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A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to the regulation of firearms and 3 ammunition; amending s. 790.33, F.S., the Joe Carlucci 4 Uniform Firearms Act, to eliminate amendments made to 5 the act by, and restore the act as it existed prior to 6 the enactment of, ch. 2011-109, Laws of Florida, on 7 October 1, 2011; making editorial and organizational 8 changes; revising provisions that preempt to the state 9 the entire field of regulation of firearms; providing 10 that the preemption does not affect zoning ordinances 11 which encompass firearms businesses along with other businesses; specifying that certain zoning ordinances 12 13 are in conflict with the preemption and are 14 prohibited; reinstating the limited exception to such 15 preemption which authorizes a county to have the 16 option to adopt an ordinance that requires a waiting period of up to 3 working days between the purchase 17 and delivery of a handgun; defining the term 18 19 "purchase"; providing requirements and limitations with respect to the adoption of a waiting-period 20 21 ordinance; providing applicability of such ordinances; 22 defining the term "retail establishment"; providing 23 requirements with respect to inspection of records of 24 handgun sales; providing exemptions from a waiting period; revising intent of the act; eliminating 25 26 provisions which prohibit the knowing and willful 27 violation of the Legislature's occupation of the whole 28 field of regulation of firearms and ammunition by the Page 1 of 10

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29 enactment or causation of enforcement of any local 30 ordinance or administrative rule or regulation; 31 eliminating provision of injunctive relief from the 32 enforcement of an invalid ordinance, regulation, or rule; eliminating the civil penalty for knowing and 33 34 willful violation of prohibitions; eliminating 35 provisions which disallow the use of public funds to 36 defend or reimburse the unlawful conduct of a person 37 charged with a knowing and willful violation of the 38 act; eliminating provisions which provide for 39 termination of employment or contract or removal from office of a person acting in an official capacity who 40 knowingly and willfully violates any provision of the 41 42 act; eliminating declaratory and injunctive relief for 43 specified persons or organizations; eliminating 44 specified damages and interest; eliminating exceptions 45 to prohibitions of the act; reenacting s. 790.251(4), F.S., relating to prohibited acts of public and 46 47 private employers under provisions governing the right to keep and bear arms in motor vehicles for self-48 49 defense and other lawful purposes, for the purpose of 50 incorporating the amendment to s. 790.33, F.S., in a 51 reference thereto; providing an effective date. 52 53 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 54 55 Section 1. Section 790.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to 56 read:

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57 790.33 Field of regulation of firearms and ammunition58 preempted.-

PREEMPTION.-Except as expressly provided by the State 59 (1)60 Constitution or general law, the Legislature hereby declares 61 that it is occupying the whole field of regulation of firearms and ammunition, including the purchase, sale, transfer, 62 63 taxation, manufacture, ownership, possession, storage, and 64 transportation thereof, to the exclusion of all existing and 65 future county, city, town, or municipal ordinances or any 66 administrative regulations or rules adopted by local or state 67 government relating thereto. Any such existing ordinances  $\tau$ 68 rules, or regulations are hereby declared null and void. This subsection shall not affect zoning ordinances which encompass 69 70 firearms businesses along with other businesses. Zoning ordinances which are designed for the purpose of restricting or 71 prohibiting the sale, purchase, transfer, or manufacture of 72 73 firearms or ammunition as a method of regulating firearms or 74 ammunition are in conflict with this subsection and are 75 prohibited. 76 LIMITED EXCEPTION; COUNTY WAITING-PERIOD ORDINANCES.-(2) 77 Any county may have the option to adopt a waiting-(a)

78 <u>period ordinance requiring a waiting period of up to, but not to</u> 78 <u>period ordinance requiring a waiting period of up to, but not to</u> 79 <u>exceed, 3 working days between the purchase and delivery of a</u> 80 <u>handgun. For purposes of this subsection, "purchase" means</u> 81 <u>payment of deposit, payment in full, or notification of intent</u> 82 <u>to purchase. Adoption of a waiting-period ordinance by any</u> 83 <u>county shall require a majority vote of the county commission on</u> 84 <u>votes on waiting-period ordinances. This exception is limited</u>

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85	solely to individual counties and is limited to the provisions
86	and restrictions contained in this subsection.
87	(b) Ordinances authorized by this subsection shall apply
88	to all sales of handguns to individuals by a retail
89	establishment except those sales to individuals exempted in this
90	subsection. For purposes of this subsection, "retail
91	establishment" means a gun shop, sporting goods store, pawn
92	shop, hardware store, department store, discount store, bait or
93	tackle shop, or any other store or shop that offers handguns for
94	walk-in retail sale but does not include gun collectors shows or
95	exhibits, or gun shows.
96	(c) Ordinances authorized by this subsection shall not
97	require any reporting or notification to any source outside the
98	retail establishment, but records of handgun sales must be
99	available for inspection, during normal business hours, by any
100	law enforcement agency as defined in s. 934.02.
101	(d) The following shall be exempt from any waiting period:
102	1. Individuals who are licensed to carry concealed
103	firearms under the provisions of s. 790.06 or who are licensed
104	to carry concealed firearms under any other provision of state
105	law and who show a valid license;
106	2. Individuals who already lawfully own another firearm
107	and who show a sales receipt for another firearm; who are known
108	to own another firearm through a prior purchase from the retail
109	establishment; or who have another firearm for trade-in;
110	3. A law enforcement or correctional officer as defined in
111	<u>s. 943.10;</u>
112	4. A law enforcement agency as defined in s. 934.02;
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113 5. Sales or transactions between dealers or between 114 distributors or between dealers and distributors who have 115 current federal firearms licenses; or 116 6. Any individual who has been threatened or whose family 117 has been threatened with death or bodily injury, provided the 118 individual may lawfully possess a firearm and provided such 119 threat has been duly reported to local law enforcement. 120 (3) (2) POLICY AND INTENT.-121 (a) It is the intent of this section to provide uniform firearms laws in the state; to declare all ordinances and 122 123 regulations null and void which have been enacted by any 124 jurisdictions other than state and federal, which regulate 125 firearms, ammunition, or components thereof; to prohibit the 126 enactment of any future ordinances or regulations relating to 127 firearms, ammunition, or components thereof unless specifically 128 authorized by this section or general law; and to require local 129 jurisdictions to enforce state firearms laws. 130 (b) It is further the intent of this section to deter and 131 prevent the violation of this section and the violation of 132 rights protected under the constitution and laws of this state 133 related to firearms, ammunition, or components thereof, by the 134 abuse of official authority that occurs when enactments are 135 passed in violation of state law or under color of local or 136 state authority. 137 (3) PROHIBITIONS; PENALTIES.-138 (a) Any person, county, agency, municipality, district, or other entity that violates the Legislature's occupation of the 139 140 whole field of regulation of firearms and ammunition, as Page 5 of 10

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141 declared in subsection (1), by enacting or causing to be 142 enforced any local ordinance or administrative rule or 143 regulation impinging upon such exclusive occupation of the field 144 shall be liable as set forth herein. 145 (b) If any county, city, town, or other local government

146 violates this section, the court shall declare the improper ordinance, regulation, or rule invalid and issue a permanent injunction against the local government prohibiting it from enforcing such ordinance, regulation, or rule. It is no defense that in enacting the ordinance, regulation, or rule the local government was acting in good faith or upon advice of counsel.

(c) If the court determines that a violation was knowing and willful, the court shall assess a civil fine of up to \$5,000 against the elected or appointed local government official or officials or administrative agency head under whose jurisdiction the violation occurred.

157 (d) Except as required by applicable law, public funds may 158 not be used to defend or reimburse the unlawful conduct of any 159 person found to have knowingly and willfully violated this 160 section.

161 (c) A knowing and willful violation of any provision of this section by a person acting in an official capacity for any 162 163 entity enacting or causing to be enforced a local ordinance or 164 administrative rule or regulation prohibited under paragraph (a) 165 or otherwise under color of law shall be cause for termination 166 of employment or contract or removal from office by the 167 Governor. 168 (f) A person or an organization whose membership is

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169 adversely affected by any ordinance, regulation, measure, 170 directive, rule, enactment, order, or policy promulgated or 171 caused to be enforced in violation of this section may file suit 172 against any county, agency, municipality, district, or other 173 entity in any court of this state having jurisdiction over any 174 defendant to the suit for declaratory and injunctive relief 175 for actual damages, as limited herein, caused by the violation. 176 A court shall award the prevailing plaintiff in any such suit: 177 1. Reasonable attorney's fees and costs in accordance with the laws of this state, including a contingency fee multiplier, 178 as authorized by law; and 179 180 The actual damages incurred, but not more than 2. \$100,000. 181 182 183 Interest on the sums awarded pursuant to this subsection shall 184 accrue at the legal rate from the date on which suit was filed. 185 (4) EXCEPTIONS.-This section does not prohibit: 186 (a) Zoning ordinances that encompass firearms businesses 187 along with other businesses, except that zoning ordinances that 188 are designed for the purpose of restricting or prohibiting the 189 sale, purchase, transfer, or manufacture of firearms or 190 ammunition as a method of regulating firearms or ammunition are 191 in conflict with this subsection and are prohibited; 192 (b) A duly organized law enforcement agency from enacting 193 and enforcing regulations pertaining to firearms, ammunition, or firearm accessories issued to or used by peace officers in the 194 course of their official duties; 195 196 Except as provided in s. 790.251, any entity subject Page 7 of 10

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197 to the prohibitions of this section from regulating or 198 prohibiting the carrying of firearms and ammunition by an 199 employee of the entity during and in the course of the 200 employee's official duties; 201 (d) A court or administrative law judge from hearing and 202 resolving any case or controversy or issuing any opinion or

203 order on a matter within the jurisdiction of that court or 204 judge; or

205 (c) The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 206 from regulating the use of firearms or ammunition as a method of 207 taking wildlife and regulating the shooting ranges managed by 208 the commission.

209 <u>(4)(5)</u> SHORT TITLE.—As created by chapter 87-23, Laws of 210 Florida, this section may be cited as the "Joe Carlucci Uniform 211 Firearms Act."

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 790.33, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (4) of section 790.251, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

216 790.251 Protection of the right to keep and bear arms in 217 motor vehicles for self-defense and other lawful purposes; 218 prohibited acts; duty of public and private employers; immunity 219 from liability; enforcement.-

(4) PROHIBITED ACTS.—No public or private employer may
 violate the constitutional rights of any customer, employee, or
 invitee as provided in paragraphs (a)-(e):

(a) No public or private employer may prohibit any customer, employee, or invitee from possessing any legally owned Page 8 of 10

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firearm when such firearm is lawfully possessed and locked inside or locked to a private motor vehicle in a parking lot and when the customer, employee, or invitee is lawfully in such area.

229 (b) No public or private employer may violate the privacy 230 rights of a customer, employee, or invitee by verbal or written 231 inquiry regarding the presence of a firearm inside or locked to 232 a private motor vehicle in a parking lot or by an actual search of a private motor vehicle in a parking lot to ascertain the 233 234 presence of a firearm within the vehicle. Further, no public or 235 private employer may take any action against a customer, 236 employee, or invitee based upon verbal or written statements of 237 any party concerning possession of a firearm stored inside a 238 private motor vehicle in a parking lot for lawful purposes. A 239 search of a private motor vehicle in the parking lot of a public 240 or private employer to ascertain the presence of a firearm 241 within the vehicle may only be conducted by on-duty law 242 enforcement personnel, based upon due process and must comply 243 with constitutional protections.

(c) No public or private employer shall condition employment upon either:

2461. The fact that an employee or prospective employee holds247or does not hold a license issued pursuant to s. 790.06; or

248 2. Any agreement by an employee or a prospective employee 249 that prohibits an employee from keeping a legal firearm locked 250 inside or locked to a private motor vehicle in a parking lot 251 when such firearm is kept for lawful purposes.

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(d) No public or private employer shall prohibit or

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attempt to prevent any customer, employee, or invitee from entering the parking lot of the employer's place of business because the customer's, employee's, or invitee's private motor vehicle contains a legal firearm being carried for lawful purposes, that is out of sight within the customer's, employee's, or invitee's private motor vehicle.

(e) No public or private employer may terminate the
employment of or otherwise discriminate against an employee, or
expel a customer or invitee for exercising his or her
constitutional right to keep and bear arms or for exercising the
right of self-defense as long as a firearm is never exhibited on
company property for any reason other than lawful defensive
purposes.

267 This subsection applies to all public sector employers, 268 including those already prohibited from regulating firearms 269 under the provisions of s. 790.33.

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Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2012.

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