FOR CONSIDERATION By the Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs

586-01622A-12

20127166

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to child protection; amending s. 3 39.01, F.S.; revising the definitions of the term 4 "abandoned" or "abandonment," "institutional child 5 abuse or neglect," and "abandons the child within the 6 context of harm"; amending s. 39.013, F.S.; specifying 7 when jurisdiction attaches for a petition for an 8 injunction to prevent child abuse issued pursuant to 9 specified provisions; amending s. 39.0138, F.S.; 10 revising provisions relating to criminal history records check on persons being considered for 11 placement of a child; requiring a records check 12 13 through the State Automated Child Welfare Information 14 System; providing for an out-of-state criminal history 15 records check of certain persons who have lived out of 16 state if such records may be obtained; amending s. 17 39.201, F.S.; providing procedures for calls from a 18 parent or legal custodian seeking assistance for himself or herself which do not meet the criteria for 19 20 being a report of child abuse, abandonment, or 21 neglect, but show a potential future risk of harm to a 22 child and requiring a referral if a need for community 23 services exists; specifying that the central abuse 24 hotline is the first step in the safety assessment and 25 investigation process; amending s. 39.205, F.S.; 26 permitting discontinuance of an investigation of child 27 abuse, abandonment, or neglect during the course of 28 the investigation if it is determined that the report 29 was false; amending s. 39.301, F.S.; substituting

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30	references to a standard electronic child welfare case
31	for a master file; revising requirements for such a
32	file; revising requirements for informing the subject
33	of an investigation; deleting provisions relating to a
34	preliminary determination as to whether an
35	investigation report is complete; revising
36	requirements for child protective investigation
37	activities to be performed to determine child safety;
38	specifying uses for certain criminal justice
39	information accesses by child protection
40	investigators; requiring documentation of the present
41	and impending dangers to each child through use of a
42	standardized safety assessment; revising provisions
43	relating to required protective, treatment, and
44	ameliorative services; revising requirements for the
45	Department of Children and Family Service's training
46	program for staff responsible for responding to
47	reports accepted by the central abuse hotline;
48	requiring the department's training program at the
49	regional and district levels to include results of
50	qualitative reviews of child protective investigation
51	cases handled within the region or district; revising
52	requirements for the department's quality assurance
53	program; amending s. 39.302, F.S.; requiring that a
54	protective investigation must include an interview
55	with the child's parent or legal guardian; amending s.
56	39.307, F.S.; requiring the department, contracted
57	sheriff's office providing protective investigation
58	services, or contracted case management personnel

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586-01622A-12 20127166 59 responsible for providing services to adhere to 60 certain procedures relating to reports of child-on-61 child sexual abuse; deleting a requirement that an 62 assessment of service and treatment needs to be 63 completed within a specified period; amending s. 64 39.504, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the 65 process for seeking a child protective injunction; 66 providing for temporary ex parte injunctions; providing requirements for service on an alleged 67 68 offender; revising provisions relating to the contents of an injunction; providing for certain relief; 69 70 providing requirements for notice of a hearing on a 71 motion to modify or dissolve an injunction; providing 72 that a person against whom an injunction is entered 73 does not automatically become a party to a subsequent 74 dependency action concerning the same child unless he 75 or she was a party to the action in which the 76 injunction was entered; amending s. 39.521, F.S.; 77 requiring a home study report if a child has been 78 removed from the home and will be remaining with a 79 parent; substituting references to the State Automated 80 Child Welfare Information System for the Florida Abuse 81 Hotline Information System applicable to records 82 checks; authorizing submission of fingerprints of 83 certain household members; authorizing requests for 84 national criminal history checks and fingerprinting of 85 any visitor to the home known to the department; 86 amending s. 39.6011, F.S.; providing additional 87 options for the court with respect to case plans;

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88	providing for expiration of a child's case plan no
89	later than 12 months after the date the child was
90	adjudicated dependent; conforming a cross-reference to
91	changes made by the act; amending s. 39.621, F.S.;
92	revising terminology relating to permanency
93	determinations; amending s. 39.701, F.S.; providing
94	that a court must schedule a judicial review hearing
95	if the citizen review panel recommends extending the
96	goal of reunification for any case plan beyond 12
97	months from the date the child was adjudicated
98	dependent, unless specified other events occurred
99	earlier; conforming a cross-reference to changes made
100	by the act; amending s. 39.8055, F.S.; requiring the
101	department to file a petition to terminate parental
102	rights within a certain number of days after the
103	completion of a specified period after the child was
104	sheltered or adjudicated dependent, whichever occurs
105	first; amending s. 39.806, F.S.; providing additional
106	criteria for the court to consider when deciding
107	whether to terminate the parental rights of a parent
108	or legal guardian because the parent or legal guardian
109	is incarcerated; increasing the number of months of
110	failure of the parent or parents to substantially
111	comply with a child's case plan in certain
112	circumstances that constitutes evidence of continuing
113	abuse, neglect, or abandonment and grounds for
114	termination of parental rights; revising a cross-
115	reference; clarifying applicability of certain
116	amendments made by the act; amending ss. 39.502,

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117	
118	to changes made by the act; amending s. 402.56, F.S.;
119	directing the Children and Youth Cabinet to meet at
120	least four times per year rather than six times per
121	year; providing an effective date.
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123	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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125	Section 1. Subsection (1), paragraph (e) of subsection
126	(32), and subsection (33) of section 39.01, Florida Statutes,
127	are amended to read:
128	39.01 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, unless the
129	context otherwise requires:
130	(1) "Abandoned" or "abandonment" means a situation in which
131	the parent or legal custodian of a child or, in the absence of a
132	parent or legal custodian, the caregiver, while being able, <u>has</u>
133	made makes no significant contribution to the child's care and
134	maintenance or provision for the child's support and has failed
135	to establish or maintain a substantial and positive relationship
136	with the child, or both. For purposes of this subsection,
137	"establish or maintain a substantial and positive relationship"
138	includes, but is not limited to, frequent and regular contact
139	with the child through frequent and regular visitation or
140	frequent and regular communication to or with the child, and the
141	exercise of parental rights and responsibilities. Marginal
142	efforts and incidental or token visits or communications are not
143	sufficient to establish or maintain a substantial and positive
144	relationship with a child. The term does not include a
145	surrendered newborn infant as described in s. 383.50, a "child

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586-01622A-12 20127166 146 in need of services" as defined in chapter 984, or a "family in 147 need of services" as defined in chapter 984. The incarceration, repeated incarceration, or extended incarceration of a parent, 148 149 legal custodian, or caregiver responsible for a child's welfare 150 may support a finding of abandonment. (32) "Harm" to a child's health or welfare can occur when 151 152 any person: (e) Abandons the child. Within the context of the 153 154 definition of "harm," the term "abandoned the child" or "abandonment of the child" means a situation in which the parent 155 156 or legal custodian of a child or, in the absence of a parent or 157 legal custodian, the caregiver, while being able, has made makes 158 no significant contribution to the child's care and maintenance or provision for the child's support and has failed to establish 159 160 or maintain a substantial and positive relationship with the 161 child, or both. For purposes of this paragraph, "establish or maintain a substantial and positive relationship" includes, but 162 163 is not limited to, frequent and regular contact with the child through frequent and regular visitation or frequent and regular 164 165 communication to or with the child, and the exercise of parental rights and responsibilities. Marginal efforts and incidental or 166 167 token visits or communications are not sufficient to establish 168 or maintain a substantial and positive relationship with a child. The term "abandoned" does not include a surrendered 169 newborn infant as described in s. 383.50, a child in need of 170 171 services as defined in chapter 984, or a family in need of 172 services as defined in chapter 984. The incarceration, repeated 173 incarceration, or extended incarceration of a parent, legal 174 custodian, or caregiver responsible for a child's welfare may

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     support a finding of abandonment.
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          (33) "Institutional child abuse or neglect" means
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     situations of known or suspected child abuse or neglect in which
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     the person allegedly perpetrating the child abuse or neglect is
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     an employee of a private school, public or private day care
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     center, residential home, institution, facility, or agency or
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     any other person at such institution responsible for the child's
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     care as defined in subsection (47).
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183 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 39.013, Florida 184 Statutes, is amended to read:

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39.013 Procedures and jurisdiction; right to counsel.-

186 (2) The circuit court has exclusive original jurisdiction 187 of all proceedings under this chapter, of a child voluntarily 188 placed with a licensed child-caring agency, a licensed child-189 placing agency, or the department, and of the adoption of children whose parental rights have been terminated under this 190 191 chapter. Jurisdiction attaches when the initial shelter 192 petition, dependency petition, or termination of parental rights petition, or a petition for an injunction to prevent child abuse 193 194 issued pursuant to s. 39.504, is filed or when a child is taken 195 into the custody of the department. The circuit court may assume jurisdiction over any such proceeding regardless of whether the 196 197 child was in the physical custody of both parents, was in the sole legal or physical custody of only one parent, caregiver, or 198 199 some other person, or was not in the physical or legal custody 200 of any no person when the event or condition occurred that 201 brought the child to the attention of the court. When the court 202 obtains jurisdiction of any child who has been found to be 203 dependent, the court shall retain jurisdiction, unless

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586-01622A-12 20127166 204 relinquished by its order, until the child reaches 18 years of 205 age. However, if a youth petitions the court at any time before 206 his or her 19th birthday requesting the court's continued 207 jurisdiction, the juvenile court may retain jurisdiction under 208 this chapter for a period not to exceed 1 year following the 209 youth's 18th birthday for the purpose of determining whether 210 appropriate aftercare support, Road-to-Independence Program, 211 transitional support, mental health, and developmental disability services, to the extent otherwise authorized by law, 212 213 have been provided to the formerly dependent child who was in the legal custody of the department immediately before his or 214 her 18th birthday. If a petition for special immigrant juvenile 215 216 status and an application for adjustment of status have been 217 filed on behalf of a foster child and the petition and 218 application have not been granted by the time the child reaches 219 18 years of age, the court may retain jurisdiction over the 220 dependency case solely for the purpose of allowing the continued 221 consideration of the petition and application by federal authorities. Review hearings for the child shall be set solely 222 223 for the purpose of determining the status of the petition and 224 application. The court's jurisdiction terminates upon the final 225 decision of the federal authorities. Retention of jurisdiction 226 in this instance does not affect the services available to a young adult under s. 409.1451. The court may not retain 227 228 jurisdiction of the case after the immigrant child's 22nd 229 birthday. 230

230 Section 3. Section 39.0138, Florida Statutes, is amended to 231 read:

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39.0138 Criminal history and other records checks check;

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586-01622A-1220127166_233limit on placement of a child.-234(1) The department shall conduct a records check through235the State Automated Child Welfare Information System (SACWIS)

236 and a local and statewide criminal history records check on all 237 persons, including parents, being considered by the department for placement of a child subject to a placement decision under 238 239 this chapter, including all nonrelative placement decisions, and all members of the household, 12 years of age and older, of the 240 person being considered, and frequent visitors to the household. 241 242 For purposes of this section, a criminal history records check may include, but is not limited to, submission of fingerprints 243 244 to the Department of Law Enforcement for processing and 245 forwarding to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for state and 246 national criminal history information, and local criminal 247 records checks through local law enforcement agencies of all 248 household members 18 years of age and older and other visitors 249 to the home. An out-of-state criminal history records check must 250 be initiated for any person 18 years of age or older who resided 251 in another state if that state allows the release of such 252 records. A criminal history records check must also include a 253 search of the department's automated abuse information system. 254 The department shall establish by rule standards for evaluating 255 any information contained in the automated system relating to a 256 person who must be screened for purposes of making a placement 257 decision.

(2) The department may not place a child with a person
other than a parent if the criminal history records check
reveals that the person has been convicted of any felony that
falls within any of the following categories:

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586-01622A-12 20127166 262 (a) Child abuse, abandonment, or neglect; 263 (b) Domestic violence; 264 (c) Child pornography or other felony in which a child was 265 a victim of the offense; or (d) Homicide, sexual battery, or other felony involving 266 violence, other than felony assault or felony battery when an 267 adult was the victim of the assault or battery. 268 269 (3) The department may not place a child with a person 270 other than a parent if the criminal history records check reveals that the person has, within the previous 5 years, been 271 272 convicted of a felony that falls within any of the following 273 categories: 274 (a) Assault; 275 (b) Battery; or 276 (c) A drug-related offense. 277 (4) The department may place a child in a home that 278 otherwise meets placement requirements if a name check of state 279 and local criminal history records systems does not disqualify 280 the applicant and if the department submits fingerprints to the 281 Department of Law Enforcement for forwarding to the Federal 282 Bureau of Investigation and is awaiting the results of the state 283 and national criminal history records check. 284 (5) Persons with whom placement of a child is being 285 considered or approved must disclose to the department any prior 286 or pending local, state, or national criminal proceedings in 287 which they are or have been involved. 288 (6) The department may examine the results of any criminal 289 history records check of any person, including a parent, with 290 whom placement of a child is being considered under this

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586-01622A-1220127166___291section. The complete criminal history records check must be
considered when determining whether placement with the person293will jeopardize the safety of the child being placed.294(7) (a) The court may review a decision of the department to
grant or deny the placement of a child based upon information296from the criminal history records check. The review may be upon

the motion of any party, the request of any person who has been denied a placement by the department, or on the court's own motion. The court shall prepare written findings to support its decision in this matter.

301 (b) A person who is seeking placement of a child but is 302 denied the placement because of the results of a criminal 303 history records check has the burden of setting forth sufficient 304 evidence of rehabilitation to show that the person will not 305 present a danger to the child if the placement of the child is 306 allowed. Evidence of rehabilitation may include, but is not 307 limited to, the circumstances surrounding the incident providing 308 the basis for denying the application, the time period that has elapsed since the incident, the nature of the harm caused to the 309 310 victim, whether the victim was a child, the history of the person since the incident, whether the person has complied with 311 312 any requirement to pay restitution, and any other evidence or 313 circumstances indicating that the person will not present a danger to the child if the placement of the child is allowed. 314

315 Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection 316 (4) of section 39.201, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

317 39.201 Mandatory reports of child abuse, abandonment, or 318 neglect; mandatory reports of death; central abuse hotline.-319 (2) (a) Each report of known or suspected child abuse,

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586-01622A-12 20127166 320 abandonment, or neglect by a parent, legal custodian, caregiver, 321 or other person responsible for the child's welfare as defined 322 in this chapter, except those solely under s. 827.04(3), and 323 each report that a child is in need of supervision and care and has no parent, legal custodian, or responsible adult relative 324 immediately known and available to provide supervision and care 325 326 shall be made immediately to the department's central abuse 327 hotline. Such reports may be made on the single statewide toll-328 free telephone number or via fax or web-based report. Personnel 329 at the department's central abuse hotline shall determine if the report received meets the statutory definition of child abuse, 330 331 abandonment, or neglect. Any report meeting one of these definitions shall be accepted for the protective investigation 332 333 pursuant to part III of this chapter. Any call received from a 334 parent or legal custodian seeking assistance for himself or 335 herself which does not meet the criteria for being a report of 336 child abuse, abandonment, or neglect may be accepted by the 337 hotline for response to ameliorate a potential future risk of 338 harm to a child. If it is determined by a child welfare 339 professional that a need for community services exists, the 340 department shall refer the parent or legal custodian for 341 appropriate voluntary community services.

(4) The department shall <u>operate</u> establish and maintain a central abuse hotline to receive all reports made pursuant to this section in writing, via fax, via web-based reporting, or through a single statewide toll-free telephone number, which any person may use to report known or suspected child abuse, abandonment, or neglect at any hour of the day or night, any day of the week. The central abuse hotline is the first step in the

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586-01622A-12 20127166 349 safety assessment and investigation process. The central abuse 350 hotline shall be operated in such a manner as to enable the 351 department to: 352 (a) Immediately identify and locate prior reports or cases 353 of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect through utilization of 354 the department's automated tracking system. 355 (b) Monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the 356 department's program for reporting and investigating suspected 357 abuse, abandonment, or neglect of children through the 358 development and analysis of statistical and other information. 359 (c) Track critical steps in the investigative process to 360 ensure compliance with all requirements for any report of abuse, 361 abandonment, or neglect. 362 (d) Maintain and produce aggregate statistical reports 363 monitoring patterns of child abuse, child abandonment, and child 364 neglect. The department shall collect and analyze child-on-child 365 sexual abuse reports and include the information in aggregate 366 statistical reports. 367 (e) Serve as a resource for the evaluation, management, and 368 planning of preventive and remedial services for children who 369 have been subject to abuse, abandonment, or neglect. 370 (f) Initiate and enter into agreements with other states

371 for the purpose of gathering and sharing information contained 372 in reports on child maltreatment to further enhance programs for 373 the protection of children.

374 Section 5. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 39.205, 375 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

376 39.205 Penalties relating to reporting of child abuse,377 abandonment, or neglect.-

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586-01622A-12 20127166 378 (3) A person who knowingly and willfully makes public or 379 discloses any confidential information contained in the central 380 abuse hotline or in the records of any child abuse, abandonment, 381 or neglect case, except as provided in this chapter, commits is 382 quilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 383 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 384 (5) If the department or its authorized agent has 385 determined during the course of after its investigation that a 386 report is a false report, the department may discontinue all 387 investigative activities and shall, with the consent of the alleged perpetrator, refer the report to the local law 388 389 enforcement agency having jurisdiction for an investigation to 390 determine whether sufficient evidence exists to refer the case for prosecution for filing a false report as defined in s. 391 392 39.01. During the pendency of the investigation, the department 393 must notify the local law enforcement agency of, and the local 394 law enforcement agency must respond to, all subsequent reports 395 concerning children in that same family in accordance with s. 396 39.301. If the law enforcement agency believes that there are 397 indicators of abuse, abandonment, or neglect, it must 398 immediately notify the department, which must ensure the safety 399 of the children. If the law enforcement agency finds sufficient 400 evidence for prosecution for filing a false report, it must 401 refer the case to the appropriate state attorney for 402 prosecution. 403 Section 6. Section 39.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to

403 Section 6. Section 39.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to 404 read:

405 39.301 Initiation of protective investigations.406 (1) Upon receiving a report of known or suspected child

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586-01622A-12 20127166 407 abuse, abandonment, or neglect, or that a child is in need of 408 supervision and care and has no parent, legal custodian, or 409 responsible adult relative immediately known and available to 410 provide supervision and care, the central abuse hotline shall 411 determine if the report requires an immediate onsite protective 412 investigation. For reports requiring an immediate onsite 413 protective investigation, the central abuse hotline shall 414 immediately notify the department's designated district staff 415 responsible for protective investigations to ensure that an 416 onsite investigation is promptly initiated. For reports not requiring an immediate onsite protective investigation, the 417 418 central abuse hotline shall notify the department's designated 419 district staff responsible for protective investigations in 420 sufficient time to allow for an investigation. At the time of 421 notification, the central abuse hotline shall also provide 422 information to district staff on any previous report concerning 423 a subject of the present report or any pertinent information 424 relative to the present report or any noted earlier reports.

(2) (a) The department shall immediately forward allegations of criminal conduct to the municipal or county law enforcement agency of the municipality or county in which the alleged conduct has occurred.

(b) As used in this subsection, the term "criminal conduct" 430 means:

431 1. A child is known or suspected to be the victim of child
432 abuse, as defined in s. 827.03, or of neglect of a child, as
433 defined in s. 827.03.

434 2. A child is known or suspected to have died as a result435 of abuse or neglect.

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436	3. A child is known or suspected to be the victim of
437	aggravated child abuse, as defined in s. 827.03.
438	4. A child is known or suspected to be the victim of sexual
439	battery, as defined in s. 827.071, or of sexual abuse, as
440	defined in s. 39.01.
441	5. A child is known or suspected to be the victim of
442	institutional child abuse or neglect, as defined in s. 39.01,
443	and as provided for in s. 39.302(1).
444	6. A child is known or suspected to be a victim of human
445	trafficking, as provided in s. 787.06.
446	(c) Upon receiving a written report of an allegation of
447	criminal conduct from the department, the law enforcement agency
448	shall review the information in the written report to determine
449	whether a criminal investigation is warranted. If the law
450	enforcement agency accepts the case for criminal investigation,
451	it shall coordinate its investigative activities with the
452	department, whenever feasible. If the law enforcement agency
453	does not accept the case for criminal investigation, the agency
454	shall notify the department in writing.
455	(d) The local law enforcement agreement required in s.
456	39.306 shall describe the specific local protocols for
457	implementing this section.
458	(3) The department shall maintain a single, standard
459	electronic child welfare case master file for each child whose
460	report is accepted by the central abuse hotline for
461	investigation. Such file must contain information concerning all
462	reports received by the abuse hotline concerning that child and
463	all services received by that child and family. The file must be
464	made available to any department staff, agent of the department,

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586-01622A-12 20127166 465 or contract provider given responsibility for conducting a 466 protective investigation. 467 (4) To the extent practical, all protective investigations 468 involving a child shall be conducted or the work supervised by a 469 single individual in order for there to be broad knowledge and 470 understanding of the child's history. When a new investigator is 471 assigned to investigate a second and subsequent report involving 472 a child, a multidisciplinary staffing shall be conducted which 473 includes new and prior investigators, their supervisors, and 474 appropriate private providers in order to ensure that, to the 475 extent possible, there is coordination among all parties. The 476 department shall establish an internal operating procedure that 477 ensures that all required investigatory activities, including a 478 review of the child's complete investigative and protective 479 services history, are completed by the investigator, reviewed by 480 the supervisor in a timely manner, and signed and dated by both 481 the investigator and the supervisor. 482 (5) (a) Upon commencing an investigation under this part,

(5) (a) Upon commencing an investigation under this part,
the child protective investigator shall inform any subject of
the investigation of the following:

485 1. The names of the investigators and identifying486 credentials from the department.

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2. The purpose of the investigation.

3. The right to obtain his or her own attorney and waysthat the information provided by the subject may be used.

490 4. The possible outcomes and services of the department's
491 response shall be explained to the parent or legal custodian.

492 5. The right of the parent or legal custodian to be <u>engaged</u>
493 involved to the fullest extent possible in determining the

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586-01622A-12 20127166 nature of the allegation and the nature of any identified 494 495 problem and the remedy. 496 6. The duty of the parent or legal custodian to report any 497 change in the residence or location of the child to the 498 investigator and that the duty to report continues until the 499 investigation is closed. 500 (b) The investigator shall department's training program 501 shall ensure that protective investigators know how to fully 502 inform parents or legal custodians of their rights and options, 503 including opportunities for audio or video recording of 504 investigators' interviews with parents or legal custodians or 505 children. (6) Upon commencing an investigation under this part, if a 506 507 report was received from a reporter under s. 39.201(1)(b), the 508 protective investigator must provide his or her contact 509 information to the reporter within 24 hours after being assigned 510 to the investigation. The investigator must also advise the 511 reporter that he or she may provide a written summary of the 512 report made to the central abuse hotline to the investigator 513 which shall become a part of the electronic child welfare case 514 master file. 515 (7) An assessment of safety risk and the perceived needs 516 for the child and family shall be conducted in a manner that is sensitive to the social, economic, and cultural environment of 517 518 the family. This assessment must include a face-to-face 519 interview with the child, other siblings, parents, and other

520 adults in the household and an onsite assessment of the child's 521 residence.

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(8) Protective investigations shall be performed by the

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523	department or its agent.
524	(9) The person responsible for the investigation shall make
525	a preliminary determination as to whether the report is
526	complete, consulting with the attorney for the department when
527	necessary. In any case in which the person responsible for the
528	investigation finds that the report is incomplete, he or she
529	shall return it without delay to the person or agency
530	originating the report or having knowledge of the facts, or to
531	the appropriate law enforcement agency having investigative
532	jurisdiction, and request additional information in order to
533	complete the report; however, the confidentiality of any report
534	filed in accordance with this chapter shall not be violated.
535	(a) If it is determined that the report is complete, but
536	the interests of the child and the public will be best served by
537	providing the child care or other treatment voluntarily accepted
538	by the child and the parents or legal custodians, the protective
539	investigator may refer the parent or legal custodian and child
540	for such care or other treatment.
541	(b) If it is determined that the child is in need of the
542	protection and supervision of the court, the department shall
543	file a petition for dependency. A petition for dependency shall
544	be filed in all cases classified by the department as high-risk.
545	Factors that the department may consider in determining whether
546	a case is high-risk include, but are not limited to, the young
547	age of the parents or legal custodians; the use of illegal
548	drugs; the arrest of the parents or legal custodians on charges
549	of manufacturing, processing, disposing of, or storing, either
550	temporarily or permanently, any substances in violation of
551	chapter 893; or domestic violence.

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586-01622A-12 20127166 552 (c) If a petition for dependency is not being filed by the 553 department, the person or agency originating the report shall be 554 advised of the right to file a petition pursuant to this part. 555 $(9) \frac{(10)}{(10)}$ (a) For each report received from the central abuse 556 hotline and accepted for investigation that meets one or more of 557 the following criteria, the department or the sheriff providing 558 child protective investigative services under s. 39.3065, shall 559 perform the following an onsite child protective investigation 560 activities to determine child safety: 1. Conduct a review of all relevant, available information 561 562 specific to the child and family and alleged maltreatment; 563 family child welfare history; local, state, and federal criminal records checks; and requests for law enforcement assistance 564 565 provided by the abuse hotline. Based on a review of available 566 information, including the allegations in the current report, a 567 determination shall be made as to whether immediate consultation 568 should occur with law enforcement, the child protection team, a 569 domestic violence shelter or advocate, or a substance abuse or 570 mental health professional. Such consultations should include 571 discussion as to whether a joint response is necessary and 572 feasible. A determination shall be made as to whether the person 573 making the report should be contacted before the face-to-face 574 interviews with the child and family members. A report for which 575 there is obvious compelling evidence that no maltreatment 576 occurred and there are no prior reports containing some 577 indicators or verified findings of abuse or neglect with respect 578 to any subject of the report or other individuals in the home. A prior report in which an adult in the home was a victim of abuse 579 or neglect before becoming an adult does not exclude a report 580

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586-01622A-12 20127166 581 otherwise meeting the criteria of this subparagraph from the 582 onsite child protective investigation provided for in this 583 subparagraph. The process for an onsite child protective 584 investigation stipulated in this subsection may not be conducted if an allegation meeting the criteria of this subparagraph 585 586 involves physical abuse, sexual abuse, domestic violence, 587 substance abuse or substance exposure, medical neglect, a child vounger than 3 years of age, or a child who is disabled or lacks 588 589 communication skills. 590 2. Conduct A report concerning an incident of abuse which is alleged to have occurred 2 or more years prior to the date of 591 592 the report and there are no other indicators of risk to any 593 child in the home. 594 (b) The onsite child protective investigation to be 595 performed shall include a face-to-face interviews interview with 596 the child; other siblings, if any; and the parents, legal 597 custodians, or caregivers.; and other adults in the household 598 and an onsite assessment of the child's residence in order to: 599 3.1. Assess the child's residence, including a 600 determination of Determine the composition of the family and or 601 household, including the name, address, date of birth, social 602 security number, sex, and race of each child named in the report; any siblings or other children in the same household or 603 604 in the care of the same adults; the parents, legal custodians, or caregivers; and any other adults in the same household. 605 606 4.2. Determine whether there is any indication that any 607 child in the family or household has been abused, abandoned, or 608 neglected; the nature and extent of present or prior injuries, 609 abuse, or neglect, and any evidence thereof; and a determination

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610	as to the person or persons apparently responsible for the
611	abuse, abandonment, or neglect, including the name, address,
612	date of birth, social security number, sex, and race of each
613	such person.
614	5.3. Complete assessment of immediate child safety for
615	Determine the immediate and long-term risk to each child <u>based</u>
616	on available records, interviews, and observations with all
617	persons named in subparagraph 2. and appropriate collateral
618	contacts, which may include other professionals by conducting
619	state and federal records checks, including, when feasible, the
620	records of the Department of Corrections, on the parents, legal
621	custodians, or caregivers, and any other persons in the same
622	household. This information shall be used solely for purposes
623	supporting the detection, apprehension, prosecution, pretrial
624	release, posttrial release, or rehabilitation of criminal
625	offenders or persons accused of the crimes of child abuse,
626	abandonment, or neglect and shall not be further disseminated or
627	used for any other purpose. The department's child protection
628	investigators are hereby designated a criminal justice agency
629	for the purpose of accessing criminal justice information to be
630	used for enforcing this state's laws concerning the crimes of
631	child abuse, abandonment, and neglect. This information shall be
632	used solely for purposes supporting the detection, apprehension,
633	prosecution, pretrial release, posttrial release, or
634	rehabilitation of criminal offenders or persons accused of the
635	crimes of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect and may not be
636	further disseminated or used for any other purpose.
637	6.4. Document the present and impending dangers Determine
638	the immediate and long-term risk to each child based on the

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639	identification of inadequate protective capacity through
640	utilization of <u>a</u> standardized <u>safety</u> risk assessment <u>instrument</u>
641	instruments.
642	(b) Upon completion of the immediate safety assessment, the
643	department shall determine the additional activities necessary
644	to assess impending dangers, if any, and close the
645	investigation.
646	5. Based on the information obtained from available
647	sources, complete the risk assessment instrument within 48 hours
648	after the initial contact and, if needed, develop a case plan.
649	(c) 6. For each report received from the central abuse
650	hotline, the department or the sheriff providing child
651	protective investigative services under s. 39.3065, shall
652	determine the protective, treatment, and ameliorative services
653	necessary to safeguard and ensure the child's safety and well-
654	being and development, and cause the delivery of those services
655	through the early intervention of the department or its agent.
656	As applicable, The training provided to staff members who
657	conduct child protective investigators investigations must
658	inform parents and caregivers include instruction on how and
659	when to use the injunction process under s. 39.504 or s. 741.30
660	to remove a perpetrator of domestic violence from the home as an
661	intervention to protect the child.
662	1. If the department or the sheriff providing child
663	protective investigative services determines that the interests
664	of the child and the public will be best served by providing the
665	child care or other treatment voluntarily accepted by the child
666	and the parents or legal custodians, the parent or legal
667	custodian and child may be referred for such care, case

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668	management, or other community resources.
669	2. If the department or the sheriff providing child
670	protective investigative services determines that the child is
671	in need of protection and supervision, the department may file a
672	petition for dependency.
673	3. If a petition for dependency is not being filed by the
674	department, the person or agency originating the report shall be
675	advised of the right to file a petition pursuant to this part.
676	(c) The determination that a report requires an
677	investigation as provided in this subsection and does not
678	require an enhanced onsite child protective investigation
679	pursuant to subsection (11) must be approved in writing by the
680	supervisor with documentation specifying why additional
681	investigative activities are not necessary.
682	(d) A report that meets the criteria specified in this
683	subsection is not precluded from further investigative
684	activities. At any time it is determined that additional
685	investigative activities are necessary for the safety of the
686	child, such activities shall be conducted.
687	(10) (11) (a) The department's training program for staff
688	responsible for responding to reports accepted by the central
689	abuse hotline must also ensure that child protective responders:
690	1. Know how to fully inform parents or legal custodians of
691	their rights and options, including opportunities for audio or
692	video recording of child protective responder interviews with
693	parents or legal custodians or children.
694	2. Know how and when to use the injunction process under s.
695	39.504 or s. 741.30 to remove a perpetrator of domestic violence
696	from the home as an intervention to protect the child.

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697	(b) To enhance the skills of individual staff members and
698	to improve the region's and district's overall child protection
699	system, the department's training program at the regional and
700	district levels must include results of qualitative reviews of
701	child protective investigation cases handled within the region
702	or district in order to identify weaknesses as well as examples
703	of effective interventions which occurred at each point in the
704	case. For each report that meets one or more of the following
705	criteria, the department shall perform an enhanced onsite child
706	protective investigation:
707	1. Any allegation that involves physical abuse, sexual
708	abuse, domestic violence, substance abuse or substance exposure,
709	medical neglect, a child younger than 3 years of age, or a child
710	who is disabled or lacks communication skills.
711	2. Any report that involves an individual who has been the
712	subject of a prior report containing some indicators or verified
713	findings of abuse, neglect, or abandonment.
714	3. Any report that does not contain compelling evidence
715	that the maltreatment did not occur.
716	4. Any report that does not meet the criteria for an onsite
717	child protective investigation as set forth in subsection (10).
718	(b) The enhanced onsite child protective investigation
719	shall include, but is not limited to:
720	1. A face-to-face interview with the child, other siblings,
721	parents or legal custodians or caregivers, and other adults in
722	the household;
723	2. Collateral contacts;
724	3. Contact with the reporter as required by rule;
725	4. An onsite assessment of the child's residence in

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586-01622A-12 20127166 726 accordance with paragraph (10) (b); and 727 5. An updated assessment. 728 (c) For all reports received, detailed documentation is 729 required for the investigative activities. 730 (11) (12) The department shall incorporate into its quality 731 assurance program the monitoring of the determination of reports 732 that receive a an onsite child protective investigation to determine the quality and timeliness of safety assessments, 733 engagements with families, teamwork with other experts and 734 735 professionals, and appropriate investigative activities that are 736 uniquely tailored to the safety factors associated with each 737 child and family and those that receive an enhanced onsite child 738 protective investigation. 739 (12) (13) If the department or its agent is denied 740 reasonable access to a child by the parents, legal custodians, 741 or caregivers and the department deems that the best interests 742 of the child so require, it shall seek an appropriate court 743 order or other legal authority before prior to examining and 744 interviewing the child. 745 (13) (14) Onsite visits and face-to-face interviews with the 746 child or family shall be unannounced unless it is determined by 747 the department or its agent or contract provider that such 748 unannounced visit would threaten the safety of the child. 749 (14) (15) (a) If the department or its agent determines that 750 a child requires immediate or long-term protection through: 751 1. Medical or other health care; or 752 2. Homemaker care, day care, protective supervision, or 753 other services to stabilize the home environment, including 754 intensive family preservation services through the Intensive

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755
     Crisis Counseling Program,
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     such services shall first be offered for voluntary acceptance
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     unless there are high-risk factors that may impact the ability
759
     of the parents or legal custodians to exercise judgment. Such
760
     factors may include the parents' or legal custodians' young age
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     or history of substance abuse or domestic violence.
762
           (b) The parents or legal custodians shall be informed of
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     the right to refuse services, as well as the responsibility of
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     the department to protect the child regardless of the acceptance
765
     or refusal of services. If the services are refused, a
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     collateral contact required under subparagraph (11) (b)2. shall
767
     include a relative, if the protective investigator has knowledge
768
     of and the ability to contact a relative. If the services are
769
     refused and the department deems that the child's need for
770
     protection so requires, the department shall take the child into
771
     protective custody or petition the court as provided in this
772
     chapter. At any time after the commencement of a protective
773
     investigation, a relative may submit in writing to the
774
     protective investigator or case manager a request to receive
775
     notification of all proceedings and hearings in accordance with
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     s. 39.502. The request shall include the relative's name,
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     address, and phone number and the relative's relationship to the
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     child. The protective investigator or case manager shall forward
779
     such request to the attorney for the department. The failure to
780
     provide notice to either a relative who requests it pursuant to
781
     this subsection or to a relative who is providing out-of-home
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     care for a child may shall not result in any previous action of
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     the court at any stage or proceeding in dependency or
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586-01622A-1220127166___784termination of parental rights under any part of this chapter785being set aside, reversed, modified, or in any way changed786absent a finding by the court that a change is required in the787child's best interests.788(c) The department, in consultation with the judiciary,789shall adopt by rule criteria that are factors requiring that the

790 department take the child into custody, petition the court as 791 provided in this chapter, or, if the child is not taken into 792 custody or a petition is not filed with the court, conduct an administrative review. If after an administrative review the 793 794 department determines not to take the child into custody or 795 petition the court, the department shall document the reason for 796 its decision in writing and include it in the investigative 797 file. For all cases that were accepted by the local law 798 enforcement agency for criminal investigation pursuant to 799 subsection (2), the department must include in the file written 800 documentation that the administrative review included input from 801 law enforcement. In addition, for all cases that must be 802 referred to child protection teams pursuant to s. 39.303(2) and (3), the file must include written documentation that the 803 804 administrative review included the results of the team's 805 evaluation. Factors that must be included in the development of 806 the rule include noncompliance with the case plan developed by 807 the department, or its agent, and the family under this chapter 808 and prior abuse reports with findings that involve the child or 809 caregiver.

810 <u>(15)</u> (16) When a child is taken into custody pursuant to 811 this section, the authorized agent of the department shall 812 request that the child's parent, caregiver, or legal custodian

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586-01622A-1220127166___813disclose the names, relationships, and addresses of all parents814and prospective parents and all next of kin, so far as are815known.816(16) (17)The department shall complete its protective

816 (16)(17) The department shall complete its protective
817 investigation within 60 days after receiving the initial report,
818 unless:

(a) There is also an active, concurrent criminal
investigation that is continuing beyond the 60-day period and
the closure of the protective investigation may compromise
successful criminal prosecution of the child abuse or neglect
case, in which case the closure date shall coincide with the
closure date of the criminal investigation and any resulting
legal action.

(b) In child death cases, the final report of the medical
examiner is necessary for the department to close its
investigation and the report has not been received within the
60-day period, in which case the report closure date shall be
extended to accommodate the report.

(c) A child who is necessary to an investigation has been declared missing by the department, a law enforcement agency, or a court, in which case the 60-day period shall be extended until the child has been located or until sufficient information exists to close the investigation despite the unknown location of the child.

837 <u>(17)</u> (18) Immediately upon learning during the course of an 838 investigation that:

839 (a) The immediate safety or well-being of a child is840 endangered;

841 (b) The family is likely to flee;

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842	(c) A child died as a result of abuse, abandonment, or
843	neglect;
844	(d) A child is a victim of aggravated child abuse as
845	defined in s. 827.03; or
846	(e) A child is a victim of sexual battery or of sexual
847	abuse,
848	
849	the department shall orally notify the jurisdictionally
850	responsible state attorney, and county sheriff's office or local
851	police department, and, within 3 working days, transmit a full
852	written report to those agencies. The law enforcement agency
853	shall review the report and determine whether a criminal
854	investigation needs to be conducted and shall assume lead
855	responsibility for all criminal fact-finding activities. A
856	criminal investigation shall be coordinated, whenever possible,
857	with the child protective investigation of the department. Any
858	interested person who has information regarding an offense
859	described in this subsection may forward a statement to the
860	state attorney as to whether prosecution is warranted and
861	appropriate.
862	<u>(18)</u> In a child protective investigation or a criminal
863	investigation, when the initial interview with the child is
864	conducted at school, the department or the law enforcement
865	agency may allow, notwithstanding the provisions of s.

866 39.0132(4), a school staff member who is known by the child to 867 be present during the initial interview if:

(a) The department or law enforcement agency believes that
the school staff member could enhance the success of the
interview by his or her presence; and

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892

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specific case.

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871	(b) The child requests or consents to the presence of the
872	school staff member at the interview.
873	
874	School staff may be present only when authorized by this
875	subsection. Information received during the interview or from
876	any other source regarding the alleged abuse or neglect of the
877	child <u>is</u> shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of
878	s. 119.07(1), except as otherwise provided by court order. A
879	separate record of the investigation of the abuse, abandonment,
880	or neglect <u>may</u> shall not be maintained by the school or school
881	staff member. Violation of this subsection is constitutes a
882	misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
883	775.082 or s. 775.083.
884	(19) (20) When a law enforcement agency conducts a criminal
885	investigation into allegations of child abuse, neglect, or
886	abandonment, photographs documenting the abuse or neglect <u>shall</u>
887	will be taken when appropriate.
888	(20) (21) Within 15 days after the case is reported to him
889	or her pursuant to this chapter, the state attorney shall report
890	his or her findings to the department and shall include in such
891	report a determination of whether or not prosecution is

894 (22) In order to enhance the skills of individual staff and 895 to improve the district's overall child protection system, the 896 department's training program at the district level must include 897 periodic reviews of cases handled within the district in order 898 to identify weaknesses as well as examples of effective 899 interventions that occurred at each point in the case.

justified and appropriate in view of the circumstances of the

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900 (21) (23) When an investigation is closed and a person is 901 not identified as a caregiver responsible for the abuse, 902 neglect, or abandonment alleged in the report, the fact that the 903 person is named in some capacity in the report may not be used 904 in any way to adversely affect the interests of that person. 905 This prohibition applies to any use of the information in 906 employment screening, licensing, child placement, adoption, or 907 any other decisions by a private adoption agency or a state 908 agency or its contracted providers, except that a previous 909 report may be used to determine whether a child is safe and what the known risk is to the child at any stage of a child 910 911 protection proceeding.

912 (22) (24) If, after having been notified of the requirement 913 to report a change in residence or location of the child to the 914 protective investigator, a parent or legal custodian causes the child to move, or allows the child to be moved, to a different 915 916 residence or location, or if the child leaves the residence on 917 his or her own accord and the parent or legal custodian does not notify the protective investigator of the move within 2 business 918 919 days, the child may be considered to be a missing child for the purposes of filing a report with a law enforcement agency under 920 921 s. 937.021.

922 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 39.302, Florida 923 Statutes, is amended to read:

924 39.302 Protective investigations of institutional child 925 abuse, abandonment, or neglect.-

926 (1) The department shall conduct a child protective
927 investigation of each report of institutional child abuse,
928 abandonment, or neglect. Upon receipt of a report that alleges

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586-01622A-12 20127166 929 that an employee or agent of the department, or any other entity 930 or person covered by s. 39.01(33) or (47), acting in an official capacity, has committed an act of child abuse, abandonment, or 931 932 neglect, the department shall initiate a child protective 933 investigation within the timeframe established under s. 934 39.201(5) and orally notify the appropriate state attorney, law 935 enforcement agency, and licensing agency, which shall 936 immediately conduct a joint investigation, unless independent 937 investigations are more feasible. When conducting investigations 938 onsite or having face-to-face interviews with the child, 939 investigation visits shall be unannounced unless it is 940 determined by the department or its agent that unannounced visits threaten the safety of the child. If a facility is exempt 941 942 from licensing, the department shall inform the owner or 943 operator of the facility of the report. Each agency conducting a 944 joint investigation is entitled to full access to the 945 information gathered by the department in the course of the 946 investigation. A protective investigation must include an 947 interview with the child's parent or legal guardian an onsite 948 visit of the child's place of residence. The department shall 949 make a full written report to the state attorney within 3 950 working days after making the oral report. A criminal 951 investigation shall be coordinated, whenever possible, with the 952 child protective investigation of the department. Any interested 953 person who has information regarding the offenses described in 954 this subsection may forward a statement to the state attorney as 955 to whether prosecution is warranted and appropriate. Within 15 956 days after the completion of the investigation, the state 957 attorney shall report the findings to the department and shall

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958	include in the report a determination of whether or not
959	prosecution is justified and appropriate in view of the
960	circumstances of the specific case.
961	Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 39.307, Florida
962	Statutes, is amended to read:
963	39.307 Reports of child-on-child sexual abuse
964	(2) The department, contracted sheriff's office providing
965	protective investigation services, or contracted case management
966	personnel responsible for providing services District staff , at
967	a minimum, shall adhere to the following procedures:
968	(a) The purpose of the response to a report alleging
969	juvenile sexual abuse behavior shall be explained to the
970	caregiver.
971	1. The purpose of the response shall be explained in a
972	manner consistent with legislative purpose and intent provided
973	in this chapter.
974	2. The name and office telephone number of the person
975	responding shall be provided to the caregiver of the alleged
976	juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited
977	inappropriate sexual behavior and the victim's caregiver.
978	3. The possible consequences of the department's response,
979	including outcomes and services, shall be explained to the
980	caregiver of the alleged juvenile sexual offender or child who
981	has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior and the victim's
982	caregiver.
983	(b) The caregiver of the alleged juvenile sexual offender
984	or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior and the
985	victim's caregiver shall be involved to the fullest extent
986	possible in determining the nature of the sexual behavior

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987 <u>concerns</u> allegation and the nature of any problem or risk to 988 other children.

989 (c) The assessment of risk and the perceived treatment 990 needs of the alleged juvenile sexual offender or child who has 991 exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior, the victim, and 992 respective caregivers shall be conducted by the district staff, 993 the child protection team of the Department of Health, and other 994 providers under contract with the department to provide services 995 to the caregiver of the alleged offender, the victim, and the 996 victim's caregiver.

997 (d) The assessment shall be conducted in a manner that is 998 sensitive to the social, economic, and cultural environment of 999 the family.

(e) If necessary, the child protection team of the Department of Health shall conduct a physical examination of the victim, which is sufficient to meet forensic requirements.

(f) Based on the information obtained from the alleged juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior, his or her caregiver, the victim, and the victim's caregiver, an assessment <u>of</u> service and treatment needs report must be completed within 7 days and, if needed, a case plan developed within 30 days.

1009 (g) The department shall classify the outcome of the report 1010 as follows:

10111. Report closed. Services were not offered because the1012department determined that there was no basis for intervention.

1013 2. Services accepted by alleged <u>juvenile sexual</u> offender.
1014 Services were offered to the alleged juvenile sexual offender or
1015 child who has exhibited inappropriate sexual behavior and

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586-01622A-12 20127166 1016 accepted by the caregiver. 1017 3. Report closed. Services were offered to the alleged 1018 juvenile sexual offender or child who has exhibited 1019 inappropriate sexual behavior, but were rejected by the 1020 caregiver. 4. Notification to law enforcement. The risk to the 1021 1022 victim's safety and well-being cannot be reduced by the 1023 provision of services or the caregiver rejected services, and 1024 notification of the alleged delinquent act or violation of law 1025 to the appropriate law enforcement agency was initiated. 1026 5. Services accepted by victim. Services were offered to 1027 the victim and accepted by the caregiver. 1028 6. Report closed. Services were offered to the victim but 1029 were rejected by the caregiver. 1030 Section 9. Section 39.504, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1031 read: 1032 39.504 Injunction pending disposition of petition; 1033 penalty.-1034 (1) At any time after a protective investigation has been 1035 initiated pursuant to part III of this chapter, the court, upon 1036 the request of the department, a law enforcement officer, the 1037 state attorney, or other responsible person, or upon its own 1038 motion, may, if there is reasonable cause, issue an injunction 1039 to prevent any act of child abuse. Reasonable cause for the 1040 issuance of an injunction exists if there is evidence of child 1041 abuse or if there is a reasonable likelihood of such abuse 1042 occurring based upon a recent overt act or failure to act. 1043 (2) The petitioner seeking the injunction shall file a 1044 verified petition, or a petition along with an affidavit,

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1045	setting forth the specific actions by the alleged offender from
1046	which the child must be protected and all remedies sought. Upon
1047	filing the petition, the court shall set a hearing to be held at
1048	the earliest possible time. Pending the hearing, the court may
1049	issue a temporary ex parte injunction, with verified pleadings
1050	or affidavits as evidence. The temporary ex parte injunction
1051	pending a hearing is effective for up to 15 days and the hearing
1052	must be held within that period unless continued for good cause
1053	shown, which may include obtaining service of process, in which
1054	case the temporary ex parte injunction shall be extended for the
1055	continuance period. The hearing may be held sooner if the
1056	alleged offender has received reasonable notice. Notice shall be
1057	provided to the parties as set forth in the Florida Rules of
1058	Juvenile Procedure, unless the child is reported to be in
1059	imminent danger, in which case the court may issue an injunction
1060	immediately. A judge may issue an emergency injunction pursuant
1061	to this section without notice if the court is closed for the
1062	transaction of judicial business. If an immediate injunction is
1063	issued, the court must hold a hearing on the next day of
1064	judicial business to dissolve the injunction or to continue or
1065	modify it in accordance with this section.
1066	(3) Before the hearing, the alleged offender must be
1067	personally served with a copy of the petition, all other
1068	pleadings related to the petition, a notice of hearing, and, if
1069	one has been entered, the temporary injunction. Following the
1070	hearing, the court may enter a final injunction. The court may
1071	grant a continuance of the hearing at any time for good cause
1072	shown by any party. If a temporary injunction has been entered,
1073	it shall be continued during the continuance.

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586-01622A-12 20127166 1074 (4) (3) If an injunction is issued under this section, the primary purpose of the injunction must be to protect and promote 1075 1076 the best interests of the child, taking the preservation of the 1077 child's immediate family into consideration. 1078 (a) The injunction applies shall apply to the alleged or 1079 actual offender in a case of child abuse or acts of domestic violence. The conditions of the injunction shall be determined 1080 by the court, which conditions may include ordering the alleged 1081 1082 or actual offender to: 1. Refrain from further abuse or acts of domestic violence. 1083 2. Participate in a specialized treatment program. 1084 1085 3. Limit contact or communication with the child victim, other children in the home, or any other child. 1086 1087 4. Refrain from contacting the child at home, school, work, 1088 or wherever the child may be found. 1089 5. Have limited or supervised visitation with the child. 1090 6. Pay temporary support for the child or other family members; the costs of medical, psychiatric, and psychological 1091 1092 treatment for the child incurred as a result of the offenses; 1093 and similar costs for other family members. 1094 6.7. Vacate the home in which the child resides. 1095 (b) Upon proper pleading, the court may award the following relief in a temporary ex parte or final injunction If the intent 1096 1097 of the injunction is to protect the child from domestic 1098 violence, the conditions may also include: 1099 1. Awarding the Exclusive use and possession of the 1100 dwelling to the caregiver or exclusion of excluding the alleged 1101 or actual offender from the residence of the caregiver. 1102 2. Awarding temporary custody of the child to the

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1103	caregiver.
1104	2.3. Establishing Temporary support for the child <u>or other</u>
1105	family members.
1106	3. The costs of medical, psychiatric, and psychological
1107	treatment for the child incurred due to the abuse, and similar
1108	costs for other family members.
1109	
1110	This paragraph does not preclude <u>an</u> the adult victim of domestic
1111	violence from seeking protection for himself or herself under s.
1112	741.30.
1113	(c) The terms of the <u>final</u> injunction shall remain in
1114	effect until modified or dissolved by the court. The petitioner,
1115	respondent, or caregiver may move at any time to modify or
1116	dissolve the injunction. Notice of hearing on the motion to
1117	modify or dissolve the injunction must be provided to all
1118	parties, including the department. The injunction is valid and
1119	enforceable in all counties in the state.
1120	(5)(4) Service of process on the respondent shall be
1121	carried out pursuant to s. 741.30. The department shall deliver
1122	a copy of any injunction issued pursuant to this section to the
1123	protected party or to a parent, caregiver, or individual acting
1124	in the place of a parent who is not the respondent. Law
1125	enforcement officers may exercise their arrest powers as
1126	provided in s. 901.15(6) to enforce the terms of the injunction.
1127	(6) (5) Any person who fails to comply with an injunction
1128	issued pursuant to this section commits a misdemeanor of the
1129	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
1130	775.083.
1131	(7) The person against whom an injunction is entered under

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1132	this section does not automatically become a party to a
1133	subsequent dependency action concerning the same child.
1134	Section 10. Paragraph (r) of subsection (2) of section
1135	39.521, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1136	39.521 Disposition hearings; powers of disposition
1137	(2) The predisposition study must provide the court with
1138	the following documented information:
1139	(r) If the child has been removed from the home and will be
1140	remaining with a relative, parent, or other adult approved by
1141	the court, a home study report concerning the proposed placement
1142	shall be included in the predisposition report. Before Prior to
1143	recommending to the court any out-of-home placement for a child
1144	other than placement in a licensed shelter or foster home, the
1145	department shall conduct a study of the home of the proposed
1146	legal custodians, which must include, at a minimum:
1147	1. An interview with the proposed legal custodians to
1148	assess their ongoing commitment and ability to care for the
1149	child.
1150	2. Records checks through the State Automated Child Welfare
1151	Information System (SACWIS) Florida Abuse Hotline Information
1152	System (FAHIS), and local and statewide criminal and juvenile
1153	records checks through the Department of Law Enforcement, on all
1154	household members 12 years of age or older. In addition, the
1155	fingerprints of any household members who are 18 years of age or
1156	older may be submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement for
1157	processing and forwarding to the Federal Bureau of Investigation
1158	for state and national criminal history information. The
1159	department has the discretion to request State Automated Child
1160	Welfare Information System (SACWIS) and local, statewide, and

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1161	national criminal history checks and fingerprinting of any other
1162	visitor to the home who is made known to the department and any
1163	other persons made known to the department who are frequent
1164	visitors in the home. Out-of-state criminal records checks must
1165	be initiated for any individual designated above who has resided
1166	in a state other than Florida <u>if</u> provided that state's laws
1167	allow the release of these records. The out-of-state criminal
1168	records must be filed with the court within 5 days after receipt
1169	by the department or its agent.
1170	3. An assessment of the physical environment of the home.
1171	4. A determination of the financial security of the
1172	proposed legal custodians.
1173	5. A determination of suitable child care arrangements if
1174	the proposed legal custodians are employed outside of the home.
1175	6. Documentation of counseling and information provided to
1176	the proposed legal custodians regarding the dependency process
1177	and possible outcomes.
1178	7. Documentation that information regarding support
1179	services available in the community has been provided to the
1180	proposed legal custodians.
1181	
1182	The department may shall not place the child or continue the
1183	placement of the child in a home under shelter or
1184	postdisposition placement if the results of the home study are
1185	unfavorable, unless the court finds that this placement is in
1186	the child's best interest.
1187	
1188	Any other relevant and material evidence, including other
1189	written or oral reports, may be received by the court in its

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1190	effort to determine the action to be taken with regard to the
1191	child and may be relied upon to the extent of its probative
1192	value, even though not competent in an adjudicatory hearing.
1193	Except as otherwise specifically provided, nothing in this
1194	section prohibits the publication of proceedings in a hearing.
1195	Section 11. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 39.6011,
1196	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1197	39.6011 Case plan development
1198	(2) The case plan must be written simply and clearly in
1199	English and, if English is not the principal language of the
1200	child's parent, to the extent possible in the parent's principal
1201	language. Each case plan must contain:
1202	(a) A description of the identified problem being
1203	addressed, including the parent's behavior or acts resulting in
1204	risk to the child and the reason for the intervention by the
1205	department.
1206	(b) The permanency goal.
1207	(c) If concurrent planning is being used, a description of
1208	the permanency goal of reunification with the parent or legal
1209	custodian in addition to a description of one of the remaining
1210	permanency goals described in s. 39.01.
1211	1. If a child has not been removed from a parent, but is
1212	found to be dependent, even if adjudication of dependency is
1213	withheld, the court may leave the child in the current placement
1214	with maintaining and strengthening the placement as a permanency
1215	option.
1216	2. If a child has been removed from a parent and is placed
1217	with a parent from whom the child was not removed, the court may
1218	leave the child in the placement with the parent from whom the

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1219	child was not removed with maintaining and strengthening the
1220	placement as a permanency option.
1221	3. If a child has been removed from a parent and is
1222	subsequently reunified with that parent, the court may leave the
1223	child with that parent with maintaining and strengthening the
1224	placement as a permanency option.
1225	(d) The date the compliance period expires. The case plan
1226	must be limited to as short a period as possible for
1227	accomplishing its provisions. The plan's compliance period
1228	expires no later than 12 months after the date the child was
1229	initially removed from the home, the child was adjudicated
1230	dependent, or the date the case plan was accepted by the court,
1231	whichever occurs <u>first</u> sooner .
1232	(e) A written notice to the parent that failure of the
1233	parent to substantially comply with the case plan may result in
1234	the termination of parental rights, and that a material breach
1235	of the case plan may result in the filing of a petition for
1236	termination of parental rights sooner than the compliance period
1237	set forth in the case plan.
1238	(4) The case plan must describe:
1239	(a) The role of the foster parents or legal custodians when
1240	developing the services that are to be provided to the child,
1241	foster parents, or legal custodians;
1242	(b) The responsibility of the case manager to forward a
1243	relative's request to receive notification of all proceedings
1244	and hearings submitted pursuant to s. <u>39.301(14)(b)</u>
1245	39.301(15)(b) to the attorney for the department;
1246	(c) The minimum number of face-to-face meetings to be held
1247	each month between the parents and the department's family

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586-01622A-12 20127166 1248 services counselors to review the progress of the plan, to 1249 eliminate barriers to progress, and to resolve conflicts or 1250 disagreements; and 1251 (d) The parent's responsibility for financial support of 1252 the child, including, but not limited to, health insurance and 1253 child support. The case plan must list the costs associated with 1254 any services or treatment that the parent and child are expected 1255 to receive which are the financial responsibility of the parent. 1256 The determination of child support and other financial support 1257 shall be made independently of any determination of indigency 1258 under s. 39.013. 1259 Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 39.621, Florida 1260 Statutes, is amended to read: 1261 39.621 Permanency determination by the court.-1262 (1) Time is of the essence for permanency of children in 1263 the dependency system. A permanency hearing must be held no 1264 later than 12 months after the date the child was removed from 1265 the home or within no later than 30 days after a court determines that reasonable efforts to return a child to either 1266 1267 parent are not required, whichever occurs first. The purpose of 1268 the permanency hearing is to determine when the child will 1269 achieve the permanency goal or whether modifying the current 1270 goal is in the best interest of the child. A permanency hearing must be held at least every 12 months for any child who 1271 1272 continues to be supervised by receive supervision from the 1273 department or awaits adoption.

1274 Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3), subsection 1275 (6), and paragraph (e) of subsection (10) of section 39.701, 1276 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1277	39.701 Judicial review	
1278	(3)	

(b) If the citizen review panel recommends extending the goal of reunification for any case plan beyond 12 months from the date the child was removed from the home, or the case plan was adopted, or the child was adjudicated dependent, whichever date came first, the court must schedule a judicial review hearing to be conducted by the court within 30 days after receiving the recommendation from the citizen review panel.

(6) The attorney for the department shall notify a relative who submits a request for notification of all proceedings and hearings pursuant to s. <u>39.301(14)(b)</u> 39.301(15)(b). The notice shall include the date, time, and location of the next judicial review hearing.

(10)

1291

1292 (e) Within No later than 6 months after the date that the 1293 child was placed in shelter care, the court shall conduct a 1294 judicial review hearing to review the child's permanency goal as 1295 identified in the case plan. At the hearing the court shall make 1296 findings regarding the likelihood of the child's reunification 1297 with the parent or legal custodian within 12 months after the 1298 removal of the child from the home. If, at this hearing, the 1299 court makes a written finding that it is not likely that the 1300 child will be reunified with the parent or legal custodian 1301 within 12 months after the child was removed from the home, the 1302 department must file with the court, and serve on all parties, a 1303 motion to amend the case plan under s. 39.6013 and declare that 1304 it will use concurrent planning for the case plan. The 1305 department must file the motion within no later than 10 business

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1306	days after receiving the written finding of the court. The
1307	department must attach the proposed amended case plan to the
1308	motion. If concurrent planning is already being used, the case
1309	plan must document the efforts the department is taking to
1310	complete the concurrent goal.
1311	Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 39.8055, Florida
1312	Statutes, is amended to read:
1313	39.8055 Requirement to file a petition to terminate
1314	parental rights; exceptions
1315	(1) The department shall file a petition to terminate
1316	parental rights within 60 days after any of the following if:
1317	(a) The At the time of the 12-month judicial review
1318	hearing, a child is not returned to the physical custody of the
1319	parents 12 months after the child was sheltered or adjudicated
1320	dependent, whichever occurs first;
1321	(b) A petition for termination of parental rights has not
1322	otherwise been filed, and the child has been in out-of-home care
1323	under the responsibility of the state for 12 of the most recent
1324	22 months, calculated on a cumulative basis, but not including
1325	any trial home visits or time during which the child was a
1326	runaway;
1327	(c) A parent has been convicted of the murder,
1328	manslaughter, aiding or abetting the murder, or conspiracy or
1329	solicitation to murder the other parent or another child of the
1330	parent, or a felony battery that resulted in serious bodily
1331	injury to the child or to another child of the parent; or
1332	(d) A court determines that reasonable efforts to reunify
1333	the child and parent are not required.

1334

Section 15. Paragraphs (d), (e), and (k) of subsection (1)

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1335
      and subsection (2) of section 39.806, Florida Statutes, are
1336
      amended to read:
1337
           39.806 Grounds for termination of parental rights.-
1338
            (1) Grounds for the termination of parental rights may be
1339
      established under any of the following circumstances:
1340
            (d) When the parent of a child is incarcerated in a state
1341
      or federal correctional institution and either:
           1. The period of time for which the parent is expected to
1342
      be incarcerated will constitute a significant substantial
1343
1344
      portion of the child's minority. When determining whether the
1345
      period of time is significant, the court shall consider the
1346
      child's age and the child's need for a permanent and stable
1347
      home. The period of time begins on the date that the parent
1348
      enters into incarceration period of time before the child will
1349
      attain the age of 18 years;
1350
           2. The incarcerated parent has been determined by the court
1351
      to be a violent career criminal as defined in s. 775.084, a
1352
      habitual violent felony offender as defined in s. 775.084, or a
1353
      sexual predator as defined in s. 775.21; has been convicted of
1354
      first degree or second degree murder in violation of s. 782.04
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      or a sexual battery that constitutes a capital, life, or first
      degree felony violation of s. 794.011; or has been convicted of
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1357
      an offense in another jurisdiction which is substantially
1358
      similar to one of the offenses listed in this paragraph. As used
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      in this section, the term "substantially similar offense" means
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      any offense that is substantially similar in elements and
1361
      penalties to one of those listed in this subparagraph, and that
1362
      is in violation of a law of any other jurisdiction, whether that
1363
      of another state, the District of Columbia, the United States or
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1364	586-01622A-12 20127166
	any possession or territory thereof, or any foreign
1365	jurisdiction; or
1366	3. The court determines by clear and convincing evidence
1367	that continuing the parental relationship with the incarcerated
1368	parent would be harmful to the child and, for this reason, that
1369	termination of the parental rights of the incarcerated parent is
1370	in the best interest of the child. <u>When determining harm, the</u>
1371	court shall consider the following factors:
1372	a. The age of the child;
1373	b. The relationship between the child and the parent;
1374	c. The nature of the parent's current and past provision
1375	for the child's developmental, cognitive, psychological, and
1376	physical needs;
1377	d. The parent's history of criminal behavior, which may
1378	include the frequency of incarceration and the unavailability of
1379	the parent to the child due to incarceration; and
1380	e. Any other factor the court deems relevant.
1381	(e) When a child has been adjudicated dependent, a case
1382	plan has been filed with the court, and:
1383	1. The child continues to be abused, neglected, or
1384	abandoned by the parent or parents. The failure of the parent or
1385	parents to substantially comply with the case plan for a period
1386	of <u>12</u> θ months after an adjudication of the child as a dependent
1387	child or the child's placement into shelter care, whichever
1388	occurs first, constitutes evidence of continuing abuse, neglect,
1389	or abandonment unless the failure to substantially comply with
1390	the case plan was due to the parent's lack of financial
1391	resources or to the failure of the department to make reasonable
1392	efforts to reunify the parent and child. The <u>12-month</u> 9-month

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586-01622A-12 20127166 1393 period begins to run only after the child's placement into 1394 shelter care or the entry of a disposition order placing the 1395 custody of the child with the department or a person other than 1396 the parent and the court's approval of a case plan having the 1397 goal of reunification with the parent, whichever occurs first; 1398 or 1399 2. The parent or parents have materially breached the case 1400 plan. Time is of the essence for permanency of children in the dependency system. In order to prove the parent or parents have 1401 1402 materially breached the case plan, the court must find by clear 1403 and convincing evidence that the parent or parents are unlikely 1404 or unable to substantially comply with the case plan before time 1405 to comply with the case plan expires. 1406 (k) A test administered at birth that indicated that the 1407 child's blood, urine, or meconium contained any amount of 1408 alcohol or a controlled substance or metabolites of such 1409 substances, the presence of which was not the result of medical

1410 treatment administered to the mother or the newborn infant, and 1411 the biological mother of the child is the biological mother of 1412 at least one other child who was adjudicated dependent after a 1413 finding of harm to the child's health or welfare due to exposure 1414 to a controlled substance or alcohol as defined in s. 1415 39.01(32)(g), after which the biological mother had the 1416 opportunity to participate in substance abuse treatment.

1417(2) Reasonable efforts to preserve and reunify families are1418not required if a court of competent jurisdiction has determined1419that any of the events described in paragraphs (1)(b)-(d) or1420(f)-(1) (1)(e)-(1) have occurred.

1421

Section 16. The amendments made by this act to paragraph

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1422	(d) of subsection (1) of section 39.806, Florida Statutes, do
1423	not apply to any cause of action that accrued before July 1,
1424	2012.
1425	Section 17. Subsections (1) and (19) of section 39.502,
1426	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1427	39.502 Notice, process, and service
1428	(1) Unless parental rights have been terminated, all
1429	parents must be notified of all proceedings or hearings
1430	involving the child. Notice in cases involving shelter hearings
1431	and hearings resulting from medical emergencies must be that
1432	most likely to result in actual notice to the parents. In all
1433	other dependency proceedings, notice must be provided in
1434	accordance with subsections $(4) - (9)$, except when a relative
1435	requests notification pursuant to s. <u>39.301(14)(b)</u>
1436	39.301(15)(b) , in which case notice shall be provided pursuant
1437	to subsection (19).
1438	(19) In all proceedings and hearings under this chapter,
1439	the attorney for the department shall notify, orally or in
1440	writing, a relative requesting notification pursuant to s.
1441	<u>39.301(14)(b)</u>
1442	such proceedings and hearings, and notify the relative that he
1443	or she has the right to attend all subsequent proceedings and
1444	hearings, to submit reports to the court, and to speak to the
1445	court regarding the child, if the relative so desires. The court
1446	has the discretion to release the attorney for the department
1447	from notifying a relative who requested notification pursuant to
1448	s. <u>39.301(14)(b)</u>
1449	determined to be impeding the dependency process or detrimental
1450	to the child's well-being.

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1451	Section 18. Section 39.823, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1452	read:
1453	39.823 Guardian advocates for drug dependent newbornsThe
1454	Legislature finds that increasing numbers of drug dependent
1455	children are born in this state. Because of the parents'
1456	continued dependence upon drugs, the parents may temporarily
1457	leave their child with a relative or other adult or may have
1458	agreed to voluntary family services under s. <u>39.301(14)</u>
1459	39.301(15) . The relative or other adult may be left with a child
1460	who is likely to require medical treatment but for whom they are
1461	unable to obtain medical treatment. The purpose of this section
1462	is to provide an expeditious method for such relatives or other
1463	responsible adults to obtain a court order which allows them to
1464	provide consent for medical treatment and otherwise advocate for
1465	the needs of the child and to provide court review of such
1466	authorization.
1467	Section 19. Subsection (1) of section 39.828, Florida
1468	Statutes, is amended to read:
1469	39.828 Grounds for appointment of a guardian advocate
1470	(1) The court shall appoint the person named in the
1471	petition as a guardian advocate with all the powers and duties
1472	specified in s. 39.829 for an initial term of 1 year upon a
1473	finding that:
1474	(a) The child named in the petition is or was a drug
1475	dependent newborn as described in s. 39.01 (32)(g) ;
1476	(b) The parent or parents of the child have voluntarily
1477	relinquished temporary custody of the child to a relative or
1478	other responsible adult;
1479	(c) The person named in the petition to be appointed the

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1480	guardian advocate is capable of carrying out the duties as
1481	provided in s. 39.829; and
1482	(d) A petition to adjudicate the child dependent under this
1483	chapter has not been filed.
1484	Section 20. Subsection (3) of section 402.56, Florida
1485	Statutes, is amended to read:
1486	402.56 Children's cabinet; organization; responsibilities;
1487	annual report
1488	(3) ORGANIZATIONThere is created the Children and Youth
1489	Cabinet, which is a coordinating council as defined in s. 20.03.
1490	(a) The cabinet shall ensure that the public policy of this
1491	state relating to children and youth is developed to promote
1492	interdepartmental collaboration and program implementation in
1493	order that services designed for children and youth are planned,
1494	managed, and delivered in a holistic and integrated manner to
1495	improve the children's self-sufficiency, safety, economic
1496	stability, health, and quality of life.
1497	(b) The cabinet is created in the Executive Office of the
1498	Governor, which shall provide administrative support and service
1499	to the cabinet.
1500	(c) The cabinet shall meet for its organizational session
1501	no later than October 1, 2007. Thereafter, The cabinet shall
1502	meet at least <u>four</u> six times each year in different regions of
1503	the state in order to solicit input from the public and any
1504	other individual offering testimony relevant to the issues
1505	considered. Each meeting must include a public comment session.
1506	Section 21. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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