By Senator Bennett

21-00422A-12 2012438

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to consumer finance charges; amending s. 516.031, F.S.; increasing the proportionate loan amounts that are subject to descending maximum rates of interest; increasing the maximum delinquency charge that may be imposed for each loan payment in default for not less than a specified time; revising the maximum amount that a lender may impose as a service charge on a borrower who gives the lender a bad check in full or partial payment of a loan; reenacting and amending s. 516.19, F.S., relating to penalties, for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made to s. 516.031, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing penalties; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 516.031, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

516.031 Finance charge; maximum rates.-

(1) INTEREST RATES.—Every licensee may lend any sum of money not exceeding \$25,000. A licensee may not take a security interest secured by land on any loan less than \$1,000. The licensee may charge, contract for, and receive thereon interest charges as provided and authorized by this section. The maximum interest rate shall be 30 percent per annum, computed on the first $\frac{$3,000}{$2,000}$ of the principal amount as computed from time to time; 24 percent per annum on that part of the principal amount as computed from time to time exceeding $\frac{$3,000}{$2,000}$ and

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21-00422A-12 2012438

not exceeding \$4,000 \$3,000; and 18 percent per annum on that part of the principal amount as computed from time to time exceeding $$4,000 \frac{$3,000}{}$ and not exceeding \$25,000. The original principal amount as used in this section shall be the same amount as the amount financed as defined by the federal Truth in Lending Act and Regulation Z of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. In determining compliance with the statutory maximum interest and finance charges set forth herein, the computations utilized shall be simple interest and not addon interest or any other computations. When two or more interest rates are to be applied to the principal amount of a loan, the licensee may charge, contract for, and receive interest at that single annual percentage rate which if applied according to the actuarial method to each of the scheduled periodic balances of principal would produce at maturity the same total amount of interest as would result from the application of the two or more rates otherwise permitted, based upon the assumption that all payments are made as agreed.

- (3) OTHER CHARGES.—
- (a) In addition to the interest, delinquency, and insurance charges herein provided for, no further or other charges or amount whatsoever for any examination, service, commission, or other thing or otherwise shall be directly or indirectly charged, contracted for, or received as a condition to the grant of a loan, except:
- 1. An amount not to exceed \$25 to reimburse a portion of the costs for investigating the character and credit of the person applying for the loan;
 - 2. An annual fee of \$25 on the anniversary date of each

21-00422A-12 2012438

line-of-credit account;

3. Charges paid for brokerage fee on a loan or line of credit of more than \$10,000, title insurance, and the appraisal of real property offered as security when paid to a third party and supported by an actual expenditure;

- 4. Intangible personal property tax on the loan note or obligation when secured by a lien on real property;
- 5. The documentary excise tax and lawful fees, if any, actually and necessarily paid out by the licensee to any public officer for filing, recording, or releasing in any public office any instrument securing the loan, which fees may be collected when the loan is made or at any time thereafter;
- 6. The premium payable for any insurance in lieu of perfecting any security interest otherwise required by the licensee in connection with the loan, if the premium does not exceed the fees which would otherwise be payable, which premium may be collected when the loan is made or at any time thereafter;
- 7. Actual and reasonable attorney's fees and court costs as determined by the court in which suit is filed;
- 8. Actual and commercially reasonable expenses of repossession, storing, repairing and placing in condition for sale, and selling of any property pledged as security; or
- 9. A delinquency charge not to exceed \$15 \$10 for each payment in default for a period of not less than 10 days, if the charge is agreed upon, in writing, between the parties before imposing the charge.

Any charges, including interest, in excess of the combined total

21-00422A-12 2012438

of all charges authorized and permitted by this chapter constitute a violation of chapter 687 governing interest and usury, and the penalties of that chapter apply. In the event of a bona fide error, the licensee shall refund or credit the borrower with the amount of the overcharge immediately but within 20 days from the discovery of such error.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), any lender of money who receives a check, draft, negotiable order of withdrawal, or like instrument drawn on a bank or other depository institution, which instrument is given by a borrower as full or partial repayment of a loan, may, if such instrument is not paid or is dishonored by such institution, make and collect from the borrower a bad check charge of not greater than the maximum worthless check service charge permissible under s.

68.065 more than the greater of \$20 or an amount equal to the actual charge made to the lender by the depository institution for the return of the unpaid or dishonored instrument.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 516.031, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 516.19, Florida Statutes, is reenacted and amended to read:

516.19 Penalties.—Any person who violates any of the provisions of s. 516.02, s. 516.031, s. 516.05(3), s. 516.05(6), or s. 516.07(1)(e) commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.