A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to public lodging establishments; 3 amending s. 509.013, F.S.; revising the definition of 4 the term "public lodging establishment" to exclude 5 certain apartment buildings designated primarily as 6 housing for persons at least 62 years of age and 7 certain roominghouses, boardinghouses, and other 8 living or sleeping facilities; authorizing the Division of Hotels and Restaurants to require written 9 10 documentation from an apartment building operator that 11 such building is in compliance with certain criteria; authorizing the division to adopt certain rules; 12 amending s. 509.242, F.S.; revising public lodging 13 14 establishment classifications; providing an effective 15 date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 509.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

20 Statutes, is amended to read 21 509.013 Definitions.—A

- 509.013 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (4)(a) "Public lodging establishment" includes a transient public lodging establishment as defined in subparagraph 1. and a nontransient public lodging establishment as defined in subparagraph 2.
- 1. "Transient public lodging establishment" means any unit, group of units, dwelling, building, or group of buildings within a single complex of buildings which is rented to guests

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more than three times in a calendar year for periods of less than 30 days or 1 calendar month, whichever is less, or which is advertised or held out to the public as a place regularly rented to guests.

2. "Nontransient public lodging establishment" means any unit, group of units, dwelling, building, or group of buildings within a single complex of buildings which is rented to guests for periods of at least 30 days or 1 calendar month, whichever is less, or which is advertised or held out to the public as a place regularly rented to guests for periods of at least 30 days or 1 calendar month.

License classifications of public lodging establishments, and the definitions therefor, are set out in s. 509.242. For the purpose of licensure, the term does not include condominium common elements as defined in s. 718.103.

(b) The following are excluded from the definitions in paragraph (a):

1. Any dormitory or other living or sleeping facility maintained by a public or private school, college, or university for the use of students, faculty, or visitors.

2. Any facility certified or licensed and regulated by the Agency for Health Care Administration or the Department of Children and Family Services or other similar place regulated under s. 381.0072.÷

3. Any place renting four rental units or less, unless the rental units are advertised or held out to the public to be places that are regularly rented to transients.

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4. Any unit or group of units in a condominium, cooperative, or timeshare plan and any individually or collectively owned one-family, two-family, three-family, or four-family dwelling house or dwelling unit that is rented for periods of at least 30 days or 1 calendar month, whichever is less, and that is not advertised or held out to the public as a place regularly rented for periods of less than 1 calendar month, provided that no more than four rental units within a single complex of buildings are available for rent.÷

- 5. Any migrant labor camp or residential migrant housing permitted by the Department of Health under ss. 381.008-381.00895.
- 6. Any establishment inspected by the Department of Health and regulated by chapter 513.; and
- 7. Any nonprofit organization that operates a facility providing housing only to patients, patients' families, and patients' caregivers and not to the general public.
- 8. Any apartment building inspected by the United States
  Department of Housing and Urban Development or other entity
  acting on the department's behalf that is designated primarily
  as housing for persons at least 62 years of age. The division
  may require the operator of the apartment building to attest in
  writing that such building meets the criteria provided in this
  subparagraph. The division may adopt rules to implement this
  requirement.
- 9. Any roominghouse, boardinghouse, or other living or sleeping facility that may not be classified as a hotel, motel, vacation rental, nontransient apartment, bed and breakfast inn,

## or transient apartment under s. 509.242.

- Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 509.242, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 509.242 Public lodging establishments; classifications.-
- (1) A public lodging establishment shall be classified as a hotel, motel, nontransient apartment, transient apartment, roominghouse, bed and breakfast inn, or vacation rental if the establishment satisfies the following criteria:
- (a) Hotel.—A hotel is any public lodging establishment containing sleeping room accommodations for 25 or more guests and providing the services generally provided by a hotel and recognized as a hotel in the community in which it is situated or by the industry.
- (b) Motel.—A motel is any public lodging establishment which offers rental units with an exit to the outside of each rental unit, daily or weekly rates, offstreet parking for each unit, a central office on the property with specified hours of operation, a bathroom or connecting bathroom for each rental unit, and at least six rental units, and which is recognized as a motel in the community in which it is situated or by the industry.
- (c) Vacation rental.—A vacation rental is any unit or group of units in a condominium, cooperative, or timeshare plan or any individually or collectively owned single-family, two-family, three-family, or four-family house or dwelling unit that is also a transient public lodging establishment.
- (d) Nontransient apartment or roominghouse.—A nontransient apartment or roominghouse is a building or complex of buildings

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in which 75 percent or more of the units are available for rent to nontransient tenants.

- (e) Transient apartment or roominghouse.—A transient apartment or roominghouse is a building or complex of buildings in which more than 25 percent of the units are advertised or held out to the public as available for transient occupancy.
- (f) Roominghouse.—A roominghouse is any public lodging establishment that may not be classified as a hotel, motel, nontransient apartment, bed and breakfast inn, vacation rental, or transient apartment under this section. A roominghouse includes, but is not limited to, a boardinghouse.
- <u>(f)</u> (g) Bed and breakfast inn.—A bed and breakfast inn is a family home structure, with no more than 15 sleeping rooms, which has been modified to serve as a transient public lodging establishment, which provides the accommodation and meal services generally offered by a bed and breakfast inn, and which is recognized as a bed and breakfast inn in the community in which it is situated or by the hospitality industry.
- Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2012.