

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Floor: 1/AD/2R 04/04/2013 05:15 PM

Senator Legg moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 220 - 550 and insert:

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Section 1. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (5) of section 1000.03, Florida Statutes, to read:

1000.03 Function, mission, and goals of the Florida K-20 education system.-

- (5) The priorities of Florida's K-20 education system include:
- (g) Comprehensive K-20 career and education planning.—It is essential that Florida's K-20 education system better prepare all students at every level for the transition from school to

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postsecondary education or work by providing information regarding:

- 1. Career opportunities, educational requirements associated with each career, educational institutions that prepare students to enter each career, and student financial aid available to pursue postsecondary instruction required to enter each career.
- 2. How to make informed decisions about the program of study that best addresses the students' interests and abilities while preparing them to enter postsecondary education or the workforce.
- 3. Recommended coursework and programs that prepare students for success in their areas of interest and ability.

This information shall be provided to students and parents through websites, handbooks, manuals, or other regularly provided communications.

Section 2. Subsection (7) of section 1000.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1000.21 Systemwide definitions.—As used in the Florida K-20 Education Code:

(7) "Sunshine State Standards" or the "Next Generation Sunshine State Standards" means the state's public K-12 curricular standards, including common core standards in English Language Arts and Mathematics, adopted under s. 1003.41. The term includes the Sunshine State Standards that are in place for a subject until the standards for that subject are replaced under s. 1003.41 by the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.

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Section 3. Subsection (26) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (27), and a new subsection (26) is added to that section, to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board. - The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

(26) TECHNICAL CENTER GOVERNING BOARD.—May appoint a governing board for a school district technical center or a system of technical centers for the purpose of aligning the educational programs of the technical center with the needs of local businesses and responding quickly to the needs of local businesses for employees holding industry certifications. A technical center governing board shall be comprised of seven members, three of whom must be members of the district school board or their designees and four of whom must be local business leaders. The district school board shall delegate to the technical center governing board decisions regarding entrance requirements for students, curriculum, program development, budget and funding allocations, and the development with local businesses of partnership agreements and appropriate industry certifications in order to meet local and regional economic needs. A technical center governing board may approve only courses and programs that contain industry certifications. A course may be continued if at least 25 percent of the students enrolled in the course attain an industry certification. If fewer than 25 percent of the students enrolled in a course attain an industry certification, the course must be discontinued the following year.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section



1002.3105, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

1002.3105 Academically Challenging Curriculum to Enhance Learning (ACCEL) options.-

(1) ACCEL OPTIONS.-

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- (b) At a minimum, each school must offer the following ACCEL options: whole-grade and midyear promotion; subject-matter acceleration; virtual instruction in higher grade level subjects; and the Credit Acceleration Program under s. 1003.4295. Additional ACCEL options may include, but are not limited to, enriched science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) coursework; enrichment programs; flexible grouping; advanced academic courses; combined classes; selfpaced instruction; rigorous industry certifications that are articulated to college credit and approved pursuant to ss. 1003.492 and 1008.44; work-related internships or apprenticeships; curriculum compacting; advanced-content instruction; and telescoping curriculum.
- (5) AWARD OF A STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA.—A student who meets the requirements of s. 1003.4282(3)(a)-(e), earns three credits in electives, and earns a cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale shall be awarded a standard high school diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.-

(7) CHARTER.—The major issues involving the operation of a charter school shall be considered in advance and written into

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the charter. The charter shall be signed by the governing board of the charter school and the sponsor, following a public hearing to ensure community input.

- (a) The charter shall address and criteria for approval of the charter shall be based on:
- 1. The school's mission, the students to be served, and the ages and grades to be included.
- 2. The focus of the curriculum, the instructional methods to be used, any distinctive instructional techniques to be employed, and identification and acquisition of appropriate technologies needed to improve educational and administrative performance which include a means for promoting safe, ethical, and appropriate uses of technology which comply with legal and professional standards.
- a. The charter shall ensure that reading is a primary focus of the curriculum and that resources are provided to identify and provide specialized instruction for students who are reading below grade level. The curriculum and instructional strategies for reading must be consistent with the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards and grounded in scientifically based reading research.
- b. In order to provide students with access to diverse instructional delivery models, to facilitate the integration of technology within traditional classroom instruction, and to provide students with the skills they need to compete in the 21st century economy, the Legislature encourages instructional methods for blended learning courses consisting of both traditional classroom and online instructional techniques. Charter schools may implement blended learning courses which



combine traditional classroom instruction and virtual instruction. Students in a blended learning course must be fulltime students of the charter school and receive the online instruction in a classroom setting at the charter school. Instructional personnel certified pursuant to s. 1012.55 who provide virtual instruction for blended learning courses may be employees of the charter school or may be under contract to provide instructional services to charter school students. At a minimum, such instructional personnel must hold an active state or school district adjunct certification under s. 1012.57 for the subject area of the blended learning course. The funding and performance accountability requirements for blended learning courses are the same as those for traditional courses.

- 3. The current incoming baseline standard of student academic achievement, the outcomes to be achieved, and the method of measurement that will be used. The criteria listed in this subparagraph shall include a detailed description of:
- a. How the baseline student academic achievement levels and prior rates of academic progress will be established.
- b. How these baseline rates will be compared to rates of academic progress achieved by these same students while attending the charter school.
- c. To the extent possible, how these rates of progress will be evaluated and compared with rates of progress of other closely comparable student populations.

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The district school board is required to provide academic student performance data to charter schools for each of their students coming from the district school system, as well as

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rates of academic progress of comparable student populations in the district school system.

- 4. The methods used to identify the educational strengths and needs of students and how well educational goals and performance standards are met by students attending the charter school. The methods shall provide a means for the charter school to ensure accountability to its constituents by analyzing student performance data and by evaluating the effectiveness and efficiency of its major educational programs. Students in charter schools shall, at a minimum, participate in the statewide assessment program created under s. 1008.22.
- 5. In secondary charter schools, a method for determining that a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation in s. 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282, s. 1003.429, or s. 1003.43.
- 6. A method for resolving conflicts between the governing board of the charter school and the sponsor.
- 7. The admissions procedures and dismissal procedures, including the school's code of student conduct.
- 8. The ways by which the school will achieve a racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or within the racial/ethnic range of other public schools in the same school district.
- 9. The financial and administrative management of the school, including a reasonable demonstration of the professional experience or competence of those individuals or organizations applying to operate the charter school or those hired or retained to perform such professional services and the description of clearly delineated responsibilities and the policies and practices needed to effectively manage the charter

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school. A description of internal audit procedures and establishment of controls to ensure that financial resources are properly managed must be included. Both public sector and private sector professional experience shall be equally valid in such a consideration.

- 10. The asset and liability projections required in the application which are incorporated into the charter and shall be compared with information provided in the annual report of the charter school.
- 11. A description of procedures that identify various risks and provide for a comprehensive approach to reduce the impact of losses; plans to ensure the safety and security of students and staff; plans to identify, minimize, and protect others from violent or disruptive student behavior; and the manner in which the school will be insured, including whether or not the school will be required to have liability insurance, and, if so, the terms and conditions thereof and the amounts of coverage.
- 12. The term of the charter which shall provide for cancellation of the charter if insufficient progress has been made in attaining the student achievement objectives of the charter and if it is not likely that such objectives can be achieved before expiration of the charter. The initial term of a charter shall be for 4 or 5 years. In order to facilitate access to long-term financial resources for charter school construction, charter schools that are operated by a municipality or other public entity as provided by law are eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the district school board. A charter lab school is eligible for a charter for a term of up to 15 years. In addition, to facilitate

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access to long-term financial resources for charter school construction, charter schools that are operated by a private, not-for-profit, s. 501(c)(3) status corporation are eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the district school board. Such long-term charters remain subject to annual review and may be terminated during the term of the charter, but only according to the provisions set forth in subsection (8).

- 13. The facilities to be used and their location.
- 14. The qualifications to be required of the teachers and the potential strategies used to recruit, hire, train, and retain qualified staff to achieve best value.
- 15. The governance structure of the school, including the status of the charter school as a public or private employer as required in paragraph (12)(i).
- 16. A timetable for implementing the charter which addresses the implementation of each element thereof and the date by which the charter shall be awarded in order to meet this timetable.
- 17. In the case of an existing public school that is being converted to charter status, alternative arrangements for current students who choose not to attend the charter school and for current teachers who choose not to teach in the charter school after conversion in accordance with the existing collective bargaining agreement or district school board rule in the absence of a collective bargaining agreement. However, alternative arrangements shall not be required for current teachers who choose not to teach in a charter lab school, except as authorized by the employment policies of the state university which grants the charter to the lab school.

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- 18. Full disclosure of the identity of all relatives employed by the charter school who are related to the charter school owner, president, chairperson of the governing board of directors, superintendent, governing board member, principal, assistant principal, or any other person employed by the charter school who has equivalent decisionmaking authority. For the purpose of this subparagraph, the term "relative" means father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-inlaw, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister.
- 19. Implementation of the activities authorized under s. 1002.331 by the charter school when it satisfies the eligibility requirements for a high-performing charter school. A highperforming charter school shall notify its sponsor in writing by March 1 if it intends to increase enrollment or expand grade levels the following school year. The written notice shall specify the amount of the enrollment increase and the grade levels that will be added, as applicable.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.-

- (3) Funding for the Florida Virtual School shall be provided as follows:
- (a)1. For a student in grades 9 through 12, a "full-time equivalent student" is one student who has successfully completed six full-credit courses that count toward the minimum



number of credits required for high school graduation. A student who completes fewer than six full-credit courses is a fraction of a full-time equivalent student. Half-credit course completions shall be included in determining a full-time equivalent student. Credit completed by a student in excess of the minimum required for that student for high school graduation is not eligible for funding.

- 2. For a student in kindergarten through grade 8, a "fulltime equivalent student" is one student who has successfully completed six courses or the prescribed level of content that counts toward promotion to the next grade. A student who completes fewer than six courses or the prescribed level of content shall be a fraction of a full-time equivalent student.
- 3. Beginning in the 2016-2017 2014-2015 fiscal year, when s. 1008.22(3)(g) is implemented, the reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if after the student does not pass completes the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for home education program students who choose not to take an end-of-course assessment or for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

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For purposes of this paragraph, the calculation of "full-time equivalent student" shall be as prescribed in s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(V).

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(b) Public school students receiving part-time instruction

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by the Florida Virtual School in courses requiring statewide end-of-course assessments must take all statewide end-of-course assessments required pursuant to s. $1008.22 ext{ s. } 1008.22(3)(c)2$.

Section 7. Section 1002.375, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and paragraph (e) of subsection (7) of section 1002.45, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.45 Virtual instruction programs.

- (4) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.—Each contract with an approved provider must at minimum:
- (b) Provide a method for determining that a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation in s. 1003.428 or s. 1003.4282, s. 1003.429, or s. 1003.43 if the contract is for the provision of a full-time virtual instruction program to students in grades 9 through 12.
- (7) VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION PROGRAM AND VIRTUAL CHARTER SCHOOL FUNDING.-
- (e) Beginning in the 2016-2017 $\frac{2014-2015}{2014}$ fiscal year, when s. 1008.22(3)(g) is implemented, the reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if after the student does not pass completes the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

Section 9. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 1003.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.02 District school board operation and control of

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public K-12 education within the school district.—As provided in part II of chapter 1001, district school boards are constitutionally and statutorily charged with the operation and control of public K-12 education within their school district. The district school boards must establish, organize, and operate their public K-12 schools and educational programs, employees, and facilities. Their responsibilities include staff development, public K-12 school student education including education for exceptional students and students in juvenile justice programs, special programs, adult education programs, and career education programs. Additionally, district school boards must:

- (1) Provide for the proper accounting for all students of school age, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students in the following fields:
- (i) Parental notification of acceleration options. At the beginning of each school year, notify parents of students in or entering high school of the opportunity and benefits of advanced placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, dual enrollment, and Florida Virtual School courses and options for early or accelerated high school graduation under s. ss. 1003.4281 and 1003.429.

Section 10. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1003.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.03 Maximum class size.-

(3) IMPLEMENTATION OPTIONS.—District school boards must consider, but are not limited to, implementing the following

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items in order to meet the constitutional class size maximums described in subsection (1):

- (c) 1. Repeal district school board policies that require students to earn have more than the 24 credits required under s. 1003.428 to graduate from high school.
- 2. Implement the early graduation option provided in s. 1003.4281 Adopt policies to allow students to graduate from high school as soon as they pass the grade 10 FCAT and complete the courses required for high school graduation.

Section 11. Section 1003.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

s. 1003.41, F.S., for present text.)

1003.41 Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.-

(1) Next Generation Sunshine State Standards establish the core content of the curricula to be taught in the state and specify the core content knowledge and skills that K-12 public school students are expected to acquire. Standards must be rigorous and relevant and provide for the logical, sequential progression of core curricular content that incrementally increases a student's core content knowledge and skills over time. Curricular content for all subjects must integrate critical-thinking, problem-solving, and workforce-literacy skills; communication, reading, and writing skills; mathematics skills; collaboration skills; contextual and applied-learning skills; technology-literacy skills; information and medialiteracy skills; and civic-engagement skills. The standards must include distinct grade-level expectations for the core content knowledge and skills that a student is expected to have acquired

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by each individual grade level from kindergarten through grade 8. The standards for grades 9 through 12 may be organized by grade clusters of more than one grade level except as otherwise provided for visual and performing arts, physical education, health, and foreign language standards.

- (2) Next Generation Sunshine State Standards must meet the following requirements:
- (a) English Language Arts standards must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum, reading, writing, speaking and listening, and language.
- (b) Science standards must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum, the nature of science, earth and space science, physical science, and life science.
- (c) Mathematics standards must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum, algebra, geometry, statistics and probability, number and quantity, functions, and modeling.
- (d) Social Studies standards must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum, geography, United States and world history, government, civics, humanities, and economics, including financial literacy. Financial literacy includes the knowledge, understanding, skills, behaviors, attitudes, and values that will enable a student to make responsible and effective financial decisions on a daily basis. Financial literacy instruction shall be an integral part of instruction throughout the entire economics course and include information regarding earning income; buying goods and services; saving and financial investing; taxes; the use of credit and credit cards; budgeting and debt management, including student

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loans and secured loans; banking and financial services; planning for one's financial future, including higher education and career planning; credit reports and scores; and fraud and identity theft prevention.

- (e) Visual and performing arts, physical education, health, and foreign language standards must establish specific curricular content and include distinct grade level expectations for the core content knowledge and skills that a student is expected to have acquired by each individual grade level from kindergarten through grade 5. The standards for grades 6 through 12 may be organized by grade clusters of more than one grade level.
- (3) The Commissioner of Education, as needed, shall develop and submit proposed revisions to the standards for review and comment by Florida educators, school administrators, representatives of the Florida College System institutions and state universities who have expertise in the content knowledge and skills necessary to prepare a student for postsecondary education and careers, business and industry leaders, and the public. The commissioner, after considering reviews and comments, shall submit the proposed revisions to the State Board of Education for adoption. In addition, the commissioner shall prepare an analysis of the costs associated with implementing a separate, one-half credit course in financial literacy, including estimated costs for instructional personnel, training, and the development or purchase of instructional materials. The commissioner shall work with one or more nonprofit organizations with proven expertise in the area of personal finance, consider free resources that can be utilized for instructional materials,

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and provide data on the implementation of such a course in other states. The commissioner shall provide the cost analysis to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by October 1, 2013.

(4) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 12. Section 1003.413, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 13. Section 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades promotion.-

- (1) In order for a student to be promoted to high school Promotion from a school that includes composed of middle grades 6, 7, and 8, requires that:
- (a) the student must successfully complete the following academic courses as follows:
- (a) 1. Three middle grades school or higher courses in English Language Arts (ELA). These courses shall emphasize literature, composition, and technical text.
- (b) 2. Three middle grades school or higher courses in mathematics. Each middle school that includes middle grades must offer at least one high school level mathematics course for which students may earn high school credit. Successful completion of a high school level Algebra I or geometry course is not contingent upon the student's performance on the statewide, standardized end-of-course (EOC) assessment or, upon transition to common core assessments, the common core Algebra I or geometry assessments required under s. 1008.22 s.

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1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(I). However, beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, to earn high school credit for an Algebra I course, a middle $\underline{\text{grades}}$ $\underline{\text{school}}$ student must pass the Algebra I statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment, and beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, to earn high school credit for a geometry course, a middle grades school student must take pass the statewide, standardized geometry end-of-course assessment, which constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade, and earn a passing grade in the course.

(c) 3. Three middle grades school or higher courses in social studies, one semester of which must include the study of state and federal government and civics education. Beginning with students entering grade 6 in the 2012-2013 school year, one of these courses must be at least a one-semester civics education course that a student successfully completes in accordance with s. 1008.22(3)(c) and that includes the roles and responsibilities of federal, state, and local governments; the structures and functions of the legislative, executive, and judicial branches of government; and the meaning and significance of historic documents, such as the Articles of Confederation, the Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution of the United States. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, each student's performance on the statewide, standardized EOC assessment in civics education required under s. 1008.22 constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade.

(d) 4. Three middle grades school or higher courses in science. Successful completion of a high school level Biology I course is not contingent upon the student's performance on the

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statewide, standardized EOC end-of-course assessment required under s. $1008.22 ext{ s. } 1008.22(3)(c)2.a.(II)$. However, beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, to earn high school credit for a Biology I course, a middle grades school student must take pass the statewide, standardized Biology I EOC end-of-course assessment, which constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade, and earn a passing grade in the course.

(e) 5. One course in career and education planning to be completed in 6th, 7th, or 8th grade. The course may be taught by any member of the instructional staff. At a minimum, the course must be Internet-based, easy to use, and customizable to each student and include research-based assessments to assist students in determining educational and career options and goals. In addition, the course; must result in a completed personalized academic and career plan for the student; must emphasize the importance of entrepreneurship skills; must emphasize technology or the application of technology in career fields; and, beginning in the 2014-2015 academic year, must include information from the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security report as described in s. 445.07. The required personalized academic and career plan must inform students of high school graduation requirements, including a detailed explanation of the diploma designation options provided under s. 1003.4285; high school assessment and college entrance test requirements; Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program requirements; state university and Florida College System institution admission requirements; available opportunities to, and programs through which a high school student can earn college credit in high school, including

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Advanced Placement courses; the Tinternational Baccalaureate Program; the, Advanced International Certificate of Education Program; r dual enrollment, including career dual enrollment; and career education courses, including academy and career-themed courses course opportunities, and courses that lead to national industry certification pursuant to s. 1003.492 or s. 1008.44. A student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02(2), for whom the individual education plan team determines that an endof-course assessment cannot accurately measure the student's abilities, taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have the end-of-course assessment results waived for purposes of determining the student's course grade and completing the requirements for middle grades promotion. Each school must inform parents about the course curriculum and activities. Each student shall complete a personal education plan that must be signed by the student and the student's parent. The Department of Education shall develop course frameworks and professional development materials for the career and education planning course. The course may be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into another course or courses. The Commissioner of Education shall collect longitudinal high school course enrollment data by student ethnicity in order to analyze course-taking patterns. (2) (b) If For each year in which a middle grades student

scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Reading or, when the state transitions to common core assessments on the English Language Arts assessments required under s. 1008.22, the following year the student must enroll be enrolled in and complete a remedial

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an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which remediation reading strategies are incorporated into course content delivery delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional needs of students performing reading below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(9). A middle grades student who scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Reading but who did not score below Level 3 in the previous 3 years may be granted a 1-year exemption from the reading remediation requirement; however, the student must have an approved academic improvement plan already in place, signed by the appropriate school staff and the student's parent, for the year for which the exemption is granted.

- (3) (c) If For each year in which a middle grades student scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Mathematics or, when the state transitions to common core assessments, on the Mathematics common core assessments required under s. 1008.22, the following year, the student must receive remediation the following year, which may be integrated into the student's required mathematics courses course.
- (2) Students in grade 6, grade 7, or grade 8 who are not enrolled in schools with a middle grades configuration are subject to the promotion requirements of this section.
- (4) The State Board of Education shall may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section and may enforce the provisions of



this section pursuant to s. 1008.32.

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Section 14. Section 1003.4203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4203 Digital materials, recognitions, certificates, and technical assistance curriculum.-

- (1) Each district school board, in consultation with the district school superintendent, shall make available may develop and implement a digital materials curriculum for students in prekindergarten grades 6 through grade 12 in order to enable students to attain digital skills competencies in web communications and web design. A digital curriculum may include web-based skills, web-based core technologies, web design, use of digital technologies and markup language to show competency in computer skills, and use of web-based core technologies to design creative, informational, and content standards for webbased digital products that demonstrate proficiency in creating, publishing, testing, monitoring, and maintaining a website.
- (2) The digital materials curriculum instruction may be integrated into middle school and high school subject area curricula, or offered as a separate course, made available through open-access options, or deployed through online or digital computer applications, subject to available funding.
- (2) Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, each district school board, in consultation with the district school superintendent, shall make available digital and instructional materials, including software applications, to students with disabilities who are in prekindergarten through grade 12.
- (3) Subject to available funding, by December 1, 2013, the department shall contract with one or more technology companies,

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or affiliated nonprofit organizations, that have approved industry certifications identified on the Industry Certification Funding List or the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to s. 1003.492 or s. 1008.44, to develop a Florida Cyber Security Recognition and a Florida Digital Arts Recognition. The department shall notify each school district when the recognitions are developed and available. The recognitions shall be made available to all public elementary school students at no cost to the districts or charter schools.

- (a) Targeted knowledge and skills to be mastered for each recognition shall be identified by the department. Knowledge and skills may be demonstrated through student attainment of the below recognitions in particular content areas:
- 1. The Florida Cyber Security Recognition must be based upon an understanding of computer processing operations and, in most part, on cyber security skills that increase a student's cyber-safe practices.
- 2. The Florida Digital Arts Recognition must reflect a balance of skills in technology and the arts.
- (b) The technology companies or affiliated nonprofit organizations that provide the recognition must provide open access to materials for teaching and assessing the skills a student must acquire in order to earn a Florida Cyber Security Recognition or a Florida Digital Arts Recognition. The school district shall notify each elementary school advisory council of the methods of delivery of the open-access content and assessments. If there is no elementary school advisory council, notification must be provided to the district advisory council.
 - (4) Subject to available funding, by December 1, 2013, the

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department shall contract with one or more technology companies that have approved industry certifications identified on the Industry Certification Funding List or the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to s. 1003.492 or s. 1008.44, to develop a Florida Digital Tools Certificate to indicate a student's digital skills. The department shall notify each school district when the certificate is developed and available. The certificate shall be made available to all public middle grades students at no cost to the districts or charter schools.

- (a) Targeted skills to be mastered for the certificate include digital skills that are necessary to the student's academic work and skills the student may need in future employment. The skills must include, but are not limited to, word processing, spreadsheet display, and creation of presentations, including sound, text, and graphic presentations, consistent with industry certifications that are listed on the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to s. 1003.492.
- (b) A technology company that provides the certificate must provide open access to materials for teaching and assessing the skills necessary to earn the certificate. The school district shall notify each middle school advisory council of the methods of delivery of the open-access content and assessments for the certificate. If there is no middle school advisory council, notification must be provided to the district advisory council.
- (c) The Legislature intends that by July 1, 2018, on an annual basis, at least 75 percent of public middle grades students earn a Florida Digital Tools Certificate.
 - (5) (3) The Department of Education or a company contracted



with under subsection (4) shall provide technical assistance to shall develop a model digital curriculum to serve as a quide for district school boards in the implementation of this section. Technical assistance to districts shall include, but is not limited to, identification of digital resources, primarily openaccess resources, including digital curriculum, instructional materials, media assets, and other digital tools and applications; training mechanisms for teachers and others to facilitate integration of digital resources and technologies into instructional strategies; and model policies and procedures that support sustainable implementation practices development of a digital curriculum.

(6) (4) A district school board may seek partnerships with other school districts, private businesses, postsecondary institutions, or and consultants to offer classes and instruction to teachers and students to assist the school district in providing digital materials, recognitions, and certificates established pursuant to this section curriculum instruction.

(7) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.

======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 2 - 51

706 and insert:

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An act relating to K-20 education; amending s. 1000.03, F.S.; providing for comprehensive K-20 career and education planning; amending s. 1000.21, F.S.;

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providing that Next Generation Sunshine State Standards include specified common core standards; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; authorizing a district school board to appoint a governing board for a school district technical center; providing governing board membership and responsibilities; amending s. 1002.3105, F.S.; providing additional academically challenging curriculum options; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1002.37, F.S.; revising funding for the Florida Virtual School based on student completion of end-of-course assessments; repealing s. 1002.375, F.S., relating to an alternative credit for high school courses pilot project; amending s. 1002.45, F.S.; revising funding for virtual instruction programs based on student completion of end-of-course assessments; amending s. 1003.02, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1003.03, F.S.; revising implementation options to meet class size requirements; amending s. 1003.41, F.S.; revising requirements for the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards; repealing s. 1003.413, F.S., relating to the Florida Secondary School Redesign Act; amending s. 1003.4156, F.S.; revising middle grades promotion requirements; conforming provisions relating to the statewide, standardized assessment program; revising career and education planning course content; revising remediation strategies; amending s. 1003.4203, F.S.; requiring the availability of digital materials in prekindergarten through grade 12; providing for



739	digital	recognition	and	certificate	programs;	amending
740	s.					