

## LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Comm: FAV

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03/09/2012 01:48 PM

03/07/2012

The Committee on Budget (Alexander) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 196.199, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.199 Government property exemption.-

- (2) Property owned by the following governmental units but used by nongovernmental lessees shall only be exempt from taxation under the following conditions:
- (a) Leasehold interests in property of the United States, of the state or any of its several political subdivisions, or of municipalities, agencies, authorities, and other public bodies

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corporate of the state shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation and the intangible tax pursuant to paragraph (b) only when the lessee serves or performs a governmental, municipal, or public purpose or function, as defined in s. 196.012(6). In all such cases, all other interests in the leased property shall also be exempt from ad valorem taxation. However, a leasehold interest in property of the state may not be exempted from ad valorem taxation when a nongovernmental lessee uses such property for the operation of a multipurpose hazardous waste treatment facility.

Section 2. The amendment to s. 196.199, Florida Statutes, made by this act shall take effect upon this act becoming a law and shall apply retroactively to all governmental leaseholds in existence as of January 1, 2011. This section is intended to be remedial in nature and does not create a right to a refund or require any governmental entity to refund any tax, penalty, or interest remitted to the Department of Revenue before the effective date of this act.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 210.20, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of that section, to read:

- 210.20 Employees and assistants; distribution of funds.-
- (2) As collections are received by the division from such cigarette taxes, it shall pay the same into a trust fund in the State Treasury designated "Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund" which shall be paid and distributed as follows:
- (b) 1. Beginning January 1, 1999, and continuing for 10 years thereafter, the division shall from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the

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cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 2.59 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer upon the State Treasury. These funds are hereby appropriated monthly out of the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund, to be used for the purpose of constructing, furnishing, and equipping a cancer research facility at the University of South Florida adjacent to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute. In fiscal years 1999-2000 and thereafter with the exception of fiscal year 2008-2009, the appropriation to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute authorized by this subparagraph shall not be less than the amount that would have been paid to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute for fiscal year 1998-1999 had payments been made for the entire fiscal year rather than for a 6-month period thereof.

2. Beginning July 1, 2002, and continuing through June 30, 2004, the division shall, in addition to the distribution authorized in subparagraph 1., from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund,

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specifying an amount equal to 0.2632 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer. Beginning July 1, 2004, and continuing through June 30, 2013 <del>2020</del>, the division shall, in addition to the distribution authorized in subparagraph 1., from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 1.47 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, established under s. 1004.43, by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer. Beginning July 1, 2013, and continuing through June 30, 2033, the division shall from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 2.75 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be paid to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research <u>Institute</u>, <u>established under s. 1004.43</u>, by warrant drawn by the Chief Financial Officer. These funds are appropriated monthly out of the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund, to be used for

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lawful purposes, including the purpose of constructing, furnishing, and equipping, financing, operating, and maintaining a cancer research and clinical and related facilities; furnishing, equipping, operating, and maintaining other properties owned or leased by facility at the University of South Florida adjacent to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute; and paying costs incurred in connection with purchasing, financing, operating, and maintaining such equipment, facilities, and properties. In fiscal years 2004-2005 and thereafter, the appropriation to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute authorized by this subparagraph shall not be less than the amount that would have been paid to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute in fiscal year 2001-2002, had this subparagraph been in effect. (c) Beginning July 1, 2013, and continuing through June 30, 2021, the division shall from month to month certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, less the service charges provided for in s. 215.20 and less 0.9 percent of the amount derived from the cigarette tax imposed by s. 210.02, which shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund, specifying an amount equal to 1 percent of the net collections, and that amount shall be deposited into the Biomedical Research Trust Fund in the Department of Health. These funds are appropriated annually in an amount not to exceed \$3 million from the Biomedical Research Trust Fund for the Department of Health and the Sanford-Burnham Medical Research Institute to work in conjunction for the purpose of establishing activities and grant opportunities in relation to biomedical research.

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Section 4. Section 210.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

210.201 H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute facilities Cancer research facility at the University of South Florida; establishment; funding.-The Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute shall construct, furnish, and equip, and shall covenant to complete, the cancer research and clinical and related facilities of facility at the University of South Florida adjacent to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute funded with proceeds from the Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund pursuant to s. 210.20. Moneys transferred to the Board of Directors of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute pursuant to s. 210.20 may shall be used to secure financing to pay costs related to constructing, furnishing, and equipping, operating, and maintaining the cancer research and clinical and related facilities; furnishing, equipping, operating, and maintaining other leased or owned properties; and paying costs incurred in connection with purchasing, financing, operating, and maintaining such equipment, facilities, and properties as provided in s. 210.20 facility. Such financing may include the issuance of tax-exempt bonds or other forms of indebtedness by a local authority, municipality, or county pursuant to parts II and III of chapter 159. Such bonds shall not constitute state bonds for purposes of s. 11, Art. VII of the State Constitution, but shall constitute bonds of a "local agency," as defined in s. 159.27(4). The cigarette tax dollars pledged to facilities this facility pursuant to s. 210.20 may be replaced annually by the Legislature from tobacco litigation settlement proceeds.

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Section 5. Section 211.3103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 211.3103 Levy of tax on severance of phosphate rock; rate, basis, and distribution of tax.-
- (1) There is hereby levied an excise tax upon each every person engaging in the business of severing phosphate rock from the soils or waters of this state for commercial use. The tax shall be collected, administered, and enforced by the department.
- (2) The tax rate shall be \$1.61 per ton severed, except for the time period beginning January 1, 2015, until December 31, 2022, when the tax rate shall be \$1.80 per ton severed.
- (2) Beginning July 1, 2004, the proceeds of all taxes, interest, and penalties imposed under this section shall be paid into the State Treasury as follows:
- (a) The first \$10 million in revenue collected from the tax during each fiscal year shall be paid to the credit of the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund.
- (b) The remaining revenues collected from the tax during that fiscal year, after the required payment under paragraph (a), shall be paid into the State Treasury as follows:
- 1. To the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state, 40.1 percent.
- 2. For payment to counties in proportion to the number of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock matrix located within such political boundary, 16.5 percent. The department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds annually based on production information reported by the producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Any such

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proceeds received by a county shall be used only for phosphaterelated expenses.

3. For payment to counties that have been designated a rural area of critical economic concern pursuant to s. 288.0656 in proportion to the number of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock matrix located within such political boundary, 13 percent. The department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds annually based on production information reported by the producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Payments under this subparagraph shall be made to the counties unless the Legislature by special act creates a local authority to promote and direct the economic development of the county. If such authority exists, payments shall be made to that authority.

4. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust Fund in the Division of Universities of the Department of Education, 9.3 percent.

5. To the credit of the Minerals Trust Fund, 10.7 percent.

6. To the credit of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund, 10.4 percent.

(3) Beginning July 1, 2003, and annually thereafter, the Department of Environmental Protection may use up to \$2 million of the funds in the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund to purchase a surety bond or a policy of insurance, the proceeds of which would pay the cost of restoration, reclamation, and cleanup of any phosphogypsum stack system and phosphate mining activities in the event that an operator or permittee thereof has been subject to a final order of bankruptcy and all funds available therefrom are determined to be inadequate to

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accomplish such restoration, reclamation, and cleanup. This section does not imply that such operator or permittee is thereby relieved of its obligations or relieved of any liabilities pursuant to any other remedies at law, administrative remedies, statutory remedies, or remedies pursuant to bankruptcy law. The department shall adopt rules to implement this subsection, including the purchase and oversight of the bond or policy.

- (4) Funds distributed pursuant to subparagraphs (2) (b) 3. and (11) (e) 4. shall be used for:
- (a) Planning, preparing, and financing of infrastructure projects for job creation and capital investment, especially those related to industrial and commercial sites. Infrastructure investments may include the following public or public-private partnership facilities: stormwater systems, telecommunications facilities, roads or other remedies to transportation impediments, nature-based tourism facilities, or other physical requirements necessary to facilitate trade and economic development activities.
- (b) Maximizing the use of federal, local, and private resources, including, but not limited to, those available under the Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program.
- (c) Projects that improve inadequate infrastructure that has resulted in regulatory action that prohibits economic or community growth, if such projects are related to specific job creation or job retention opportunities.
- (5) Beginning January 1, 2004, the tax rate shall be the base rate of \$1.62 per ton severed.
  - (6) Beginning January 1, 2005, and annually thereafter, the

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tax rate shall be the base rate times the base rate adjustment for the tax year as calculated by the department in accordance with subsection (8).

(3) (3) (7) The excise tax levied by this section applies shall apply to the total production of the producer during the taxable year, measured on the basis of bone-dry tons produced at the point of severance.

(8) (a) On or before March 30, 2004, and annually thereafter, the department shall calculate the base rate adjustment, if any, for phosphate rock based on the change in the unadjusted annual producer price index for the prior calendar year in relation to the unadjusted annual producer price index for calendar year 1999.

- (b) For the purposes of determining the base rate adjustment for any year, the base rate adjustment shall be a fraction, the numerator of which is the unadjusted annual producer price index for the prior calendar year and the denominator of which is the unadjusted annual producer price index for calendar year 1999.
- (c) The department shall provide the base rate, the base rate adjustment, and the resulting tax rate to affected producers by written notice on or before April 15 of the current <del>year.</del>
- (d) If the producer price index for phosphate rock is substantially revised, the department shall make appropriate adjustment in the method used to compute the base rate adjustment under this subsection which will produce results reasonably consistent with the result that would have been obtained if the producer price index for phosphate rock had not

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been revised. However, the tax rate shall not be less than \$1.51 per ton severed.

- (e) If the producer price index for phosphate rock is discontinued, a comparable index shall be selected by the department and adopted by rule.
- (4) (9) The excise tax levied on the severance of phosphate rock is shall be in addition to any ad valorem taxes levied upon the separately assessed mineral interest in the real property upon which the site of severance is located, or any other tax, permit, or license fee imposed by the state or its political subdivisions.
- (5) (10) The tax levied by this section shall be collected in the manner prescribed in s. 211.33.
- (11) (a) Beginning July 1, 2008, there is hereby levied a surcharge of \$1.38 per ton severed in addition to the excise tax levied by this section. The surcharge shall be levied until the last day of the calendar quarter in which the total revenue generated by the surcharge equals \$60 million. Revenues derived from the surcharge shall be deposited into the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund and shall be exempt from the general revenue service charge provided in s. 215.20. Revenues derived from the surcharge shall be used to augment funds appropriated for the rehabilitation, management, and closure of the Piney Point and Mulberry sites and for approved reclamation of nonmandatory lands in accordance with chapter 378. A minimum of 75 percent of the revenues from the surcharge shall be dedicated to the Piney Point and Mulberry sites.
- (b) Beginning July 1, 2008, the excise tax rate shall be \$1.945 per ton severed and the base rate adjustment provided in



subsection (6) shall not apply.

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- (c) 1. Beginning July 1 of the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the tax rate shall be the base rate of \$1.71 per ton severed.
- 2. Beginning July 1 of the 2011-2012 fiscal year, the tax rate shall be the base rate of \$1.61 per ton severed.
- 3. The base rate adjustment provided in subsection (6) shall not apply until the conditions of paragraph (d) are met.
- (d) Beginning July 1 of the fiscal year following the date on which a taxpayer's surcharge offset equals or exceeds the total amount of surcharge remitted by such taxpayer under paragraph (a), and each year thereafter, the excise tax rate levied on such taxpayer shall be adjusted as provided in subsection (6). The surcharge offset for each taxpayer is an amount calculated by the department equal to the cumulative difference between the amount of excise tax that would have been collected under subsections (5) and (6) and the excise tax collected under subparagraphs (c) 1. and 2. from such taxpayer.
- (e) Beginning July 1 of the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the proceeds of all taxes, interest, and penalties imposed under this section shall be exempt from the general revenue service charge provided in s. 215.20, and shall be paid into the State Treasury as follows:
- 1. To the credit of the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund, 21.9 percent.
- 2. To the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state, 37.1 percent.
- 3. For payment to counties in proportion to the number of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock matrix located within such political boundary, 12 percent. The

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department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds annually based on production information reported by the producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Any such proceeds received by a county shall be used only for phosphaterelated expenses.

4. For payment to counties that have been designated a rural area of critical economic concern pursuant to s. 288.0656 in proportion to the number of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock matrix located within such political boundary, 9.4 percent. The department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds annually based on production information reported by the producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Payments under this subparagraph shall be made to the counties unless the Legislature by special act creates a local authority to promote and direct the economic development of the county. If such authority exists, payments shall be made to that authority.

5. To the credit of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund, 5.8 percent.

6. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust Fund in the Division of Universities of the Department of Education, 5.8 percent.

7. To the credit of the Minerals Trust Fund, 8.0 percent.

- (6) (a) (f) Beginning July 1 of the 2011-2012 fiscal year, the proceeds of all taxes, interest, and penalties imposed under this section are exempt from the general revenue service charge provided in s. 215.20, and such proceeds shall be paid into the State Treasury as follows:
  - 1. To the credit of the Conservation and Recreation Lands



Trust Fund, 25.5 percent.

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- 2. To the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state, 35.7 percent.
- 3. For payment to counties in proportion to the number of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock matrix located within such political boundary, 12.8 percent. The department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds annually based on production information reported by the producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Any such proceeds received by a county shall be used only for phosphaterelated expenses.
- 4. For payment to counties that have been designated as a rural area of critical economic concern pursuant to s. 288.0656 in proportion to the number of tons of phosphate rock produced from a phosphate rock matrix located within such political boundary, 10.0 percent. The department shall distribute this portion of the proceeds annually based on production information reported by the producers on the annual returns for the taxable year. Payments under this subparagraph shall be made to the counties unless the Legislature by special act creates a local authority to promote and direct the economic development of the county. If such authority exists, payments shall be made to that authority.
- 5. To the credit of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund, 6.2 percent.
- 6. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust Fund in the Division of Universities of the Department of Education, 6.2 percent.
  - 7. To the credit of the Minerals Trust Fund, 3.6 percent.

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- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), from January 1, 2015, until December 31, 2022, the proceeds of all taxes, interest, and penalties imposed under this section are exempt from the general revenue service charge provided in s. 215.20, and such proceeds shall be paid to the State Treasury as follows:
- 1. To the credit of the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund, 22.8 percent.
- 2. To the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state, 31.9 percent.
- 3. For payment to counties pursuant to subparagraph (a)3., 11.5 percent.
- 4. For payment to counties pursuant to subparagraph (a) 4., 8.9 percent.
- 5. To the credit of the Nonmandatory Land Reclamation Trust Fund, 16.1 percent.
- 6. To the credit of the Phosphate Research Trust Fund in the Division of Universities of the Department of Education, 5.6 percent.
  - 7. To the credit of the Minerals Trust Fund, 3.2 percent.
- (c) (g) For purposes of this section, "phosphate-related expenses" means those expenses that provide for infrastructure or services in support of the phosphate industry, reclamation or restoration of phosphate lands, community infrastructure on such reclaimed lands, and similar expenses directly related to support of the industry.
- Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 211.02, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsections (4) and (5) of that section are renumbered as subsections (5) and (6), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to that



section, to read:

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211.02 Oil production tax; basis and rate of tax; tertiary oil and mature field recovery oil.—An excise tax is hereby levied upon every person who severs oil in the state for sale, transport, storage, profit, or commercial use. Except as otherwise provided in this part, the tax is levied on the basis of the entire production of oil in this state, including any royalty interest. Such tax shall accrue at the time the oil is severed and shall be a lien on production regardless of the place of sale, to whom sold, or by whom used, and regardless of the fact that delivery of the oil may be made outside the state.

- (1) The amount of tax shall be measured by the value of the oil produced and saved or sold during a month. The value of oil shall be taxed at the following rates:
  - (b) Tertiary oil and mature field recovery oil:
- 1. One percent of the gross value of oil on the value of oil \$60 dollars and below;
- 2. Seven percent of the gross value of oil on the value of oil above \$60 and below \$80; and
- 3. Nine percent of the gross value of oil on the value of oil \$80 and above.
- (4) As used in this section, the term "mature field recovery oil" means the barrels of oil recovered from new wells that begin production after July 1, 2012, in fields that were discovered prior to 1981.

Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 211.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

211.06 Oil and Gas Tax Trust Fund; distribution of tax proceeds.—All taxes, interest, and penalties imposed under this

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part shall be collected by the department and placed in a special fund designated the "Oil and Gas Tax Trust Fund."

- (2) Beginning July 1, 1995, The remaining proceeds in the Oil and Gas Tax Trust Fund shall be distributed monthly by the department and shall be paid into the State Treasury as follows:
  - (a) To the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state:
- 1. Seventy-five percent of the proceeds from the oil production tax imposed under s. 211.02(1)(c).
- 2. Sixty-three Sixty-seven and one-half percent of the proceeds from the tax on small well oil, and tertiary oil, and mature field recovery oil imposed under s. 211.02(1)(a) and (b).
- 3. Sixty-seven and one-half percent of the proceeds from the tax on gas imposed under s. 211.025.
- 4. Sixty-seven and one-half percent of the proceeds of the tax on sulfur imposed under s. 211.026.
- (b) To the credit of the general revenue fund of the board of county commissioners of the county where produced, subject to the service charge imposed under chapter 215:
- 1. Twelve and one-half percent of the proceeds from the tax on oil imposed under s. 211.02(1)(c).
- 2. Twenty percent of the proceeds from the tax on small well oil, and tertiary oil, and mature field recovery oil imposed under s. 211.02(1)(a) and (b).
- 3. Twenty percent of the proceeds from the tax on gas imposed under s. 211.025.
- 4. Twenty percent of the proceeds from the tax on sulfur imposed under s. 211.026.
  - (c) To the credit of the Minerals Trust Fund:
  - 1. Twelve and one-half percent of the proceeds from the tax

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on oil imposed under s. 211.02(1)(c).

- 2. Sixteen Twelve and one-half percent of the proceeds from the tax on small well oil, and tertiary oil, and mature field recovery oil imposed under s. 211.02(1)(a) and (b).
- 3. Twelve and one-half percent of the proceeds from the tax on gas imposed under s. 211.025.
- 4. Twelve and one-half percent of the proceeds from the tax on sulfur imposed under s. 211.026.

Section 8. Effective January 1, 2013, paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (5) and paragraphs (ee) and (rr) of subsection (7) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (hhh) and (iii) are added to subsection (7) of that section, to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
- (b) Machinery and equipment used to increase productive output.-
- 1. Industrial machinery and equipment purchased for exclusive use by a new business in spaceport activities as defined by s. 212.02 or for use in new businesses that manufacture, process, compound, or produce for sale items of tangible personal property at fixed locations are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing by the taxpayer to the satisfaction of the department that such

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items are used in a new business in this state. Such purchases must be made before prior to the date the business first begins its productive operations, and delivery of the purchased item must be made within 12 months after that date.

- 2. Industrial machinery and equipment purchased for exclusive use by an expanding facility which is engaged in spaceport activities as defined by s. 212.02 or for use in expanding manufacturing facilities or plant units which manufacture, process, compound, or produce for sale items of tangible personal property at fixed locations in this state are exempt from any amount of tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing by the taxpayer to the satisfaction of the department that such items are used to increase the productive output of such expanded facility or business by not less than 5 10 percent.
- 3.a. To receive an exemption provided by subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., a qualifying business entity shall apply to the department for a temporary tax exemption permit. The application shall state that a new business exemption or expanded business exemption is being sought. Upon a tentative affirmative determination by the department pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the department shall issue such permit.
- b. The applicant shall maintain all necessary books and records to support the exemption. Upon completion of purchases of qualified machinery and equipment pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the temporary tax permit shall be delivered to the department or returned to the department by certified or registered mail.
  - c. If, in a subsequent audit conducted by the department,

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it is determined that the machinery and equipment purchased as exempt under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. did not meet the criteria mandated by this paragraph or if commencement of production did not occur, the amount of taxes exempted at the time of purchase shall immediately be due and payable to the department by the business entity, together with the appropriate interest and penalty, computed from the date of purchase, in the manner prescribed by this chapter.

- d. If a qualifying business entity fails to apply for a temporary exemption permit or if the tentative determination by the department required to obtain a temporary exemption permit is negative, a qualifying business entity shall receive the exemption provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. through a refund of previously paid taxes. No refund may be made for such taxes unless the criteria mandated by subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. have been met and commencement of production has occurred.
- 4. The department shall adopt rules governing applications for, issuance of, and the form of temporary tax exemption permits; provisions for recapture of taxes; and the manner and form of refund applications, and may establish guidelines as to the requisites for an affirmative showing of increased productive output, commencement of production, and qualification for exemption.
- 5. The exemptions provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2. do not apply to machinery or equipment purchased or used by electric utility companies, communications companies, oil or gas exploration or production operations, publishing firms that do not export at least 50 percent of their finished product out of

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the state, any firm subject to regulation by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, or any firm that does not manufacture, process, compound, or produce for sale items of tangible personal property or that does not use such machinery and equipment in spaceport activities as required by this paragraph. The exemptions provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall apply to machinery and equipment purchased for use in phosphate or other solid minerals severance, mining, or processing operations.

- 6. For the purposes of the exemptions provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2., these terms have the following meanings:
- a. "Industrial machinery and equipment" means tangible personal property or other property that has a depreciable life of 3 years or more and that is used as an integral part in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, or production of tangible personal property for sale or is exclusively used in spaceport activities. A building and its structural components are not industrial machinery and equipment unless the building or structural component is so closely related to the industrial machinery and equipment that it houses or supports that the building or structural component can be expected to be replaced when the machinery and equipment are replaced. Heating and airconditioning systems are not industrial machinery and equipment unless the sole justification for their installation is to meet the requirements of the production process, even though the system may provide incidental comfort to employees or serve, to an insubstantial degree, nonproduction activities. The term

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includes parts and accessories only to the extent that the exemption thereof is consistent with the provisions of this paragraph.

- b. "Productive output" means the number of units actually produced by a single plant, operation, or product line in a single continuous 12-month period, irrespective of sales. Increases in productive output shall be measured by the output for 12 continuous months selected by the expanding business after following the completion of the installation of such machinery or equipment over the output for the 12 continuous months immediately preceding such installation. However, in no case may such time period begin later than 2 years after following the completion of the installation of the new machinery and equipment. The units used to measure productive output shall be physically comparable between the two periods, irrespective of sales.
- (e) Gas or electricity used for certain agricultural purposes.-
- 1. Butane gas, propane gas, natural gas, and all other forms of liquefied petroleum gases are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter if used in any tractor, vehicle, or other farm equipment which is used exclusively on a farm or for processing farm products on the farm and no part of which gas is used in any vehicle or equipment driven or operated on the public highways of this state. This restriction does not apply to the movement of farm vehicles or farm equipment between farms. The transporting of bees by water and the operating of equipment used in the apiary of a beekeeper is also deemed an exempt use.

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- 2. Electricity used directly or indirectly for production, packing, or processing of agricultural products on the farm, or used directly or indirectly in a packinghouse, is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. As used in this subsection, the term "packinghouse" means any building or structure where fruits, vegetables, or meat from cattle or hogs are packed or otherwise prepared for market or shipment in fresh form for wholesale distribution. The exemption does not apply to electricity used in buildings or structures where agricultural products are sold at retail. This exemption applies only if the electricity used for the exempt purposes is separately metered. If the electricity is not separately metered, it is conclusively presumed that some portion of the electricity is used for a nonexempt purpose, and all of the electricity used for such purposes is taxable.
- (7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS.—Exemptions provided to any entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a representative or employee of the entity by any means, including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an

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exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.

- (ee) Aircraft repair and maintenance labor charges.-There shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter all labor charges for the repair and maintenance of qualified aircraft, aircraft of more than  $2,000 \frac{15,000}{1}$  pounds maximum certified takeoff weight, and rotary wing aircraft of more than 10,000 pounds maximum certified takeoff weight. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, charges for parts and equipment furnished in connection with such labor charges are taxable.
- (rr) Equipment used in aircraft repair and maintenance. There shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter replacement engines, parts, and equipment used in the repair or maintenance of qualified aircraft, aircraft of more than 2,000 15,000 pounds maximum certified takeoff weight, and rotary wing aircraft of more than 10,300 pounds maximum certified takeoff weight, when such parts or equipment are installed on such aircraft that is being repaired or maintained in this state.

(hhh) Items used in manufacturing and fabricating aircraft and gas turbine engines. - Chemicals, machinery, parts, and equipment used and consumed in the manufacture or fabrication of aircraft engines and gas turbine engines, including cores, electrical discharge machining supplies, brass electrodes, ceramic guides, reamers, grinding and deburring wheels, Norton vortex wheels, argon, nitrogen, helium, fluid abrasive cutters, solvents and soaps, boroscopes, penetrants, patterns, dies, and molds consumed in the production of castings are exempt from the



tax imposed by this chapter.

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(iii) Accessible taxicabs.—The sale or lease of accessible taxicabs is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. As used in this paragraph, the term "accessible taxicab" means a chauffer-driven taxi, limousine, sedan, van, or other passenger vehicle for which an operator is hired to use for the transportation of persons for compensation; which transports eight passengers or fewer; is equipped with a lift or ramp designed specifically to transport physically disabled persons or contains any other device designed to permit access to, and enable the transportation of, physically disabled persons, including persons who use wheelchairs, motorized wheelchairs, or similar mobility aids; which complies with the accessibility requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 49 C.F.R. ss. 38.23, 38.25, and 38.31, as amended, regardless of whether such requirements would apply under federal law; and meets all applicable federal motor vehicle safety standards and regulations adopted thereunder. If the lift or ramp or any other device is installed through an aftermarket conversion of a stock vehicle, only the value of the conversion is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

Section 9. Subsection (5) of section 212.097, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.097 Urban High-Crime Area Job Tax Credit Program.-

(5) To be eligible for a tax credit under subsection (3), the number of qualified employees employed 1 year before prior to the application date must be no lower than the number of qualified employees on January 1, 2009, or on the application date on which a credit under this section was based for any



previous application, including an application under subsection (2), whichever occurs later.

Section 10. Effective January 1, 2013, and applying to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, subsection (1) of section 220.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.14 Exemption.

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(1) In computing a taxpayer's liability for tax under this code, there shall be exempt from the tax \$50,000  $\frac{$25,000}{}$  of net income as defined in s. 220.12 or such lesser amount as will, without increasing the taxpayer's federal income tax liability, provide the state with an amount under this code which is equal to the maximum federal income tax credit which may be available from time to time under federal law.

Section 11. Effective January 1, 2013, and applying to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, subsection (3) of section 220.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.63 Franchise tax imposed on banks and savings associations.-

(3) For purposes of this part, the franchise tax base shall be adjusted federal income, as defined in s. 220.13, apportioned to this state, plus nonbusiness income allocated to this state pursuant to s. 220.16, less the deduction allowed in subsection (5) and less  $$50,000 \frac{$25,000}{}$ .

Section 12. Paragraphs (b), (d), and (f) of subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (4), and subsections (7) and (11) of section 288.1254, Florida Statutes, are amended, present paragraphs (c) through (o) of subsection (1) of that section are redesignated as paragraphs (d) through (p), respectively, and new paragraphs (c) and (q) are added to that subsection, to



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288.1254 Entertainment industry financial incentive program.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Digital media project" means a production of interactive entertainment that is produced for distribution in commercial or educational markets. The term includes a video game or production intended for Internet or wireless distribution, an interactive website, digital animation, and visual effects, including, but not limited to, three-dimensional movie productions and movie conversions. The term does not include a production that contains obscene content that is obscene as defined in s.  $847.001 \frac{(10)}{(10)}$ .
- (c) "High-impact digital media project" means a digital media project that has qualified expenditures greater than \$4.5 million.
- (e) (d) "Off-season certified production" means a feature film, independent film, or television series or pilot that which films 75 percent or more of its principal photography days from June 1 through November 30.
- (g) (f) "Production" means a theatrical or direct-to-video motion picture; a made-for-television motion picture; visual effects or digital animation sequences produced in conjunction with a motion picture; a commercial; a music video; an industrial or educational film; an infomercial; a documentary film; a television pilot program; a presentation for a television pilot program; a television series, including, but not limited to, a drama, a reality show, a comedy, a soap opera, a telenovela, a game show, an awards show, or a miniseries

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production; or a digital media project by the entertainment industry. One season of a television series is considered one production. The term does not include a weather or market program; a sporting event or a sporting event broadcast; a sports show; a gala; a production that solicits funds; a home shopping program; a political program; a political documentary; political advertising; a gambling-related project or production; a concert production; or a local, regional, or Internetdistributed-only news show or  $\tau$  current-events show; a sports news or sports recap show; ar pornographic production; or any production deemed obscene under chapter 847 current-affairs show. A production may be produced on or by film, tape, or otherwise by means of a motion picture camera; electronic camera or device; tape device; computer; any combination of the foregoing; or any other means, method, or device.

- (q) "Interactive website" means a website or group of websites that includes interactive and downloadable content, and creates 25 new Florida full-time equivalent positions operating from a principal place of business located within Florida. An interactive website or group of websites must provide documentation that those jobs were created to the Office of Film and Entertainment prior to the award of tax credits. Each subsequent program application must provide proof that 25 Florida full-time equivalent positions are maintained.
- (4) TAX CREDIT ELIGIBILITY; TAX CREDIT AWARDS; QUEUES; ELECTION AND DISTRIBUTION; CARRYFORWARD; CONSOLIDATED RETURNS; PARTNERSHIP AND NONCORPORATE DISTRIBUTIONS; MERGERS AND ACOUISITIONS.-
  - (b) Tax credit eligibility.-

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- 1. General production queue.—Ninety-four percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (6) in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the general production queue. The general production queue consists of all qualified productions other than those eligible for the commercial and music video queue or the independent and emerging media production queue. A qualified production that demonstrates a minimum of \$625,000 in qualified expenditures is eligible for tax credits equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures, up to a maximum of \$8 million. A qualified production that incurs qualified expenditures during multiple state fiscal years may combine those expenditures to satisfy the \$625,000 minimum threshold.
- a. An off-season certified production that is a feature film, independent film, or television series or pilot is eligible for an additional 5 percent  $\frac{5-percent}{}$  tax credit on actual qualified expenditures. An off-season certified production that does not complete 75 percent of principal photography due to a disruption caused by a hurricane or tropical storm may not be disqualified from eligibility for the additional 5 percent 5-percent credit as a result of the disruption.
- b. If more than 45  $\frac{25}{25}$  percent of the sum of total tax credits awarded to productions initially certified after April July 1, 2012 <del>2010</del>, and total tax credits certified after April 1, 2012, but not yet awarded, to productions currently in this state has been awarded for high-impact television series, then no high-impact television series or pilot shall be eligible for tax credits under this subparagraph. Tax credits certified for a

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high-impact television series prior to the percentage threshold in this sub-subparagraph being reached may not be awarded after the threshold has been reached.

c. The calculations required by this sub-subparagraph shall use only credits available to be certified and awarded on or after July 1, 2011.

(I) If the provisions of sub-subparagraph b. are not applicable and less than 25 percent of the sum of the total tax credits awarded to productions and the total tax credits certified, but not yet awarded, to productions currently in this state has been to high-impact television series, any qualified high-impact television series shall be allowed first position in this queue for tax credit awards not yet certified.

(II) If less than 20 percent of the sum of the total tax credits awarded to productions and the total tax credits certified, but not yet awarded, to productions currently in this state has been to digital media projects, any digital media project with qualified expenditures of greater than \$4,500,000 shall be allowed first position in this queue for tax credit awards not yet certified.

c. (III) Subject to sub-subparagraph b., first priority in the queue for tax credit awards not yet certified shall be given to high-impact television series and high-impact digital media projects. For the purposes of determining priority position between a high-impact television series allowed first position and a high-impact digital media project allowed first position under this sub-subparagraph, the first position must go to the first application received. Thereafter, priority shall be determined by alternating between a high-impact television

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series and a high-impact digital media project tax credits shall be awarded on a first-come, first-served basis. However, if the Office of Film and Entertainment receives an application for a high-impact television series or high-impact digital media project that would be certified but for the alternating priority, the office may certify the project as being in the priority position if an application that would normally be the priority position is not received within 5 business days.

- d. A qualified production for which that incurs at least 67 85 percent of its principal photography days occur qualified expenditures—within a region designated as an underutilized region at the time that the production is certified is eligible for an additional 5 percent 5-percent tax credit.
- e. A Any qualified production that employs students enrolled full-time in a film and entertainment-related or digital media-related course of study at an institution of higher education in this state is eligible for an additional 15 percent 15-percent tax credit on qualified expenditures that are wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to such students. The additional 15 percent <del>15-percent</del> tax credit is <del>shall</del> also <del>be</del> applicable to persons hired within 12 months after of graduating from a film and entertainment-related or digital media-related course of study at an institution of higher education in this state. The additional 15 percent <del>15-percent</del> tax credit applies shall apply to qualified expenditures that are wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to such recent graduates for 1 year after from the date of hiring.
- f. A qualified production for which 50 percent or more of its principal photography occurs at a qualified production

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facility, or a qualified digital media project or the digital animation component of a qualified production for which 50 percent or more of the project's or component's qualified expenditures are related to a qualified digital media production facility, is shall be eligible for an additional 5 percent 5percent tax credit on actual qualified expenditures for production activity at that facility.

- q. A No qualified production is not shall be eliqible for tax credits provided under this paragraph totaling more than 30 percent of its actual qualified expenses.
- 2. Commercial and music video queue. Three percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (6) in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the commercial and music video queue. A qualified production company that produces national or regional commercials or music videos may be eligible for a tax credit award if it demonstrates a minimum of \$100,000 in qualified expenditures per national or regional commercial or music video and exceeds a combined threshold of \$500,000 after combining actual qualified expenditures from qualified commercials and music videos during a single state fiscal year. After a qualified production company that produces commercials, music videos, or both reaches the threshold of \$500,000, it is eligible to apply for certification for a tax credit award. The maximum credit award shall be equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures up to a maximum of \$500,000. If there is a surplus at the end of a fiscal year after the Office of Film and Entertainment certifies and determines the tax credits for all qualified commercial and video projects, such surplus tax credits shall be carried forward to the following fiscal year

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and are be available to any eligible qualified productions under the general production queue.

- 3. Independent and emerging media production queue.—Three percent of tax credits authorized pursuant to subsection (6) in any state fiscal year must be dedicated to the independent and emerging media production queue. This queue is intended to encourage Florida independent film and emerging media production in this state. Any qualified production, excluding commercials, infomercials, or music videos, which that demonstrates at least \$100,000, but not more than \$625,000, in total qualified expenditures is eligible for tax credits equal to 20 percent of its actual qualified expenditures. If a surplus exists at the end of a fiscal year after the Office of Film and Entertainment certifies and determines the tax credits for all qualified independent and emerging media production projects, such surplus tax credits shall be carried forward to the following fiscal year and are <del>be</del> available to any eligible qualified productions under the general production queue.
- 4. Family-friendly productions.—A certified theatrical or direct-to-video motion picture production or video game determined by the Commissioner of Film and Entertainment, with the advice of the Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council, to be family-friendly, based on the review of the script and the review of the final release version, is eliqible for an additional tax credit equal to 5 percent of its actual qualified expenditures. Family-friendly productions are those that have cross-generational appeal; would be considered suitable for viewing by children age 5 or older; are appropriate in theme, content, and language for a broad family audience;

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embody a responsible resolution of issues; and do not exhibit or imply any act of smoking, sex, nudity, or vulgar or profane language.

- (7) ANNUAL ALLOCATION OF TAX CREDITS.-
- (a) The aggregate amount of the tax credits that may be certified pursuant to paragraph (3)(d) may not exceed:
  - 1. For fiscal year 2010-2011, \$53.5 million.
  - 2. For fiscal year 2011-2012, \$74.5 million.
- 3. For fiscal years 2012-2013, 2013-2014, and 2014-2015, and 2015-2016, \$42 million per fiscal year.
- (b) Any portion of the maximum amount of tax credits established per fiscal year in paragraph (a) that is not certified as of the end of a fiscal year shall be carried forward and made available for certification during the following 2 fiscal years in addition to the amounts available for certification under paragraph (a) for those fiscal years.
- (c) Upon approval of the final tax credit award amount pursuant to subparagraph (3)(f)2., an amount equal to the difference between the maximum tax credit award amount previously certified under paragraph (3)(d) and the approved final tax credit award amount shall immediately be available for recertification during the current and following fiscal years in addition to the amounts available for certification under paragraph (a) for those fiscal years.
- (d) If, during a fiscal year, the total amount of credits applied for, pursuant to paragraph (3)(a), exceeds the amount of credits available for certification in that fiscal year, such excess shall be treated as having been applied for on the first day of the next fiscal year in which credits remain available



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- (11) REPEAL.—This section is repealed July 1, 2016 2015, except that:
- (a) Tax credits certified under paragraph (3)(d) before July 1, 2016  $\frac{2015}{1}$ , may be awarded under paragraph (3)(f) on or after July 1, 2016 2015, if the other requirements of this section are met.
- (b) Tax credits carried forward under paragraph (4)(e) remain valid for the period specified.
- (c) Subsections (5), (8) and (9) shall remain in effect until July 1, 2021 <del>2020</del>.

Section 13. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 288.9914, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9914 Certification of qualified investments; investment issuance reporting.-

- (3) REVIEW.—
- (c) The department may not approve a cumulative amount of qualified investments that may result in the claim of more than \$163.8\$97.5 million in tax credits during the existence of the program or more than \$33.6 \$20 million in tax credits in a single state fiscal year. However, the potential for a taxpayer to carry forward an unused tax credit may not be considered in calculating the annual limit.

Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 288.9915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9915 Use of proceeds from qualified investments; recordkeeping.-

(1) For the period from the issuance of the qualified investment to the 7th anniversary of such issuance, a qualified

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community development entity may not make cash interest payments on a long-term debt security that is a qualified investment, but not in excess of the entity's cumulative operating income as of the date of the cash interest payment. For purposes of calculating operating income under this section, the interest expense on the security is disregarded for 6 years following the issuance of the security.

Section 15. Section 290.00729, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

290.00729 Enterprise zone designation for Charlotte County. - Charlotte County may apply to the Department of Economic Opportunity for designation of one enterprise zone encompassing an area not to exceed 20 square miles within Charlotte County. The application must be submitted by December 31, 2012, and must comply with the requirements in s. 290.0055. Notwithstanding s. 290.0065 limiting the total number of enterprise zones designated and the number of enterprise zones within a population category, the department may <u>designate</u> one enterprise zone under this section. The department shall establish the initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated under this section.

Section 16. Section 12. Section 290.00731, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

290.00731 Enterprise zone designation for Citrus County.-Citrus County may apply to the department for designation of one enterprise zone for an area within Citrus County. The application must be submitted by December 31, 2012, and must comply with the requirements of s. 290.0055. Notwithstanding s. 290.0065 limiting the total number of enterprise zones

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designated and the number of enterprise zones within a population category, the department may designate one enterprise zone under this section. The department shall establish the initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated under this section.

Section 17. Section 332.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

332.08 Additional powers.-

(1) In addition to the general powers in ss. 332.01-332.12 conferred and without limitation thereof, a municipality that which has established or may hereafter establish airports, restricted landing areas, or other air navigation facilities, or that which has acquired or set apart or may hereafter acquire or set apart real property for such purposes, is hereby authorized:

(a) (1) To vest authority for the construction, enlargement, improvement, maintenance, equipment, operation, and regulation thereof in an officer, a board or body of such municipality by ordinance or resolution which shall prescribe the powers and duties of such officer, board or body. The expense of such construction, enlargement, improvement, maintenance, equipment, operation, and regulation shall be a responsibility of the municipality.

(b) $\frac{(2)}{(a)}$  To adopt and amend all needful rules, regulations, and ordinances for the management, government, and use of any properties under its control, whether within or without the territorial limits of the municipality; to appoint airport guards or police, with full police powers; to fix by ordinance or resolution, as may be appropriate, penalties for the violation of said rules, regulations, and ordinances, and

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enforce said penalties in the same manner in which penalties prescribed by other rules, regulations, and ordinances of the municipality are enforced.

(b) Provided, where a county operates one or more airports, its regulations for the government thereof shall be by resolution of the board of county commissioners, shall be recorded in the minutes of the board and promulgated by posting a copy at the courthouse and at every such airport for 4 consecutive weeks or by publication once a week in a newspaper published in the county for the same period. Such regulations shall be enforced as are the criminal laws. Violation thereof shall be a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(c)(3) To lease for a term not exceeding 30 years such airports or other air navigation facilities, or real property acquired or set apart for airport purposes, to private parties, any municipal or state government or the national government, or any department of either thereof, for operation; to lease or assign for a term not exceeding 30 years to private parties, any municipal or state government or the national government, or any department of either thereof, for operation or use consistent with the purposes of ss. 332.01-332.12, space, area, improvements, or equipment on such airports; to sell any part of such airports, other air navigation facilities, or real property to any municipal or state government, or the United States or any department or instrumentality thereof, for aeronautical purposes or purposes incidental thereto, and to confer the privileges of concessions of supplying upon its airports goods, commodities, things, services, and facilities; provided, that in

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each case in so doing the public is not deprived of its rightful equal and uniform use thereof.

(d) (4) To sell or lease any property, real or personal, acquired for airport purposes and belonging to the municipality, which, in the judgment of its governing body, may not be required for aeronautic purposes, in accordance with the laws of this state, or the provisions of the charter of the municipality, governing the sale or leasing of similar municipally owned property.

(e) (5) To exercise all powers necessarily incidental to the exercise of the general and special powers herein granted, and is specifically authorized to assess and shall assess against and collect from the owner or operator of each and every airplane using such airports a sufficient fee or service charge to cover the cost of the service furnished airplanes using such airports, including the liquidation of bonds or other indebtedness for construction and improvements.

- (2) If a county operates one or more airports, its regulations for the governance thereof shall be by resolution of the board of county commissioners, recorded in the minutes of the board, and promulgated by posting a copy at the courthouse and at every such airport for 4 consecutive weeks or by publication once a week in a newspaper published in the county for the same period. Such regulations shall be enforced in the same manner as the criminal laws. Violation thereof is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a municipality participating in the Federal Aviation

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Administration's Airport Privatization Pilot Program pursuant to 49 U.S.C. s. 47134 may lease or sell an airport or other air navigation facility or real property, together with improvements and equipment, acquired or set apart for airport purposes to a private party under such terms and conditions as negotiated by the municipality. If state funds were provided to the municipality pursuant to s. 332.007, the municipality must obtain approval of the agreement from the Department of Transportation, which may approve the agreement if it determines that the state's investment has been adequately considered and protected consistent with the applicable conditions specified in 49 U.S.C. s. 47134.

Section 18. Section 565.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

565.07 Sale or consumption of certain distilled spirits prohibited.—A No distilled spirit greater than 153 proof may not shall be sold, processed, or consumed in the state. However, a distilled spirit greater than 153 proof may be distilled, bottled, packaged, or processed for export or sale outside the state.

Section 19. (1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on August 3, 2012, through 11:59 p.m. on August 5, 2012, on the sale of:

(a) Clothing, wallets, or bags, including handbags, backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags, having a sales price of \$75 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "clothing" means:

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- 1145 1. Any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry, 1146 1147 umbrellas, or handkerchiefs; and
  - 2. All footwear, excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades, and skates.
  - (b) School supplies having a sales price of \$15 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "school supplies" means pens, pencils, erasers, crayons, notebooks, notebook filler paper, legal pads, binders, lunch boxes, construction paper, markers, folders, poster board, composition books, poster paper, scissors, cellophane tape, glue or paste, rulers, computer disks, protractors, compasses, and calculators.
  - (2) The tax exemptions in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.

Section 20. For the 2011-2012 fiscal year, the sum of \$226,284 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for purposes of administering section 19. Funds remaining unexpended or unencumbered from this appropriation as of June 30, 2012, shall revert and be reappropriated for the same purpose in the 2012-2013 fiscal year.

Section 21. (1) The sum of \$14,900,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the State Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund for the 2012-2013 fiscal year.

(2) The sum of \$14,900,000 is appropriated from the State



Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund for the 2012-2013 fiscal year to the Department of Economic Opportunity for the Qualified Target Industries, Qualified Defense Contractors, Brownfield Bonus, High Impact Performance Incentive, Quick Action Closing Fund, Brownfield Redevelopment, Innovation Incentive programs, and transportation facilities, and only for projects that meet the eligibility requirements of law. These funds shall not be released for any other purpose and shall only be disbursed when projects meet the contracted performance requirements. Section 22. (1) The executive director of the Department of

Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing this act.

(2) Notwithstanding any provision of law, such emergency rules shall remain in effect for 6 months after the date adopted and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.

Section 23. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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1197 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 1198 And the title is amended as follows:

1199 Delete everything before the enacting clause

1200 and insert:

> A bill to be entitled An act relating to economic development; amending s.

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196.199, F.S.; providing an exemption from intangible tax for lessees performing a governmental, municipal, or public purpose or function; providing that the exemption from intangible tax applies retroactively to all governmental leaseholds in existence as of a certain date; providing that the provision is remedial in nature and does not create a right to certain refunds; amending s. 210.20, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; establishing a funding source for the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute from a portion of the cigarette tax collections; directing the purposes for which such funds may be used; establishing a funding source for the Department of Health from a portion of the cigarette tax collections to establish grants and undertake other activities in conjunction with the Sanford-Burnham Medical Research Institute to further biomedical research; directing the purposes for which such funds may be used; amending s. 210.201, F.S.; establishing the purposes for which funding to the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute may be used; amending s. 211.3103, F.S.; revising the excise tax rates levied upon each ton of phosphate rock severed; specifying the period during which the rates apply; revising the distribution of the revenues received; deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 211.02, F.S.; defining the term "mature field recovery oil" and applying to such oil the tiered severance tax rates applicable to tertiary oil; amending s. 211.06, F.S.;

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revising the distribution of certain proceeds from the Oil and Gas Tax Trust Fund; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; providing an exemption from the tax on sales, use, and other transactions for electricity used by packinghouses; defining the term "packinghouse"; expanding exemptions from the sales and use tax on labor, parts, and equipment used in repairs of certain aircraft; exempting certain items used to manufacture, produce, or modify aircraft and gas turbine engines and parts from the tax on sales, use, and other transactions; revising a condition for an exemption for machinery and equipment; providing an exemption from the tax on sales, use, and other transactions for the sale or lease of accessible taxicabs; defining the term "accessible taxicab"; amending s. 212.097, F.S.; revising the eligibility criteria for tax credits under the Urban High-Crime Area Job Tax Credit Program; amending s. 220.14, F.S.; increasing the amount of income that is exempt from the corporate income tax; amending s. 220.63, F.S.; increasing the amount of income that is exempt from the franchise tax imposed on banks and savings associations; amending s. 288.1254, F.S.; redefining the terms "digital media project," "off-season certified production," and "production"; defining the terms "high-impact digital media project" and "interactive website"; revising provisions limiting the amount of tax credits for high-impact television series and digital media productions; providing criteria for determining

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priority for tax credits that have not yet been certified; reducing the required percent of certain production components necessary to qualify for additional credits; authorizing credit allocations for the 2015-2016 fiscal year; extending program repeal provisions by 1 year; amending s. 288.9914, F.S.; revising limits on tax credits that may be claimed by qualified community development entities under the program; amending s. 288.9915, F.S.; revising restrictions on a qualified community development entity's making of cash interest payments on certain long-term debt securities; creating s. 290.00729, F.S.; authorizing Charlotte County to apply to the Department of Economic Opportunity for designation of an enterprise zone; providing application requirements; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to designate an enterprise zone in Charlotte County; requiring that the Department of Economic Opportunity establish the initial effective date for the enterprise zone; creating s. 290.00731, F.S.; authorizing Citrus County to apply to the Department of Economic Opportunity for designation of an enterprise zone; providing an application deadline and requirements; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to designate an enterprise zone in Citrus County; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to establish the effective date of the enterprise zone; amending s. 332.08, F.S.; authorizing a municipality participating in a federal airport

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privatization pilot program to lease or sell to a private party an airport or other air navigation facility or certain real property, improvements, and equipment; requiring approval by the Department of Transportation of the sale or lease agreement under certain circumstances; providing criteria for department approval; amending s. 565.07, F.S.; providing that a distilled spirit greater than 153 proof may be distilled, bottled, packaged, or processed for export or sale outside the state; creating provisions specifying a period during this year when the sale of clothing, wallets, bags, and school supplies are exempt from the tax on sales; providing definitions; providing exceptions; providing an appropriation to the Department of Revenue; providing an appropriation to the State Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund and subsequent appropriation from the trust fund to the Department of Economic Opportunity to fund economic development programs for the 2012-2013 fiscal year; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing effective dates.