water management district may require the use of reclaimed water in lieu of <u>all or a portion of a proposed use of</u> surface water or groundwater <u>by an applicant</u> when the use of uncommitted reclaimed water is <u>available; is</u> environmentally, economically, and technically feasible; and <u>is</u> of such quality and reliability as is necessary to the user. However, <u>a water</u> <u>management district may neither specify any user to whom the</u>

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72 reuse utility must provide reclaimed water nor restrict the use 73 of reclaimed water provided by a reuse utility to a customer in 74 a permit or, unless requested by the reuse utility, in a water 75 shortage order or water shortage emergency order this paragraph 76 does not authorize a water management district to require a 77 provider of reclaimed water to redirect reclaimed water from one 78 user to another or to provide uncommitted water to a specific 79 user if such water is anticipated to be used by the provider, or 80 a different user selected by the provider, within a reasonable 81 amount of time.

82 (d) The South Florida Water Management District shall 83 require the use of reclaimed water made available by the elimination of wastewater ocean outfall discharges as provided 84 85 for in s. 403.086(9) in lieu of surface water or groundwater when the use of uncommitted reclaimed water is available; is 86 environmentally, economically, and technically feasible; and is 87 of such quality and reliability as is necessary to the user. 88 89 Such reclaimed water may also be required in lieu of other 90 alternative sources. In determining whether or not to require such reclaimed water in lieu of other alternative sources, the 91 water management district shall consider existing infrastructure 92 93 investments in place or obligated to be constructed by an executed contract or similar binding agreement as of July 1, 94 95 2011, for the development of other alternative sources.

96 <u>(4) (3)</u> The water management district shall, in consultation 97 with the department, adopt rules to implement this section. Such 98 rules shall include, but not be limited to:

99 (a) Provisions to permit use of water from other sources in100 emergency situations or if reclaimed water becomes unavailable,

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101 for the duration of the emergency or the unavailability of reclaimed water. These provisions shall also specify the method 102 for establishing the quantity of water to be set aside for use 103 104 in emergencies or when reclaimed water becomes unavailable. The 105 amount set aside is subject to periodic review and revision. The 106 methodology shall take into account the risk that reclaimed 107 water may not be available in the future, the risk that other sources may be fully allocated to other uses in the future, the 108 109 nature of the uses served with reclaimed water, the extent to 110 which the applicant intends to rely upon reclaimed water, and 111 the extent of economic harm which may result if other sources 112 are not available to replace the reclaimed water. It is the 113 intent of this paragraph to ensure that users of reclaimed water 114 have the same access to ground or surface water and will otherwise be treated in the same manner as other users of the 115 116 same class not relying on reclaimed water.

117 (b) A water management district shall not adopt any rule 118 which gives preference to users within any class of use 119 established under s. 373.246 who do not use reclaimed water over 120 users within the same class who use reclaimed water.

121 (b) (c) Provisions to require permit applicants that are not 122 reuse utilities to provide, as part of their reclaimed water 123 feasibility evaluation for a nonpotable use, written 124 documentation from a reuse utility addressing the availability 125 of reclaimed water. This requirement shall apply when the 126 applicant's proposed use is within an area that is or may be 127 served with reclaimed water by a reuse utility within a 5-year horizon, as established by the reuse utility and provided to the 128 129 district. If the applicable reuse utility fails to respond or

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130 does not provide the information required under paragraph (c) (d) within 30 days after receipt of the request, the applicant 131 132 shall provide to the district a copy of the written request and 133 a statement that the utility failed to provide the requested 134 information. The district is not required to adopt, by rule, the 135 area where written documentation from a reuse utility is 136 required, but the district shall publish the area, and any 137 updates thereto, on the district's website. This paragraph may 1.38 not be construed to limit the ability of a district to require 139 the use of reclaimed water or to limit a utility's ability to 140 plan reclaimed water infrastructure.

141 <u>(c) (d)</u> Provisions specifying the content of the 142 documentation required in paragraph <u>(b)</u> (c), including 143 sufficient information regarding the availability and costs 144 associated with the connection to and the use of reclaimed 145 water, to facilitate the permit applicant's reclaimed water 146 feasibility evaluation.

148 <u>A water management district may not adopt any rule that gives</u> 149 <u>preference to users within any class of use established under s.</u> 150 <u>373.246 who do not use reclaimed water over users within the</u> 151 <u>same class who use reclaimed water.</u>

152 (5) (a) No later than October 1, 2012, the department shall 153 initiate rulemaking to adopt revisions to the water resource 154 implementation rule, as defined in s. 373.019(23), which shall 155 include:

156 <u>1. Criteria for the use of a proposed impact offset derived</u>
 157 from the use of reclaimed water when a water management district
 158 evaluates an application for a consumptive use permit. As used

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159 <u>in this subparagraph, the term "impact offset" means the use of</u> 160 <u>reclaimed water to reduce or eliminate a harmful impact that has</u> 161 <u>occurred or would otherwise occur as a result of other surface</u> 162 <u>water or groundwater withdrawals.</u>

163 2. Criteria for the use of substitution credits where a 164 water management district has adopted rules establishing 165 withdrawal limits from a specified water resource within a 166 defined geographic area. As used in this subparagraph, the term 167 "substitution credit" means the use of reclaimed water to 168 replace all or a portion of an existing permitted use of 169 resource-limited surface water or groundwater, allowing a 170 different user or use to initiate a withdrawal or increase its 171 withdrawal from the same resource-limited surface water or 172 groundwater source provided that the withdrawal creates no net 173 adverse impact on the limited water resource or creates a net 174 positive impact if required by water management district rule as 175 part of a strategy to protect or recover a water resource.

(b) Within 60 days after the final adoption by the
department of the revisions to the water resource implementation
rule required under paragraph (a), each water management
district shall initiate rulemaking to incorporate those
revisions by reference into the rules of the district.

181 <u>(6)</u>(4) Reuse utilities and the applicable water management 182 district or districts are encouraged to periodically coordinate 183 and share information concerning the status of reclaimed water 184 distribution system construction, the availability of reclaimed 185 water supplies, and existing consumptive use permits in areas 186 served by the reuse utility.

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(7) (5) Nothing in This section does not impair or limit the



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188	authority of shall impair a water management district district's
189	authority to plan for and regulate consumptive uses of water
190	under this chapter or regulate the use of surface water or
191	groundwater to supplement a reclaimed water system.
192	(8) (6) This section applies to <u>applications for</u> new
193	consumptive use permits and renewals and modifications of
194	existing consumptive use permits.
195	Section 4. This act does not:
196	(1) Impair or limit the authority of the Department of
197	Environmental Protection to regulate water quality, including
198	reclaimed water, pursuant to chapter 403, Florida Statutes, or
199	to require a reuse feasibility study pursuant to s. 403.064,
200	Florida Statutes.
201	(2) Impair or limit the authority of a water management
202	district to conduct regional water supply planning pursuant
203	chapter 373, Florida Statutes.
204	(3) Affect any requirement that may be applicable to
205	funding of alternative water supply development, including
206	reclaimed water, pursuant to s. 373.707, Florida Statutes.
207	(4) Affect or limit any applicable provisions regarding the
208	setting of rates by public and private water utilities pursuant
209	to chapter 153 or chapter 180, Florida Statutes, or s. 367.081,
210	Florida Statutes.
211	(5) Affect or impair the powers of the Governor under the
212	State Constitution; general law, including, but not limited to,
213	chapter 14, Florida Statutes; and police powers of the state to
214	adopt and enforce emergency rules, regulations, and orders.
215	Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section
216	373.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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217 373.036 Florida water plan; district water management 218 plans.-

(1) FLORIDA WATER PLAN.-In cooperation with the water
 management districts, regional water supply authorities, and
 others, the department shall develop the Florida water plan. The
 Florida water plan shall include, but not be limited to:

(d) Goals, objectives, and guidance for the development and 223 224 review of programs, rules, and plans relating to water 225 resources, based on statutory policies and directives. The state 226 water policy rule, renamed the water resource implementation 227 rule pursuant to s. $373.019(25) \frac{373.019(23)}{373.019(23)}$, shall serve as this 228 part of the plan. Amendments or additions to this part of the 229 Florida water plan shall be adopted by the department as part of 230 the water resource implementation rule. In accordance with s. 231 373.114, the department shall review rules of the water 232 management districts for consistency with this rule. Amendments 233 to the water resource implementation rule must be adopted by the 234 secretary of the department and be submitted to the President of 235 the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives 236 within 7 days after publication in the Florida Administrative 237 Weekly. Amendments shall not become effective until the 238 conclusion of the next regular session of the Legislature following their adoption. 239

240 Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 373.421, Florida 241 Statutes, is amended to read:

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373.421 Delineation methods; formal determinations.-

(1) The Environmental Regulation Commission shall adopt a
unified statewide methodology for the delineation of the extent
of wetlands as defined in s. 373.019(27) 373.019(25). This

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246 methodology shall consider regional differences in the types of 247 soils and vegetation that may serve as indicators of the extent 248 of wetlands. This methodology shall also include provisions for 249 determining the extent of surface waters other than wetlands for 250 the purposes of regulation under s. 373.414. This methodology 251 shall not become effective until ratified by the Legislature. 252 Subsequent to legislative ratification, the wetland definition 253 in s. 373.019(27) 373.019(25) and the adopted wetland 254 methodology shall be binding on the department, the water 255 management districts, local governments, and any other 256 governmental entities. Upon ratification of such wetland 257 methodology, the Legislature preempts the authority of any water 258 management district, state or regional agency, or local 259 government to define wetlands or develop a delineation 260 methodology to implement the definition and determines that the 261 exclusive definition and delineation methodology for wetlands 262 shall be that established pursuant to s. 373.019(27) $\frac{373.019(25)}{273.019(25)}$ and this section. Upon such legislative ratification, any 263 264 existing wetlands definition or wetland delineation methodology 265 shall be superseded by the wetland definition and delineation 266 methodology established pursuant to this chapter. Subsequent to 267 legislative ratification, a delineation of the extent of a 268 surface water or wetland by the department or a water management 269 district, pursuant to a formal determination under subsection 270 (2), or pursuant to a permit issued under this part in which the 271 delineation was field-verified by the permitting agency and 272 specifically approved in the permit, shall be binding on all other governmental entities for the duration of the formal 273 274 determination or permit. All existing rules and methodologies of



275 the department, the water management districts, and local 276 governments, regarding surface water or wetland definition and 277 delineation shall remain in full force and effect until the 278 common methodology rule becomes effective. However, this shall 279 not be construed to limit any power of the department, the water 280 management districts, and local governments to amend or adopt a 281 surface water or wetland definition or delineation methodology 282 until the common methodology rule becomes effective.

283 Section 7. Paragraphs (r) and (u) of subsection (1) of 284 section 403.813, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions.-

286 (1) A permit is not required under this chapter, chapter 373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 or 287 288 chapter 25270, 1949, Laws of Florida, for activities associated with the following types of projects; however, except as 289 290 otherwise provided in this subsection, nothing in this 291 subsection relieves an applicant from any requirement to obtain 292 permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees 293 of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or any water management 294 district in its governmental or proprietary capacity or from 295 complying with applicable local pollution control programs 296 authorized under this chapter or other requirements of county 297 and municipal governments:

(r) The removal of aquatic plants, the removal of tussocks, the associated replanting of indigenous aquatic plants, and the associated removal from lakes of organic detrital material when such planting or removal is performed and authorized by permit or exemption granted under s. 369.20 or s. 369.25, provided that:

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304 1. Organic detrital material that exists on the surface of 305 natural mineral substrate shall be allowed to be removed to a 306 depth of 3 feet or to the natural mineral substrate, whichever 307 is less;

2. All material removed pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited in an upland site in a manner that will prevent the reintroduction of the material into waters in the state except when spoil material is permitted to be used to create wildlife islands in freshwater bodies of the state when a governmental entity is permitted pursuant to s. 369.20 to create such islands as a part of a restoration or enhancement project;

315 3. All activities are performed in a manner consistent with316 state water quality standards; and

4. No activities under this exemption are conducted in
wetland areas, as defined <u>in by</u> s. <u>373.019(27)</u> 373.019(25),
which are supported by a natural soil as shown in applicable
United States Department of Agriculture county soil surveys,
except when a governmental entity is permitted pursuant to s.
369.20 to conduct such activities as a part of a restoration or
enhancement project.

325 The department may not adopt implementing rules for this 326 paragraph, notwithstanding any other provision of law.

(u) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this subsection, a permit or other authorization under chapter 253, chapter 369, chapter 373, or this chapter is not required for an individual residential property owner for the removal of organic detrital material from freshwater rivers or lakes that have a natural sand or rocky substrate and that are not Aquatic

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333 Preserves or for the associated removal and replanting of 334 aquatic vegetation for the purpose of environmental enhancement, 335 providing that:

1. No activities under this exemption are conducted in wetland areas, as defined <u>in by</u> s. <u>373.019(27)</u> 373.019(25), which are supported by a natural soil as shown in applicable United States Department of Agriculture county soil surveys.

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2. No filling or peat mining is allowed.

341 3. No removal of native wetland trees, including, but not 342 limited to, ash, bay, cypress, gum, maple, or tupelo, occurs.

343 4. When removing organic detrital material, no portion of 344 the underlying natural mineral substrate or rocky substrate is 345 removed.

346 5. Organic detrital material and plant material removed is 347 deposited in an upland site in a manner that will not cause 348 water quality violations.

349 6. All activities are conducted in such a manner, and with
350 appropriate turbidity controls, so as to prevent any water
351 quality violations outside the immediate work area.

352 7. Replanting with a variety of aquatic plants native to 353 the state shall occur in a minimum of 25 percent of the 354 preexisting vegetated areas where organic detrital material is 355 removed, except for areas where the material is removed to bare 356 rocky substrate; however, an area may be maintained clear of 357 vegetation as an access corridor. The access corridor width may 358 not exceed 50 percent of the property owner's frontage or 50 359 feet, whichever is less, and may be a sufficient length 360 waterward to create a corridor to allow access for a boat or swimmer to reach open water. Replanting must be at a minimum 361

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362 density of 2 feet on center and be completed within 90 days 363 after removal of existing aquatic vegetation, except that under 364 dewatered conditions replanting must be completed within 90 days 365 after reflooding. The area to be replanted must extend waterward 366 from the ordinary high water line to a point where normal water 367 depth would be 3 feet or the preexisting vegetation line, 368 whichever is less. Individuals are required to make a reasonable 369 effort to maintain planting density for a period of 6 months 370 after replanting is complete, and the plants, including 371 naturally recruited native aquatic plants, must be allowed to 372 expand and fill in the revegetation area. Native aquatic plants 373 to be used for revegetation must be salvaged from the 374 enhancement project site or obtained from an aquatic plant 375 nursery regulated by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 376 Services. Plants that are not native to the state may not be 377 used for replanting.

8. No activity occurs any farther than 100 feet waterward of the ordinary high water line, and all activities must be designed and conducted in a manner that will not unreasonably restrict or infringe upon the riparian rights of adjacent upland riparian owners.

9. The person seeking this exemption notifies the applicable department district office in writing at least 30 days before commencing work and allows the department to conduct a preconstruction site inspection. Notice must include an organic-detrital-material removal and disposal plan and, if applicable, a vegetation-removal and revegetation plan.

389 10. The department is provided written certification of 390 compliance with the terms and conditions of this paragraph

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391 within 30 days after completion of any activity occurring under 392 this exemption. 393 Section 8. Subsection (6) of section 556.102, Florida 394 Statutes, is amended to read: 395 556.102 Definitions.-As used in this act: 396 (6) "Excavate" or "excavation" means any manmade cut, 397 cavity, trench, or depression in the earth's surface, formed by 398 removal of earth, intended to change the grade or level of land, 399 or intended to penetrate or disturb the surface of the earth, 400 including land beneath the waters of the state, as defined in s. 401 373.019(22) 373.019(20), and the term includes pipe bursting and 402 directional drilling or boring from one point to another point 403 beneath the surface of the earth, or other trenchless 404 technologies. 405 406 407 And the title is amended as follows: Delete line 9 408 409 and insert: 410 its expiration; amending s. 373.019, F.S.; defining 411 the terms "reclaimed water" and "reclaimed water 412 distribution system"; amending s. 373.250, F.S.; 413 providing legislative findings relating to the use of 414 reclaimed water; providing that reclaimed water is an 415 alternative water supply and eligible for such 416 funding; authorizing specified contract provisions for 417 the development of reclaimed water as an alternative water supply; prohibiting the exclusion of reclaimed 418 419 water use from regional water supply planning;

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420 deleting a definition for the term "uncommitted"; 421 providing for the determination of uncommitted reclaimed water capacity by certain utilities; 422 423 prohibiting water management districts from requiring 424 permits for the use of reclaimed water; authorizing 425 permit conditions for certain surface water and 426 groundwater sources; authorizing water management 427 districts to require the use of reclaimed water under 42.8 certain conditions; prohibiting water management 429 districts from requiring or restricting services 430 provided by reuse utilities; providing an exception; 431 clarifying which permit applicants are required to 432 submit certain information; requiring the Department 433 of Environmental Protection and each water management 434 district to initiate rulemaking to adopt specified 435 revisions to the water resource implementation rule; 436 revising applicability; providing for construction of 437 the act; amending ss. 373.036, 373.421, 403.813, and 438 556.102, F.S.; conforming cross-references to changes 439 made by the act; providing an effective date.