The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By:	The Professional Sta	aff of the Committe	e on Transportation		
BILL:	SB 1480					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Latvala					
SUBJECT:	Interlocal Agreements					
DATE:	March 28, 2013	REVISED:				
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I. Summary:

In 2012, HB 599 required the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority (PSTA) and Hillsborough Area Regional Transit Authority (HART) to conduct a joint review to consider and identify opportunities for greater efficiencies and service improvements, and to provide a joint report to the legislature regarding results of the review.

The bill modifies the definition of "public agency" as used in the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act to provide that a public agency includes a public transit provider.

This bill amends section 163.01, F.S.

II. Present Situation:

Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority (PSTA)

The Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority, formerly known as Central Pinellas Transit Authority (CPTA), was created by the "Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority Law" by special act of the Legislature in 1970. Service began in 1973. In 1982 the Central Pinellas Transit Authority was renamed Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority (PSTA) to more clearly describe the area served. In 1984 PSTA expanded the service area by merging with the St. Petersburg Municipal Transit System. PSTA serves most of the unincorporated area and 21 of the county's 24 municipalities, covering 98 percent of the county's population and 97 percent of its land area. The service area is specifically defined in law.

¹ Chapters 70-907, 82-368, 82-416, 90-449, 91-338, 94-433, 94-438, 99-440, 00-424, and 02-341, L.O.F.

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Hillsborough Area Regional Transit Authority (HART)

The Hillsborough Transit Authority, operating and also known as Hillsborough Area Regional Transit Authority, or HART, was created as a body politic and corporate under Chapter 163, Part V, Sections 163.567, et seq., Florida Statutes, on October 3, 1979.², HART was chartered for the purpose of providing mass transit service to its two charter members, the City of Tampa and the unincorporated areas of Hillsborough County. The Authority may admit to membership any county or municipality contiguous to one of its members upon application and after approval by a majority vote of the entire Board of Directors. The City of Temple Terrace has been admitted as a member of the Authority.

In 2012, the Legislature passed HB 599⁴ providing legislative intent to encourage and facilitate a review by PSTA and HART in order to search for possible improvements in regional transit connectivity and implementation of operational efficiencies and service enhancements that are consistent with the regional approach to transit identified in the Tampa Bay Area Regional Transportation Authority's (TBARTA) Regional Transportation Master Plan.⁵ The Legislature found that improvements and efficiencies can best be achieved through a joint review, evaluation, and recommendations by PSTA and HART.

HB 599 required the governing bodies or a designated subcommittee of both PSTA and HART to hold joint meetings in order to consider and identify opportunities for greater efficiency and service improvements, including specific methods for increasing service connectivity between jurisdictions of each agency. The elements to be reviewed must also include:

- governance structure, including governing board membership, terms, responsibilities, officers, powers, duties, and responsibilities;
- funding options and implementation;
- facilities ownership and management;
- current financial obligations and resources; and
- actions to be taken that are consistent with TBARTA's master plan.

The bill required PSTA and HART jointly submit a report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate by February 1, 2013, on the elements described above. The report was required to include proposed legislation to implement each recommendation and specific recommendations concerning the reorganization of each agency,

² Sections 163.565 – 163.572, F.S., the Regional Transportation Authority Law, authorize the creation of regional transportation authorities by any two or more contiguous counties, cities or other political subdivisions. This law was created in the early 1970's to create the HART (Hillsborough Area Regional Transit) line transit agency in Hillsborough County and has not been used to create any other agency. The law provides for a charter committee to be formed consisting of representatives of the affected local governments (by population formula) to develop a charter defining the powers and duties of the transportation authority and submit the charter to the Department of State. Once the charter is filed the Governor must appoint two members to the board of directors of the transportation authority. The remaining membership of the board of directors is made up of representatives of the local governments. The authority is authorized to incur debt, levy taxes (up to 3 mills ad valorem tax, with county commission approval and by a majority of voters in the affected area), and has limited eminent domain powers.

³ This should not be confused with the statutory language in ch. 343, F.S., which creates other regional transportation authorities including TBARTA.

⁴ Ch 2012-174, L.O.F.

⁵ A copy of TBARTA's Master Plan is available athttp://www.tbarta.com/update (Last visited March 28, 2013).

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the organizational merger of both agencies, or the consolidation of functions within and between each agency. The report was submitted on or about January 28, 2013.

One of the scenarios presented in the report was the establishment of a joint powers agency.⁶ Attached to the report, required by HB 599, was a legal opinion from the General Counsels of PSTA and HART discussing legal issues arising out of the consolidation study. One conclusion of the memorandum was transit authorities do not have the statutory authority to enter into joint power agreements.⁷

Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act

The Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act⁸ authorizes public agencies "of this state to exercise jointly with public agency of the state, of any other state or the United States government any power, privilege or authority which such agencies share in common and which might each exercise separately." The joint exercise of power is to be made by contract in the form of an interlocal agreement. Pursuant to the statute, the agreements may address numerous terms and conditions including the agreement's purpose and duration, personnel and financial issues, purchasing and contracting powers, accountability measures, and dispute resolution processes.¹⁰

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends s. 163.01(3)(b), F.S. modifying the definition of "public agency" as used in the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act to provide that a public agency includes a public transit provider. This will allow public transit providers, such as PSTA and HART, to enter into interlocal agreements.

The bill has an effective date of July 1, 2013.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None. This bill does not appear to require counties or municipalities to spend funds or take action requiring the expenditures of funds; reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenues in the aggregate; or reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

⁶ PSTA/HART Consolidation Study, Copy on file with the Transportation & Highway Safety Subcommittee.

⁷ November 16, 2012, Report of General Counsels regarding Legal Issues Arising out of Consolidation Study. Copy on file with the Transportation Committee.

⁸ S. 163.01, F.S.

⁹ S. 163.01(4), F.S.

¹⁰ S. 163.01(5), F.S.

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None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

After entering into interlocal agreements, public transit providers may see a reduction in expenditures due to efficiencies or service improvements. However, any reduction would depend upon the specific interlocal agreement.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.