

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
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Floor: 1/AD/2R		
03/09/2012 01:59 PM	•	

Senator Wise moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Present subsections (30) through (57) of section 985.03, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (31) through (58), respectively, and a new subsection (30) is added to that section, to read:

9 985.03 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term: 10 (30) "Juvenile justice education programs" has the same 11 meaning as provided in s. 1003.01(11)(a).

Section 2. Subsection (6) is added to section 985.46, Florida Statutes, to read:

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14	985.46 Conditional release
15	(6) Each juvenile committed to a commitment program shall
16	have a transition plan upon release. Transition planning shall
17	begin for each juvenile upon placement in a commitment program
18	and shall result in an individual transition plan for each youth
19	before he or she is released. The transition plan shall be
20	developed with the participation of the youth, representatives
21	of the commitment program, school district personnel, and
22	representatives of conditional release or postcommitment
23	probation programs, if appropriate. The transition plan shall
24	include an education transition plan component as provided in s.
25	1003.515(10), as well as information regarding pertinent
26	delinquency treatment and intervention services that are
27	accessible upon exiting the program.
28	(a) For a juvenile who is released on conditional release
29	or postcommitment probation status, the transition plan shall be
30	incorporated into the conditions of release.
31	(b) For a juvenile who is not released on conditional
32	release or postcommitment probation status, the transition plan
33	shall be explained to the youth and provided upon release, with
34	all necessary referrals having been made at least 30 days before
35	the youth exits the program.
36	(c) For a juvenile who participates in a nonresidential
37	program, the transition plan shall be explained to the youth and
38	provided upon release. For a juvenile who participates in a
39	nonresidential program and who is released on conditional
40	release or postcommitment probation status, the transition plan
41	shall be incorporated into the conditions of release.
42	Section 3. Section 985.618, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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43	read:
44	(Substantial rewording of section. See
45	s. 985.618, F.S., for present text.)
46	985.618 Education and workforce-related programs
47	(1) The Legislature intends for youth in juvenile justice
48	programs to be provided a quality education that includes
49	workforce-related skills that lead to continuing education or
50	meaningful employment, or both, and that results in reduced
51	rates of recidivism.
52	(2) The department, in collaboration with the Department of
53	Education, shall annually verify that each juvenile justice
54	education program, at a minimum:
55	(a) Provides access to virtual course offerings that
56	maximize learning opportunities for youth.
57	(b) Encourages access to virtual counseling to address the
58	educational and workforce needs of adjudicated youth.
59	(c) Provides instruction from individuals who hold industry
60	credentials in the occupational areas in which they teach.
61	(d) Ensures that students in juvenile justice residential
62	education programs have access to virtual instruction or
63	instruction offered by volunteers during evenings and weekends.
64	(e) Considers, before placement, the age, interests, prior
65	education, training, work experience, emotional and mental
66	abilities, treatment needs, and physical capabilities of the
67	youth and the duration of the term of placement imposed.
68	(f) Provides specialized instruction, related services,
69	accommodations, and modifications as are necessary to ensure the
70	provision of a free, appropriate public education for students
71	with disabilities.

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72	(g) Expends funds in a manner that directly supports the
73	attainment of successful student outcomes as specified in s.
74	1003.515(7) and that allows youth to engage in real work
75	situations whenever possible.
76	(3) The department shall collaborate with the Department of
77	Education, the Department of Economic Opportunity, school
78	districts, and private providers to adopt rules to administer
79	this section.
80	Section 4. Section 985.632, Florida Statutes, is amended to
81	read:
82	985.632 Quality assurance and cost-effectiveness
83	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the
84	department:
85	(a) Ensure that information be provided to decisionmakers
86	in a timely manner so that resources are allocated to programs
87	of the department which achieve desired performance levels.
88	(b) Provide information about the cost of such programs and
89	their differential effectiveness so that the quality of such
90	programs can be compared and improvements made continually.
91	(c) Provide information to aid in developing related policy
92	issues and concerns.
93	(d) Provide information to the public about the
94	effectiveness of such programs in meeting established goals and
95	objectives.
96	(e) Provide a basis for a system of accountability so that
97	each client is afforded the best programs to meet his or her
98	needs.
99	(f) Improve service delivery to clients.
100	(g) Modify or eliminate activities that are not effective.
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101 (2) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Client" means any person who is being provided
treatment or services by the department or by a provider under
contract with the department.

(b) "Program component" means an aggregation of generally related objectives which, because of their special character, related workload, and interrelated output, can logically be considered an entity for purposes of organization, management, accounting, reporting, and budgeting.

(c) "Program effectiveness" means the ability of the program to achieve desired client outcomes, goals, and objectives.

(3) The department shall annually collect and report cost 113 114 data for every program operated by the department or its 115 contracted provider or contracted by the department. The cost data shall conform to a format approved by the department and 116 117 the Legislature. Uniform cost data shall be reported and collected for each education program operated by a school 118 119 district or private provider contracted by a school district 120 state-operated and contracted programs so that comparisons can 121 be made among programs. The Department of Education shall ensure 122 that there is accurate cost accounting for education programs 123 operated by school districts, including those programs operated 124 by private providers under contract with school districts state-125 operated services including market-equivalent rent and other 126 shared cost. The cost of the educational program provided to a 127 residential facility shall be reported and included in the cost of a program. The Department of Education shall submit an annual 128 cost data report to the department President of the Senate, the 129



130 Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader 131 each house of the Legislature, the appropriate substantive and 132 fiscal committees of each house of the Legislature, and the 133 Governor, no later than December 1 of each year. The annual cost 134 data shall be included in the annual report required in 135 subsection (7). Cost-benefit analysis for juvenile justice 136 education educational programs shall will be developed and 137 implemented in collaboration with and in cooperation with the 1.38 Department of Education, local providers, and local school 139 districts. Cost data for the report shall include data collected 140 by the Department of Education for the purposes of preparing the 141 annual report required by s. 1003.52(19).

(4) (a) The department, in consultation with the Office of 142 143 Economic and Demographic Research and contract service 144 providers, shall develop a cost-effectiveness model and apply 145 the model to each commitment program. Program recidivism rates shall be a component of the model. The cost-effectiveness model 146 shall compare program costs to client outcomes and program 147 outputs. It is the intent of the Legislature that continual 148 149 development efforts take place to improve the validity and 150 reliability of the cost-effectiveness model.

(b) The department shall rank commitment programs based on the cost-effectiveness model and shall submit a report to the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees of each house of the Legislature by December 31 of each year.

(c) Based on reports of the department on client outcomes and program outputs and on the department's most recent costeffectiveness rankings, the department may terminate a program operated by the department or a provider if the program has

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159 failed to achieve a minimum threshold of program effectiveness. 160 This paragraph does not preclude the department from terminating 161 a contract as provided under this section or as otherwise 162 provided by law or contract, and does not limit the department's 163 authority to enter into or terminate a contract.

164 (d) In collaboration with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, and contract service providers, the 165 department shall develop a work plan to refine the cost-166 167 effectiveness model so that the model is consistent with the 168 performance-based program budgeting measures approved by the 169 Legislature to the extent the department deems appropriate. The 170 department shall notify the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability of any meetings to refine the 171 172 model.

(e) Contingent upon specific appropriation, the department,
in consultation with the Office of Economic and Demographic
Research, and contract service providers, shall:

Construct a profile of each commitment program that uses
 the results of the quality assurance report required by this
 section, the cost-effectiveness report required in this
 subsection, and other reports available to the department.

180 2. Target, for a more comprehensive evaluation, any
181 commitment program that has achieved consistently high, low, or
182 disparate ratings in the reports required under subparagraph 1.

183 3. Identify the essential factors that contribute to the184 high, low, or disparate program ratings.

4. Use the results of these evaluations in developing or
refining juvenile justice programs or program models, client
outcomes and program outputs, provider contracts, quality

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188	assurance standards, and the cost-effectiveness model.
189	(5)(a) Program effectiveness shall be determined by
190	implementing systematic data collection, data analysis, and
191	education and workforce-related program evaluations pursuant to
192	this section and s. 1003.515.
193	(b) The evaluation of juvenile justice education and
194	workforce-related programs shall be based on the performance
195	outcomes provided in s. 1003.515(7).
196	(6)(5) The department shall:
197	(a) Establish a comprehensive quality assurance system for
198	each program operated by the department or ${ m its}$ contracted
199	provider operated by a provider under contract with the
200	department. Each contract entered into by the department must
201	provide for quality assurance.
202	(b) Provide operational definitions of and criteria for
203	quality assurance for each specific program component.
204	(c) Establish quality assurance goals and objectives for
205	each specific program component.
206	(d) Establish the information and specific data elements
207	required for the quality assurance program.
208	(e) Develop a quality assurance manual of specific,
209	standardized terminology and procedures to be followed by each
210	program.
211	(f) Evaluate each program operated by the department or $\mathrm{\underline{its}}$
212	<u>contracted</u> a provider under a contract with the department and
213	establish minimum thresholds for each program component. If a
214	provider fails to meet the established minimum thresholds, such
215	failure shall cause the department to cancel the provider's
216	contract unless the provider achieves compliance with minimum
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217 thresholds within 6 months or unless there are documented 218 extenuating circumstances. In addition, the department may not 219 contract with the same provider for the canceled service for a 220 period of 12 months. If a department-operated program fails to 221 meet the established minimum thresholds, the department must 222 take necessary and sufficient steps to ensure and document 223 program changes to achieve compliance with the established 224 minimum thresholds. If the department-operated program fails to 225 achieve compliance with the established minimum thresholds 226 within 6 months and if there are no documented extenuating 227 circumstances, the department must notify the Executive Office 228 of the Governor and the Legislature of the corrective action 229 taken. Appropriate corrective action may include, but is not 230 limited to:

231 1. Contracting out for the services provided in the 232 program;

233 2. Initiating appropriate disciplinary action against all 234 employees whose conduct or performance is deemed to have 235 materially contributed to the program's failure to meet 236 established minimum thresholds;

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3. Redesigning the program; or

4. Realigning the program.

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The department shall submit an annual report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of each house of the Legislature, the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees of each house of the Legislature, and the Governor, no later than February 1 of each year. The annual report must contain, at a minimum, for

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246 each specific program component: a comprehensive description of 247 the population served by the program; a specific description of the services provided by the program; cost; a comparison of 248 249 expenditures to federal and state funding; immediate and long-250 range concerns; and recommendations to maintain, expand, improve, modify, or eliminate each program component so that 251 252 changes in services lead to enhancement in program quality. The 253 department shall ensure the reliability and validity of the 2.5.4 information contained in the report.

255 (7) The department, in collaboration with the Department of 256 Education and in consultation with the school districts and 257 private juvenile justice education program providers, shall 258 prepare an annual report containing the education performance 259 outcomes, based on the criteria in s. 1003.515(7), of youth in 260 juvenile justice education programs. The report shall delineate 261 the performance outcomes of youth in the state, in each school 262 district's juvenile justice education program, and for each 263 private provider's juvenile justice education program, including 264 the performance outcomes of all major student populations and 265 genders, as determined by the Department of Education. The 266 report shall address the use and successful completion of 267 virtual instruction courses and the successful implementation of 268 transition and reintegration plans. The report must include an 269 analysis of the performance of youth over time, including, but 270 not limited to, additional education attainment, employment, 271 earnings, industry certification, and rates of recidivism. The 272 report must also include recommendations for improving 273 performance outcomes and for additional cost savings and efficiencies. The report shall be submitted to the Governor, the 274

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275 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 276 Representatives by February 15, 2014, and each year thereafter. 277 (8) (6) The department shall collect and analyze available 278 statistical data for the purpose of ongoing evaluation of all 279 programs. The department shall provide the Legislature with 280 necessary information and reports to enable the Legislature to 281 make informed decisions regarding the effectiveness of, and any needed changes in, services, programs, policies, and laws. 282 283 Section 5. Section 985.721, Florida Statutes, is amended to 284 read: 285 985.721 Escapes from secure detention or residential 286 commitment facility.-An escape from: 287 (1) Any secure detention facility maintained for the 288 temporary detention of children, pending adjudication, 289 disposition, or placement; 290 (2) Any residential commitment facility described in s. 291 985.03(46) 985.03(45), maintained for the custody, treatment, 292 punishment, or rehabilitation of children found to have 293 committed delinquent acts or violations of law; or 294 (3) Lawful transportation to or from any such secure 295 detention facility or residential commitment facility, 296 297 constitutes escape within the intent and meaning of s. 944.40 298 and is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in 299 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 300 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (18) of section 301 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.-The 302 303 district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all

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304 powers and perform all duties listed below:

305 (18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.-306 Maintain a state system of school improvement and education 307 accountability as provided by statute and State Board of 308 Education rule. This system of school improvement and education 309 accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented 310 through, the district's continuing system of planning and 311 budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, 312 and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education 313 accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33, 314 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:

315 (b) Public disclosure.- The district school board shall 316 provide information regarding the performance of students in and 317 education educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as 318 required by statute and State Board of Education rule which 319 320 shall include schools operating for the purpose of providing 321 education educational services to youth in Department of 322 Juvenile Justice residential and nonresidential programs, and 323 for those programs schools, report on the data and education 324 outcomes elements specified in s. 1003.515(7) 1003.52(19). 325 Annual public disclosure reports shall be in an easy-to-read 326 report card format and shall include the school's grade, high 327 school graduation rate calculated without GED tests, 328 disaggregated by student ethnicity, and performance data as 329 specified in state board rule.

330 Section 7. Subsection (20) of section 1002.20, Florida 331 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.-Parents of public

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333 school students must receive accurate and timely information 334 regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed 335 of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 336 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory 337 rights including, but not limited to, the following: 338 (20) JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS.-Students who are in 339 juvenile justice programs have the right to receive educational programs and services in accordance with the provisions of s. 340 341 1003.515 1003.52. 342 Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 343 1002.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 344 1002.45 Virtual instruction programs.-345 (1) PROGRAM.-346 (b) Each school district that is eligible for the sparsity supplement pursuant to s. 1011.62(7) shall provide all enrolled 347 348 public school students within its boundaries the option of 349 participating in part-time and full-time virtual instruction 350 programs. Each school district that is not eligible for the 351 sparsity supplement shall provide at least three options for 352 part-time and full-time virtual instruction. All school 353 districts must provide parents with timely written notification 354 of an open enrollment period for full-time students of at least 355 90 days that ends no later than 30 days before prior to the 356 first day of the school year. The purpose of the program is to 357 make quality virtual instruction available to students using 358 online and distance learning technology in the nontraditional 359 classroom. A school district virtual instruction program shall 360 provide the following:

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1. Full-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in

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362 kindergarten through grade 12.

363 2. Part-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in 364 grades 9 through 12 courses that are measured pursuant to 365 subparagraph (8)(a)2.

3. Full-time or part-time virtual instruction for students 367 enrolled in dropout prevention and academic intervention 368 programs under s. 1003.53, Department of Juvenile Justice 369 education programs under s. <u>1003.515</u> 1003.52, core-curricula 370 courses to meet class size requirements under s. 1003.03, or 371 Florida College System institutions under this section.

372Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section3731003.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1003.01 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:

375 (11) (a) "Juvenile justice education programs or schools" 376 means programs or schools operating for the purpose of providing 377 educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice 378 programs, for a school year comprised of 250 days of instruction 379 distributed over 12 months. At the request of the provider, a 380 district school board may decrease the minimum number of days of 381 instruction by up to 10 days for teacher planning for 382 residential programs and up to 20 days for teacher planning for 383 nonresidential programs, subject to the approval of the 384 Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education.

385 Section 10. Section 1003.515, Florida Statutes, is created 386 to read:

387	1003.515 The Florida Juvenile Justice Education Act
388	(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Florida
389	Juvenile Justice Education Act."
390	(2) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGThe Legislature finds that an

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391	education is the single most important factor in the
392	rehabilitation of adjudicated youth who are in Department of
393	Juvenile Justice residential and nonresidential programs.
394	(3) PURPOSESThe purposes of this section are to:
395	(a) Provide performance-based outcome measures and
396	accountability for juvenile justice education programs; and
397	(b) Improve academic and workforce-related outcomes so that
398	adjudicated and at-risk youth may successfully complete the
399	transition to and reenter the academic and workforce
400	environments.
401	(4) DEFINITIONFor purposes of this section, the term
402	"juvenile justice education programs" has the same meaning as in
403	<u>s. 1003.01(11)(a).</u>
404	(5) SCHOOL DISTRICT AND CONTRACTED EDUCATION PROVIDER
405	RESPONSIBILITIES
406	(a) A school district or private provider contracted by a
407	school district to offer education services to youth in a
408	juvenile justice education program shall:
409	1. Provide rigorous and relevant academic and workforce-
410	related curricula that will lead to industry certifications or
411	occupational completion points in an occupational area
412	identified in the Industry Certification Funding list adopted by
413	the State Board of Education, or articulate to secondary or
414	postsecondary-level coursework, as appropriate.
415	2. Support state, local, and regional economic development
416	demands.
417	3. Make high-wage and high-demand careers more accessible
418	to adjudicated and at-risk youth.
419	4. Reduce rates of recidivism for adjudicated youth.

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420	5. Provide access to the appropriate courses and
421	instruction to prepare youth for a standard high school diploma,
422	<u>a special diploma, or a high school equivalency diploma, as</u>
423	appropriate.
424	6. Provide access to virtual education courses that are
425	appropriate to meet the requirements of academic or workforce-
426	related programs and the requirements for continuing education
427	specified in the youth's transition and postrelease plans.
428	7. Provide opportunities for earning credits toward high
429	school graduation or credits that articulate to postsecondary
430	education institutions while the youth are in residential and
431	nonresidential juvenile justice facilities.
432	8. Ensure that the credits and partial credits earned by
433	the youth are transferred and included in the youth's records as
434	part of the transition plan.
435	9. Ensure that the education program consists of the
436	appropriate academic, workforce-related, or exceptional
437	education curricula and related services that directly support
438	performance outcomes, which must be specified in each youth's
439	education transition plan component as required by subsection
440	(10).
441	10. If the duration of a youth's stay in a program is less
442	than 40 days, ensure that the youth receives employability, life
443	skills, and academic remediation, as appropriate. In addition,
444	counseling and transition services must be provided which
445	mitigate the youth's identified risk factors and prepare the
446	youth for a successful reintegration into the school, community,
447	and home settings.
448	11. Maintain an academic record for each youth who is

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449	enrolled in a juvenile justice facility, as required by s.
450	1003.51, and ensure that the coursework, credits, partial
451	credits, occupational completion points, and industry
452	certifications earned by the youth are transferred and included
453	in the youth's transition plan pursuant to s. 985.46.
454	(b) Each school district and private provider shall ensure
455	that the following youth participate in the program:
456	1. Youth who are of compulsory school attendance age
457	pursuant to s. 1003.21.
458	2. Youth who are not of compulsory school attendance age
459	and who have not received a high school diploma or its
460	equivalent, if the youth is in a residential or nonresidential
461	juvenile justice program. Such youth must participate in the
462	education program and participate in a workforce-related
463	education program that leads to industry certification or
464	occupational completion points in an occupational area
465	identified in the Industry Certification Funding list adopted by
466	the State Board of Education. This subparagraph does not limit
467	the rights of students with disabilities, as defined under the
468	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, who are not of
469	compulsory school attendance age and who have not received a
470	high school diploma to receive a free, appropriate public
471	education in accordance with their individualized needs.
472	3. Youth who have attained a high school diploma or its
473	equivalent and who are not employed. Such youth must participate
474	in a workforce-related education program that leads to
475	employment in an occupational area identified in the Industry
476	Certification Funding list adopted by the State Board of
477	Education. Such youth may enroll in a state postsecondary

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478	institution to complete the workforce-related education program
479	and are exempt from the payment of tuition and fees pursuant to
480	<u>s. 1009.25(1)(g).</u>
481	(6) PROGRAM REQUIREMENTSIn compliance with the strategic
482	5-year plan under s. 1003.491, each juvenile justice residential
483	and nonresidential education program shall, in collaboration
484	with the regional workforce board or economic development agency
485	and local postsecondary institutions, determine the appropriate
486	occupational areas for the program. Juvenile justice education
487	programs must:
488	(a) Ensure that rigorous academic and workforce-related
489	coursework is offered and meets or exceeds appropriate state-
490	approved subject area standards, and results in the attainment
491	of industry certification and postsecondary credit, when
492	appropriate;
493	(b) Ensure instruction from individuals who hold state
494	certifications, school district certifications pursuant to ss.
495	1012.39 and 1012.55(1), or industry credentials in the
496	occupational areas in which they teach;
497	(c) Maximize the use of private sector personnel;
498	(d) Use strategies to maximize the delivery of virtual
499	instruction;
500	(e) Maximize instructional efficiency for youth in juvenile
501	justice facilities;
502	(f) Provide opportunities for youth to earn weighted or
503	dual enrollment credit for higher-level courses, when
504	appropriate;
505	(g) Promote credit recovery; and
506	(h) Provide instruction that results in competency,

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507	certification, or credentials in workplace skills, including,
508	but not limited to, communication skills, interpersonal skills,
509	decisionmaking skills, work ethic, and the importance of
510	attendance and timeliness in the work environment.
511	(7) DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBILITIES.—
512	(a) The department shall identify each residential and
513	nonresidential juvenile justice education program, excluding
514	detention programs, as having one of the following performance
515	ratings as defined by State Board of Education rule:
516	1. High performance.
517	2. Adequate performance.
518	3. Failing performance.
519	(b) The department shall consider the level of rigor
520	associated with the attainment of a particular outcome when
521	assigning weight to the outcome. The department shall evaluate
522	the following elements in determining a juvenile justice
523	education program's performance rating:
524	1. One or more of the following outcomes for a youth who is
525	14 years of age or younger:
526	a. Achieving academic progress in reading and mathematics,
527	as measured by the statewide common pre- and post-assessment
528	adopted by the department for use in juvenile justice education
529	programs.
530	b. Participating in continuing education upon release from
531	a juvenile justice residential or nonresidential program.
532	c. Completing secondary coursework upon release from a
533	juvenile justice residential or nonresidential program.
534	d. Attaining occupational completion points in an
535	occupational area identified in the Industry Certification

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536	Funding list adopted by the State Board of Education.
537	e. Attaining an industry certification in an occupational
538	area identified in the Industry Certification Funding list
539	adopted by the State Board of Education, if available and
540	appropriate.
541	2. One or more of the following outcomes for a youth who is
542	15 years of age or older:
543	a. Achieving academic progress in reading and mathematics,
544	as measured by the statewide common pre- and post-assessment
545	adopted by the department for use in juvenile justice education
546	programs.
547	b. Participating in continuing education upon release from
548	a juvenile justice residential or nonresidential program.
549	c. Earning secondary or postsecondary credit upon release
550	from a juvenile justice residential or nonresidential program.
551	d. Attaining a high school diploma or its equivalent upon
552	release from a juvenile justice residential or nonresidential
553	program.
554	e. Obtaining employment upon release from a juvenile
555	justice residential or nonresidential program.
556	f. Attaining an industry certification in an occupational
557	area identified in the Industry Certification Funding list
558	adopted by the State Board of Education.
559	g. Attaining occupational completion points in an
560	occupational area identified in the Industry Certification
561	Funding list adopted by the State Board of Education.
562	h. Participating in continuing education upon release from
563	a juvenile justice residential or nonresidential program in
564	order to complete the industry certification identified in the

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565	Industry Certification Funding list adopted by the State Board
566	of Education.
567	(c) By September 1, 2012, the department shall make
568	available a common student pre- and post-assessment to measure
569	the academic progress in reading and mathematics of youth who
570	are assigned to juvenile justice education programs.
571	
572	For purposes of performance ratings, juvenile justice
573	residential and nonresidential education programs, excluding
574	detention centers, shall be held accountable for the performance
575	outcomes of youth for no more than 6 months after the release of
576	youth from the residential or nonresidential program. This
577	subsection does not abrogate the provisions of s. 1002.22 which
578	relate to education records or the requirements of 20 U.S.C. s.
579	1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.
580	(8) PROGRAM ACCOUNTABILITY
581	(a) The department shall, in collaboration with the
582	Department of Juvenile Justice:
583	1. Monitor the education performance of youth in juvenile
584	justice facilities.
585	2. Prohibit school districts or private providers that have
586	failing performance ratings from delivering the education
587	services.
588	3. Verify that a school district is operating or
589	contracting with a private provider to deliver education
590	services.
591	(b) If a school district's juvenile justice residential or
592	nonresidential education program earns two failing performance
593	ratings in any 3-year period, as provided in subsection (7), the

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594	school district shall contract with a private provider that has
595	an adequate or higher performance rating or enter into an
596	agreement with a school district that has an adequate or higher
597	performance rating to deliver the education services to the
598	youth in the program.
599	(c) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the school
600	district of the county in which the residential or
601	nonresidential facility is located shall deliver education
602	services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. A
603	school district may contract with a private provider to deliver
604	the education services in lieu of directly providing the
605	education services. The contract shall include performance
606	criteria as provided in subsection (7).
607	(d) When determining educational placement for youth who
608	enroll in a school district upon release, the school district
609	must adhere to the transition plan established under s.
610	<u>985.46(6).</u>
611	(e) If a private provider under contract with a school
612	district maintains an adequate or high-performance rating
613	pursuant to subsection (7), the school district may not require
614	a private provider to use the school district's personnel.
615	(f) Academic instructional personnel must be certified by
616	the Department of Education; however, a nondegreed teacher of
617	career education may be certified by a local school district
618	under s. 1012.39 and may be designated as teaching out-of-field.
619	An instructor who is deemed to be an expert in a specific field
620	may be employed under s. 1012.55(1).
621	(g) Each school district must provide juvenile justice
622	education programs access to substitute classroom teachers used

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623	by the school district.
624	(9) EXITING PROGRAMUpon exiting a program, a youth must:
625	(a) Attain an industry certification or occupational
626	completion points in an occupational area identified in the
627	Industry Certification Funding list adopted by the State Board
628	of Education;
629	(b) Enroll in a program to complete the industry
630	certification;
631	(c) Be gainfully employed and earning full-time wages; or
632	(d) Enroll in and continue his or her education based on
633	the transition and postrelease plan provided in s. 958.46.
634	(10) EDUCATION TRANSITION PLAN COMPONENT
635	(a) The education transition plan component shall be
636	incorporated in the transition plan pursuant to s. 985.46(6).
637	(b) Each juvenile justice education program must develop an
638	education transition plan component during the course of a
639	youth's stay in a juvenile justice residential or nonresidential
640	program which coordinates academic and workforce services and
641	assists the youth in successful community reintegration upon the
642	youth's release.
643	(c) The development of the education transition plan
644	component shall begin upon a youth's placement in the program.
645	The education transition plan component must include the
646	academic and workforce services to be provided during the
647	program stay and the establishment of services to be implemented
648	upon release. The appropriate personnel in the juvenile justice
649	residential and nonresidential program, the members of the
650	community, the youth, and the youth's family, when appropriate,
651	shall collaborate to develop the education transition plan

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652	component.
653	(d) Education planning for reintegration shall begin when
654	placement decisions are made and continue throughout the youth's
655	stay in order to provide for continuing education, job
656	placement, and other necessary services. Individuals who are
657	responsible for reintegration shall coordinate activities to
658	ensure that the education transition plan component is
659	successfully implemented and a youth is provided access to
660	support services that will sustain the youth's success once he
661	or she is no longer under the supervision of the Department of
662	Juvenile Justice. The education transition plan component must
663	provide for continuing education, workforce development, or
664	meaningful job placement pursuant to the performance outcomes in
665	subsection (7). For purposes of this section, the term
666	"reintegration" means the process by which a youth returns to
667	the community following release from a juvenile justice program.
668	(11) FACILITIESThe district school board may not be
669	charged any rent, maintenance, utilities, or overhead on the
670	facilities. Maintenance, repairs, and remodeling of existing
671	facilities shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile
672	Justice.
673	(12) RULEMAKINGThe State Board of Education shall
674	collaborate with the Department of Juvenile Justice, the
675	Department of Economic Opportunity, school districts, and
676	private providers to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and
677	120.54 to administer this section which must include provisions
678	for uniform contracts and contract requirements between school
679	districts and private providers.
680	Section 11. Section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, is amended

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681	to read:
682	1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile
683	Justice programs
684	(1) The Legislature finds that education is the single most
685	important factor in the rehabilitation of adjudicated delinquent
686	youth in the custody of Department of Juvenile Justice programs.
687	It is the goal of the Legislature that youth in the juvenile
688	justice system continue to be allowed the opportunity to obtain
689	a high quality education. The Department of Education shall
690	serve as the lead agency for juvenile justice education
691	programs, curriculum, support services, and resources. To this
692	end, the Department of Education and the Department of Juvenile
693	Justice shall each designate a Coordinator for Juvenile Justice
694	Education Programs to serve as the point of contact for
695	resolving issues not addressed by district school boards and to
696	provide each department's participation in the following
697	activities:
698	(a) Training, collaborating, and coordinating with the
699	Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards,
700	educational contract providers, and juvenile justice providers,
701	whether state operated or contracted.
702	(b) Collecting information on the academic performance of
703	students in juvenile justice programs and reporting on the
704	results.
705	(c) Developing academic and career protocols that provide
706	guidance to district school boards and providers in all aspects
707	of education programming, including records transfer and
708	transition.
709	(d) Prescribing the roles of program personnel and
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710	interdepartmental district school board or provider
711	collaboration strategies.
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713	Annually, a cooperative agreement and plan for juvenile justice
714	education service enhancement shall be developed between the
715	Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education
716	and submitted to the Secretary of Juvenile Justice and the
717	Commissioner of Education by June 30.
718	(2) Students participating in Department of Juvenile
719	Justice programs pursuant to chapter 985 which are sponsored by
720	a community-based agency or are operated or contracted for by
721	the Department of Juvenile Justice shall receive educational
722	programs according to rules of the State Board of Education.
723	These students shall be eligible for services afforded to
724	students enrolled in programs pursuant to s. 1003.53 and all
725	corresponding State Board of Education rules.
726	(3) The district school board of the county in which the
727	residential or nonresidential care facility or juvenile
728	assessment facility is located shall provide appropriate
729	educational assessments and an appropriate program of
730	instruction and special education services.
731	(a) The district school board shall make provisions for
732	each student to participate in basic, career education, and
733	exceptional student programs as appropriate. Students served in
734	Department of Juvenile Justice programs shall have access to the
735	appropriate courses and instruction to prepare them for the GED
736	test. Students participating in GED preparation programs shall
737	be funded at the basic program cost factor for Department of
738	Juvenile Justice programs in the Florida Education Finance
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739 Program. Each program shall be conducted according to applicable 740 law providing for the operation of public schools and rules of 741 the State Board of Education. School districts shall provide the 742 GED exit option for all juvenile justice programs.

(b) By October 1, 2004, the Department of Education, with the assistance of the school districts, shall select a common student assessment instrument and protocol for measuring student learning gains and student progression while a student is in a juvenile justice education program. The assessment instrument and protocol must be implemented in all juvenile justice education programs in this state by January 1, 2005.

750 (4) Educational services shall be provided at times of the 751 day most appropriate for the juvenile justice program. School 752 programming in juvenile justice detention, commitment, and 753 rehabilitation programs shall be made available by the local 754 school district during the juvenile justice school year, as 755 defined in s. 1003.01(11). In addition, students in juvenile 756 justice education programs shall have access to Florida Virtual 757 School courses. The Department of Education and the school 758 districts shall adopt policies necessary to ensure such access.

759 (5) The educational program shall consist of appropriate 760 basic academic, career, or exceptional curricula and related 761 services which support the treatment goals and reentry and which 762 may lead to completion of the requirements for receipt of a high 763 school diploma or its equivalent. If the duration of a program 764 is less than 40 days, the educational component may be limited 765 to tutorial activities and career employability skills.

766 (6) Participation in the program by students of compulsory 767 school-attendance age as provided for in s. 1003.21 shall be

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768 mandatory. All students of noncompulsory school-attendance age 769 who have not received a high school diploma or its equivalent 770 shall participate in the educational program, unless the student 771 files a formal declaration of his or her intent to terminate 772 school enrollment as described in s. 1003.21 and is afforded the 773 opportunity to take the general educational development test and 774 attain a Florida high school diploma prior to release from a 775 facility. A youth who has received a high school diploma or its 776 equivalent and is not employed shall participate in workforce 777 development or other career or technical education or Florida 778 College System institution or university courses while in the 779 program, subject to available funding.

780 (7) A progress monitoring plan shall be developed for 781 students who score below the level specified in district school 782 board policy in reading, writing, and mathematics or below the 783 level specified by the Commissioner of Education on statewide 784 assessments as required by s. 1008.25. These plans shall address 785 academic, literacy, and life skills and shall include provisions 786 for intensive remedial instruction in the areas of weakness.

(8) Each district school board shall maintain an academic record for each student enrolled in a juvenile justice facility as prescribed by s. 1003.51. Such record shall delineate each course completed by the student according to procedures in the State Course Code Directory. The district school board shall include a copy of a student's academic record in the discharge packet when the student exits the facility.

794 (9) The Department of Education shall ensure that all
 795 district school boards make provisions for high school level
 796 youth to earn credits toward high school graduation while in

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797 residential and nonresidential juvenile justice facilities.
798 Provisions must be made for the transfer of credits and partial
799 credits earned.

800 (10) The district school board shall recruit and train 801 teachers who are interested, qualified, or experienced in 802 educating students in juvenile justice programs. Students in 803 juvenile justice programs shall be provided a wide range of 804 educational programs and opportunities including textbooks, 805 technology, instructional support, and other resources available 806 to students in public schools. Teachers assigned to educational 807 programs in juvenile justice settings in which the district 808 school board operates the educational program shall be selected 809 by the district school board in consultation with the director 810 of the juvenile justice facility. Educational programs in 811 juvenile justice facilities shall have access to the substitute 812 teacher pool utilized by the district school board.

813 (11) District school boards may contract with a private 814 provider for the provision of educational programs to youths 815 placed with the Department of Juvenile Justice and shall 816 generate local, state, and federal funding, including funding 817 through the Florida Education Finance Program for such students. 818 The district school board's planning and budgeting process shall 819 include the needs of Department of Juvenile Justice programs in 820 the district school board's plan for expenditures for state 821 categorical and federal funds.

822 (12) The district school board shall fund the educational 823 program in a Department of Juvenile Justice facility at the same 824 or higher level of funding for equivalent students in the 825 district school system based on the funds generated by state

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funding through the Florida Education Finance Program for such students. It is the intent of the Legislature that the school district maximize its available local, state, and federal funding to a juvenile justice program.

830 (1) (a) Juvenile justice educational programs shall be
831 funded in the appropriate FEFP program based on the educational
832 services needed by the student for Department of Juvenile
833 Justice programs in accordance with s. 1011.62.

<u>(2) (b)</u> Juvenile justice educational programs to receive the
appropriate FEFP funding for Department of Juvenile Justice
programs shall include those <u>that are</u> operated through a
contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice and which are
under purview of the Department of Juvenile Justice quality
assurance standards for education.

840 <u>(3)(c)</u> Consistent with the rules of the State Board of 841 Education, district school boards are required to request an 842 alternative FTE survey for Department of Juvenile Justice 843 programs experiencing fluctuations in student enrollment.

844 (4) (d) FTE count periods shall be prescribed in rules of 845 the State Board of Education and shall be the same for programs 846 of the Department of Juvenile Justice as for other public school 847 programs. The summer school period for students in Department of 848 Juvenile Justice programs shall begin on the day immediately 849 following the end of the regular school year and end on the day 850 immediately preceding the subsequent regular school year. 851 Students shall be funded for no more than 25 hours per week of 852 direct instruction.

853 <u>(5)(e)</u> Each juvenile justice education program must receive 854 all federal funds for which the program is eligible.

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855	(13) Each district school board shall negotiate a
856	cooperative agreement with the Department of Juvenile Justice on
857	the delivery of educational services to youths under the
858	jurisdiction of the Department of Juvenile Justice. Such
859	agreement must include, but is not limited to:
860	(a) Roles and responsibilities of each agency, including
861	the roles and responsibilities of contract providers.
862	(b) Administrative issues including procedures for sharing
863	information.
864	(c) Allocation of resources including maximization of
865	local, state, and federal funding.
866	(d) Procedures for educational evaluation for educational
867	exceptionalities and special needs.
868	(e) Curriculum and delivery of instruction.
869	(f) Classroom management procedures and attendance
870	policies.
871	(g) Procedures for provision of qualified instructional
872	personnel, whether supplied by the district school board or
873	provided under contract by the provider, and for performance of
874	duties while in a juvenile justice setting.
875	(h) Provisions for improving skills in teaching and working
876	with juvenile delinquents.
877	(i) Transition plans for students moving into and out of
878	juvenile facilities.
879	(j) Procedures and timelines for the timely documentation
880	of credits carned and transfer of student records.
881	(k) Methods and procedures for dispute resolution.
882	(1) Provisions for ensuring the safety of education
883	personnel and support for the agreed-upon education program.

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884	(m) Strategies for correcting any deficiencies found
885	through the quality assurance process.
886	(14) Nothing in this section or in a cooperative agreement
887	shall be construed to require the district school board to
888	provide more services than can be supported by the funds
889	generated by students in the juvenile justice programs.
890	(15) (a) The Department of Education in consultation with
891	the Department of Juvenile Justice, district school boards, and
892	providers shall establish objective and measurable quality
893	assurance standards for the educational component of residential
894	and nonresidential juvenile justice facilities. These standards
895	shall rate the district school board's performance both as a
896	provider and contractor. The quality assurance rating for the
897	educational component shall be disaggregated from the overall
898	quality assurance score and reported separately.
899	(b) The Department of Education shall develop a
900	comprehensive quality assurance review process and schedule for
901	the evaluation of the educational component in juvenile justice
902	programs. The Department of Juvenile Justice quality assurance
903	site visit and the education quality assurance site visit shall
904	be conducted during the same visit.
905	(c) The Department of Education, in consultation with
906	district school boards and providers, shall establish minimum
907	thresholds for the standards and key indicators for educational
908	programs in juvenile justice facilities. If a district school
909	board fails to meet the established minimum standards, it will
910	be given 6 months to achieve compliance with the standards. If
911	after 6 months, the district school board's performance is still
912	below minimum standards, the Department of Education shall

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913	exercise sanctions as prescribed by rules adopted by the State
914	Board of Education. If a provider, under contract with the
915	district school board, fails to meet minimum standards, such
916	failure shall cause the district school board to cancel the
917	provider's contract unless the provider achieves compliance
918	within 6 months or unless there are documented extenuating
919	circumstances.
920	(d) The requirements in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) shall
921	be implemented to the extent that funds are available.
922	(16) The district school board shall not be charged any
923	rent, maintenance, utilities, or overhead on such facilities.
924	Maintenance, repairs, and remodeling of existing facilities
925	shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice.
926	(17) When additional facilities are required, the district
927	school board and the Department of Juvenile Justice shall agree
928	on the appropriate site based on the instructional needs of the
929	students. When the most appropriate site for instruction is on
930	district school board property, a special capital outlay request
931	shall be made by the commissioner in accordance with s. 1013.60.
932	When the most appropriate site is on state property, state
933	capital outlay funds shall be requested by the Department of
934	Juvenile Justice provided by s. 216.043 and shall be submitted
935	as specified by s. 216.023. Any instructional facility to be
936	built on state property shall have educational specifications
937	jointly developed by the district school board and the
938	Department of Juvenile Justice and approved by the Department of
939	Education. The size of space and occupant design capacity
940	criteria as provided by State Board of Education rules shall be
941	used for remodeling or new construction whether facilities are
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942	provided on state property or district school board property.
943	(18) The parent of an exceptional student shall have the
944	due process rights provided for in this chapter.
945	(19) The Department of Education and the Department of
946	Juvenile Justice, after consultation with and assistance from
947	local providers and district school boards, shall report
948	annually to the Legislature by February 1 on the progress toward
949	developing effective educational programs for juvenile
950	delinquents, including the amount of funding provided by
951	district school boards to juvenile justice programs, the amount
952	retained for administration including documenting the purposes
953	for such expenses, the status of the development of cooperative
954	agreements, the results of the quality assurance reviews
955	including recommendations for system improvement, and
956	information on the identification of, and services provided to,
957	exceptional students in juvenile justice commitment facilities
958	to determine whether these students are properly reported for
959	funding and are appropriately served.
960	(20) The educational programs at the Arthur Dozier School
961	for Boys in Jackson County and the Florida School for Boys in
962	Okeechobee shall be operated by the Department of Education,

963 either directly or through grants or contractual agreements with 964 other public or duly accredited education agencies approved by 965 the Department of Education.

966 (21) The State Board of Education may adopt any rules 967 necessary to implement the provisions of this section, including 968 uniform curriculum, funding, and second chance schools. Such 969 rules must require the minimum amount of paperwork and 970 reporting.



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971	(22) The Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department
972	of Education, in consultation with Workforce Florida, Inc., the
973	statewide Workforce Development Youth Council, district school
974	boards, Florida College System institutions, providers, and
975	others, shall jointly develop a multiagency plan for career
976	education which describes the funding, curriculum, transfer of
977	credits, goals, and outcome measures for career education
978	programming in juvenile commitment facilities, pursuant to s.
979	985.622. The plan must be reviewed annually.
980	Section 12. Present paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of
981	section 1009.25, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph
982	(h), and a new paragraph (g) is added to that subsection, to
983	read:
984	1009.25 Fee exemptions
985	(1) The following students are exempt from the payment of
986	tuition and fees, including lab fees, at a school district that
987	provides postsecondary career programs, Florida College System
988	institution, or state university:
989	(g) For purposes of completing coursework initiated while
990	in the temporary custody of the state, youth who are eligible
991	under s. 1003.515(5)(b)3. and who are ordered by a court to
992	participate in a juvenile justice residential program.
993	Section 13. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section
994	1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
995	1011.62 Funds for operation of schoolsIf the annual
996	allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each
997	district for operation of schools is not determined in the
998	annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing
999	the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as
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1000 follows:

1001 (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR 1002 OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in 1003 determining the annual allocation to each district for 1004 operation:

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(f) Supplemental academic instruction; categorical fund.-

1006 1. There is created a categorical fund to provide 1007 supplemental academic instruction to students in kindergarten 1008 through grade 12. This paragraph may be cited as the 1009 "Supplemental Academic Instruction Categorical Fund."

1010 2. Categorical funds for supplemental academic instruction 1011 shall be allocated annually to each school district in the 1012 amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds 1013 shall be in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of 1014 FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program 1015 and shall be included in the total potential funds of each 1016 district. These funds shall be used to provide supplemental 1017 academic instruction to students enrolled in the K-12 program. 1018 Supplemental instruction strategies may include, but are not 1019 limited to: modified curriculum, reading instruction, after-1020 school instruction, tutoring, mentoring, class size reduction, 1021 extended school year, intensive skills development in summer 1022 school, and other methods for improving student achievement. 1023 Supplemental instruction may be provided to a student in any 1024 manner and at any time during or beyond the regular 180-day term 1025 identified by the school as being the most effective and 1026 efficient way to best help that student progress from grade to grade and to graduate. 1027

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3. Effective with the 2012-2013 1999-2000 fiscal year,

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1029 funding on the basis of FTE membership beyond the 180-day 1030 regular term shall be provided in the FEFP only for students 1031 enrolled in juvenile justice education programs or in education 1032 programs for juveniles placed in secure facilities or programs 1033 under s. 985.19. Funding for instruction beyond the regular 180-1034 day school year for all other K-12 students shall be provided 1035 through the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund 1036 and other state, federal, and local fund sources with ample 1037 flexibility for schools to provide supplemental instruction to 1038 assist students in progressing from grade to grade and 1039 graduating.

1040 4. The Florida State University School, as a lab school, is 1041 authorized to expend from its FEFP or Lottery Enhancement Trust 1042 Fund allocation the cost to the student of remediation in 1043 reading, writing, or mathematics for any graduate who requires 1044 remediation at a postsecondary educational institution.

5. Beginning in the 1999-2000 school year, Dropout prevention programs as defined in ss. <u>1003.515</u> 1003.52, 1003.53(1)(a), (b), and (c), and 1003.54 shall be included in group 1 programs under subparagraph (d)3.

1049 Section 14. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 1050 1051 And the title is amended as follows: 1052 1053 Delete everything before the enacting clause 1054 and insert: 1055 A bill to be entitled 1056 An act relating to juvenile justice education and 1057 workforce programs; amending s. 985.03, F.S.;

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1058 providing a definition for the term "juvenile justice 1059 education programs" for purposes of the act; amending 1060 s. 985.46, F.S.; requiring that each juvenile 1061 committed to a juvenile justice commitment program 1062 have a transition plan upon release; requiring that 1063 the transition plan include an education transition 1064 plan component and information regarding delinquency 1065 treatment and intervention services that are 1066 accessible upon exiting the program; amending s. 1067 985.618, F.S.; providing legislative intent regarding 1068 juvenile justice education and workforce-related 1069 programs; requiring that the Department of Juvenile 1070 Justice, in collaboration with the Department of 1071 Education, annually verify that each juvenile justice 1072 education program meets specified minimum standards; 1073 requiring that the department collaborate with certain 1074 entities to adopt rules; amending s. 985.632, F.S.; 1075 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 1076 requiring that the Department of Education rather than 1077 the Department of Juvenile Justice ensure that there 1078 is accurate cost accounting for certain education 1079 programs; requiring that the Department of Education 1080 submit annual cost data to the Department of Juvenile 1081 Justice; requiring that the effectiveness of juvenile 1082 justice education programs be determined by 1083 implementing systematic data collection, data 1084 analysis, and evaluations; requiring that the programs 1085 be evaluated based on student performance outcomes; 1086 requiring that the Department of Juvenile Justice, in

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1087 collaboration with the Department of Education and in 1088 consultation with other entities, prepare and submit 1089 an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature 1090 by a specified date; amending s. 985.721, F.S.; 1091 conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1001.42, 1092 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 1093 act; conforming a cross-reference; amending ss. 1094 1002.20 and 1002.45, F.S.; conforming cross-1095 references; amending s. 1003.01, F.S.; revising the 1096 term "juvenile justice education programs or schools" 1097 to conform to changes made by the act; creating s. 1098 1003.515, F.S.; providing a short title; providing a 1099 legislative finding; providing purposes of the Florida 1100 Juvenile Justice Education Act; providing a definition 1101 for the term "juvenile justice education programs"; providing responsibilities for school districts and 1102 1103 private providers contracted by school districts to 1104 offer education services to youth in juvenile justice 1105 education programs; requiring that each juvenile 1106 justice residential and nonresidential program involve 1107 the regional workforce board or economic development 1108 agency and local postsecondary institutions to 1109 determine the occupational areas for the education and 1110 workforce-related program; providing requirements for 1111 education and workforce-related services in juvenile 1112 justice programs; providing responsibilities for the 1113 Department of Education; requiring that the department identify each juvenile justice residential and 1114 1115 nonresidential education program, excluding detention

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1116 programs, by performance ratings; providing criteria 1117 for determining performance ratings; requiring that 1118 the department make available a common student pre-1119 and post-assessment to measure the academic progress 1120 in reading and mathematics of youth in juvenile 1121 justice education programs; requiring that juvenile 1122 justice residential and nonresidential education 1123 programs, excluding detention centers, be held 1124 accountable for student performance outcomes for a 1125 specified period after youth are released from the 1126 programs; providing for program accountability; 1127 requiring that the department monitor the education 1128 performance of youth, prohibit certain school district 1129 or private providers, under specified circumstances, 1130 from delivering education services, and verify that a school district is operating or contracting to deliver 1131 1132 education services; providing for a school district's 1133 responsibilities; requiring that a youth who exits the 1134 program attain an industry certification or 1135 occupational completion points, enroll in a program to 1136 complete the industry certification, be gainfully 1137 employed, or enroll in and continue his or her 1138 education based on a transition plan; requiring that 1139 an education transition plan component be incorporated 1140 in a youth's transition plan; requiring that each 1141 juvenile justice education program develop the 1142 education transition plan component during the course of the youth's stay in a juvenile justice residential 1143 1144 or nonresidential program; prohibiting a district

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1145 school board from being charged rent, maintenance, 1146 utilities, or overhead on facilities; requiring that 1147 the Department of Juvenile Justice provide 1148 maintenance, repairs, and remodeling of existing 1149 facilities; requiring that the State Board of 1150 Education collaborate with the Department of Juvenile 1151 Justice, the Department of Economic Opportunity, 1152 school districts, and private providers to adopt 1153 rules; amending s. 1003.52, F.S.; deleting provisions 1154 relating to educational services in Department of 1155 Juvenile Justice programs to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 1009.25, F.S.; providing an 1156 1157 exemption from the payment of postsecondary education 1158 fees and tuition for certain youth who are ordered by 1159 a court to participate in a juvenile justice 1160 residential program; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; 1161 extending dates relating to the funding of students who are enrolled in juvenile justice education 1162 1163 programs or in education programs for juveniles placed in secure facilities; conforming a cross-reference; 1164 1165 providing an effective date.