By Senator Richter

	37-00133D-12 2012378
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to expert testimony; amending s.
3	90.702, F.S.; providing that a witness qualified as an
4	expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or
5	education may testify in the form of an opinion as to
6	the facts at issue in a case under certain
7	circumstances; requiring the courts of this state to
8	interpret and apply the principles of expert testimony
9	in conformity with specified United States Supreme
10	Court decisions; subjecting pure opinion testimony to
11	such requirements; amending s. 90.704, F.S.; providing
12	that facts or data that are otherwise inadmissible in
13	evidence may not be disclosed to the jury by the
14	proponent of the opinion or inference unless the court
15	determines that the probative value of the facts or
16	data in assisting the jury to evaluate the expert's
17	opinion substantially outweighs the prejudicial effect
18	of the facts or data; providing an effective date.
19	
20	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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22	Section 1. Section 90.702, Florida Statutes, is amended to
23	read:
24	90.702 Testimony by experts
25	(1) If scientific, technical, or other specialized
26	knowledge will assist the trier of fact in understanding the
27	evidence or in determining a fact in issue, a witness qualified
28	as an expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or
29	education may testify about it in the form of an opinion, or

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30	otherwise, if:								
31	(a) The testimony is based upon sufficient facts or data;								
32	(b) The testimony is the product of reliable principles and								
33	methods; and								
34	(c) The witness has applied the principles and methods								
35	reliably to the facts of the case; however, the opinion is								
36	admissible only if it can be applied to evidence at trial.								
37	(2) The courts of this state shall interpret and apply the								
38	requirements of subsection (1) and s. 90.704 in accordance with								
39	Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 509 U.S. 579								
40	(1993); General Electric Co. v. Joiner, 522 U.S. 136 (1997); and								
41	Kumho Tire Co., Ltd. v. Carmichael, 526 U.S. 137 (1999). Frye v.								
42	United States, 293 F. 1013 (D.C. Cir. 1923) and subsequent								
43	Florida decisions applying or implementing Frye no longer apply								
44	to subsection (1) or s. 90.704. All proposed expert testimony,								
45	including pure opinion testimony as discussed in Marsh v.								
46	Valyou, 977 So. 2d 543 (Fla. 2007), is subject to subsection (1)								
47	and s. 90.704.								
48	Section 2. Section 90.704, Florida Statutes, is amended to								
49	read:								
50	90.704 Basis of opinion testimony by experts.—The facts or								
51	data upon which an expert bases an opinion or inference may be								
52	those perceived by, or made known to, the expert at or before								
53	the trial. If the facts or data are of a type reasonably relied								
54	upon by experts in the subject to support the opinion expressed,								
55	the facts or data need not be admissible in evidence. <u>Facts or</u>								
56	data that are otherwise inadmissible shall not be disclosed to								
57	the jury by the proponent of the opinion or inference unless the								
58	court determines that their probative value in assisting the								

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their prejudicial effect.

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jury to evaluate the expert's opinion substantially outweighs

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

SB 378

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