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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTIO				
ADOPTED	(Y/N)			
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ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)			
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)			
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)			
OTHER				

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Appropriations Committee Representative Snyder offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 27.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 27.52 Determination of indigent status.
- (2) DETERMINATION BY THE CLERK.—The clerk of the court shall determine whether an applicant seeking appointment of a public defender is indigent based upon the information provided in the application and the criteria prescribed in this subsection.
- (a)1. An applicant, including an applicant who is a minor or an adult tax-dependent person, is indigent if the applicant's income is equal to or below 200 percent of the then-current federal poverty guidelines prescribed for the size of the household of the applicant by the United States Department of Health and Human Services or if the person is receiving

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Cash Assistance, poverty-related veterans' benefits, or Supplemental Security Income (SSI).

- 2.a. There is a presumption that the applicant is not indigent if the applicant owns, or has equity in, any intangible or tangible personal property or real property or the expectancy of an interest in any such property having a net equity value of \$2,500 or more, excluding the value of the person's homestead and one vehicle having a net value not exceeding \$5,000.
- b. Notwithstanding the information that the applicant provides, the clerk may shall conduct a review of the property records for the county in which the applicant resides and the motor vehicle title records of the state to identify any property interests of the applicant under this subparagraph. The clerk may shall evaluate and consider the results of the review in making a determination under this subsection. If the review is completed by the clerk, the clerk shall maintain the results of the review in a file with the application and provide the file to the court if the applicant seeks review under subsection (4) of the clerk's determination of indigent status.
- Section 2. Paragraph (e) of subsection (12) of section 28.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 28.24 Service charges by clerk of the circuit court.—The clerk of the circuit court shall charge for services rendered by the clerk's office in recording documents and instruments and in performing the duties enumerated in amounts not to exceed those specified in this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the clerk of the circuit court shall provide 322919 h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx

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without charge to the state attorney, public defender, quardian ad litem, public guardian, attorney ad litem, criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, and private court-appointed counsel paid by the state, and to the authorized staff acting on behalf of each, access to and a copy of any public record, if the requesting party is entitled by law to view the exempt or confidential record, as maintained by and in the custody of the clerk of the circuit court as provided in general law and the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. The clerk of the circuit court may provide the requested public record in an electronic format in lieu of a paper format when capable of being accessed by the requesting entity.

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- For recording, indexing, and filing any instrument not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, including required notice to property appraiser where applicable:
- An additional service charge of \$4 per page shall be paid to the clerk of the circuit court for each instrument listed in s. 28.222, except judgments received from the courts and notices of lis pendens, recorded in the official records. From the additional \$4 service charge collected:
- If the counties maintain legal responsibility for the costs of the court-related technology needs as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h), 10 cents shall be distributed to the Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptroller, Inc., for the cost of development, implementation, operation, and 322919 - h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx

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Amendment No. 1 76 maintenance of the clerks' Comprehensive Case Information 77 System, in which system all clerks shall participate on or 78 before January 1, 2006; \$1.90 shall be retained by the clerk to 79 be deposited in the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund and used exclusively for funding court-related technology needs of 80 81 the clerk as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h); and \$2 shall be distributed to the board of county commissioners to be used 82 83 exclusively to fund court-related technology, and court technology needs as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h) for the 84 85 state trial courts, state attorney, public defender, and criminal conflict and civil regional counsel in that county. If 86 87 the counties maintain legal responsibility for the costs of the 88 court-related technology needs as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h), notwithstanding any other provision of law, the county 89 is not required to provide additional funding beyond that 90 provided herein for the court-related technology needs of the 91 clerk as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h). All court records 92 and official records are the property of the State of Florida, 93 94 including any records generated as part of the Comprehensive 95 Case Information System funded pursuant to this paragraph and the clerk of court is designated as the custodian of such 96 97 records, except in a county where the duty of maintaining 98 official records exists in a county office other than the clerk 99 of court or comptroller, such county office is designated the custodian of all official records, and the clerk of court is 100 designated the custodian of all court records. The clerk of 101 court or any entity acting on behalf of the clerk of court, 102 103 including an association, shall not charge a fee to any agency

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- 104 as defined in s. 119.011, the Legislature, or the State Court 105 System for copies of records generated by the Comprehensive Case 106 Information System or held by the clerk of court or any entity 107 acting on behalf of the clerk of court, including an 108 association.
- 109 2. If the state becomes legally responsible for the costs 110 of court-related technology needs as defined in s.
- 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h), whether by operation of general law or 111 112 by court order, \$4 shall be remitted to the Department of 113 Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.
- Section 3. Section 28.2405, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 115
 - 28.2405 Comprehensive Case Information System.—All clerks of the circuit court shall participate in the Comprehensive Case Information System of the Florida Association of Clerks and Comptroller, Inc., and shall submit electronic case data to the system based on the case types designated by the Supreme Court.
 - Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 28.241, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 28.241 Filing fees for trial and appellate proceedings.-
 - Filing fees are due at the time a party files a pleading to initiate a proceeding or files a pleading for relief. Reopen fees are due at the time a party files a pleading to reopen a proceeding if at least 90 days have elapsed since the filing of a final order or final judgment with the clerk. If a fee is not paid upon the filing of the pleading as required under this section, the clerk shall pursue collection of the fee pursuant to s. 28.246.

(a)1.a. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph b. and
subparagraph 2., the party instituting any civil action, suit,
or proceeding in the circuit court shall pay to the clerk of
that court a filing fee of up to \$395 in all cases in which
there are not more than five defendants and an additional filing
fee of up to \$2.50 for each defendant in excess of five. Of the
first \$280 in filing fees, \$80 must be remitted by the clerk to
the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue
Fund, \$195 must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for
deposit into the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund, \$3.50 must be
remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the
Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative
Commission and used to fund the Florida Clerks of Court
Operations Corporation created in s. 28.35, and \$1.50 shall be
remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the
Administrative Trust Fund within the Department of Financial
Services to fund clerk budget reviews conducted by the
Department of Financial Services. One third of any filing fees
collected by the clerk of the circuit court in excess of \$100
shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into
the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice
Administrative Commission.

b. The party instituting any civil action, suit, or proceeding in the circuit court under chapter 39, chapter 61, chapter 741, chapter 742, chapter 747, chapter 752, or chapter 753 shall pay to the clerk of that court a filing fee of up to \$295 in all cases in which there are not more than five defendants and an additional filing fee of up to \$2.50 for each 322919 - h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx

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defendant in excess of five. Of the first \$180 in filing fees, \$80 must be remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund, \$95 must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund, \$3.50 must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission and used to fund the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation created in s. 28.35, and \$1.50 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Administrative Trust Fund within the Department of Financial Services to fund clerk budget reviews conducted by the Department of Financial Services.

c. An additional filing fee of \$4 shall be paid to the clerk. The clerk shall remit \$3.50 to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Court Education Trust Fund and shall remit 50 cents to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission to fund clerk education. An additional filing fee of up to \$18 shall be paid by the party seeking each severance that is granted. The clerk may impose an additional filing fee of up to \$85 for all proceedings of garnishment, attachment, replevin, and distress. Postal charges incurred by the clerk of the circuit court in making service by certified or registered mail on defendants or other parties shall be paid by the party at whose instance service is made. No Additional fees, charges, or costs may not shall be added to the filing fees imposed under this section, except as authorized in this section or by general law.

- 2.a. Notwithstanding the fees prescribed in subparagraph
 1., a party instituting a civil action in circuit court relating
 to real property or mortgage foreclosure shall pay a graduated
 filing fee based on the value of the claim.
- b. A party shall estimate in writing the amount in controversy of the claim upon filing the action. For purposes of this subparagraph, the value of a mortgage foreclosure action is based upon the principal due on the note secured by the mortgage, plus interest owed on the note and any moneys advanced by the lender for property taxes, insurance, and other advances secured by the mortgage, at the time of filing the foreclosure. The value shall also include the value of any tax certificates related to the property. In stating the value of a mortgage foreclosure claim, a party shall declare in writing the total value of the claim, as well as the individual elements of the value as prescribed in this sub-subparagraph.
- c. In its order providing for the final disposition of the matter, the court shall identify the actual value of the claim. The clerk shall adjust the filing fee if there is a difference between the estimated amount in controversy and the actual value of the claim and collect any additional filing fee owed or provide a refund of excess filing fee paid.
 - d. The party shall pay a filing fee of:
- (I) Three hundred and ninety-five dollars in all cases in which the value of the claim is \$50,000 or less and in which there are not more than five defendants. The party shall pay an additional filing fee of up to \$2.50 for each defendant in excess of five. Of the first \$280 in filing fees, \$80 must be 322919 h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx

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remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund, \$195 must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund, \$3.50 must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission and used to fund the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation created in s. 28.35, and \$1.50 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Administrative Trust Fund within the Department of Financial Services to fund clerk budget reviews conducted by the Department of Financial Services;

(II) Nine hundred dollars in all cases in which the value of the claim is more than \$50,000 but less than \$250,000 and in which there are not more than five defendants. The party shall pay an additional filing fee of up to \$2.50 for each defendant in excess of five. Of the first \$785 in filing fees, \$80 must be remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund, \$700 must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund, \$3.50 must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission and used to fund the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation described in s. 28.35, and \$1.50 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Administrative Trust Fund within the Department of Financial Services to fund clerk budget reviews conducted by the Department of Financial Services; or

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(III) One thousand nine hundred dollars in all cases in which the value of the claim is \$250,000 or more and in which there are not more than five defendants. The party shall pay an additional filing fee of up to \$2.50 for each defendant in excess of five. Of the first \$1,785 in filing fees, \$80 must be remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund, \$1,700 must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund, \$3.50 must be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission to fund the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation created in s. 28.35, and \$1.50 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Administrative Trust Fund within the Department of Financial Services to fund clerk budget reviews conducted by the Department of Financial Services.

e. An additional filing fee of \$4 shall be paid to the clerk. The clerk shall remit \$3.50 to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Court Education Trust Fund and shall remit 50 cents to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission to fund clerk education. An additional filing fee of up to \$18 shall be paid by the party seeking each severance that is granted. The clerk may impose an additional filing fee of up to \$85 for all proceedings of garnishment, attachment, replevin, and distress. Postal charges incurred by the clerk of the circuit court in making service by certified or registered mail on defendants or other parties shall be paid by the party at 322919 - h7095-StrikeAll Snyderl.docx

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whose instance service is made. No Additional fees, charges, or costs may not shall be added to the filing fees imposed under this section, except as authorized in this section or by general law.

- (b) A party reopening any civil action, suit, or proceeding in the circuit court shall pay to the clerk of court a filing fee set by the clerk in an amount not to exceed \$50. For purposes of this section, a case is reopened after all appeals have been exhausted or time to file an appeal from a final order or final judgment has expired. A reopen fee may be assessed by the clerk for any motion filed by any party at least 90 days after a final order or final judgment has been filed with the clerk in the initial case. A reservation of jurisdiction by a court does not cause a case to remain open for purposes of this section or exempt a party from paying a reopen fee when a case previously reported as disposed of is resubmitted to a court and includes petitions for modification of a final judgment of dissolution. A party is exempt from paying the fee for any of the following:
 - 1. A writ of garnishment;
 - 2. A writ of replevin;
 - 3. A distress writ;
 - 4. A writ of attachment;
 - 5. A motion for rehearing filed within 10 days;
- 295 6. A motion for attorney's fees filed within 30 days after entry of a judgment or final order;
 - 7. A motion for dismissal filed after a mediation agreement has been filed;

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- 8. A disposition of personal property without administration;
 - 9. Any probate case prior to the discharge of a personal representative;
 - 10. Any quardianship pleading prior to discharge;
 - 11. Any mental health pleading;
 - 12. Motions to withdraw by attorneys;
 - 13. Motions exclusively for the enforcement of child support orders;
 - 14. A petition for credit of child support;
 - 15. A Notice of Intent to Relocate and any order issuing as a result of an uncontested relocation;
 - 16. Stipulations and motions to enforce stipulations;
 - 17. Responsive pleadings; or
 - 18. Cases in which there is no initial filing fee; or
 - 19. Motions for contempt.
 - (c)1. A party in addition to a party described in subsubparagraph (a)1.a. who files a pleading in an original civil action in circuit court for affirmative relief by cross-claim, counterclaim, counterpetition, or third-party complaint shall pay the clerk of court a fee of \$395. A party in addition to a party described in sub-subparagraph (a)1.b. who files a pleading in an original civil action in circuit court for affirmative relief by cross-claim, counterclaim, counterpetition, or third-party complaint shall pay the clerk of court a fee of \$295. The clerk shall remit the fee to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.

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- 2. A party in addition to a party described in subparagraph (a) 2. who files a pleading in an original civil action in circuit court for affirmative relief by cross-claim, counterclaim, counterpetition, or third-party complaint shall pay the clerk of court a graduated fee of:
- Three hundred and ninety-five dollars in all cases in which the value of the pleading is \$50,000 or less;
- Nine hundred dollars in all cases in which the value of the pleading is more than \$50,000 but less than \$250,000; or
- c. One thousand nine hundred dollars in all cases in which the value of the pleading is \$250,000 or more.

The clerk shall remit the fees collected under this subparagraph to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund, except that the clerk shall remit \$100 of the fee collected under sub-subparagraph a., \$605 of the fee collected under sub-subparagraph b., and \$1,605 of the fee collected under sub-subparagraph c. to the Department of Revenue for deposit

- (d) The clerk of court shall collect a service charge of \$10 for issuing an original, a certified copy, or an electronic certified copy of a summons. The clerk shall assess the fee against the party seeking to have the summons issued.
- Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 28.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 28.37 Fines, fees, service charges, and costs remitted to 352 the state.-

into the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in ss. 28.241 and 34.041, all court-related fines, fees, service charges, and costs are considered state funds and shall be remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission.

However, 10 percent of all court-related fines collected by the clerk, except for penalties or fines distributed to counties or municipalities under s. 316.0083(1)(b)3. or s. 318.18(15)(a), shall be deposited into the clerk's Public Records Modernization Trust Fund to be used exclusively for additional clerk court-related operational needs and program enhancements.

Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 34.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

34.041 Filing fees.-

- pleading to initiate a proceeding or files a pleading for relief. Reopen fees are due at the time a party files a pleading to reopen a proceeding if at least 90 days have elapsed since the filing of a final order or final judgment with the clerk. If a fee is not paid upon the filing of the pleading as required under this section, the clerk shall pursue collection of the fee pursuant to s. 28.246. Upon the institution of any civil action, suit, or proceeding in county court, the party shall pay the following filing fee, not to exceed:
 - 1. For all claims less than \$100 \$50.
- 379 2. For all claims of \$100 or more but not more than \$500 380 \$75.

- 381 3. For all claims of more than \$500 but not more than \$2,500 \$170.
 - 4. For all claims of more than \$2,500 \$295.
 - 5. In addition, for all proceedings of garnishment, attachment, replevin, and distress \$85.
 - 6. Notwithstanding subparagraphs 3. and 5., for all claims of not more than \$1,000 filed simultaneously with an action for replevin of property that is the subject of the claim \$125.
 - 7. For removal of tenant action \$180.

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- The filing fee in subparagraph 6. is the total fee due under this paragraph for that type of filing, and no other filing fee under this paragraph may be assessed against such a filing.
- (d) The clerk of court shall collect a service charge of \$10 for issuing a summons or an electronic certified copy of a summons. The clerk shall assess the fee against the party seeking to have the summons issued.
- (2) A party reopening any civil action, suit, or proceeding in the county court shall pay to the clerk of court a filing fee set by the clerk in an amount not to exceed \$25 for all claims of not more than \$500 and an amount not to exceed \$50 for all claims of more than \$500. For purposes of this section, a case is reopened after all appeals have been exhausted, or time to file an appeal from a final order or final judgment has expired. A reopen fee may be assessed by the clerk for any motion filed by any party at least 90 days after a final order or final judgment has been filed with the clerk in the initial case. A reservation of jurisdiction by a court does not cause a

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- 409 case to remain open for purposes of this section or exempt a 410 party from paying a reopen fee when a case previously reported 411 as disposed of is resubmitted to a court. A party is exempt from 412 paying the fee for any of the following:
 - A writ of garnishment; (a)
 - (b) A writ of replevin;
 - A distress writ; (C)
 - A writ of attachment; (d)
 - A motion for rehearing filed within 10 days; (e)
 - A motion for attorney's fees filed within 30 days of (f) the entry of the judgment or final order;
 - A motion for dismissal filed after a mediation (g) agreement has been filed;
 - A motion to withdraw by attorneys; (h)
 - (i) Stipulations and motions to enforce stipulations; or
 - Responsive pleadings; or (j)
- 425 (k) Motions for contempt.
 - Section 7. Section 40.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 40.011 Jury lists.—
 - (1) A clerk of the court shall generate a set of juror candidate lists derived from the source lists described in s. 40.01. The source name lists and the juror candidate lists shall be maintained as specified in this chapter and in accordance with the juror selection plan approved in s. 40.225.
 - (2) Pursuant to s. 40.01, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall deliver quarterly to the clerk of the circuit court in each county a list of names of persons 322919 - h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx

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Amendment No. 1 437 who reside in that county, who are citizens of the United 438 States, who are legal residents of Florida, who are 18 years of 439 age or older, and for whom the department has a driver's license 440 or identification card record. The clerk of the circuit court shall add to the list 441 442 of licensed drivers and identification cardholders the name of 443 any person who is 18 years of age or older and who is a citizen of the United States and a legal resident of this state $\frac{Florida}{}$ 444 445 and who indicates a desire to serve as a juror, but whose name does not appear on the department list, by requiring such person 446 447 to execute an affidavit at the office of the clerk. 448 (4) The affidavit executed pursuant to subsection (3)449 (1) must be in substantially the following form: 450 451 State of Florida 452 453 I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am 454 years of age; that I am a citizen of the United States and a 455 legal resident of Florida and County; that I personally 456 make application for jury duty; that I am eligible to serve as a 457 juror under the Constitution and laws of Florida; and that I 458 reside at ... (Address) ... 459 460 ... (Signature) ... 461 462 Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 463 ... (year) ..., at County, Florida.

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(Signature and title of officer administering oath)

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(5) Using the source name lists described subsections
(2) and (3), a clerk of court may generate juror candidate lists
as necessary to ensure a valid and consistent juror selection

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(a) The initial juror candidate list is derived from the name sources and shall be the master list from which prospective jurors are drawn for summons.

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(b) The final juror candidate list shall contain a list of those persons, drawn from the initial candidate list as prescribed in this chapter, who are to be summoned as a pool for possible juror service.

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Section 8. Section 40.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

each county within the circuit who is designated by the chief

within the circuit during the first week of January of each

year, or as soon thereafter as practicable. The chief judge or

the chief judge's designee shall direct the clerk of the court

to select, by lot and at random, a sufficient number of names,

with their addresses, from the initial juror candidate list of

provisions of s. 40.01 and to generate a final juror candidate

persons who are qualified to serve as jurors under the

judge, shall request the selection of a jury list in each county

The chief judge of each circuit, or a circuit judge in

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40.02 Selection of jury lists.-

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list of not fewer than 250 persons to serve as jurors <u>as</u> 322919 - h7095-StrikeAll Snyderl.docx Published On: 2/14/2012 9:34:41 PM
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provided for in s. 40.221. The final juror candidate, which list must shall be signed and verified by the clerk of the court as having been selected as aforesaid. The final juror candidate list may be created, updated, or supplemented as often as necessary to prevent the selection list from becoming exhausted, but in no case less than annually during the first week of January of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable. A circuit judge in a county to which he or she has been assigned may also request that the final juror candidate list be updated or supplemented, or that a new list be created additional jury lists as necessary to prevent the jury list from becoming exhausted.

(2) When the final juror candidate annual jury list is prepared pursuant to the request of a chief judge or the chief judge's designee, the previously prepared final juror candidate lists prepared the previous year shall be withdrawn from further use. If, notwithstanding this provision, some names are not withdrawn, such error or irregularity shall not invalidate any subsequent proceeding or jury. The fact that any person so selected had been on a former jury list or had served as a juror in any court at any time shall not be grounds for challenge of such person as a juror. If any person so selected shall be ascertained to be disqualified or incompetent to serve as a juror, such disqualification shall not affect the legality of such list or be cause of challenge to the array of any jury chosen from such list, but any person ascertained to be disqualified to serve as a juror shall be subject to challenge for cause, as defined by law. The set of juror candidate lists, 322919 - h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx

although they may be defective or irregular in form or other formal requirement, or in the number or qualification of the persons so named, shall be the lists from which the names of persons for jury service are to be drawn as prescribed by law.

- $\underline{(3)}$ (2) The clerk of the court shall be responsible for preserving the security of the source and juror candidate $\underline{\text{jury}}$ lists.
- (4)(3) The clerk of the court shall perform the duties set forth in this section and in ss. 40.221, 40.23, and 40.231 in counties having an approved, computerized jury selection system, the provisions of any special law or general law of local application to the contrary notwithstanding. However, the chief judge may designate the court administrator to perform these duties if the county provides funding to the court administrator to provide the personnel and other costs associated with jury services.
- Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 40.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 40.022 Clerk to purge jury selection lists; restoration.-
- (1) To ensure that the juror candidates summoned satisfy the requirements of ss. 40.01 and 40.013, each clerk of the circuit court shall, upon receipt of the list of persons in the department database from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and at least once each month thereafter, purge the final juror candidate jury selection lists of, at a minimum, the names of those persons:
 - (a) Adjudicated mentally incompetent;

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(C) Deceased.

Section 10. Section 40.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

40.221 Drawing jury venire.—A clerk of the court, under supervision of a judge of any court of record, shall, in a manner deemed to produce a result by lot and at random, randomly select from the final juror candidate jury list such number of persons as he or she deems necessary or expedient for a jury venire, to be returnable at such time as the judge shall specify, from which such venire or venires any jury may be organized, including a grand jury when drawn by or upon order of a judge of the circuit court. The clerk of the court shall keep the list in a secure place.

Section 11. Section 40.225, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- Jury selection plan Drawing jury venire; 40.225 alternative method. -
- Pursuant to s. 40.001, the chief judge of each circuit shall review and consent to the process for selecting juror candidates within his or her circuit. The clerk of court shall implement an automated electronic system in which Whenever a majority of the judges authorized to conduct jury trials in a county consents, the names of prospective jurors and other data pertinent thereto shall be maintained for the purpose of the drawing of juror candidates. This system shall be used as the exclusive method may be fed into a mechanical, electronic, or electrical device and drawn therefrom as an alternative to other methods authorized by law for obtaining jury venires, if such 322919 - h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx

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Bill No. HB 7095 (2012)

Amendment No. 1
drawing is by lot and at random and is approved by the Supreme
Court as hereinafter provided. Subject to the provisions of ss.
40.001 and 40.02, the clerk of the circuit court in each county
shall have the administrative responsibility for developing the
automated system of jury venire selection, obtaining approval
for the juror candidate selection process, and operating and
updating the system in accordance with this chapter and
technical standards and procedures adopted by the Chief Justice.

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The clerk of the court, or the chief judge of the (2) circuit if performing the duties of juror candidate selection as provided in s. 40.02, shall submit for approval a plan for the selection of juror candidates as required in this section to the Chief Justice. The plan must be reapproved whenever required by a change in the law, a change in the technical standards and procedures, or a change in the approved clerk-maintained hardware or software used in the automated system of jury venire selection. The proposed plan, if submitted by the clerk, must be approved by the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located, and must include a description of the equipment, methods, and mode of operation to be used, in a manner consistent with the technical standards and procedures established by the Chief Justice. When a majority of the trial judges authorizes the alternative method of drawing a jury venire as provided in subsection (1), the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall make a certificate to that effect and transmit the same to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, together with a description of the equipment, methods, and mode of operation to be used.

- compliance with applicable statutory requirements and with established technical standards and procedures cause the certificate and data accompanying it to be presented to the justices of the Supreme Court. If the Chief Justice court finds that the proposed plan method will produce venires selected by lot and at random, is in compliance with applicable statutory requirements and established technical standards and procedures, will produce venires selected by lot and at random all constitutional requirements of jury selection, and is otherwise feasible and practicable, an administrative order of approval of same shall be made and filed. Thereafter, the alternative method so approved system for automated selection of jury venires shall may be used in the county so authorized.
- (4) The chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall supervise the use of such alternative method whenever approval of same has been made by order of the Supreme Court.
- (4) (5) This section does not require Nothing herein shall be construed as requiring uniform equipment or methods throughout the state.
- Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 57.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 57.081 Costs; right to proceed where prepayment of costs and payment of filing fees waived.—
- (1) Any indigent person, except a prisoner as defined in s. 57.085, who is a party or intervenor in any judicial or administrative agency proceeding or who initiates such 322919 h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx Published On: 2/14/2012 9:34:41 PM

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proceeding shall receive the services of the courts, sheriffs, and clerks, with respect to such proceedings, despite his or her present inability to pay for these services. Such services are limited to filing fees; service of process; certified copies of orders or final judgments; a single photocopy of any court pleading, record, or instrument filed with the clerk; examining fees; mediation services and fees; private court-appointed counsel fees; subpoena fees and services; service charges for collecting and disbursing funds; and any other cost or service arising out of pending litigation. In any appeal from an administrative agency decision, for which the clerk is responsible for preparing the transcript, the clerk shall record the cost of preparing the transcripts and the cost for copies of any exhibits in the record. A party who has obtained a certification of indigence pursuant to s. 27.52 or s. 57.082 with respect to a proceeding is not required to prepay costs to a court, clerk, or sheriff and is not required to pay filing fees or charges for issuance of a summons Prepayment of costs to any court, clerk, or sheriff is not required and payment of filing fees is not required in any action if the party has obtained in each proceeding a certification of indigence in accordance with s. 27.52 or s. 57.082.

Section 13. Subsection (11) is added to section 95.11, Florida Statutes, to read:

95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real property.—Actions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows:

- (11) COURT COSTS AND FINES.—Notwithstanding subsection
 (1), an action to collect court costs, fees, or fines owed to
 the state may be commenced at any time.
- Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 112.3173, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 112.3173 Felonies involving breach of public trust and other specified offenses by public officers and employees; forfeiture of retirement benefits.—
 - (4) NOTICE.-
- (a) The clerk of a court in which a proceeding involving a specified offense is being conducted against a public officer or employee shall furnish notice of the proceeding to the Commission on Ethics after the state attorney advises the clerk that the defendant is a public officer or employee and that the defendant is alleged to have committed a specified offense. Such notice is sufficient if it is in the form of a copy of the indictment, information, or other document containing the charges. In addition, if a verdict of guilty is returned by a jury or by the court trying the case without a jury, or a plea of guilty or of nolo contendere is entered in the court by the public officer or employee, the clerk shall furnish a copy thereof to the Commission on Ethics.
- Section 15. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 318.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 318.18 Amount of penalties.—The penalties required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows:
 - (8)

- (b)1.a. If a person has been ordered to pay a civil penalty for a noncriminal traffic infraction and the person is unable to comply with the court's order due to demonstrable financial hardship, the court shall allow the person to satisfy the civil penalty by participating in community service until the civil penalty is paid.
- b. If a court orders a person to perform community service, the person shall receive credit for the civil penalty at the specified hourly credit rate per hour of community service performed, and each hour of community service performed shall reduce the civil penalty by that amount.
- 2.a. As used in this paragraph, the term "specified hourly credit rate" means the wage rate that is specified in 29 U.S.C. s. 206(a)(1) under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, that is then in effect, and that an employer subject to such provision must pay per hour to each employee subject to such provision.
- b. However, if a person ordered to perform community service has a trade or profession for which there is a community service need, the specified hourly credit rate for each hour of community service performed by that person shall be the average prevailing wage rate for the trade or profession that the community service agency needs.
- 3.a. The community service agency supervising the person shall record the number of hours of community service completed and the date the community service hours were completed. The community service agency shall submit the data to the clerk of court on the letterhead of the community service agency, which 322919 h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx

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716 must also bear the notarized signature of the person designated to represent the community service agency.

- When the number of community service hours completed by the person equals the amount of the civil penalty, the clerk of court shall certify this fact to the court. Thereafter, the clerk of court shall record in the case file that the civil penalty has been paid in full.
 - As used in this paragraph, the term:
- "Community service" means uncompensated labor for a a. community service agency.
- "Community service agency" means a not-for-profit corporation, community organization, charitable organization, public officer, the state or any political subdivision of the state, or any other body the purpose of which is to improve the quality of life or social welfare of the community and which agrees to accept community service from persons unable to pay civil penalties for noncriminal traffic infractions.

Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 668.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

668.50 Uniform Electronic Transaction Act.-

- (3) SCOPE.
- Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), this section applies to electronic records and electronic signatures relating to a transaction.
- This section does not apply to a transaction to the extent the transaction is governed by:
- 1. A provision of law governing the creation and execution of wills, codicils, or testamentary trusts;

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- 2. The Uniform Commercial Code other than s. 671.107 and chapters 672 and 680; or
 - 3. The Uniform Computer Information Transactions Act.; or
 - 4. Rules relating to judicial procedure.
 - (c) Except with respect to subsections (2), (9), and (11), this section does not apply to a transaction to the extent the transaction is governed by rules relating to judicial procedure.
 - (d)(c) This section applies to an electronic record or electronic signature otherwise excluded under paragraph (b) to the extent such record or signature is governed by a provision of law other than those specified in paragraph (b).
 - $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ (d) A transaction subject to this section is also subject to other applicable provisions of substantive law.
 - Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 733.707, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 733.707 Order of payment of expenses and obligations.-
 - (1) The personal representative shall pay the expenses of the administration and obligations of the decedent's estate in the following order:
 - (c) Class 3.—Debts and taxes with preference under federal law, and claims pursuant to ss. 409.9101 and 414.28, and claims in favor of the state for unpaid court costs, fees, or fines.
 - Section 18. Section 893.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 768 893.11 Suspension, revocation, and reinstatement of business and professional licenses.—For the purposes of s.
- 770 120.60(6), any conviction in any court reported to the
- 771 Comprehensive Case Information System of the Florida Association

Amendment No. 1 of Clerks and Comptroller, Inc., for the sale of, or trafficking in, a controlled substance or for conspiracy to sell, or traffic in, a controlled substance constitutes an immediate serious danger to the public health, safety, or welfare, and is grounds for disciplinary action by the licensing state agency. A state agency shall initiate an immediate emergency suspension of an individual professional license issued by the agency, in compliance with the procedures for summary suspensions in s. 120.60(6), upon the agency's findings of the licensee's conviction in any court reported to the Comprehensive Case Information System of the Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptroller, Inc., Upon the conviction in any court of competent jurisdiction of any person holding a license, permit, or certificate issued by a state agency, for the sale of, or trafficking in, a controlled substance, or for conspiracy to sell, or traffic in, a controlled substance. Before renewing any professional license, a state agency that issues a professional license must use the Comprehensive Case Information System of the Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptroller, Inc., to obtain information relating to any conviction for the sale of, or trafficking in, a controlled substance or for conspiracy to sell, or traffic in, a controlled substance. The clerk of court shall provide electronic access to each state agency at no cost and also provide certified copies of the judgment upon request to the agency., if such offense is a felony, the clerk of said court shall send a certified copy of the judgment of conviction with the person's license number, permit number, or certificate number on the face of such certified copy to the

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agency head by whom the convicted defendant has received a license, permit, or certificate to practice his or her profession or to carry on his or her business. Such agency head shall suspend or revoke the license, permit, or certificate of the convicted defendant to practice his or her profession or to carry on his or her business. Upon a showing by any such convicted defendant whose professional license, permit, or certificate has been suspended or revoked pursuant to this section that his or her civil rights have been restored or upon a showing that the convicted defendant meets the following criteria, the agency head may reinstate or reactivate such license, permit, or certificate when:

- (1) The person has complied with the conditions of paragraphs (a) and (b) which shall be monitored by the Department of Corrections while the person is under any supervisory sanction. If the person fails to comply with provisions of these paragraphs by either failing to maintain treatment or by testing positive for drug use, the department shall notify the licensing, permitting, or certifying agency, which shall revoke the license, permit, or certification. The person under supervision may:
- (a) Seek evaluation and enrollment in, and once enrolled maintain enrollment in until completion, a drug treatment and rehabilitation program which is approved or regulated by the Department of Children and Family Services. The treatment and rehabilitation program shall be specified by:
- 1. The court, in the case of court-ordered supervisory sanctions;

- 2. The Parole Commission, in the case of parole, control release, or conditional release; or
 - 3. The Department of Corrections, in the case of imprisonment or any other supervision required by law.
- (b) Submit to periodic urine drug testing pursuant to procedures prescribed by the Department of Corrections. If the person is indigent, the costs shall be paid by the Department of Corrections; or
- (2) The person has successfully completed an appropriate program under the Correctional Education Program.
- (3) As used in this section, the term "professional license" includes any license, permit, or certificate that authorizes a person to practice his or her profession. However, the term This section does not include apply to any of the taxes, fees, or permits regulated, controlled, or administered by the Department of Revenue in accordance with s. 213.05.
- Section 19. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 938.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 938.27 Judgment for costs on conviction.-
- (2)(a) The court shall impose the costs of prosecution and investigation notwithstanding the defendant's present ability to pay. The court shall require the defendant to pay the costs within a specified period or <u>pursuant to a payment plan under s.</u> 28.246(4) in specified installments.
- (b) The end of such period or the last such installment must shall not be later than:
- The end of the period of probation or community control, if probation or community control is ordered;
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- 2. Five years after the end of the term of imprisonment imposed, if the court does not order probation or community control; or
 - 3. Five years after the date of sentencing in any other case.

However, in no event shall the obligation to pay any unpaid amounts does not expire if not paid in full within the period specified in this paragraph.

Section 20. Present subsections (8) through (12) of section 938.30, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (10) through (14), respectively, and new subsections (8) and (9) are added to that section to read:

938.30 Financial obligations in criminal cases; supplementary proceedings.—

- entered on a court-imposed financial obligation, the judgment constitutes a civil lien against the judgment debtor's presently owned or after-acquired real or personal property when recorded pursuant to s. 55.10, except that a judgment on a court-imposed financial obligation is not subject to the 10-year rerecording requirement of s. 55.10. The judgment must secure all unpaid court-imposed financial obligations that are due and may accrue subsequent to the recording of the judgment, as well as interest and reasonable costs for issuing a satisfaction and recording the satisfaction in the official records.
- (9) The clerk of the court shall enforce, satisfy, compromise, settle, subordinate, release, or otherwise dispose 322919 h7095-StrikeAll Snyder1.docx Published On: 2/14/2012 9:34:41 PM

of any debts or liens imposed and collected under this section in the same manner as prescribed in s. 938.29(3).

Section 21. Section 947.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

947.181 <u>Fines, fees, restitution, or other costs ordered</u>
to be paid <u>Victim restitution</u> as <u>conditions</u> condition of
parole.—

(1) (a) The Parole commission shall require the payment of fines, fees, restitution, or other court-ordered costs as a condition of parole reparation or restitution to the aggrieved party for the damage or loss caused by the offense for which the parolee was imprisoned unless the commission finds reasons to the contrary. Restitution to the aggrieved party for injury, damage, or loss caused by the offense for which the parolee was imprisoned shall have first priority in the payment of amounts owed under this section. If the commission does not require the payment of fines, fees, restitution, or other court-ordered costs order restitution or requires orders only partial payment of the fines, fees, restitution, or other court-ordered costs restitution, the commission shall state on the record the reasons for its decision therefor. The amount of such reparation or restitution shall be determined by the Parole Commission.

(2) (b) If the parolee fails to make the <u>payments</u> reparation or restitution to the aggrieved party as required authorized in <u>subsection (1)</u> paragraph (a), it shall be considered by the commission as a violation of parole as specified in s. 947.21 and may be cause for revocation of her or his parole.

(3)(2) If a defendant is paroled, any restitution ordered under s. 775.089 shall be a condition of such parole. The Parole Commission may revoke parole if the defendant fails to comply with such order.

(4) In determining whether to revoke parole, the Parole commission shall consider the defendant's employment status, earning ability, and financial resources; the willfulness of the defendant's failure to pay; and any other special circumstances that may have a bearing on the defendant's ability to pay.

Section 22. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove the entire title and insert:

An act relating to clerks of court; amending s. 27.52, F.S.; authorizing the clerk of court to review the property records and motor vehicle records to determine whether an applicant for the appointment of a public defender is indigent; deleting a requirement that the clerk conduct the review; amending s. 28.24, F.S.; deleting a requirement for the clerks of the circuit courts to participate in the Comprehensive Case Information System; creating s. 28.2405, F.S.; requiring clerks of the circuit courts to use the Comprehensive Case Information System and to submit data to the system based on case types designated by the Supreme Court of Florida; amending s. 28.241,

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F.S.; providing that filing fees and fees to reopen a proceeding are due at the time a party files a pleading to initiate or reopen a proceeding; requiring the clerk of court to pursue the collection of fees that are not timely paid; revising the circumstances under which a fee to reopen a case applies; exempting a person from paying a reopen fee for filing a motion to enforce a stipulation or a motion for contempt; authorizing the clerk of court to charge a fee to issue an electronic certified copy of a summons; amending s. 28.37, F.S.; providing that certain penalties and fines are not deposited into the clerk's Public Records Modernization Trust Fund; amending s. 34.041, F.S.; requiring the party filing a case in county court to pay all filing and reopen fees at the time of filing; requiring the clerk to pursue collection of the fees if the fees are not paid at the time of filing; authorizing the clerk of court to charge a fee for issuing an electronic certified copy of a summons; revising the circumstances under which a fee to reopen a case applies; exempting a party from paying a reopen fee for filing motions to enforce stipulations and motions for contempt; amending s. 40.011, F.S.; requiring that a clerk of court generate a set of juror candidate lists; requiring that the clerk of court add names of certain persons to the juror candidate lists; authorizing the clerk of court to generate juror candidate lists to ensure a valid

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and consistent juror selection process; amending s. 40.02, F.S.; revising the process of selecting jury lists; amending s. 40.022, F.S.; revising the process of purging jury selection lists; amending s. 40.221, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 40.225, F.S.; requiring that the clerk of court implement an automated electronic system for drawing jury venire; providing administrative responsibilities of the clerks of court with regard to the jury venire; requiring that the clerk of court or the chief judge submit for approval a plan for the selection of juror candidates; requiring that the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court examine the proposed plan for compliance with applicable statutory requirements and technical standards and procedures; requiring that an administrative order be filed if the proposed plan is approved; amending s. 57.081, F.S.; providing that a person who receives a certification of indigence with respect to a proceeding is not required to pay charges to issue a summons; amending s. 95.11, F.S.; providing that an action to collect any court costs, fees, or fines owed to the state may be commenced at any time; amending s. 112.3173, F.S.; providing for the duty of a clerk of court to notify the Commission on Ethics of certain proceedings involving public officers or employees to arise after the clerk is advised by the state attorney that the defendant is a public officer

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or employee who is alleged to have committed a specified offense; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; requiring that the signature of the person designated to represent a community service agency be notarized on letterhead that indicates the number of hours of community service completed and the date the community service hours were completed by a person who is ordered to perform community service as a penalty for specified offenses; amending s. 668.50, F.S.; limiting the exemption from the Uniform Electronic Transaction Act for transactions governed by rules relating to judicial procedure; amending s. 733.707, F.S.; specifying the priority of payment of unpaid court costs, fees, or fines by a decedent's estate; amending s. 893.11, F.S.; providing that convictions of certain types of criminal offenses which are reported to the Comprehensive Case Information System of the Florida Association of Clerks and Comptroller, Inc., are an immediate, serious danger to the public health, safety, or welfare; providing that such convictions are grounds for disciplinary action by a licensing state agency; requiring that a state agency initiate an emergency suspension of an individual professional license upon the agency's finding of the licensee's conviction of a certain type of criminal offense which is reported to the Comprehensive Case Information System; requiring that certain state agencies use the Comprehensive Case Information System to obtain

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information relating to a conviction involving certain types of criminal offenses; requiring that the clerk of court provide to each state agency electronic access and provide certified copies of judgments to licensing agencies upon request; defining the term "business or professional license"; amending s. 938.27, F.S.; authorizing a court to require a defendant to pay the costs of prosecution and investigation pursuant to a payment plan under a specified provision; amending s. 938.30, F.S.; providing that criminal or civil judgment and related costs are a civil lien against the judgment debtor's presently owned or after-acquired real or personal property if the judgment is recorded; providing an exception to rerecording requirements; requiring that the clerk of court enforce, satisfy, compromise, settle, subordinate, release, or otherwise dispose of any debts or lien imposed and collected in the same manner as for an indigent defendant-recipient; amending s. 947.181, F.S.; providing that the Parole Commission require as a condition of parole the payment of fines, fees, or other court-ordered costs under certain circumstances; providing that restitution ordered as a condition of parole has first priority over the payment of other costs ordered as a condition of parole; requiring that the commission state on record the reasons for not requiring the full

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 7095 (2012)

Amenament No.	Τ						
payment	of	the	fines,	fees,	or	other	court-ordered

1052 costs; providing an effective date.

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