

1                                   A bill to be entitled  
2       An act relating to health care facilities; amending s.  
3       395.002, F.S.; revising a definition of the term  
4       "urgent care" as it relates to the regulation of  
5       hospitals and other licensed facilities; amending s.  
6       395.107, F.S.; requiring that a urgent care center  
7       publish a post a schedule of charges; providing  
8       requirements for the schedule; amending s. 400.9935,  
9       F.S.; adding additional responsibilities of medical  
10      and clinic directors with respect to the posting of a  
11      schedule of charges for services; amending s. 400.021,  
12      F.S.; revising definitions of the terms "geriatric  
13      outpatient clinic" and "resident care plan" and  
14      defining the term "therapeutic spa services"; amending  
15      s. 400.1183, F.S.; revising requirements relating to  
16      nursing home facility grievance reports; amending s.  
17      400.141, F.S.; revising provisions relating to other  
18      needed services provided by licensed nursing home  
19      facilities, including respite care, adult day, and  
20      therapeutic spa services; revising provisions relating  
21      to facilities eligible to share programming and staff;  
22      deleting requirements for the submission of certain  
23      reports to the Agency for Health Care Administration;  
24      amending s. 400.142, F.S.; deleting the agency's  
25      authority to adopt rules relating to orders not to  
26      resuscitate; amending s. 400.147, F.S.; revising  
27      provisions relating to adverse incident reports;  
28      deleting certain reporting requirements; creating s.

29 | 400.172, F.S.; providing requirements for a nursing  
30 | home facility operated by a licensee that provides  
31 | respite care services; providing for rights of persons  
32 | receiving respite care in nursing home facilities;  
33 | requiring a prospective respite care recipient to  
34 | provide certain information to the nursing home  
35 | facility; 400.23, F.S.; specifying the content of  
36 | rules relating to nursing home facility staffing  
37 | requirements for residents under 21 years of age;  
38 | amending s. 400.275, F.S.; revising agency duties with  
39 | regard to training nursing home surveyor teams;  
40 | revising requirements for team members; reenacting s.  
41 | 400.506(6)(a), F.S., relating to licensure of nurse  
42 | registries, respectively, to incorporate the amendment  
43 | made to s. 400.509, F.S., in references thereto;  
44 | authorizing an administrator to manage up to five  
45 | nurse registries under certain circumstances;  
46 | requiring an administrator to designate, in writing,  
47 | for each licensed entity, a qualified alternate  
48 | administrator to serve during the administrator's  
49 | absence; amending s. 400.509, F.S.; providing that  
50 | organizations that provide companion or homemaker  
51 | services only to persons with developmental  
52 | disabilities, under contract with the Agency for  
53 | Persons with Disabilities, are exempt from  
54 | registration with the Agency for Health Care  
55 | Administration; amending s. 400.601, F.S.; revising  
56 | the definition of "hospice"; amending s. 400.606,

57 F.S.; revising the content requirements of the plan  
58 accompanying an initial or change-of-ownership  
59 application for licensure of a hospice; revising  
60 requirements relating to certificates of need for  
61 certain hospice facilities; amending s. 400.915, F.S.;  
62 correcting an obsolete cross-reference to  
63 administrative rules; amending s. 400.931, F.S.;  
64 requiring each applicant for initial licensure, change  
65 of ownership, or license renewal to operate a licensed  
66 home medical equipment provider at a location outside  
67 the state to submit documentation of accreditation, or  
68 an application for accreditation, from an accrediting  
69 organization that is recognized by the Agency for  
70 Health Care Administration; requiring an applicant  
71 that has applied for accreditation to provide proof of  
72 accreditation within a specified time; deleting a  
73 requirement that an applicant for a home medical  
74 equipment provider license submit a surety bond to the  
75 agency; amending s. 408.033, F.S.; providing that fees  
76 assessed on selected health care facilities and  
77 organizations may be collected prospectively at the  
78 time of licensure renewal and prorated for the  
79 licensing period; amending s. 408.034, F.S.; revising  
80 agency authority relating to licensing of intermediate  
81 care facilities for the developmentally disabled;  
82 amending s. 408.036, F.S.; providing an exception from  
83 certain requirement for exemption from certificate-of-  
84 need review for hospitals providing percutaneous

85 coronary intervention for certain patients; amending  
86 s. 408.0361, F.S.; revising the criteria for  
87 qualifying for an exemption from certificate-of-need  
88 review for hospitals providing cardiovascular  
89 services; amending s. 408.10, F.S.; removing agency  
90 authority to investigate certain consumer complaints;  
91 repealing s. 408.802(11), F.S., removing applicability  
92 of part II of ch. 408, F.S., relating to general  
93 licensure requirements, to private review agents;  
94 amending s. 408.804, F.S.; providing penalties for  
95 altering, defacing, or falsifying a license  
96 certificate issued by the agency or displaying such an  
97 altered, defaced, or falsified certificate; amending  
98 s. 408.806, F.S.; revising agency responsibilities for  
99 notification of licensees of impending expiration of a  
100 license; requiring payment of a late fee for a license  
101 application to be considered complete under certain  
102 circumstances; amending s. 408.8065, F.S.; revising  
103 the requirements for becoming licensed as a home  
104 health agency, home medical equipment provider, or  
105 health care clinic; amending s. 408.810, F.S.;  
106 requiring that the controlling interest of a health  
107 care licensee notify the agency of certain court  
108 proceedings; providing a penalty; amending s. 408.813,  
109 F.S.; authorizing the agency to impose fines for  
110 unclassified violations of part II of ch. 408, F.S.;  
111 amending s. 429.195, F.S.; revising provisions  
112 prohibiting certain rebates relating to assisted

113 living facilities; amending s. 429.905, F.S.; defining  
114 the term "day" for purposes of day care services  
115 provided to adults who are not residents; amending s.  
116 456.44, F.S.; revising the definition of the term  
117 "addiction medicine specialist" to include board-  
118 certified psychiatrists; defining the term "board  
119 eligible"; excluding a board-certified psychiatrist as  
120 an addiction medicine specialist; including the  
121 American Board of Medical Specialties as a recognized  
122 certification entity; revising the definition of the  
123 term "chronic nonmalignant pain" to exclude reference  
124 to rheumatoid arthritis; exempting specified board-  
125 eligible health care providers from application of  
126 certain provisions; adding the American Board of Pain  
127 Medicine as a recognized board-certification entity  
128 for purposes of exemption from application of certain  
129 provisions; amending s. 458.3265, F.S.; defining the  
130 term "board eligible"; revising the definition of the  
131 term "chronic nonmalignant pain" to exclude reference  
132 to rheumatoid arthritis; permitting specified board-  
133 eligible physicians to own a pain-management clinic  
134 without registering the clinic; permitting a  
135 rheumatologist to own a pain-management clinic without  
136 registering the clinic; including a physician  
137 multispecialty practice to permitted ownership forms  
138 of pain-management clinics; requiring at least one  
139 specialist in multispecialty practice to be board-  
140 eligible; recognizing the American Board of Pain

141 Medicine, the American Association of Physician  
142 Specialists, and the American Osteopathic Association  
143 as board-certification organizations for purposes of  
144 determining a board-certified pain medicine specialist  
145 as an owner of a pain-management clinic; amending s.  
146 459.0137, F.S.; defining the term "board eligible";  
147 revising the definition of the term "chronic  
148 nonmalignant pain" to exclude reference to rheumatoid  
149 arthritis; permitting a board-eligible rheumatologist  
150 to own a pain-management clinic; including a physician  
151 multispecialty practice to permitted ownership forms  
152 of pain-management clinics; permitting specified  
153 board-eligible physicians to own a pain-management  
154 clinic without registering the clinic; permitting a  
155 rheumatologist to own a pain-management clinic without  
156 registering the clinic; adding multispecialty practice  
157 to permitted ownership forms of pain-management  
158 clinics; requiring at least one specialist in  
159 multispecialty practice to be board eligible;  
160 recognizing the American Board of Pain Medicine and  
161 the American Association of Physician Specialists as  
162 board-certification organizations for purposes of  
163 determining a board-certified pain medicine specialist  
164 as owner of a pain-management clinic; amending s.  
165 483.23, F.S.; requiring the agency to refer criminal  
166 acts regarding the operation of a clinical laboratory  
167 to a local law enforcement agency; authorizing the  
168 agency to issue and deliver notice to cease and desist

169 and impose an administrative penalty for each act;  
170 amending s. 483.245, F.S.; providing that a clinical  
171 laboratory is prohibited from providing personnel to  
172 perform functions or duties in a physician's office  
173 unless the laboratory and the physician's office are  
174 owned and operated by the same entity; prohibiting a  
175 clinical laboratory from leasing space in a  
176 physician's office; requiring the agency to  
177 investigate complaints, impose fines, and deny an  
178 application for a license or license renewal under  
179 certain circumstances; amending s. 651.118, F.S.;  
180 providing a funding limitation on sheltered nursing  
181 home beds used to provide assisted living, rather than  
182 extended congregate care services; authorizing certain  
183 sharing of areas, services, and staff between such  
184 sheltered beds and nursing home beds in those  
185 facilities; amending s. 817.505, F.S.; conforming  
186 provisions to changes made by the act; providing that  
187 the licensure requirements of part X of ch. 400, F.S.,  
188 do not apply to certain specified entities; providing  
189 that the Agency for Health Care Administration may  
190 deny or revoke the exemption from the licensure  
191 requirements under certain circumstances; amending s.  
192 409.912, F.S.; revising provisions requiring the  
193 agency to post certain information relating to drugs  
194 subject to prior authorization on its Internet  
195 website; providing a definition of the term "step  
196 edit"; amending s. 83.42, F.S., relating to exclusions

197 from part II of ch. 83, F.S., the Florida Residential  
 198 Landlord and Tenant Act; clarifying that the  
 199 procedures in s. 400.0255, F.S., for transfers and  
 200 discharges are exclusive to residents of a nursing  
 201 home licensed under part II of ch. 400, F.S.; amending  
 202 s. 400.462, F.S.; revising the definition of  
 203 "remuneration" to exclude items having a value of \$15  
 204 or less; amending s. 408.037, F.S.; revising  
 205 requirements for the financial information to be  
 206 included in an application for a certificate of need;  
 207 amending s. 468.1695, F.S.; providing that a health  
 208 services administration or an equivalent major  
 209 satisfies the education requirements for nursing home  
 210 administrator applicants; providing an effective date.

211

212 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

213

214 Section 1. Subsection (30) of section 395.002, Florida  
 215 Statutes, is amended to read:

216 395.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

217 (30) "Urgent care center" means a facility or clinic that  
 218 provides immediate but not emergent ambulatory medical care to  
 219 patients ~~with or without an appointment.~~ The term includes an  
 220 offsite ~~It does not include the~~ emergency department of a  
 221 hospital that is presented to the general public in any manner  
 222 as a department where immediate and not only emergent medical  
 223 care is provided. The term also includes:

224 (a) An offsite facility of a facility licensed under

225 chapter 395, or a joint venture between a facility licensed  
 226 under chapter 395 and a provider licensed under chapter 458 or  
 227 chapter 459, that does not require a patient to make an  
 228 appointment and is presented to the general public in any manner  
 229 as a facility where immediate but not emergent medical care is  
 230 provided.

231 (b) A clinic organization that is licensed under part X of  
 232 chapter 400, maintains three or more locations using the same or  
 233 a similar name, does not require a patient to make an  
 234 appointment, and holds itself out to the general public in any  
 235 manner as a facility or clinic where immediate but not emergent  
 236 medical care is provided.

237 Section 2. Section 395.107, Florida Statutes, is amended  
 238 to read:

239 395.107 Urgent care centers; publishing and posting  
 240 schedule of charges; penalties.-

241 (1) An urgent care center must publish and post a schedule  
 242 of charges for the medical services offered to patients.

243 (2) The schedule of charges must describe the medical  
 244 services in language comprehensible to a layperson. The schedule  
 245 must include the prices charged to an uninsured person paying  
 246 for such services by cash, check, credit card, or debit card.  
 247 The schedule must be posted in a conspicuous place in the  
 248 reception area ~~of the urgent care center~~ and must include, but  
 249 is not limited to, the 50 services most frequently provided ~~by~~  
 250 ~~the urgent care center~~. The schedule may group services by three  
 251 price levels, listing services in each price level. The posting  
 252 may be a sign, which must be at least 15 square feet in size, or

253 may be through an electronic messaging board. If an urgent care  
254 center is affiliated with a facility licensed under this  
255 chapter, the schedule must include text that notifies the  
256 insured patients whether the charges for medical services  
257 received at the center will be the same as, or more than,  
258 charges for medical services received at the affiliated  
259 hospital. The text notifying the patient of the schedule of  
260 charges shall be in a font size equal to or greater than the  
261 font size used for prices and must be in a contrasting color.  
262 The text that notifies the insured patients whether the charges  
263 for medical services received at the center will be the same as,  
264 or more than, charges for medical services received at the  
265 affiliated hospital shall be included in all media and Internet  
266 advertisements for the center and in language comprehensible to  
267 a layperson.

268 (3) The posted text describing the medical services must  
269 fill at least 12 square feet of the posting. A center may use an  
270 electronic device or messaging board to post the schedule of  
271 charges. Such a device must be at least 3 square feet and  
272 patients must be able to access the schedule during all hours of  
273 operation of the urgent care center.

274 (4) An urgent care center that is operated and used  
275 exclusively for employees and the dependents of employees of the  
276 business that owns or contracts for the urgent care center is  
277 exempt from this section.

278 (5) The failure of an urgent care center to publish and  
279 post a schedule of charges as required by this section shall  
280 result in a fine of not more than \$1,000, per day, until the

281 | schedule is published and posted.

282 |       Section 3. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section  
283 | 400.9935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

284 |           400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.—

285 |       (1) Each clinic shall appoint a medical director or clinic  
286 | director who shall agree in writing to accept legal  
287 | responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the  
288 | clinic. The medical director or the clinic director shall:

289 |       (i) Ensure that the clinic publishes a schedule of charges  
290 | for the medical services offered to patients. The schedule must  
291 | include the prices charged to an uninsured person paying for  
292 | such services by cash, check, credit card, or debit card. The  
293 | schedule must be posted in a conspicuous place in the reception  
294 | area of the urgent care center and must include, but is not  
295 | limited to, the 50 services most frequently provided by the  
296 | clinic. The schedule may group services by three price levels,  
297 | listing services in each price level. The posting may be a sign  
298 | that must be at least 15 square feet in size or through an  
299 | electronic messaging board that is at least 3 square feet in  
300 | size. The failure of a clinic to publish and post a schedule of  
301 | charges as required by this section shall result in a fine of  
302 | not more than \$1,000, per day, until the schedule is published  
303 | and posted.

304 |       Section 4. Subsections (8) and (16) of section 400.021,  
305 | Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (19) is added to  
306 | that section, to read:

307 |           400.021 Definitions.—When used in this part, unless the  
308 | context otherwise requires, the term:

309 (8) "Geriatric outpatient clinic" means a site for  
310 providing outpatient health care to persons 60 years of age or  
311 older, which is staffed by a registered nurse, ~~or~~ a physician  
312 assistant, or a licensed practical nurse under the direct  
313 supervision of a registered nurse, advanced registered nurse  
314 practitioner, physician assistant, or physician.

315 (16) "Resident care plan" means a written plan developed,  
316 maintained, and reviewed not less than quarterly by a registered  
317 nurse, with participation from other facility staff and the  
318 resident or his or her designee or legal representative, which  
319 includes a comprehensive assessment of the needs of an  
320 individual resident; the type and frequency of services required  
321 to provide the necessary care for the resident to attain or  
322 maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and  
323 psychosocial well-being; a listing of services provided within  
324 or outside the facility to meet those needs; and an explanation  
325 of service goals. ~~The resident care plan must be signed by the~~  
326 ~~director of nursing or another registered nurse employed by the~~  
327 ~~facility to whom institutional responsibilities have been~~  
328 ~~delegated and by the resident, the resident's designee, or the~~  
329 ~~resident's legal representative. The facility may not use an~~  
330 ~~agency or temporary registered nurse to satisfy the foregoing~~  
331 ~~requirement and must document the institutional responsibilities~~  
332 ~~that have been delegated to the registered nurse.~~

333 (19) "Therapeutic spa services" means bathing, nail, and  
334 hair care services and other similar services related to  
335 personal hygiene.

336 Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 400.1183, Florida

337 Statutes, is amended to read:

338 400.1183 Resident grievance procedures.—

339 (2) Each nursing home facility shall maintain records of  
 340 all grievances and a shall report, subject to agency inspection,  
 341 of to the agency at the time of relicensure the total number of  
 342 grievances handled ~~during the prior licensure period~~, a  
 343 categorization of the cases underlying the grievances, and the  
 344 final disposition of the grievances.

345 Section 6. Paragraphs (p), (q), (s), (t), (u), (v), (w) of  
 346 subsection (1) of section 400.141, Florida Statutes, are  
 347 redesignated as paragraphs (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), and  
 348 (u), respectively, and present paragraphs (f), (g), (j), (n),  
 349 (o), (p), (q), (r), and (s) of that subsection are amended, to  
 350 read:

351 400.141 Administration and management of nursing home  
 352 facilities.—

353 (1) Every licensed facility shall comply with all  
 354 applicable standards and rules of the agency and shall:

355 (f) Be allowed and encouraged by the agency to provide  
 356 other needed services under certain conditions. If the facility  
 357 has a standard licensure status, ~~and has had no class I or class~~  
 358 ~~II deficiencies during the past 2 years or has been awarded a~~  
 359 ~~Gold Seal under the program established in s. 400.235,~~ it may be  
 360 ~~encouraged by the agency to provide services, including, but not~~  
 361 ~~limited to, respite, therapeutic spa, and adult day services to~~  
 362 ~~nonresidents, which enable individuals to move in and out of the~~  
 363 facility. A facility is not subject to any additional licensure  
 364 requirements for providing these services. Respite care may be

365 offered to persons in need of short-term or temporary nursing  
366 home services. Respite care must be provided in accordance with  
367 this part and ~~rules adopted by the agency. However, the agency~~  
368 ~~shall, by rule, adopt modified requirements for resident~~  
369 ~~assessment, resident care plans, resident contracts, physician~~  
370 ~~orders, and other provisions, as appropriate, for short-term or~~  
371 ~~temporary nursing home services.~~ Providers of adult day services  
372 must comply with the requirements of s. 429.905(2). The agency  
373 shall allow for shared programming and staff in a facility which  
374 meets minimum standards and offers services pursuant to this  
375 paragraph, but, if the facility is cited for deficiencies in  
376 patient care, may require additional staff and programs  
377 appropriate to the needs of service recipients. A person who  
378 receives respite care may not be counted as a resident of the  
379 facility for purposes of the facility's licensed capacity unless  
380 that person receives 24-hour respite care. A person receiving  
381 either respite care for 24 hours or longer or adult day services  
382 must be included when calculating minimum staffing for the  
383 facility. Any costs and revenues generated by a nursing home  
384 facility from nonresidential programs or services shall be  
385 excluded from the calculations of Medicaid per diems for nursing  
386 home institutional care reimbursement.

387 (g) If the facility has a standard license ~~or is a Gold~~  
388 ~~Seal facility~~, exceeds the minimum required hours of licensed  
389 nursing and certified nursing assistant direct care per resident  
390 per day, and is part of a continuing care facility licensed  
391 under chapter 651 or a retirement community that offers other  
392 services pursuant to part III of this chapter or part I or part

393 III of chapter 429 on a single campus, be allowed to share  
394 programming and staff. At the time of inspection ~~and in the~~  
395 ~~semiannual report required pursuant to paragraph (e)~~, a  
396 continuing care facility or retirement community that uses this  
397 option must demonstrate through staffing records that minimum  
398 staffing requirements for the facility were met. Licensed nurses  
399 and certified nursing assistants who work in the ~~nursing home~~  
400 facility may be used to provide services elsewhere on campus if  
401 the facility exceeds the minimum number of direct care hours  
402 required per resident per day and the total number of residents  
403 receiving direct care services from a licensed nurse or a  
404 certified nursing assistant does not cause the facility to  
405 violate the staffing ratios required under s. 400.23(3)(a).  
406 Compliance with the minimum staffing ratios must ~~shall~~ be based  
407 on the total number of residents receiving direct care services,  
408 regardless of where they reside on campus. If the facility  
409 receives a conditional license, it may not share staff until the  
410 conditional license status ends. This paragraph does not  
411 restrict the agency's authority under federal or state law to  
412 require additional staff if a facility is cited for deficiencies  
413 in care which are caused by an insufficient number of certified  
414 nursing assistants or licensed nurses. The agency may adopt  
415 rules for the documentation necessary to determine compliance  
416 with this provision.

417 (j) Keep full records of resident admissions and  
418 discharges; medical and general health status, including medical  
419 records, personal and social history, and identity and address  
420 of next of kin or other persons who may have responsibility for

421 the affairs of the resident ~~residents~~; and individual resident  
422 care plans, including, but not limited to, prescribed services,  
423 service frequency and duration, and service goals. The records  
424 must ~~shall~~ be open to agency inspection ~~by the agency~~. The  
425 licensee shall maintain clinical records on each resident in  
426 accordance with accepted professional standards and practices,  
427 which must be complete, accurately documented, readily  
428 accessible, and systematically organized.

429 ~~(n) Submit to the agency the information specified in s.~~  
430 ~~400.071(1) (b) for a management company within 30 days after the~~  
431 ~~effective date of the management agreement.~~

432 ~~(o)1. Submit semiannually to the agency, or more~~  
433 ~~frequently if requested by the agency, information regarding~~  
434 ~~facility staff-to-resident ratios, staff turnover, and staff~~  
435 ~~stability, including information regarding certified nursing~~  
436 ~~assistants, licensed nurses, the director of nursing, and the~~  
437 ~~facility administrator. For purposes of this reporting:~~

438 ~~a. Staff-to-resident ratios must be reported in the~~  
439 ~~categories specified in s. 400.23(3) (a) and applicable rules.~~  
440 ~~The ratio must be reported as an average for the most recent~~  
441 ~~calendar quarter.~~

442 ~~b. Staff turnover must be reported for the most recent 12-~~  
443 ~~month period ending on the last workday of the most recent~~  
444 ~~calendar quarter prior to the date the information is submitted.~~  
445 ~~The turnover rate must be computed quarterly, with the annual~~  
446 ~~rate being the cumulative sum of the quarterly rates. The~~  
447 ~~turnover rate is the total number of terminations or separations~~  
448 ~~experienced during the quarter, excluding any employee~~

449 ~~terminated during a probationary period of 3 months or less,~~  
 450 ~~divided by the total number of staff employed at the end of the~~  
 451 ~~period for which the rate is computed, and expressed as a~~  
 452 ~~percentage.~~

453 ~~e. The formula for determining staff stability is the~~  
 454 ~~total number of employees that have been employed for more than~~  
 455 ~~12 months, divided by the total number of employees employed at~~  
 456 ~~the end of the most recent calendar quarter, and expressed as a~~  
 457 ~~percentage.~~

458 (n) Comply with state minimum-staffing requirements:

459 1.d. ~~A nursing~~ facility that has failed to comply with  
 460 state minimum-staffing requirements for 2 consecutive days is  
 461 prohibited from accepting new admissions until the facility has  
 462 achieved the minimum-staffing requirements for ~~a period of 6~~  
 463 consecutive days. For the purposes of this subparagraph ~~sub-~~  
 464 ~~subparagraph~~, any person who was a resident of the facility and  
 465 was absent from the facility for the purpose of receiving  
 466 medical care at a separate location or was on a leave of absence  
 467 is not considered a new admission. Failure by the facility to  
 468 impose such an admissions moratorium is subject to a \$1,000 fine  
 469 ~~constitutes a class II deficiency.~~

470 2.e. ~~A nursing~~ facility that ~~which~~ does not have a  
 471 conditional license may be cited for failure to comply with the  
 472 standards in s. 400.23(3)(a)1.b. and c. only if it has failed to  
 473 meet those standards on 2 consecutive days or if it has failed  
 474 to meet at least 97 percent of those standards on any one day.

475 3.f. A facility that ~~which~~ has a conditional license must  
 476 be in compliance with the standards in s. 400.23(3)(a) at all

477 times.

478 ~~2. This paragraph does not limit the agency's ability to~~  
 479 ~~impose a deficiency or take other actions if a facility does not~~  
 480 ~~have enough staff to meet the residents' needs.~~

481 (o)~~(p)~~ Notify a licensed physician when a resident  
 482 exhibits signs of dementia or cognitive impairment or has a  
 483 change of condition in order to rule out the presence of an  
 484 underlying physiological condition that may be contributing to  
 485 such dementia or impairment. The notification must occur within  
 486 30 days after the acknowledgment of such signs by facility  
 487 staff. If an underlying condition is determined to exist, the  
 488 facility shall arrange, with the appropriate health care  
 489 provider, arrange for the necessary care and services to treat  
 490 the condition.

491 (p)~~(q)~~ If the facility implements a dining and hospitality  
 492 attendant program, ensure that the program is developed and  
 493 implemented under the supervision of the facility director of  
 494 nursing. A licensed nurse, licensed speech or occupational  
 495 therapist, or a registered dietitian must conduct training of  
 496 dining and hospitality attendants. A person employed by a  
 497 facility as a dining and hospitality attendant must perform  
 498 tasks under the direct supervision of a licensed nurse.

499 ~~(r) Report to the agency any filing for bankruptcy~~  
 500 ~~protection by the facility or its parent corporation,~~  
 501 ~~divestiture or spin-off of its assets, or corporate~~  
 502 ~~reorganization within 30 days after the completion of such~~  
 503 ~~activity.~~

504 (q)~~(s)~~ Maintain general and professional liability

505 insurance coverage that is in force at all times. In lieu of  
 506 such ~~general and professional liability insurance~~ coverage, a  
 507 state-designated teaching nursing home and its affiliated  
 508 assisted living facilities created under s. 430.80 may  
 509 demonstrate proof of financial responsibility as provided in s.  
 510 430.80(3)(g).

511 Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 400.142, Florida  
 512 Statutes, is amended to read:

513 400.142 Emergency medication kits; orders not to  
 514 resuscitate.—

515 (3) Facility staff may withhold or withdraw  
 516 cardiopulmonary resuscitation if presented with an order not to  
 517 resuscitate executed pursuant to s. 401.45. ~~The agency shall~~  
 518 ~~adopt rules providing for the implementation of such orders.~~  
 519 Facility staff and facilities are ~~shall~~ not ~~be~~ subject to  
 520 criminal prosecution or civil liability, or ~~nor~~ ~~be~~ considered to  
 521 have engaged in negligent or unprofessional conduct, for  
 522 withholding or withdrawing cardiopulmonary resuscitation  
 523 pursuant to such ~~an order and rules adopted by the agency.~~ The  
 524 absence of an order not to resuscitate executed pursuant to s.  
 525 401.45 does not preclude a physician from withholding or  
 526 withdrawing cardiopulmonary resuscitation as otherwise permitted  
 527 by law.

528 Section 8. Subsections (9) through (15) of section  
 529 400.147, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (8)  
 530 through (13), respectively, and present subsections (7), (8),  
 531 and (10) of that section are amended to read:

532 400.147 Internal risk management and quality assurance

533 program.—

534 (7) The nursing home facility shall initiate an  
535 investigation ~~and shall notify the agency~~ within 1 business day  
536 after the risk manager or his or her designee has received a  
537 report pursuant to paragraph (1)(d). The facility must complete  
538 the investigation and submit a report to the agency within 15  
539 calendar days after the adverse incident occurred. ~~The~~  
540 ~~notification must be made in writing and be provided~~  
541 ~~electronically, by facsimile device or overnight mail delivery.~~  
542 The agency shall develop a form for the report which  
543 ~~notification~~ must include the name of the risk manager,  
544 information regarding the identity of the affected resident, the  
545 type of adverse incident, the initiation of an investigation by  
546 the facility, and whether the events causing or resulting in the  
547 adverse incident represent a potential risk to any other  
548 resident. The report ~~notification~~ is confidential as provided by  
549 law and is not discoverable or admissible in any civil or  
550 administrative action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the  
551 agency or the appropriate regulatory board. The agency may  
552 investigate, as it deems appropriate, any such incident and  
553 prescribe measures that must or may be taken in response to the  
554 incident. The agency shall review each report ~~incident~~ and  
555 determine whether it potentially involved conduct by the health  
556 care professional who is subject to disciplinary action, in  
557 which case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply.

558 ~~(8)(a) Each facility shall complete the investigation and~~  
559 ~~submit an adverse incident report to the agency for each adverse~~  
560 ~~incident within 15 calendar days after its occurrence. If, after~~

561 ~~a complete investigation, the risk manager determines that the~~  
562 ~~incident was not an adverse incident as defined in subsection~~  
563 ~~(5), the facility shall include this information in the report.~~  
564 ~~The agency shall develop a form for reporting this information.~~

565 ~~(b) The information reported to the agency pursuant to~~  
566 ~~paragraph (a) which relates to persons licensed under chapter~~  
567 ~~458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466 shall be reviewed~~  
568 ~~by the agency. The agency shall determine whether any of the~~  
569 ~~incidents potentially involved conduct by a health care~~  
570 ~~professional who is subject to disciplinary action, in which~~  
571 ~~case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply.~~

572 ~~(c) The report submitted to the agency must also contain~~  
573 ~~the name of the risk manager of the facility.~~

574 ~~(d) The adverse incident report is confidential as~~  
575 ~~provided by law and is not discoverable or admissible in any~~  
576 ~~civil or administrative action, except in disciplinary~~  
577 ~~proceedings by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board.~~

578 ~~(10) By the 10th of each month, each facility subject to~~  
579 ~~this section shall report any notice received pursuant to s.~~  
580 ~~400.0233(2) and each initial complaint that was filed with the~~  
581 ~~clerk of the court and served on the facility during the~~  
582 ~~previous month by a resident or a resident's family member,~~  
583 ~~guardian, conservator, or personal legal representative. The~~  
584 ~~report must include the name of the resident, the resident's~~  
585 ~~date of birth and social security number, the Medicaid~~  
586 ~~identification number for Medicaid-eligible persons, the date or~~  
587 ~~dates of the incident leading to the claim or dates of~~  
588 ~~residency, if applicable, and the type of injury or violation of~~

589 ~~rights alleged to have occurred. Each facility shall also submit~~  
590 ~~a copy of the notices received pursuant to s. 400.0233(2) and~~  
591 ~~complaints filed with the clerk of the court. This report is~~  
592 ~~confidential as provided by law and is not discoverable or~~  
593 ~~admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in such~~  
594 ~~actions brought by the agency to enforce the provisions of this~~  
595 ~~part.~~

596 Section 9. Section 400.172, Florida Statutes, is created  
597 to read:

598 400.172 Respite care provided in nursing home facilities.-

599 (1) For each person admitted for respite care as  
600 authorized under s. 400.141(1)(f), a nursing home facility  
601 operated by a licensee must:

602 (a) Have a written abbreviated plan of care that, at a  
603 minimum, includes nutritional requirements, medication orders,  
604 physician orders, nursing assessments, and dietary preferences.  
605 The nursing or physician assessments may take the place of all  
606 other assessments required for full-time residents.

607 (b) Have a contract that, at a minimum, specifies the  
608 services to be provided to a resident receiving respite care,  
609 including charges for services, activities, equipment, emergency  
610 medical services, and the administration of medications. If  
611 multiple admissions for a single person for respite care are  
612 anticipated, the original contract is valid for 1 year after the  
613 date the contract is executed.

614 (c) Ensure that each resident is released to his or her  
615 caregiver or an individual designated in writing by the  
616 caregiver.

617 (2) A person admitted under the respite care program  
618 shall:

619 (a) Be exempt from department rules relating to the  
620 discharge planning process.

621 (b) Be covered by the residents' rights specified in s.  
622 400.022(1)(a)-(o) and (r)-(t). Funds or property of the resident  
623 are not be considered trust funds subject to the requirements of  
624 s. 400.022(1)(h) until the resident has been in the facility for  
625 more than 14 consecutive days.

626 (c) Be allowed to use his or her personal medications  
627 during the respite stay if permitted by facility policy. The  
628 facility must obtain a physician's order for the medications.  
629 The caregiver may provide information regarding the medications  
630 as part of the nursing assessment and that information must  
631 agree with the physician's order. Medications shall be released  
632 with the resident upon discharge in accordance with current  
633 physician's orders.

634 (d) Be entitled to reside in the facility for a total of  
635 60 days within a contract year or for a total of 60 days within  
636 a calendar year if the contract is for less than 12 months.  
637 However, each single stay may not exceed 14 days. If a stay  
638 exceeds 14 consecutive days, the facility must comply with all  
639 assessment and care planning requirements applicable to nursing  
640 home residents.

641 (e) Reside in a licensed nursing home bed.

642 (3) A prospective respite care resident must provide  
643 medical information from a physician, physician assistant, or  
644 nurse practitioner and any other information provided by the

645 primary caregiver required by the facility before or when the  
646 person is admitted to receive respite care. The medical  
647 information must include a physician's order for respite care  
648 and proof of a physical examination by a licensed physician,  
649 physician assistant, or nurse practitioner. The physician's  
650 order and physical examination may be used to provide  
651 intermittent respite care for up to 12 months after the date the  
652 order is written.

653 (4) The facility shall assume the duties of the primary  
654 caregiver. To ensure continuity of care and services, the  
655 resident may retain his or her personal physician and shall have  
656 access to medically necessary services such as physical therapy,  
657 occupational therapy, or speech therapy, as needed. The facility  
658 shall arrange for transportation of the resident to these  
659 services, if necessary.

660 Section 10. Subsection (5) of section 400.23, Florida  
661 Statutes, is amended to read:

662 400.23 Rules; evaluation and deficiencies; licensure  
663 status.—

664 (5) The agency, in collaboration with the Division of  
665 Children's Medical Services of the Department of Health, must  
666 ~~no later than December 31, 1993,~~ adopt rules for:

667 (a) Minimum standards of care for persons under 21 years  
668 of age who reside in nursing home facilities. ~~The rules must~~  
669 include a methodology for reviewing a nursing home facility  
670 under ss. 408.031-408.045 which serves only persons under 21  
671 years of age. A facility may be exempted ~~exempt~~ from these  
672 standards for specific persons between 18 and 21 years of age,

673 if the person's physician agrees that minimum standards of care  
674 based on age are not necessary.

675 (b) Minimum staffing requirements for persons under 21  
676 years of age who reside in nursing home facilities, which apply  
677 in lieu of the requirements contained in subsection (3).

678 1. For persons under 21 years of age who require skilled  
679 care:

680 a. A minimum combined average of 3.9 hours of direct care  
681 per resident per day must be provided by licensed nurses,  
682 respiratory therapists, respiratory care practitioners, and  
683 certified nursing assistants.

684 b. A minimum licensed nursing staffing of 1.0 hour of  
685 direct care per resident per day must be provided.

686 c. No more than 1.5 hours of certified nursing assistant  
687 care per resident per day may be counted in determining the  
688 minimum direct care hours required.

689 d. One registered nurse must be on duty on the site 24  
690 hours per day on the unit where children reside.

691 2. For persons under 21 years of age who are medically  
692 fragile:

693 a. A minimum combined average of 5.0 hours of direct care  
694 per resident per day must be provided by licensed nurses,  
695 respiratory therapists, respiratory care practitioners, and  
696 certified nursing assistants.

697 b. A minimum licensed nursing staffing of 1.7 hours of  
698 direct care per resident per day must be provided.

699 c. No more than 1.5 hours of certified nursing assistant  
700 care per resident per day may be counted in determining the

701 minimum direct care hours required.

702 d. One registered nurse must be on duty on the site 24  
 703 hours per day on the unit where children reside.

704 Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 400.275, Florida  
 705 Statutes, is amended to read:

706 400.275 Agency duties.—

707 ~~(1) The agency shall ensure that each newly hired nursing~~  
 708 ~~home surveyor, as a part of basic training, is assigned full-~~  
 709 ~~time to a licensed nursing home for at least 2 days within a 7-~~  
 710 ~~day period to observe facility operations outside of the survey~~  
 711 ~~process before the surveyor begins survey responsibilities. Such~~  
 712 ~~observations may not be the sole basis of a deficiency citation~~  
 713 ~~against the facility.~~ The agency may not assign an individual to  
 714 be a member of a survey team for purposes of a survey,  
 715 evaluation, or consultation visit at a nursing home facility in  
 716 which the surveyor was an employee within the preceding 2 ~~5~~  
 717 years.

718 Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment  
 719 made by this act to section 400.509, Florida Statutes, in a  
 720 reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section  
 721 400.506, Florida Statutes, is reenacted, and subsection (18) is  
 722 added to that section, to read:

723 400.506 Licensure of nurse registries; requirements;  
 724 penalties.—

725 (6) (a) A nurse registry may refer for contract in private  
 726 residences registered nurses and licensed practical nurses  
 727 registered and licensed under part I of chapter 464, certified  
 728 nursing assistants certified under part II of chapter 464, home

729 health aides who present documented proof of successful  
730 completion of the training required by rule of the agency, and  
731 companions or homemakers for the purposes of providing those  
732 services authorized under s. 400.509(1). A licensed nurse  
733 registry shall ensure that each certified nursing assistant  
734 referred for contract by the nurse registry and each home health  
735 aide referred for contract by the nurse registry is adequately  
736 trained to perform the tasks of a home health aide in the home  
737 setting. Each person referred by a nurse registry must provide  
738 current documentation that he or she is free from communicable  
739 diseases.

740 (18) An administrator may manage only one nurse registry,  
741 except that an administrator may manage up to five registries if  
742 all five registries have identical controlling interests as  
743 defined in s. 408.803 and are located within one agency  
744 geographic service area or within an immediately contiguous  
745 county. An administrator shall designate, in writing, for each  
746 licensed entity, a qualified alternate administrator to serve  
747 during the administrator's absence.

748 Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 400.509, Florida  
749 Statutes, is amended to read:

750 400.509 Registration of particular service providers  
751 exempt from licensure; certificate of registration; regulation  
752 of registrants.—

753 (1) Any organization that provides companion services or  
754 homemaker services and does not provide a home health service to  
755 a person is exempt from licensure under this part. However, any  
756 organization that provides companion services or homemaker

757 services must register with the agency. An organization under  
758 contract with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities which  
759 provides companion services only for persons with a  
760 developmental disability, as defined in s. 393.063, is exempt  
761 from registration.

762 Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 400.601, Florida  
763 Statutes, is amended to read:

764 400.601 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

765 (3) "Hospice" means a centrally administered corporation  
766 or a limited liability company that provides ~~providing~~ a  
767 continuum of palliative and supportive care for the terminally  
768 ill patient and his or her family.

769 Section 15. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) and subsection  
770 (4) of section 400.606, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

771 400.606 License; application; renewal; conditional license  
772 or permit; certificate of need.—

773 (1) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter  
774 408, the initial application and change of ownership application  
775 must be accompanied by a plan for the delivery of home,  
776 residential, and homelike inpatient hospice services to  
777 terminally ill persons and their families. Such plan must  
778 contain, but need not be limited to:

779 ~~(i) The projected annual operating cost of the hospice.~~

780  
781 If the applicant is an existing licensed health care provider,  
782 the application must be accompanied by a copy of the most recent  
783 profit-loss statement and, if applicable, the most recent  
784 licensure inspection report.

785 (4) A freestanding hospice facility that is ~~primarily~~  
 786 engaged in providing inpatient and related services and that is  
 787 not otherwise licensed as a health care facility shall ~~be~~  
 788 ~~required to~~ obtain a certificate of need. However, a  
 789 freestanding hospice facility that has with six or fewer beds is  
 790 ~~shall~~ ~~be~~ required to comply with institutional standards  
 791 such as, but not limited to, standards requiring sprinkler  
 792 systems, emergency electrical systems, or special lavatory  
 793 devices.

794 Section 16. Section 400.915, Florida Statutes, is amended  
 795 to read:

796 400.915 Construction and renovation; requirements.—The  
 797 requirements for the construction or renovation of a PPEC center  
 798 shall comply with:

799 (1) The provisions of chapter 553, which pertain to  
 800 building construction standards, including plumbing, electrical  
 801 code, glass, manufactured buildings, accessibility for the  
 802 physically disabled;

803 (2) The provisions of s. 633.022 and applicable rules  
 804 pertaining to physical minimum standards for nonresidential  
 805 child care physical facilities in rule 10M-12.003, Florida  
 806 Administrative Code, Child Care Standards; and

807 (3) The standards or rules adopted pursuant to this part  
 808 and part II of chapter 408.

809 Section 17. Section 400.931, Florida Statutes, is amended  
 810 to read:

811 400.931 Application for license; ~~fee; provisional license;~~  
 812 ~~temporary permit.—~~

813 (1) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter  
 814 408, the applicant must file with the application satisfactory  
 815 proof that the home medical equipment provider is in compliance  
 816 with this part and applicable rules, including:

817 (a) A report, by category, of the equipment to be  
 818 provided, indicating those offered either directly by the  
 819 applicant or through contractual arrangements with existing  
 820 providers. Categories of equipment include:

- 821 1. Respiratory modalities.
- 822 2. Ambulation aids.
- 823 3. Mobility aids.
- 824 4. Sickroom setup.
- 825 5. Disposables.

826 (b) A report, by category, of the services to be provided,  
 827 indicating those offered either directly by the applicant or  
 828 through contractual arrangements with existing providers.

829 Categories of services include:

- 830 1. Intake.
- 831 2. Equipment selection.
- 832 3. Delivery.
- 833 4. Setup and installation.
- 834 5. Patient training.
- 835 6. Ongoing service and maintenance.
- 836 7. Retrieval.

837 (c) A listing of those with whom the applicant contracts,  
 838 both the providers the applicant uses to provide equipment or  
 839 services to its consumers and the providers for whom the  
 840 applicant provides services or equipment.

841           (2) An applicant for initial licensure, change of  
842 ownership, or license renewal to operate a licensed home medical  
843 equipment provider at a location outside the state must submit  
844 documentation of accreditation or an application for  
845 accreditation from an accrediting organization that is  
846 recognized by the agency. An applicant that has applied for  
847 accreditation must provide proof of accreditation that is not  
848 conditional or provisional within 120 days after the date the  
849 agency receives the application for licensure or the application  
850 shall be withdrawn from further consideration. Such  
851 accreditation must be maintained by the home medical equipment  
852 provider in order to maintain licensure. As an alternative to  
853 ~~submitting proof of financial ability to operate as required in~~  
854 ~~s. 408.810(8), the applicant may submit a \$50,000 surety bond to~~  
855 ~~the agency.~~

856           (3) As specified in part II of chapter 408, the home  
857 medical equipment provider must also obtain and maintain  
858 professional and commercial liability insurance. Proof of  
859 liability insurance, as defined in s. 624.605, must be submitted  
860 with the application. The agency shall set the required amounts  
861 of liability insurance by rule, but the required amount must not  
862 be less than \$250,000 per claim. In the case of contracted  
863 services, it is required that the contractor have liability  
864 insurance not less than \$250,000 per claim.

865           (4) When a change of the general manager of a home medical  
866 equipment provider occurs, the licensee must notify the agency  
867 of the change within 45 days.

868           (5) In accordance with s. 408.805, an applicant or a

869 licensee shall pay a fee for each license application submitted  
 870 under this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable rules.  
 871 The amount of the fee shall be established by rule and may not  
 872 exceed \$300 per biennium. The agency shall set the fees in an  
 873 amount that is sufficient to cover its costs in carrying out its  
 874 responsibilities under this part. However, state, county, or  
 875 municipal governments applying for licenses under this part are  
 876 exempt from the payment of license fees.

877 (6) An applicant for initial licensure, renewal, or change  
 878 of ownership shall also pay an inspection fee not to exceed  
 879 \$400, which shall be paid by all applicants except those not  
 880 subject to licensure inspection by the agency as described in s.  
 881 400.933.

882 Section 18. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section  
 883 408.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

884 408.033 Local and state health planning.-

885 (2) FUNDING.-

886 (a) The Legislature intends that the cost of local health  
 887 councils be borne by assessments on selected health care  
 888 facilities subject to facility licensure by the Agency for  
 889 Health Care Administration, including abortion clinics, assisted  
 890 living facilities, ambulatory surgical centers, birthing  
 891 centers, clinical laboratories except community nonprofit blood  
 892 banks and clinical laboratories operated by practitioners for  
 893 exclusive use regulated under s. 483.035, home health agencies,  
 894 hospices, hospitals, intermediate care facilities for the  
 895 developmentally disabled, nursing homes, health care clinics,  
 896 and multiphasic testing centers and by assessments on

897 organizations subject to certification by the agency pursuant to  
898 chapter 641, part III, including health maintenance  
899 organizations and prepaid health clinics. Fees assessed may be  
900 collected prospectively at the time of licensure renewal and  
901 prorated for the licensure period.

902 Section 19. Subsection (2) of section 408.034, Florida  
903 Statutes, is amended to read:

904 408.034 Duties and responsibilities of agency; rules.—

905 (2) In the exercise of its authority to issue licenses to  
906 health care facilities and health service providers, as provided  
907 under chapters 393 and 395 and parts II, ~~and~~ IV, and VIII of  
908 chapter 400, the agency may not issue a license to any health  
909 care facility or health service provider that fails to receive a  
910 certificate of need or an exemption for the licensed facility or  
911 service.

912 Section 20. Paragraph (n) of subsection (3) of section  
913 408.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

914 408.036 Projects subject to review; exemptions.—

915 (3) EXEMPTIONS.—Upon request, the following projects are  
916 subject to exemption from the provisions of subsection (1):

917 (n) For the provision of percutaneous coronary  
918 intervention for patients presenting with emergency myocardial  
919 infarctions in a hospital without an approved adult open-heart-  
920 surgery program. In addition to any other documentation required  
921 by the agency, a request for an exemption submitted under this  
922 paragraph must comply with the following:

923 1. The applicant must certify that it will meet and  
924 continuously maintain the requirements adopted by the agency for

925 the provision of these services. These licensure requirements  
926 shall be adopted by rule ~~pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54~~  
927 and must be consistent with the guidelines published by the  
928 American College of Cardiology and the American Heart  
929 Association for the provision of percutaneous coronary  
930 interventions in hospitals without adult open-heart services. At  
931 a minimum, the rules must ~~shall~~ require the following:

932 a. Cardiologists must be experienced interventionalists  
933 who have performed a minimum of 75 interventions within the  
934 previous 12 months.

935 b. The hospital must provide a minimum of 36 emergency  
936 interventions annually in order to continue to provide the  
937 service.

938 c. The hospital must offer sufficient physician, nursing,  
939 and laboratory staff to provide the services 24 hours a day, 7  
940 days a week.

941 d. Nursing and technical staff must have demonstrated  
942 experience in handling acutely ill patients requiring  
943 intervention based on previous experience in dedicated  
944 interventional laboratories or surgical centers.

945 e. Cardiac care nursing staff must be adept in hemodynamic  
946 monitoring and Intra-aortic Balloon Pump (IABP) management.

947 f. Formalized written transfer agreements must be  
948 developed with a hospital with an adult open-heart-surgery  
949 program, and written transport protocols must be in place to  
950 ensure safe and efficient transfer of a patient within 60  
951 minutes. Transfer and transport agreements must be reviewed and  
952 tested, with appropriate documentation maintained at least every

953 3 months. However, a hospital located more than 100 road miles  
954 from the closest Level II adult cardiovascular services program  
955 does not need to meet the 60-minute transfer time protocol if  
956 the hospital demonstrates that it has a formalized, written  
957 transfer agreement with a hospital that has a Level II program.  
958 The agreement must include written transport protocols that  
959 ensure the safe and efficient transfer of a patient, taking into  
960 consideration the patient's clinical and physical  
961 characteristics, road and weather conditions, and viability of  
962 ground and air ambulance service to transfer the patient.

963 g. Hospitals implementing the service must first undertake  
964 a training program of 3 to 6 months' duration, which includes  
965 establishing standards and testing logistics, creating quality  
966 assessment and error management practices, and formalizing  
967 patient-selection criteria.

968 2. The applicant must certify that it will use at all  
969 times the patient-selection criteria for the performance of  
970 primary angioplasty at hospitals without adult open-heart-  
971 surgery programs issued by the American College of Cardiology  
972 and the American Heart Association. At a minimum, these criteria  
973 would provide for the following:

974 a. Avoidance of interventions in hemodynamically stable  
975 patients who have identified symptoms or medical histories.

976 b. Transfer of patients who have a history of coronary  
977 disease and clinical presentation of hemodynamic instability.

978 3. The applicant must agree to submit a quarterly report  
979 to the agency detailing patient characteristics, treatment, and  
980 outcomes for all patients receiving emergency percutaneous

981 coronary interventions pursuant to this paragraph. This report  
982 must be submitted within 15 days after the close of each  
983 calendar quarter.

984 4. The exemption provided by this paragraph does not apply  
985 unless the agency determines that the hospital has taken all  
986 necessary steps to be in compliance with all requirements of  
987 this paragraph, including the training program required under  
988 sub-subparagraph 1.g.

989 5. Failure of the hospital to continuously comply with the  
990 requirements of sub-subparagraphs 1.c.-f. and subparagraphs 2.  
991 and 3. will result in the immediate expiration of this  
992 exemption.

993 6. Failure of the hospital to meet the volume requirements  
994 of sub-subparagraphs 1.a. and b. within 18 months after the  
995 program begins offering the service will result in the immediate  
996 expiration of the exemption.

997  
998 If the exemption for this service expires under subparagraph 5.  
999 or subparagraph 6., the agency may not grant another exemption  
1000 for this service to the same hospital for 2 years and then only  
1001 upon a showing that the hospital will remain in compliance with  
1002 the requirements of this paragraph through a demonstration of  
1003 corrections to the deficiencies that caused expiration of the  
1004 exemption. Compliance with the requirements of this paragraph  
1005 includes compliance with the rules adopted pursuant to this  
1006 paragraph.

1007 Section 21. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section  
1008 408.0361, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009 408.0361 Cardiovascular services and burn unit licensure.—

1010 (3) In establishing rules for adult cardiovascular  
 1011 services, the agency shall include provisions that allow for:

1012 (b) For a hospital seeking a Level I program,  
 1013 demonstration that, for the most recent 12-month period as  
 1014 reported to the agency, it has provided a minimum of 300 adult  
 1015 inpatient and outpatient diagnostic cardiac catheterizations or,  
 1016 for the most recent 12-month period, has discharged or  
 1017 transferred at least 300 inpatients with the principal diagnosis  
 1018 of ischemic heart disease and that it has a formalized, written  
 1019 transfer agreement with a hospital that has a Level II program,  
 1020 including written transport protocols to ensure safe and  
 1021 efficient transfer of a patient within 60 minutes. However, a  
 1022 hospital located more than 100 road miles from the closest Level  
 1023 II adult cardiovascular services program does not need to meet  
 1024 the 60-minute transfer time protocol if the hospital  
 1025 demonstrates that it has a formalized, written transfer  
 1026 agreement with a hospital that has a Level II program. The  
 1027 agreement must include written transport protocols to ensure the  
 1028 safe and efficient transfer of a patient, taking into  
 1029 consideration the patient's clinical and physical  
 1030 characteristics, road and weather conditions, and viability of  
 1031 ground and air ambulance service to transfer the patient.

1032 Section 22. Section 408.10, Florida Statutes, is amended  
 1033 to read:

1034 408.10 Consumer complaints.—The agency shall÷

1035 ~~(1)~~ publish and make available to the public a toll-free  
 1036 telephone number for the purpose of handling consumer complaints

1037 and shall serve as a liaison between consumer entities and other  
 1038 private entities and governmental entities for the disposition  
 1039 of problems identified by consumers of health care.

1040 ~~(2) Be empowered to investigate consumer complaints~~  
 1041 ~~relating to problems with health care facilities' billing~~  
 1042 ~~practices and issue reports to be made public in any cases where~~  
 1043 ~~the agency determines the health care facility has engaged in~~  
 1044 ~~billing practices which are unreasonable and unfair to the~~  
 1045 ~~consumer.~~

1046 Section 23. Subsection (11) of section 408.802, Florida  
 1047 Statutes, is repealed.

1048 Section 24. Subsection (3) is added to section 408.804,  
 1049 Florida Statutes, to read:

1050 408.804 License required; display.—

1051 (3) Any person who knowingly alters, defaces, or falsifies  
 1052 a license certificate issued by the agency, or causes or  
 1053 procures any person to commit such an offense, commits a  
 1054 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.  
 1055 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any licensee or provider who displays an  
 1056 altered, defaced, or falsified license certificate is subject to  
 1057 the penalties set forth in s. 408.815 and an administrative fine  
 1058 of \$1,000 for each day of illegal display.

1059 Section 25. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section  
 1060 408.806, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (e) is  
 1061 added to that subsection, to read:

1062 408.806 License application process.—

1063 (2)

1064 ~~(d) The agency shall notify the licensee by mail or~~

1065 ~~electronically at least 90 days before the expiration of a~~  
 1066 ~~license that a renewal license is necessary to continue~~  
 1067 ~~operation.~~ The licensee's failure to timely file ~~submit~~ a  
 1068 renewal application and license application fee with the agency  
 1069 shall result in a \$50 per day late fee charged to the licensee  
 1070 by the agency; however, the aggregate amount of the late fee may  
 1071 not exceed 50 percent of the licensure fee or \$500, whichever is  
 1072 less. The agency shall provide a courtesy notice to the licensee  
 1073 by United States mail, electronically, or by any other manner at  
 1074 its address of record or mailing address, if provided, at least  
 1075 90 days before the expiration of a license. This courtesy notice  
 1076 must inform the licensee of the expiration of the license. If  
 1077 the agency does not provide the courtesy notice or the licensee  
 1078 does not receive the courtesy notice, the licensee continues to  
 1079 be legally obligated to timely file the renewal application and  
 1080 license application fee with the agency and is not excused from  
 1081 the payment of a late fee. If an application is received after  
 1082 the required filing date and exhibits a hand-canceled postmark  
 1083 obtained from a United States post office dated on or before the  
 1084 required filing date, no fine will be levied.

1085 (e) The applicant must pay the late fee before a late  
 1086 application is considered complete and failure to pay the late  
 1087 fee is considered an omission from the application for licensure  
 1088 pursuant to paragraph (3) (b).

1089 Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section  
 1090 408.8065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1091 408.8065 Additional licensure requirements for home health  
 1092 agencies, home medical equipment providers, and health care

1093 clinics.—

1094 (1) An applicant for initial licensure, or initial  
 1095 licensure due to a change of ownership, as a home health agency,  
 1096 home medical equipment provider, or health care clinic shall:

1097 (b) Submit projected ~~pro forma~~ financial statements,  
 1098 including a balance sheet, income and expense statement, and a  
 1099 statement of cash flows for the first 2 years of operation which  
 1100 provide evidence that the applicant has sufficient assets,  
 1101 credit, and projected revenues to cover liabilities and  
 1102 expenses.

1103  
 1104 All documents required under this subsection must be prepared in  
 1105 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and may  
 1106 be in a compilation form. The financial statements must be  
 1107 signed by a certified public accountant.

1108 Section 27. Subsection (9) of section 408.810, Florida  
 1109 Statutes, is amended to read:

1110 408.810 Minimum licensure requirements.—In addition to the  
 1111 licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing  
 1112 statutes, and applicable rules, each applicant and licensee must  
 1113 comply with the requirements of this section in order to obtain  
 1114 and maintain a license.

1115 (9) A controlling interest may not withhold from the  
 1116 agency any evidence of financial instability, including, but not  
 1117 limited to, checks returned due to insufficient funds,  
 1118 delinquent accounts, nonpayment of withholding taxes, unpaid  
 1119 utility expenses, nonpayment for essential services, or adverse  
 1120 court action concerning the financial viability of the provider

1121 or any other provider licensed under this part that is under the  
 1122 control of the controlling interest. A controlling interest  
 1123 shall notify the agency within 10 days after a court action to  
 1124 initiate bankruptcy, foreclosure, or eviction proceedings  
 1125 concerning the provider in which the controlling interest is a  
 1126 petitioner or defendant. Any person who violates this subsection  
 1127 commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as  
 1128 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Each day of continuing  
 1129 violation is a separate offense.

1130 Section 28. Subsection (3) is added to section 408.813,  
 1131 Florida Statutes, to read:

1132 408.813 Administrative fines; violations.—As a penalty for  
 1133 any violation of this part, authorizing statutes, or applicable  
 1134 rules, the agency may impose an administrative fine.

1135 (3) The agency may impose an administrative fine for a  
 1136 violation that is not designated as a class I, class II, class  
 1137 III, or class IV violation. Unless otherwise specified by law,  
 1138 the amount of the fine may not exceed \$500 for each violation.

1139 Unclassified violations include:

- 1140 (a) Violating any term or condition of a license.
- 1141 (b) Violating any provision of this part, authorizing  
 1142 statutes, or applicable rules.
- 1143 (c) Exceeding licensed capacity.
- 1144 (d) Providing services beyond the scope of the license.
- 1145 (e) Violating a moratorium imposed pursuant to s. 408.814.

1146 Section 29. Section 429.195, Florida Statutes, is amended  
 1147 to read:

1148 429.195 Rebates prohibited; penalties.—

1149           (1) ~~An It is unlawful for any~~ assisted living facility  
1150 licensed under this part may not ~~to~~ contract or promise to pay  
1151 or receive any commission, bonus, kickback, or rebate or engage  
1152 in any split-fee arrangement in any form whatsoever with any  
1153 person, health care provider, or health care facility as  
1154 provided under s. 817.505 ~~physician, surgeon, organization,~~  
1155 ~~agency, or person, either directly or indirectly, for residents~~  
1156 ~~referred to an assisted living facility licensed under this~~  
1157 ~~part. A facility may employ or contract with persons to market~~  
1158 ~~the facility, provided the employee or contract provider clearly~~  
1159 ~~indicates that he or she represents the facility. A person or~~  
1160 ~~agency independent of the facility may provide placement or~~  
1161 ~~referral services for a fee to individuals seeking assistance in~~  
1162 ~~finding a suitable facility; however, any fee paid for placement~~  
1163 ~~or referral services must be paid by the individual looking for~~  
1164 ~~a facility, not by the facility.~~

1165           (2) This section does not apply to:

1166           (a) An individual employed by the assisted living  
1167 facility, or with whom the facility contracts to provide  
1168 marketing services for the facility, if the individual clearly  
1169 indicates that he or she works with or for the facility.

1170           (b) Payments by an assisted living facility to a referral  
1171 service that provides information, consultation, or referrals to  
1172 consumers to assist them in finding appropriate care or housing  
1173 options for seniors or disabled adults if the referred consumers  
1174 are not Medicaid recipients.

1175           (c) A resident of an assisted living facility who refers a  
1176 friend, family members, or other individuals with whom the

1177 resident has a personal relationship to the assisted living  
 1178 facility, in which case the assisted living facility may provide  
 1179 a monetary reward to the resident for making such referral.

1180 (3)~~(2)~~ A violation of this section is ~~shall be considered~~  
 1181 patient brokering and is punishable as provided in s. 817.505.

1182 Section 30. Subsection (2) of section 429.905, Florida  
 1183 Statutes, is amended to read:

1184 429.905 Exemptions; monitoring of adult day care center  
 1185 programs colocated with assisted living facilities or licensed  
 1186 nursing home facilities.—

1187 (2) A licensed assisted living facility, a licensed  
 1188 hospital, or a licensed nursing home facility may provide  
 1189 services during the day which include, but are not limited to,  
 1190 social, health, therapeutic, recreational, nutritional, and  
 1191 respite services, to adults who are not residents. Such a  
 1192 facility need not be licensed as an adult day care center;  
 1193 however, the agency must monitor the facility during the regular  
 1194 inspection and at least biennially to ensure adequate space and  
 1195 sufficient staff. If an assisted living facility, a hospital, or  
 1196 a nursing home holds itself out to the public as an adult day  
 1197 care center, it must be licensed as such and meet all standards  
 1198 prescribed by statute and rule. For the purpose of this  
 1199 subsection, the term "day" means any portion of a 24-hour day.

1200 Section 31. Present paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of  
 1201 subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), and paragraph  
 1202 (e) of subsection (3) of section 456.44, Florida Statutes, are  
 1203 amended, and a new paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of  
 1204 that section, to read:

1205 456.44 Controlled substance prescribing.—

1206 (1) DEFINITIONS.—

1207 (a) "Addiction medicine specialist" means a board-  
 1208 certified psychiatrist ~~physiatrist~~ with a subspecialty  
 1209 certification in addiction medicine or who is eligible for such  
 1210 subspecialty certification in addiction medicine, an addiction  
 1211 medicine physician certified or eligible for certification by  
 1212 the American Society of Addiction Medicine, or an osteopathic  
 1213 physician who holds a certificate of added qualification in  
 1214 Addiction Medicine through the American Osteopathic Association.

1215 (c) "Board-certified pain management physician" means a  
 1216 physician who possesses board certification in pain medicine by  
 1217 the American Board of Pain Medicine, board certification by the  
 1218 American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians, or board  
 1219 certification or subcertification in pain management or pain  
 1220 medicine by a specialty board recognized by the American  
 1221 Association of Physician Specialists or the American Board of  
 1222 Medical Specialties or an osteopathic physician who holds a  
 1223 certificate in Pain Management by the American Osteopathic  
 1224 Association.

1225 (d) "Board eligible" means successful completion of an  
 1226 anesthesia, physical medicine and rehabilitation, rheumatology,  
 1227 or neurology residency program approved by the Accreditation  
 1228 Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American  
 1229 Osteopathic Association for a period of 6 years from successful  
 1230 completion of such residency program.

1231 (e) ~~(d)~~ "Chronic nonmalignant pain" means pain unrelated to  
 1232 cancer ~~or rheumatoid arthritis~~ which persists beyond the usual

1233 course of disease or the injury that is the cause of the pain or  
 1234 more than 90 days after surgery.

1235 (2) REGISTRATION.—Effective January 1, 2012, a physician  
 1236 licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter  
 1237 466 who prescribes any controlled substance, listed in Schedule  
 1238 II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV as defined in s. 893.03, for  
 1239 the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, must:

1240 (a) Designate himself or herself as a controlled substance  
 1241 prescribing practitioner on the physician's practitioner  
 1242 profile.

1243 (3) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE.—The standards of practice in  
 1244 this section do not supersede the level of care, skill, and  
 1245 treatment recognized in general law related to health care  
 1246 licensure.

1247 (e) The physician shall refer the patient as necessary for  
 1248 additional evaluation and treatment in order to achieve  
 1249 treatment objectives. Special attention shall be given to those  
 1250 patients who are at risk for misusing their medications and  
 1251 those whose living arrangements pose a risk for medication  
 1252 misuse or diversion. The management of pain in patients with a  
 1253 history of substance abuse or with a comorbid psychiatric  
 1254 disorder requires extra care, monitoring, and documentation and  
 1255 requires consultation with or referral to an addiction medicine  
 1256 specialist or psychiatrist ~~addictionologist or psychiatrist~~.

1257  
 1258 This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-  
 1259 certified anesthesiologist, psychiatrist, rheumatologist, or  
 1260 neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical

1261 privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and  
 1262 primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not  
 1263 apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist  
 1264 who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by  
 1265 the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the  
 1266 American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eligible or  
 1267 board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain  
 1268 Medicine or a board approved by the American Board of Medical  
 1269 Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs  
 1270 interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed  
 1271 using surgical codes. This subsection does not apply to a  
 1272 physician who prescribes medically necessary controlled  
 1273 substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital  
 1274 licensed under chapter 395.

1275 Section 32. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section  
 1276 458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1277 458.3265 Pain-management clinics.—

1278 (1) REGISTRATION.—

1279 (a)1. As used in this section, the term:

1280 a. "Board eligible" means successful completion of an  
 1281 anesthesia, physical medicine and rehabilitation, rheumatology,  
 1282 or neurology residency program approved by the Accreditation  
 1283 Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American  
 1284 Osteopathic Association for a period of 6 years from successful  
 1285 completion of such residency program.

1286 ~~b.a.~~ "Chronic nonmalignant pain" means pain unrelated to  
 1287 cancer ~~or rheumatoid arthritis~~ which persists beyond the usual  
 1288 course of disease or the injury that is the cause of the pain or

1289 | more than 90 days after surgery.

1290 |       ~~c.b.~~ "Pain-management clinic" or "clinic" means any

1291 | publicly or privately owned facility:

1292 |       (I) That advertises in any medium for any type of pain-

1293 | management services; or

1294 |       (II) Where in any month a majority of patients are

1295 | prescribed opioids, benzodiazepines, barbiturates, or

1296 | carisoprodol for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain.

1297 |       2. Each pain-management clinic must register with the

1298 | department unless:

1299 |       a. That clinic is licensed as a facility pursuant to

1300 | chapter 395;

1301 |       b. The majority of the physicians who provide services in

1302 | the clinic primarily provide surgical services;

1303 |       c. The clinic is owned by a publicly held corporation

1304 | whose shares are traded on a national exchange or on the over-

1305 | the-counter market and whose total assets at the end of the

1306 | corporation's most recent fiscal quarter exceeded \$50 million;

1307 |       d. The clinic is affiliated with an accredited medical

1308 | school at which training is provided for medical students,

1309 | residents, or fellows;

1310 |       e. The clinic does not prescribe controlled substances for

1311 | the treatment of pain;

1312 |       f. The clinic is owned by a corporate entity exempt from

1313 | federal taxation under 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3);

1314 |       g. The clinic is wholly owned and operated by one or more

1315 | board-eligible or board-certified anesthesiologists,

1316 | physiatrists, rheumatologists, or neurologists; or

1317 h. The clinic is wholly owned and operated by a physician  
 1318 multispecialty practice where one or more board-eligible or  
 1319 board-certified medical specialists who have also completed  
 1320 fellowships in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation  
 1321 Council for Graduate Medical Education, or who are also board-  
 1322 certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain  
 1323 Medicine or a board approved by the American Board of Medical  
 1324 Specialties, the American Association of Physician Specialists,  
 1325 or the American Osteopathic Association and perform  
 1326 interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed  
 1327 using surgical codes.

1328 Section 33. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section  
 1329 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1330 459.0137 Pain-management clinics.—

1331 (1) REGISTRATION.—

1332 (a)1. As used in this section, the term:

1333 a. "Board eligible" means successful completion of an  
 1334 anesthesia, physical medicine and rehabilitation, rheumatology,  
 1335 or neurology residency program approved by the Accreditation  
 1336 Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American  
 1337 Osteopathic Association for a period of 6 years from successful  
 1338 completion of such residency program.

1339 ~~b.a.~~ "Chronic nonmalignant pain" means pain unrelated to  
 1340 cancer ~~or rheumatoid arthritis~~ which persists beyond the usual  
 1341 course of disease or the injury that is the cause of the pain or  
 1342 more than 90 days after surgery.

1343 ~~c.b.~~ "Pain-management clinic" or "clinic" means any  
 1344 publicly or privately owned facility:

1345 (I) That advertises in any medium for any type of pain-  
 1346 management services; or

1347 (II) Where in any month a majority of patients are  
 1348 prescribed opioids, benzodiazepines, barbiturates, or  
 1349 carisoprodol for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain.

1350 2. Each pain-management clinic must register with the  
 1351 department unless:

1352 a. That clinic is licensed as a facility pursuant to  
 1353 chapter 395;

1354 b. The majority of the physicians who provide services in  
 1355 the clinic primarily provide surgical services;

1356 c. The clinic is owned by a publicly held corporation  
 1357 whose shares are traded on a national exchange or on the over-  
 1358 the-counter market and whose total assets at the end of the  
 1359 corporation's most recent fiscal quarter exceeded \$50 million;

1360 d. The clinic is affiliated with an accredited medical  
 1361 school at which training is provided for medical students,  
 1362 residents, or fellows;

1363 e. The clinic does not prescribe controlled substances for  
 1364 the treatment of pain;

1365 f. The clinic is owned by a corporate entity exempt from  
 1366 federal taxation under 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3);

1367 g. The clinic is wholly owned and operated by one or more  
 1368 board-eligible or board-certified anesthesiologists,  
 1369 physiatrists, rheumatologists, or neurologists; or

1370 h. The clinic is wholly owned and operated by a physician  
 1371 multispecialty practice where one or more board-eligible or  
 1372 board-certified medical specialists who have also completed

1373 fellowships in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation  
 1374 Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American  
 1375 Osteopathic Association, or who are also board-certified in pain  
 1376 medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine or a board  
 1377 approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties, the  
 1378 American Association of Physician Specialists, or the American  
 1379 Osteopathic Association and perform interventional pain  
 1380 procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical codes.

1381 Section 34. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section  
 1382 483.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1383 483.23 Offenses; criminal penalties.—

1384 (1)

1385 (b) The performance of any act specified in paragraph (a)  
 1386 shall be referred by the agency to the local law enforcement  
 1387 agency and constitutes a misdemeanor of the second degree,  
 1388 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

1389 Additionally, the agency may issue and deliver a notice to cease  
 1390 and desist from such act and may impose by citation an  
 1391 administrative penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per act. Each day  
 1392 that unlicensed activity continues after issuance of a notice to  
 1393 cease and desist constitutes a separate act.

1394 Section 35. Subsection (1) of section 483.245, Florida  
 1395 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that  
 1396 section, to read:

1397 483.245 Rebates prohibited; penalties.—

1398 (1) It is unlawful for any person to pay or receive any  
 1399 commission, bonus, kickback, or rebate or engage in any split-  
 1400 fee arrangement in any form whatsoever with any dialysis

1401 facility, physician, surgeon, organization, agency, or person,  
 1402 either directly or indirectly, for patients referred to a  
 1403 clinical laboratory licensed under this part. A clinical  
 1404 laboratory is prohibited from, directly or indirectly, providing  
 1405 through employees, contractors, an independent staffing company,  
 1406 lease agreement, or otherwise, personnel to perform any  
 1407 functions or duties in a physician's office, or any part of a  
 1408 physician's office, for any purpose whatsoever, including for  
 1409 the collection or handling of specimens, unless the laboratory  
 1410 and the physician's office are wholly owned and operated by the  
 1411 same entity. A clinical laboratory is prohibited from leasing  
 1412 space within any part of a physician's office for any purpose,  
 1413 including for the purpose of establishing a collection station.

1414 (3) The agency shall promptly investigate all complaints  
 1415 of noncompliance with subsection (1). The agency shall impose a  
 1416 fine of \$5,000 for each separate violation of subsection (1). In  
 1417 addition, the agency shall deny an application for a license or  
 1418 license renewal if the applicant, or any other entity with one  
 1419 or more common controlling interests in the applicant,  
 1420 demonstrates a pattern of violating subsection (1). A pattern  
 1421 may be demonstrated by a showing of at least two such  
 1422 violations.

1423 Section 36. Subsection (8) of section 651.118, Florida  
 1424 Statutes, is amended to read:

1425 651.118 Agency for Health Care Administration;  
 1426 certificates of need; sheltered beds; community beds.-

1427 (8) A provider may petition the Agency for Health Care  
 1428 Administration to use a designated number of sheltered nursing

1429 home beds to provide assisted living ~~extended congregate care~~ as  
1430 ~~defined in s. 429.02~~ if the beds are in a distinct area of the  
1431 nursing home which can be adapted to meet the requirements for  
1432 an assisted living facility as defined in s. 429.02 ~~extended~~  
1433 ~~congregate care~~. The provider may subsequently use such beds as  
1434 sheltered beds after notifying the agency of the intended  
1435 change. Any sheltered beds used to provide assisted living  
1436 ~~extended congregate care~~ pursuant to this subsection may not  
1437 qualify for funding under the Medicaid waiver. Any sheltered  
1438 beds used to provide assisted living ~~extended congregate care~~  
1439 pursuant to this subsection may share common areas, services,  
1440 and staff with beds designated for nursing home care, provided  
1441 that all of the beds are under common ownership. For the  
1442 purposes of this subsection, fire and life safety codes  
1443 applicable to nursing home facilities shall apply.

1444 Section 37. Paragraph (j) is added to subsection (3) of  
1445 section 817.505, Florida Statutes, to read:

1446 817.505 Patient brokering prohibited; exceptions;  
1447 penalties.—

1448 (3) This section shall not apply to:

1449 (j) Any activity permitted under s. 429.195(2).

1450 Section 38. Paragraphs (m) and (n) are added to subsection  
1451 (4) of section 400.9905, Florida Statutes, to read:

1452 400.9905 Definitions.—

1453 (4) "Clinic" means an entity at which health care services  
1454 are provided to individuals and which tenders charges for  
1455 reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a  
1456 portable equipment provider. For purposes of this part, the term

1457 does not include and the licensure requirements of this part do  
 1458 not apply to:

1459 (m) Entities that are owned by a corporation that has \$250  
 1460 million or more in total annual sales of health care services  
 1461 provided by licensed health care practitioners where one or more  
 1462 of the owners is a health care practitioner who is licensed in  
 1463 this state and who is responsible for supervising the business  
 1464 activities of the entity and is legally responsible for the  
 1465 entity's compliance with state law for purposes of this part.

1466 (n) Entities that employ 50 or more licensed health care  
 1467 practitioners licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 where  
 1468 the billing for medical services is under a single tax  
 1469 identification number, the application for exemption under this  
 1470 subsection shall contain information that includes: the name,  
 1471 residence and business address and phone number of the entity  
 1472 that owns the practice; a complete list of the names and contact  
 1473 information of all the officers and directors of the  
 1474 corporation; the name, residence address, business address and  
 1475 medical license number of each licensed Florida health care  
 1476 practitioner employed by the entity; the corporate tax  
 1477 identification number of the entity seeking an exemption; a  
 1478 listing of health care services to be provided by the entity at  
 1479 the health care clinics owned or operated by the entity and a  
 1480 certified statement prepared by an independent certified public  
 1481 accountant which states that the entity and the health care  
 1482 clinics owned or operated by the entity have not received  
 1483 payment for health care services under personal injury  
 1484 protection insurance coverage for the preceding year. If the

1485 agency determines that an entity which is exempt under this  
 1486 subsection has received payments for medical services under  
 1487 personal injury protection insurance coverage the agency may  
 1488 deny or revoke the exemption from licensure under this  
 1489 subsection.

1490 Section 39. Subsection (37) of section 409.912, Florida  
 1491 Statutes, is amended to read:

1492 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The  
 1493 agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients  
 1494 in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery  
 1495 of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are  
 1496 effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a  
 1497 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct  
 1498 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the  
 1499 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to  
 1500 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined  
 1501 in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion  
 1502 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency  
 1503 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid  
 1504 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other  
 1505 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies,  
 1506 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed  
 1507 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed  
 1508 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to  
 1509 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute  
 1510 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the  
 1511 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The  
 1512 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the

1513 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify  
1514 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a  
1515 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a  
1516 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to  
1517 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice  
1518 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency,  
1519 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization.  
1520 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy  
1521 management, or disease management participation for certain  
1522 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or  
1523 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible  
1524 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics  
1525 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for  
1526 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform  
1527 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions  
1528 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is  
1529 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as  
1530 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through  
1531 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-  
1532 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services  
1533 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without  
1534 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based  
1535 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider  
1536 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance  
1537 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the  
1538 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid  
1539 beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards,  
1540 appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider

1541 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history,  
1542 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer  
1543 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records,  
1544 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers  
1545 are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network.  
1546 The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid  
1547 beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other  
1548 goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term  
1549 rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules  
1550 to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to  
1551 protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as  
1552 defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers  
1553 necessary to administer these policies.

1554 (37) (a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-  
1555 drug spending-control program that includes the following  
1556 components:

1557 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a  
1558 listing of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the  
1559 Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established  
1560 pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each  
1561 therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion  
1562 of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list  
1563 should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The  
1564 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the list  
1565 on an Internet website without following the rulemaking  
1566 procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are excluded  
1567 from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also limit the  
1568 amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day

1569 supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed package is  
1570 greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the  
1571 agency to be a maintenance drug in which case a 100-day maximum  
1572 supply may be authorized. The agency may seek any federal  
1573 waivers necessary to implement these cost-control programs and  
1574 to continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate  
1575 program, or alternatively to negotiate state-only manufacturer  
1576 rebates. The agency may adopt rules to administer this  
1577 subparagraph. The agency shall continue to provide unlimited  
1578 contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must establish  
1579 procedures to ensure that:

1580 a. There is a response to a request for prior consultation  
1581 by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours  
1582 after receipt of a request for prior consultation; and

1583 b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in  
1584 an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response  
1585 within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

1586 2. Reimbursement to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed  
1587 drugs shall be set at the lowest of: the average wholesale price  
1588 (AWP) minus 16.4 percent, the wholesaler acquisition cost (WAC)  
1589 plus 1.5 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the state  
1590 maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary (UAC)  
1591 charge billed by the provider.

1592 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for  
1593 managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using  
1594 significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The  
1595 management process may include, but is not limited to,  
1596 comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims

1597 analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical  
1598 necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and  
1599 drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private  
1600 organization to provide drug-program-management services. The  
1601 Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include  
1602 initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients,  
1603 patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day  
1604 period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The  
1605 agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit  
1606 management program if he or she meets the specifications of this  
1607 provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance  
1608 organization.

1609 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network  
1610 based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations,  
1611 credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give  
1612 special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and  
1613 location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy  
1614 network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria  
1615 such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size,  
1616 patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease  
1617 management services, and other characteristics. The agency may  
1618 impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment if it is  
1619 determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-  
1620 participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing  
1621 practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy  
1622 network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other  
1623 entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid  
1624 program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing

1625 requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by  
 1626 the agency.

1627 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that  
 1628 requires Medicaid practitioners who prescribe drugs to use a  
 1629 counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions.  
 1630 The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-  
 1631 proof prescription pads by Medicaid-participating prescribers or  
 1632 prescribers who write prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The  
 1633 agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or  
 1634 statewide.

1635 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require  
 1636 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients  
 1637 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average  
 1638 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products.  
 1639 These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug  
 1640 manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs  
 1641 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a  
 1642 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to  
 1643 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

1644 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as  
 1645 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment  
 1646 of such preferred drug list, negotiate supplemental rebates from  
 1647 manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title  
 1648 XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 14 percent of  
 1649 the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936  
 1650 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental  
 1651 rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 29 percent. There is no upper  
 1652 limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The

1653 agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or  
1654 generic, are competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement  
1655 to pay the minimum supplemental rebate percentage guarantees a  
1656 manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics  
1657 Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the preferred  
1658 drug list. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not  
1659 guaranteed placement on the preferred drug list by simply paying  
1660 the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made  
1661 on the clinical efficacy of a drug and recommendations of the  
1662 Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, as well as  
1663 the price of competing products minus federal and state rebates.  
1664 The agency may contract with an outside agency or contractor to  
1665 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes  
1666 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash  
1667 rebates. Value-added programs as a substitution for supplemental  
1668 rebates are prohibited. The agency may seek any federal waivers  
1669 to implement this initiative.

1670 8. The agency shall expand home delivery of pharmacy  
1671 products. The agency may amend the state plan and issue a  
1672 procurement, as necessary, in order to implement this program.  
1673 The procurements must include agreements with a pharmacy or  
1674 pharmacies located in the state to provide mail order delivery  
1675 services at no cost to the recipients who elect to receive home  
1676 delivery of pharmacy products. The procurement must focus on  
1677 serving recipients with chronic diseases for which pharmacy  
1678 expenditures represent a significant portion of Medicaid  
1679 pharmacy expenditures or which impact a significant portion of  
1680 the Medicaid population. The agency may seek and implement any

1681 federal waivers necessary to implement this subparagraph.

1682 9. The agency shall limit to one dose per month any drug  
 1683 prescribed to treat erectile dysfunction.

1684 10.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug  
 1685 management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that  
 1686 has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems  
 1687 to implement this program. The agency may seek federal waivers  
 1688 to implement this program.

1689 b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of  
 1690 Children and Family Services, may implement the Medicaid  
 1691 behavioral drug management system that is designed to improve  
 1692 the quality of care and behavioral health prescribing practices  
 1693 based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to  
 1694 medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed  
 1695 drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid  
 1696 behavioral drugs. The program may include the following  
 1697 elements:

1698 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best  
 1699 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as  
 1700 antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating  
 1701 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate  
 1702 them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and  
 1703 compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators  
 1704 that are based on national standards; and determine deviations  
 1705 from best practice guidelines.

1706 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and  
 1707 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials  
 1708 and peer-to-peer consultation.

1709 (III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in  
 1710 their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers  
 1711 and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug  
 1712 therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral  
 1713 health drugs.

1714 (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill  
 1715 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple same-  
 1716 class behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential  
 1717 medication problems.

1718 (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and  
 1719 deviation from best practice guidelines.

1720 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to  
 1721 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers  
 1722 in the use of practice guidelines.

1723 (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

1724 (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

1725 (IX) Implement a disease management program with a model  
 1726 quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill  
 1727 individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high  
 1728 users of care.

1729 11. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription  
 1730 drug management system.

1731 a. The agency may contract with a vendor that has  
 1732 experience in operating prescription drug management systems in  
 1733 order to implement this system. Any management system that is  
 1734 implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must rely on  
 1735 cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to determine  
 1736 appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines to improve

1737 the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the Medicaid  
1738 program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this  
1739 program.

1740 b. The drug management system must be designed to improve  
1741 the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best  
1742 practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication  
1743 plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and  
1744 the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription  
1745 drugs. The program must:

1746 (I) Provide for the adoption of best practice guidelines  
1747 for the prescribing and use of drugs in the Medicaid program,  
1748 including translating best practice guidelines into practice;  
1749 reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them to indicators  
1750 that are based on national standards and practice patterns of  
1751 clinical peers in their community, statewide, and nationally;  
1752 and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.

1753 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and  
1754 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials  
1755 and peer-to-peer consultation.

1756 (III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their  
1757 use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to  
1758 the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination  
1759 drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of  
1760 prescription drugs.

1761 (IV) Alert prescribers to recipients who fail to refill  
1762 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs  
1763 that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other  
1764 potential medication problems.

1765 12. The agency may contract for drug rebate  
 1766 administration, including, but not limited to, calculating  
 1767 rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes  
 1768 with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate  
 1769 collections.

1770 13. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form  
 1771 or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with  
 1772 regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the  
 1773 General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective  
 1774 prescribing practices.

1775 14. The agency may require prior authorization for  
 1776 Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may prior-  
 1777 authorize the use of a product:

- 1778 a. For an indication not approved in labeling;
- 1779 b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or
- 1780 c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse,  
 1781 or abuse.

1782  
 1783 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide  
 1784 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence  
 1785 for the use of a drug. The agency shall ~~may~~ post prior  
 1786 authorization, step-edit criteria and protocol, and updates to  
 1787 the list of drugs that are subject to prior authorization on the  
 1788 agency's ~~an~~ Internet website within 21 days after the prior  
 1789 authorization and step-edit criteria and protocol and updates  
 1790 are approved by the agency. For purposes of this subparagraph,  
 1791 the term "step-edit" means an automatic electronic review of  
 1792 certain medications subject to prior authorization ~~without~~

1793 ~~amending its rule or engaging in additional rulemaking.~~

1794       15. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and  
1795 Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior  
1796 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may  
1797 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet  
1798 the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use  
1799 of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved  
1800 by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may  
1801 require the prescribing professional to provide information  
1802 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use  
1803 of a drug.

1804       16. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior  
1805 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the  
1806 preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug  
1807 list must be used within the previous 12 months before the  
1808 alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy  
1809 prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the  
1810 medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical  
1811 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug  
1812 Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified  
1813 steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-  
1814 therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with  
1815 the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug  
1816 product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior  
1817 authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the  
1818 agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation  
1819 that the product is medically necessary because:

1820       a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat

1821 the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical  
 1822 alternative;

1823 b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment  
 1824 of the beneficiary's disease; or

1825 c. Based on historic evidence and known characteristics of  
 1826 the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective,  
 1827 or the number of doses have been ineffective.

1828  
 1829 The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best  
 1830 alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving  
 1831 the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific  
 1832 drugs in limited clinical situations.

1833 17. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program  
 1834 for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients,  
 1835 which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the  
 1836 implementation and operation of the program. The return and  
 1837 reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a  
 1838 manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a  
 1839 pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not  
 1840 practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must  
 1841 provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be  
 1842 credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency  
 1843 shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of  
 1844 Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual  
 1845 basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more  
 1846 prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be  
 1847 reused.

1848 (b) The agency shall implement this subsection to the

1849 extent that funds are appropriated to administer the Medicaid  
 1850 prescribed-drug spending-control program. The agency may  
 1851 contract all or any part of this program to private  
 1852 organizations.

1853 (c) The agency shall submit quarterly reports to the  
 1854 Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the  
 1855 House of Representatives which must include, but need not be  
 1856 limited to, the progress made in implementing this subsection  
 1857 and its effect on Medicaid prescribed-drug expenditures.

1858 Section 40. Subsection (1) of section 83.42, Florida  
 1859 Statutes, is amended to read:

1860 83.42 Exclusions from application of part.—This part does  
 1861 not apply to:

1862 (1) Residency or detention in a facility, whether public  
 1863 or private, when residence or detention is incidental to the  
 1864 provision of medical, geriatric, educational, counseling,  
 1865 religious, or similar services. For residents of a facility  
 1866 licensed under part II of chapter 400, the provisions of s.  
 1867 400.0255 are the exclusive procedures for all transfers and  
 1868 discharges.

1869 Section 41. Subsection (27) of section 400.462, Florida  
 1870 Statutes, is amended to read:

1871 400.462 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

1872 (27) "Remuneration" means any payment or other benefit  
 1873 made directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in  
 1874 kind. However, if the term is used in any provision of law  
 1875 relating to health care providers, the term does not apply to an  
 1876 item that has an individual value of up to \$15, including, but

1877 not limited to, a plaque, a certificate, a trophy, or a novelty  
 1878 item that is intended solely for presentation or is customarily  
 1879 given away solely for promotional, recognition, or advertising  
 1880 purposes.

1881 Section 42. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section  
 1882 408.037, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1883 408.037 Application content.—

1884 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) for a general  
 1885 hospital, an application for a certificate of need must contain:

1886 (c) An audited financial statement of the applicant or the  
 1887 applicant's parent corporation if audited financial statements  
 1888 of the applicant do not exist. In an application submitted by an  
 1889 existing health care facility, health maintenance organization,  
 1890 or hospice, financial condition documentation must include, but  
 1891 need not be limited to, a balance sheet and a profit-and-loss  
 1892 statement of the 2 previous fiscal years' operation.

1893 Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 468.1695, Florida  
 1894 Statutes, is amended to read:

1895 468.1695 Licensure by examination.—

1896 (2) The department shall examine each applicant who the  
 1897 board certifies has completed the application form and remitted  
 1898 an examination fee set by the board not to exceed \$250 and who:

1899 (a)1. Holds a baccalaureate degree from an accredited  
 1900 college or university and majored in health care administration,  
 1901 health services administration, or an equivalent major, or has  
 1902 credit for at least 60 semester hours in subjects, as prescribed  
 1903 by rule of the board, which prepare the applicant for total  
 1904 management of a nursing home; and

1905           2. Has fulfilled the requirements of a college-affiliated  
 1906 or university-affiliated internship in nursing home  
 1907 administration or of a 1,000-hour nursing home administrator-in-  
 1908 training program prescribed by the board; or

1909           (b)1. Holds a baccalaureate degree from an accredited  
 1910 college or university; and

1911           2.a. Has fulfilled the requirements of a 2,000-hour  
 1912 nursing home administrator-in-training program prescribed by the  
 1913 board; or

1914           b. Has 1 year of management experience allowing for the  
 1915 application of executive duties and skills, including the  
 1916 staffing, budgeting, and directing of resident care, dietary,  
 1917 and bookkeeping departments within a skilled nursing facility,  
 1918 hospital, hospice, assisted living facility with a minimum of 60  
 1919 licensed beds, or geriatric residential treatment program and,  
 1920 if such experience is not in a skilled nursing facility, has  
 1921 fulfilled the requirements of a 1,000-hour nursing home  
 1922 administrator-in-training program prescribed by the board.

1923           Section 44. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.