By Senator Wise

	5-00482A-12 2012942					
1	A bill to be entitled					
2	An act relating to interpreters and transliterators;					
3	creating s. 1002.362, F.S.; defining terms; requiring					
4	that, under certain circumstances, a person who					
5	5 provides interpreting or transliterating services					
6	6 possess a credential issued under the act; providing a					
7	temporary exception for a person who holds a					
8	credential from another state; requiring that the					
9	credentialing entity establish the Interpreters for					
10	the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Advisory Board; providing					
11	duties of the board; authorizing the credentialing					
12	entity to seek injunctive relief for certain					
13	violations; prohibiting the use of public funds to					
14	employ interpreters or transliterators who do not hold					
15	valid credentials; providing a temporary exemption for					
16	persons practicing as interpreters or transliterators;					
17	requiring that a person practicing as an interpreter					
18	or transliterator on or after a specified date apply					
19	for a credential; requiring that a person practicing					
20	as an interpreter or transliterator on or after a					
21	specified date hold a valid credential; providing an					
22	effective date.					
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24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:					
25						
26	Section 1. Section 1002.362, Florida Statutes, is created					
27	to read:					
28	1002.362 Credentialing of interpreters and					
29	transliterators					

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30	(1) As used in this section, the term:							
31	(a) "Credentialing entity" means an entity approved							
32	pursuant to s. 402.40(3).							
33	(b) "Deaf" means having a hearing impairment of such							
34	severity that a person must depend on visual or tactile methods,							
35	or both, to communicate.							
36	(c) "Deaf-blind" means that the senses of hearing and sight							
37	are limited for the purpose of communication. A person who is							
38	deaf-blind uses primarily visual or tactile methods of							
39	communication.							
40	(d) "Hard of hearing" means having a hearing impairment							
41	that results in a loss of hearing functions to a person and in							
42	which the person relies on residual hearing that may be							
43	sufficient to process linguistic information through audition							
44	with or without amplification under favorable listening							
45	5 <u>conditions; depends on visual methods to communicate; depends on</u>							
46	assistive listening devices; or has an impairment with other							
47	auditory disabling conditions.							
48	(e) "Interpreter" means a person who provides accessible							
49	and effective communication between persons who are deaf, hard							
50	of hearing, or deaf-blind and persons who are hearing,							
51	including, but not limited to, communication through American							
52								
53	visual, gestural, oral or aural, and tactile methods of							
54	communication.							
55	(f) "Sign language" means a continuum of visual-gestural							
56	language and communication systems that employ signs made with							
57	the hands and other movements, including facial expressions and							
58	postures of the body. The term is not limited to American Sign							

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59	Language.							
60								
61	and effective communication between persons who are deaf, hard							
62	of hearing, or deaf-blind and persons who hear, primarily using							
63	sign language or other signed mode of English and spoken							
64	English.							
65	(2) Unless otherwise exempt as provided in subsection (4)							
66	or subsection (8), a person who represents himself or herself as							
67	an interpreter or transliterator or who provides interpreting or							
68	transliterating services for remuneration or pro bono in							
69	circumstances in which the services of a qualified interpreter							
70	or transliterator are requested under the Americans with							
71	Disabilities Act of 1990, s. 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of							
72	1973, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement							
73	Act of 2004, or the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, and the							
74	regulations adopted thereunder, or other applicable state or							
75	federal law, must possess a credential issued under this section							
76	to provide interpreting or transliterating services.							
77	(3) A person who holds a credential to practice as an							
78	interpreter or transliterator in another state may practice for							
79	2 years after initial employment in this state without being							
80	issued a credential under this section.							
81	(4) The credentialing entity, in cooperation with the							
82	Florida Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., shall							
83	establish the Interpreters for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing							
84	Advisory Board. The board shall recommend to the credentialing							
85	entity policies, procedures, and actions necessary to issue a							
86	credential to interpreters and transliterators, consistent with							
87	standards endorsed by the Florida Registry of Interpreters for							

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88	the Deaf, Inc., the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc.,						
89	and the National Association of the Deaf.						
90	(5) The credentialing entity may seek injunctive relief to						
91	enjoin persons who are practicing as interpreters or						
92	transliterators but who do not hold a valid credential issued						
93	under this section or who are not exempt as provided in						
94	subsection (3) or subsection (7).						
95	(6) Public funds may not be used to employ interpreters or						
96	transliterators who do not hold a valid credential issued under						
97	this section.						
98	(7) The following persons are exempt from the requirements						
99	of this section:						
100	(a) A person who provides interpreting services in						
101	situations in which the delay in obtaining a credentialed						
102	interpreter may result in immediate injury or economic burden.						
103	(b) A student or intern practicing under the supervision of						
104	an interpreter or transliterator who holds a valid credential.						
105	(c) A noncredentialed person providing interpreting						
106	services until a credentialed interpreter or transliterator is						
107	secured in order to facilitate emergency services and care by a						
108	hospital, pursuant to s. 395.1041, if a health care practitioner						
109	determines that a delay in obtaining a credentialed interpreter						
110	or transliterator may result in harm to a patient.						
111	(8) A person practicing as an interpreter or transliterator						
112	on or after July 1, 2012, must apply for a credential under this						
113	section. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) or						
114	subsection (7), a person practicing as an interpreter or						
115	transliterator on or after July 1, 2014, must hold a valid						
116	credential issued under this section.						

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5-00482A-12 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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