${\bf By}$  Senator Montford

	6-01222-12 20121522
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to accountability in public schools;
3	amending s. 1002.332, F.S., relating to the high-
4	performing charter school system; conforming
5	provisions and cross-references to changes made by the
6	act; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; providing that
7	students who are enrolled in high school courses
8	requiring end-of-course assessments are not required
9	to take the corresponding statewide comprehensive
10	assessments; deleting an obsolete date; amending s.
11	1008.33, F.S.; requiring that the State Board of
12	Education comply with the federal Elementary and
13	Secondary Education Act, including any waivers
14	approved under that act; requiring that the Department
15	of Education annually identify a public school based
16	on the school's grade designated pursuant to s.
17	1008.34, F.S., for the purpose of determining whether
18	the school requires intervention and support
19	strategies for improvement; requiring that the
20	department apply the most intense intervention
21	strategies to schools that are identified as having a
22	grade of "F" or schools that are consistently
23	performing below the acceptable standards; requiring
24	that a school district implement the district-managed
25	turnaround plan and meet the plan's requirements if
26	the school district has a school identified as having
27	a grade of "D" for 3 consecutive years; deleting
28	provisions categorizing the lowest-performing schools;
29	requiring that a school district select a turnaround

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20121522 6-01222-12 30 plan option and submit a plan for approval by the 31 State Board of Education; requiring that the school 32 district implement the approved plan within 2 school years after the school has been identified as having a 33 34 grade of "F"; providing that a school district may 35 implement a combination of the available options or 36 select another turnaround plan that has a demonstrated 37 record of effectiveness; requiring that a school district submit another plan if a school does not 38 39 improve and achieve a grade of "C" or does not meet 40 the performance targets adopted by the State Board of 41 Education; requiring that the plan be implemented at 42 the beginning of the next school year after the 43 implementation period of the previous option; 44 providing exceptions; providing that implementation of 45 the turnaround option is no longer required when a school achieves a grade of "C" and meets the 46 47 performance targets; requiring that the State Board of Education establish and adopt performance targets in 48 reading and mathematics; authorizing a school district 49 50 to submit a request to the Department of Education for 51 a hold status to implement a turnaround plan option in 52 a school beyond the 2-year implementation period; 53 requiring that the department grant the request if 54 certain conditions are met; prohibiting a school from 55 remaining in a hold status for more than 2 years; 56 requiring that a school identified as having a grade 57 of "F" before July 1, 2012, continue to implement the 58 turnaround option; amending s. 1008.34, F.S.; revising

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59	provisions relating to the designation of school
60	grades; deleting obsolete dates for including the
61	learning gains of students seeking special diplomas;
62	extending dates relating to student assessment data;
63	requiring that a high school demonstrate that the
64	graduation rate of its at-risk students is increasing
65	in order to be designated as having a grade of "A";
66	requiring that district grades be calculated based on
67	the student achievement and learning gains data used
68	for calculating school grades, including students who
69	are enrolled for a full school year in each school
70	district and who meet other criteria for purposes of
71	designating school grades; amending ss. 1012.07 and
72	1012.2315, F.S.; conforming provisions and cross-
73	references to changes made by the act; providing an
74	effective date.
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76	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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78	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
79	1002.332, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
80	1002.332 High-performing charter school system
81	(1) For purposes of this section, the term:
82	(b) "High-performing charter school system" means an entity
83	that:
84	1. Operates at least three high-performing charter schools
85	in the state;
86	2. Operates a system of charter schools in which at least
87	50 percent of the charter schools are high-performing charter

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6-01222-12 20121522 88 schools pursuant to s. 1002.331 and in which none have been 89 designated as having no charter school received a school grade 90 of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34, except that: 91 a. If the entity has assumed operation of a public school pursuant to s. 1008.33(5)(b)3. which has been identified as 92 having 1008.33(5)(a)3. with a school grade of "D" or "F," the 93 94 public that school's grade may shall not be considered in 95 determining high-performing charter school system status for a 96 period of 3 years. 97 b. If the entity establishes a new charter school that serves a student population the majority of which resides in a 98 99 school zone served by a public school that is identified as 100 having a grade of "F" or is consistently performing below the 101 acceptable standards as provided in lowest performing under s. 102  $1008.33(4) \frac{1008.33(4)(b)}{b}$ , that charter school's grade may shall 103 not be considered in determining high-performing charter school 104 system status if it attains and maintains a school grade that is 105 higher than that of the public school serving that school zone within 3 years after establishment; and 106 107 3. Has not received a financial audit that revealed one or more of the financial emergency conditions set forth in s. 108 109 218.503(1) for any charter school assumed or established by the 110 entity. Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 111 112 1008.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 113 1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.-114 (3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.-The commissioner shall 115 design and implement a statewide program of educational 116 assessment that provides information for the improvement of the

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6-01222-12 20121522 117 operation and management of the public schools, including 118 schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. 119 120 The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued 121 administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation 122 programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may 123 be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may 124 be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. 125 The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or 126 lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the 127 128 statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:

129 (c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing 130 program as follows:

131 1. The Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) 132 measures a student's content knowledge and skills in reading, 133 writing, science, and mathematics. The content knowledge and 134 skills assessed by the FCAT must be aligned to the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine 135 136 State Standards. Other content areas may be included as directed 137 by the commissioner. Comprehensive assessments of reading and 138 mathematics shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 139 10 except, beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, the administration of grade 9 FCAT Mathematics shall be 140 141 discontinued, and beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the 142 administration of grade 10 FCAT Mathematics shall be 143 discontinued, except as required for students who have not 144 attained minimum performance expectations for graduation as 145 provided in paragraph (9) (c). FCAT Writing and FCAT Science

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6-01222-12 20121522 146 shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, 147 and high school levels except, beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, the administration of FCAT Science at the high 148 149 school level shall be discontinued. 150 2.a. End-of-course assessments for a subject shall be 151 administered in addition to the comprehensive assessments 152 required under subparagraph 1. However, students who are 153 enrolled in high school courses requiring end-of-course 154 assessments are not required to take the corresponding statewide 155 comprehensive assessments. End-of-course assessments must be 156 rigorous, statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by 157 the department. The content knowledge and skills assessed by 158 end-of-course assessments must be aligned to the core curricular 159 content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State 160 Standards. 161 (I) Statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in 162 mathematics shall be administered according to this sub-sub-163 subparagraph. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, all 164 students enrolled in Algebra I or an equivalent course must take 165 the Algebra I end-of-course assessment. For students entering grade 9 during the 2010-2011 school year and who are enrolled in 166 167 Algebra I or an equivalent course, each student's performance on 168 the end-of-course assessment in Algebra I shall constitute 30 169 percent of the student's final course grade. Beginning with 170 students entering grade 9 in the 2011-2012 school year, a 171 student who is enrolled in Algebra I or an equivalent course 172 must earn a passing score on the end-of-course assessment in 173 Algebra I or attain an equivalent score as described in

174 subsection (11) in order to earn course credit. Beginning with

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185 (II) Statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments in 186 science shall be administered according to this sub-sub-187 subparagraph. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, all 188 students enrolled in Biology I or an equivalent course must take 189 the Biology I end-of-course assessment. For the 2011-2012 school 190 year, each student's performance on the end-of-course assessment 191 in Biology I shall constitute 30 percent of the student's final 192 course grade. Beginning with students entering grade 9 during the 2012-2013 school year, a student must earn a passing score 193 194 on the end-of-course assessment in Biology I in order to earn 195 course credit.

196 b. During the 2012-2013 school year, an end-of-course 197 assessment in civics education shall be administered as a field test at the middle school level. During the 2013-2014 school 198 199 year, each student's performance on the statewide, standardized 200 end-of-course assessment in civics education shall constitute 30 201 percent of the student's final course grade. Beginning with the 202 2014-2015 school year, a student must earn a passing score on 203 the end-of-course assessment in civics education in order to

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6-01222-12 20121522 204 pass the course and be promoted from the middle grades. The 205 school principal of a middle school shall determine, in 206 accordance with State Board of Education rule, whether a student 207 who transfers to the middle school and who has successfully 208 completed a civics education course at the student's previous 209 school must take an end-of-course assessment in civics 210 education.

211 c. The commissioner may select one or more nationally 212 developed comprehensive examinations, which may include, but 213 need not be limited to, examinations for a College Board Advanced Placement course, International Baccalaureate course, 214 or Advanced International Certificate of Education course, or 215 216 industry-approved examinations to earn national industry 217 certifications identified in the Industry Certification Funding 218 List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education, 219 for use as end-of-course assessments under this paragraph, if 220 the commissioner determines that the content knowledge and 221 skills assessed by the examinations meet or exceed the grade level expectations for the core curricular content established 222 223 for the course in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. 224 The commissioner may collaborate with the American Diploma 225 Project in the adoption or development of rigorous end-of-course 226 assessments that are aligned to the Next Generation Sunshine 227 State Standards.

d. Contingent upon funding provided in the General
Appropriations Act, including the appropriation of funds
received through federal grants, the Commissioner of Education
shall establish an implementation schedule for the development
and administration of additional statewide, standardized end-of-

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6-01222-12 20121522 233 course assessments in English/Language Arts II, Algebra II, 234 chemistry, physics, earth/space science, United States history, 235 and world history. Priority shall be given to the development of 236 end-of-course assessments in English/Language Arts II. The 237 Commissioner of Education shall evaluate the feasibility and 238 effect of transitioning from the grade 9 and grade 10 FCAT 239 Reading and high school level FCAT Writing to an end-of-course assessment in English/Language Arts II. The commissioner shall 240 report the results of the evaluation to the President of the 241 2.42 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than July 1, 2011. 243

244 3. The testing program shall measure student content 245 knowledge and skills adopted by the State Board of Education as 246 specified in paragraph (a) and measure and report student 247 performance levels of all students assessed in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the 248 249 tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through 250 contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public 251 vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational 252 institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain 253 input with respect to the design and implementation of the 254 testing program from state educators, assistive technology 255 experts, and the public.

4. The testing program shall be composed of criterionreferenced tests that shall, to the extent determined by the commissioner, include test items that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the core content knowledge and skills he or she uses can be measured.
5. FCAT Reading, Mathematics, and Science and all

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6-01222-12 20121522 262 statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments shall measure 263 the content knowledge and skills a student has attained on the 264 assessment by the use of scaled scores and achievement levels. 265 Achievement levels shall range from 1 through 5, with level 1 266 being the lowest achievement level, level 5 being the highest 267 achievement level, and level 3 indicating satisfactory 268 performance on an assessment. For purposes of FCAT Writing, 269 student achievement shall be scored using a scale of 1 through 6 270 and the score earned shall be used in calculating school grades. 271 A score shall be designated for each subject area tested, below 272 which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction 273 274 to students who score below these levels.

275 6. The State Board of Education shall, by rule, designate a 276 passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test and 277 end-of-course assessments. Any rule that has the effect of 278 raising the required passing scores may apply only to students 279 taking the assessment for the first time after the rule is adopted by the State Board of Education. Except as otherwise 280 281 provided in this subparagraph and as provided in s. 282 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b), students must earn a 283 passing score on grade 10 FCAT Reading and grade 10 FCAT 284 Mathematics or attain concordant scores as described in 285 subsection (10) in order to qualify for a standard high school 286 diploma.

7. In addition to designating a passing score under subparagraph 6., the State Board of Education shall also designate, by rule, a score for each statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment which indicates that a student is high

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6-01222-12 20121522 291 achieving and has the potential to meet college-readiness 292 standards by the time the student graduates from high school. 293 8. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served 294 295 in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise 296 prescribed by the commissioner. A student who has not earned 297 passing scores on the grade 10 FCAT as provided in subparagraph 298 6. must participate in each retake of the assessment until the 299 student earns passing scores or achieves scores on a 300 standardized assessment which are concordant with passing scores 301 pursuant to subsection (10). If a student does not participate 302 in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the 303 student's parent and provide the parent with information 304 regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. A parent 305 must provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom 306 instructional accommodations that would not be available or 307 permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in 308 writing that he or she understands the implications of such 309 instructional accommodations. The State Board of Education shall 310 adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for 311 the provision of test accommodations for students in exceptional 312 education programs and for students who have limited English 313 proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of 314 315 the FCAT or an end-of-course assessment. However, instructional 316 accommodations are allowable in the classroom if included in a 317 student's individual education plan. Students using 318 instructional accommodations in the classroom which that are not 319 allowable as accommodations on the FCAT or an end-of-course

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6-01222-12 20121522 320 assessment may have the FCAT or an end-of-course assessment 321 requirement waived pursuant to the requirements of s. 322 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b). 9. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet 323 324 the same testing requirements that a regular high school student 325 must meet. 326 10. District school boards must provide instruction to 327 prepare students in the core curricular content established in 328 the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards adopted under s. 329 1003.41, including the core content knowledge and skills 330 necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high 331 school graduation. If a student is provided with instructional 332 accommodations in the classroom which that are not allowable as accommodations in the statewide assessment program, as described 333 334 in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in 335 writing and must provide the parent with information regarding 336 the impact on the student's ability to meet expected performance 337 levels in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that 338 339 the required core curricular content is part of the district 340 instructional programs. 341 11. District school boards must provide opportunities for

341 II. District school boards must provide opportunities for 342 students to demonstrate an acceptable performance level on an 343 alternative standardized assessment approved by the State Board 344 of Education following enrollment in summer academies.

345 12. The Department of Education must develop, or select, 346 and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be 347 used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools 348 must accurately measure the core curricular content established

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349 in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.

350 13. For students seeking a special diploma pursuant to s.
351 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop or select and
352 implement an alternate assessment tool that accurately measures
353 the core curricular content established in the Next Generation
354 Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities under s.
355 1003.438.

356 14. The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules 357 for the administration of statewide assessments and the 358 reporting of student test results. When establishing the 359 schedules for the administration of statewide assessments, the 360 commissioner shall consider the observance of religious and 361 school holidays. The commissioner shall, by August 1 of each 362 year, notify each school district in writing and publish on the 363 department's Internet website the testing and reporting 364 schedules for, at a minimum, the school year following the 365 upcoming school year. The testing and reporting schedules shall 366 require that:

a. There is the latest possible administration of statewide 367 368 assessments and the earliest possible reporting to the school 369 districts of student test results which is feasible within 370 available technology and specific appropriations; however, test 371 results for the FCAT must be made available no later than the 372 week of June 8. Student results for end-of-course assessments 373 must be provided no later than 1 week after the school district 374 completes testing for each course. The commissioner may extend 375 the reporting schedule under exigent circumstances.

376 b. FCAT Writing may not be administered earlier than the 377 week of March 1, and a comprehensive statewide assessment of any

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6-01222-1220121522\_378other subject may not be administered earlier than the week of379April 15.

380 c. A statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment is 381 administered at the end of the course. The commissioner shall 382 select an administration period for assessments that meets the 383 intent of end-of-course assessments and provides student results 384 prior to the end of the course. School districts shall 385 administer tests in accordance with the schedule determined by 386 the commissioner. For an end-of-course assessment administered 387 at the end of the first semester, the commissioner shall 388 determine the most appropriate testing dates based on a review 389 of each school district's academic calendar.

391 The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from 392 school districts, design and implement student testing programs, 393 for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively 394 monitor educational achievement in the state, including the 395 measurement of educational achievement of the Next Generation 396 Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities. 397 Development and refinement of assessments shall include 398 universal design principles and accessibility standards that 399 will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with 400 disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the 401 test. These principles shall should be applicable to all 402 technology platforms and assistive devices available for the 403 assessments. The field testing process and psychometric analyses 404 for the statewide assessment program must include an appropriate 405 percentage of students with disabilities and an evaluation or 406 determination of the effect of test items on such students.

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          Section 3. Section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to
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     read:
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          1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.-
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          (1) The State Board of Education shall comply with the
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     federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C.
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     ss. 6301 et seq., including any waivers approved under the act,
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     and its implementing regulations. The State Board of Education
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     is authorized to adopt rules in compliance with the ESEA and,
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     after evaluating and determining that the ESEA and its
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     implementing regulations are consistent with the statements of
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     purpose set forth in the ESEA (2002), may adopt rules to
     maintain compliance with the ESEA, including any waivers
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     approved under the act.
           (2) (a) Pursuant to subsection (1) and ss. 1008.34,
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     1008.345, and 1008.385, the State Board of Education shall hold
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     all school districts and public schools accountable for student
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423 performance. The state board is responsible for a state system 424 of school improvement and education accountability that assesses 425 student performance by school, identifies schools in which 426 students are not making adequate progress toward state 427 standards, and institutes appropriate measures for enforcing 428 improvement.

(b) The state system of school improvement and education accountability must provide for uniform accountability standards, provide assistance of escalating intensity to lowperforming schools, direct support to schools in order to improve and sustain performance, focus on the performance of student subgroups, and enhance student performance.

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(c) School districts must be held accountable for improving

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6-01222-12 20121522 436 the academic achievement of all students and for identifying and 437 turning around low-performing schools. 438 (3) (a) The academic performance of all students has a 439 significant effect on the state school system. Pursuant to Art. IX of the State Constitution, which prescribes the duty of the 440 State Board of Education to supervise Florida's public school 441 442 system, the State Board of Education shall equitably enforce the 443 accountability requirements of the state school system and may 444 impose state requirements on school districts in order to 445 improve the academic performance of all districts, schools, and 446 students based upon the provisions of the Florida K-20 Education 447 Code, chapters 1000-1013, and the federal Elementary and 448 Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. ss. 6301 et seq., including 449 any waivers approved under the act, and its implementing 450 regulations. 451 (b) For the purpose of determining whether a public school

(b) For the purpose of determining whether a public school requires action to achieve a sufficient level of school improvement, beginning with the <u>2012-2013</u> <del>2010-2011</del> school year, the Department of Education shall annually <u>identify</u> <del>categorize</del> a public school in one of six categories based on the <del>following:</del>

456 1. a school's grade based upon statewide assessments
457 administered pursuant to s. <u>1008.34</u> <del>1008.22; and</del>

458 2. The level and rate of change in student performance in 459 the areas of reading and mathematics, disaggregated into student 460 subgroups as described in the federal Elementary and Secondary 461 Education Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II).

462 (c) Appropriate intervention and support strategies shall
463 be applied to schools that require action to achieve a
464 sufficient level of improvement as described in paragraph (b).

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465	The intervention and support strategies must address student
466	performance, including, but not limited to, improvement
467	planning, leadership quality improvement, educator quality
468	improvement, professional development, curriculum alignment and
469	pacing, and the use of continuous improvement and monitoring
470	plans and processes. The State Board of Education may prescribe
471	reporting requirements to review and monitor the progress of the
472	schools.
473	(4) The Department of Education shall create a matrix that
474	reflects intervention and support strategies to address the
475	particular needs of <u>each school</u> <del>schools in each category</del> .
476	<del>(a)</del> Intervention and support strategies shall be applied to
477	<u>a school</u> schools based upon the <u>school's grade</u> school
478	categorization pursuant to <u>s. 1008.34</u> paragraph (3)(b). The
479	Department of Education shall apply the most intense
480	intervention strategies to <del>the lowest-performing</del> schools <u>that</u>
481	are identified as having a grade of "F" and are consistently
482	performing below the acceptable standards. A school district
483	that has a school identified as having a grade of "D" for 3
484	consecutive years must implement the district-managed turnaround
485	plan and must meet all of the plan's requirements pursuant to a
486	timeline prescribed by rule. For all but the lowest category and
487	"F" schools in the second lowest category, the intervention and
488	support strategies shall be administered solely by the districts
489	and the schools.
490	(b) The lowest-performing schools are schools that are
491	categorized pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) and have received:
492	1. A grade of "F" in the most recent school year and in 4

493 of the last 6 years; or

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494	2. A grade of "D" or "F" in the most recent school year and
495	meet at least three of the following criteria:
496	a. The percentage of students who are not proficient in
497	reading has increased when compared to measurements taken 5
498	years previously;
499	b. The percentage of students who are not proficient in
500	mathematics has increased when compared to measurements taken 5
501	years previously;
502	c. At least 65 percent of the school's students are not
503	proficient in reading; or
504	d. At least 65 percent of the school's students are not
505	proficient in mathematics.
506	(5)(a) <u>If</u> <del>In the school year after</del> a school is initially
507	identified as having a grade of "F" a school in the lowest-
508	performing category, the school district must select one of the
509	options in paragraph (b) and submit a plan, which is subject to
510	approval by the State Board of Education, <u>pursuant to a timeline</u>
511	prescribed by rule for implementing one of the following options
512	at the beginning of the next school year. The school district
513	shall implement the approved plan in the school within 2 school
514	years after being identified as having a grade of "F." <del>The plan</del>
515	must be implemented unless the school moves from the lowest-
516	performing category:
517	(b) A school district shall select one of the following
518	options to address a school identified as having a grade of "F":
519	1. Convert the school to a district-managed turnaround
520	school by means that include implementing a turnaround plan
521	approved by the Commissioner of Education which shall become the
522	school's improvement plan;

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523	2. Reassign students to another school and monitor the
524	progress of each reassigned student;
525	3. Close the school and reopen the school as one or more
526	charter schools, each with a governing board that has a
527	demonstrated record of effectiveness; or
528	4. Contract with an outside entity that has a demonstrated
529	record of effectiveness to operate the school <u>; or</u>
530	5. Implement a combination of the options in subparagraphs
531	14. or another turnaround plan that has a demonstrated record
532	of effectiveness.
533	<u>(c)</u> If a school does not <u>improve so that it is</u>
534	identified as having a grade of "C" and does not meet the
535	performance targets in reading and mathematics adopted by the
536	State Board of Education during the implementation of the
537	turnaround plan move from the lowest-performing category during
538	the initial year of implementing one of the options in paragraph
539	<del>(a)</del> , the school district must submit <u>another</u> <del>a</del> plan, which is
540	subject to approval by the State Board of Education, for
541	implementing a different option in paragraph <u>(b)</u> <del>(a)</del> . The
542	approved plan must be implemented at the beginning of the next
543	school year after the implementation period of the previous
544	option, unless the school qualifies for a hold status pursuant
545	to subsection (7) or the State Board of Education determines
546	that the school is likely to <u>improve so that it is identified as</u>
547	having a grade of "C" and will meet the performance targets in
548	reading and mathematics adopted by the State Board of Education
549	move from the lowest-performing category if additional time is
550	provided to implement intervention and support strategies. The
551	State Board of Education shall determine whether a school

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552	district may continue to implement an option beyond 1 year while
553	a school remains in the lowest-performing category.
554	(6) (a) Implementation of a turnaround plan option as
555	provided in paragraph (5)(b) is no longer required when a school
556	identified as having a grade of "F" achieves a grade of "C" and
557	meets the performance targets in reading and mathematics. <del>In</del>
558	order to advance to a higher category, a school must make
559	significant progress by improving its school grade and by
560	increasing student performance in mathematics and reading.
561	Student performance must be evaluated for each student subgroup
562	as set forth in paragraph (3)(b).
563	(b) The State Board of Education shall establish and adopt
564	performance targets in reading and mathematics which a school
565	must meet in order to achieve a higher grade.
566	(c) The performance targets in reading and mathematics
567	shall be established and adopted in the year during which a
568	school is identified as having a grade of "F." The performance
569	targets may not change until the school is identified as having
570	a grade of "C" and meets the performance targets.
571	(7)(a) A school district may submit a request to the
572	Department of Education for a hold status authorizing the school
573	district to implement a turnaround plan option in a school
574	beyond the 2-year implementation period.
575	(b) The department shall grant a school district's request
576	for a hold status when:
577	1. The school improves a letter grade; or
578	2. The performance targets in reading and mathematics are
579	met.
580	(c) A school may not remain in a hold status for more than

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582	plan in the school at the beginning of the school year after the
583	expiration of the hold status, unless the State Board of
584	Education determines that the school is likely to improve so
585	that it is identified as having a grade of $``C''$ and will meet the
586	performance targets in reading and mathematics adopted by the
587	State Board of Education if additional time is provided to
588	implement intervention and support strategies.
589	(8) A school identified as having a grade of "F" before
590	July 1, 2012, shall continue to implement a turnaround plan
591	option provided in paragraph (5)(b), unless the school improves
592	so that it is identified as having a grade of "C" and meets the
593	performance targets in reading and mathematics adopted for the
594	2012 school year or it meets the exit criteria previously set
595	forth in administrative rule.
596	(9)(7) Beginning July 1, 2009, the Department of Education
597	shall commence its duties under this section.
598	(10) <mark>(8)</mark> By July 1, 2010, The State Board of Education shall
599	adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer
600	this section. The state board shall consult with education
601	stakeholders in developing the rules.
602	Section 4. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) and
603	subsection (7) of section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, are amended
604	to read:
605	1008.34 School grading system; school report cards;
606	district grade
607	(3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES.—
608	(b)1. A school's grade shall be based on a combination of:
609	a. Student achievement scores, including achievement on all
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6-01222-12 20121522 610 FCAT assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)1., end-of-611 course assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., and 612 achievement scores for students seeking a special diploma. b. Student learning gains in reading and mathematics as 613 614 measured by FCAT and end-of-course assessments, as described in 615 s. 1008.22(3)(c)1. and 2.a. The learning gains for students 616 seeking a special diplomas diploma, as measured by an alternate 617 assessment tool, shall be included not later than the 2009-2010 618 school year. 619 c. Improvement of the lowest 25th percentile of students in 620 the school in reading and mathematics on the FCAT or end-of-621 course assessments described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., unless 622 these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance. 623 2. Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, for schools 624 comprised of middle school grades 6 through 8 or grades 7 and 8, 625 the school's grade shall include the performance and 626 participation of its students enrolled in high school level 627 courses with end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a. Performance and participation must be weighted 628 629 equally. As valid data becomes available, the school grades 630 shall include the students' attainment of national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding 631 632 List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education. 3. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year for schools 633 634 comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 635 11, and 12, 50 percent of the school grade shall be based on a 636 combination of the factors listed in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-c. 637 and the remaining 50 percent on the following factors:

- 638
- a. The high school graduation rate of the school;

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6-01222-12 20121522 b. As valid data becomes available, the performance and 639 640 participation of the school's students in College Board Advanced Placement courses, International Baccalaureate courses, dual 641 642 enrollment courses, and Advanced International Certificate of 643 Education courses; and the students' achievement of national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification 644 645 Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education; 646 647 c. The postsecondary readiness of the school's students who 648 graduate on time as measured by the SAT, ACT, or the common 649 placement test; d. The high school graduation rate of at-risk students who 650 651 scored at Level 2 or lower on the grade 8 FCAT Reading and 652 Mathematics examinations; 653 e. As valid data becomes available, the performance of the 654 school's students on statewide standardized end-of-course 655 assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.c. and d.; and 656 f. The growth or decline in the components listed in sub-657 subparagraphs a.-e. from year to year. 658 (c) Student assessment data used in determining school 659 grades shall include: 660 1. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled 661 in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT and statewide, 662 standardized end-of-course assessments in courses required for high school graduation, including, beginning with the 2011-2012 663 664 2010-2011 school year, the end-of-course assessment in Algebra 665 I; and beginning with the 2012-2013 2011-2012 school year, the 666 end-of-course assessments in geometry and Biology; and beginning 667 with the 2014-2015 <del>2013-2014</del> school year, on the statewide,

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6-01222-1220121522\_668standardized end-of-course assessment in civics education at the669middle school level.

2. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT and end-ofcourse assessments as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., and who have scored at or in the lowest 25th percentile of students in the school in reading and mathematics, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.

676 3. The achievement scores and learning gains of eligible 677 students attending alternative schools that provide dropout 678 prevention and academic intervention services pursuant to s. 679 1003.53. The term "eligible students" in this subparagraph does 680 not include students attending an alternative school who are 681 subject to district school board policies for expulsion for 682 repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval 683 programs serving students who have officially been designated as 684 dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the 685 Department of Juvenile Justice. The student performance data for 686 eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall be 687 included in the calculation of the home school's grade. As used 688 in this subparagraph and s. 1008.341, the term "home school" 689 means the school to which the student would be assigned if the 690 student were not assigned to an alternative school. If an 691 alternative school chooses to be graded under this section, 692 student performance data for eligible students identified in 693 this subparagraph shall not be included in the home school's 694 grade but shall be included only in the calculation of the 695 alternative school's grade. A school district that fails to 696 assign the FCAT and end-of-course assessment as described in s.

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6-01222-12 20121522 697 1008.22(3)(c)2.a. scores of each of its students to his or her 698 home school or to the alternative school that receives a grade 699 shall forfeit Florida School Recognition Program funds for 1 700 fiscal year. School districts must require collaboration between 701 the home school and the alternative school in order to promote 702 student success. This collaboration must include an annual 703 discussion between the principal of the alternative school and 704 the principal of each student's home school concerning the most 705 appropriate school assignment of the student. 706 4. The achievement scores and learning gains of students 707 designated as hospital- or homebound. Student assessment data 708 for students designated as hospital- or homebound shall be assigned to their home school for the purposes of school grades. 709 710 As used in this subparagraph, the term "home school" means the 711 school to which a student would be assigned if the student were 712 not assigned to a hospital- or homebound program. 713 5. For schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, 714 and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the data listed in 715 subparagraphs 1.-3. and the following data as the Department of Education determines such data are valid and available: 716 717 a. The high school graduation rate of the school as calculated by the Department of Education; 718 719 b. The participation rate of all eligible students enrolled 720 in the school and enrolled in College Board Advanced Placement 721 courses; International Baccalaureate courses; dual enrollment courses; Advanced International Certificate of Education 722 723 courses; and courses or sequences of courses leading to national 724 industry certification identified in the Industry Certification 725 Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of

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6-01222-12 20121522 726 Education; 727 c. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled 728 in the school in College Board Advanced Placement courses, 729 International Baccalaureate courses, and Advanced International 730 Certificate of Education courses; 731 d. Earning of college credit by all eligible students 732 enrolled in the school in dual enrollment programs under s. 733 1007.271; 734 e. Earning of a national industry certification identified 735 in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules 736 adopted by the State Board of Education; 737 f. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled 738 in the school in reading, mathematics, and other subjects as 739 measured by the SAT, the ACT, and the common placement test for 740 postsecondary readiness; 741 g. The high school graduation rate of all eligible at-risk 742 students enrolled in the school who scored at Level 2 or lower 743 on the grade 8 FCAT Reading and Mathematics examinations; 744 h. The performance of the school's students on statewide 745 standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s. 746 1008.22(3)(c)2.c. and d.; and 747 i. The growth or decline in the data components listed in 748 sub-subparagraphs a.-h. from year to year. 749 750 The State Board of Education shall adopt appropriate criteria 751 for each school grade. The criteria must also give added weight 752 to student achievement in reading. Schools designated with a 753 grade of "C," making satisfactory progress, shall be required to 754 demonstrate that adequate progress has been made by students in

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6-01222-12 20121522 755 the school who are in the lowest 25th percentile in reading and 756 mathematics on the FCAT and end-of-course assessments as described in s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a., unless these students are 757 758 exhibiting satisfactory performance. Beginning with the 2009-759 2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 760 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the criteria for 761 school grades must also give added weight to the graduation rate 762 of all eligible at-risk students, as defined in rule this 763 paragraph. Beginning in the 2009-2010 school year, In order for 764 a high school to be designated as having a grade of "A," making 765 excellent progress, the school must demonstrate that the 766 graduation rate of its at-risk students, as defined in rule this 767 paragraph, is increasing in the school are making adequate 768 progress. 769 (7) DISTRICT GRADE. - The annual report required by 770 subsection (1) shall include district grades that, which shall 771 be calculated based on the student achievement and learning 772 gains data used for calculating school grades, including 773 students who are enrolled for a full school year in each school 774 district and who meet other criteria for purposes of designating 775 school grades consist of weighted district average grades, by 776 level, for all elementary schools, middle schools, and high

777 schools in the district. A district's weighted average grade
778 shall be calculated by weighting individual school grades

779 determined pursuant to subsection (2) by school enrollment.

780 Section 5. Section 1012.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to 781 read:

782 1012.07 Identification of critical teacher shortage areas.783 The term "critical teacher shortage area" means high-need

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6-01222-12 20121522 784 content areas and high-priority location areas identified by the 785 State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall 786 adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 necessary to 787 annually identify critical teacher shortage areas. The state 788 board must consider current and emerging educational 789 requirements and workforce demands in determining critical 790 teacher shortage areas. School grade levels may also be 791 designated critical teacher shortage areas. Individual district 792 school boards may identify and submit other critical teacher 793 shortage areas. Such submissions must be aligned to current and 794 emerging educational requirements and workforce demands in order 795 to be approved by the State Board of Education. High-priority 796 location areas shall be in high-density, low-economic urban 797 schools; low-density, low-economic rural schools; and schools 798 identified as having a grade of "F" or schools that are 799 consistently performing below the acceptable standards lowest 800 performing under s. 1008.33(4) 1008.33(4) (b). 801 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 1012.2315, Florida 802 Statutes, is amended to read: 803 1012.2315 Assignment of teachers.-804 (2) ASSIGNMENT TO SCHOOLS CATEGORIZED AS IN NEED OF

805 IMPROVEMENT.-School districts may not assign a higher percentage 806 than the school district average of temporarily certified 807 teachers, teachers in need of improvement, or out-of-field 808 teachers to schools based upon the schools' grades designated 809 pursuant to in one of the three lowest-performing categories 810 under s. 1008.34 1008.33(3)(b). Each school district shall 811 annually certify to the Commissioner of Education that this 812 requirement has been met. If the commissioner determines that a

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813	school district is not in compliance with this subsection, the
814	State Board of Education shall be notified and shall take action
815	pursuant to s. 1008.32 in the next regularly scheduled meeting
816	to require compliance.
817	Section 7. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.