29

An act relating to education; amending ss. 288.8175 and 1000.21, F.S.; renaming Brevard Community College as "Eastern Florida State College"; repealing s. 1001.27, F.S., relating to a state satellite network; amending s. 1001.28, F.S.; deleting a duty of the Department of Education to manage the state's satellite transponder resources; amending s. 1001.281, F.S.; revising funds deposited in the Operating Trust Fund; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; revising district school board duties relating to virtual instruction; amending s. 1002.3305, F.S.; revising a definition; authorizing the state's program of education to receive state and federal funding that may be transferred between state agencies to provide for operations of the college-preparatory boarding academy; authorizing the college-preparatory boarding academy to enter into an agreement with the Department of Children and Families to admit certain students and to develop an alternative admissions process; amending s. 1002.37, F.S.; revising and clarifying requirements for reporting and funding a full-time equivalent student in the Florida Virtual School; providing requirements for funding a home education student enrolled in the Florida Virtual School; requiring the school district in which a student is enrolled to report the courses delivered by the Florida Virtual School on a public school campus; providing reporting requirements relating to Florida Virtual School

31 32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40 41

42

43

44 45

46

47

48 49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

20131514er

Global; amending s. 1002.45, F.S.; authorizing a school district to provide part-time virtual instruction for K-12 students in all courses; revising requirements for the use of virtual instruction in core-curricula courses for the purpose of meeting class size requirements; authorizing a district to report full-time equivalent membership for credit earned by a student who is enrolled in a virtual education course under certain circumstances; revising requirements for approval as a provider of virtual instruction programs; providing requirements for conditional approval; revising and clarifying the requirements for reporting and funding a full-time equivalent student enrolled in a virtual instruction program; amending s. 1003.498, F.S.; requiring the Department of Education to provide identifiers for courses to designate their use for blended learning courses; authorizing a district to report full-time equivalent membership for credit earned by a student who is enrolled in a virtual education course under certain circumstances; removing restrictions on students taking online courses across district lines; clarifying the requirements for reporting a full-time equivalent student; prohibiting a school district from requiring a public school student to take an online course at certain times or places; amending s. 1006.29, F.S.; requiring the department to publish technology requirements related to instructional materials; amending s. 1006.73, F.S.; revising

60

61

62

63

64 65

66

67

68

6970

71

72

73

74

75

76 77

78

79

80

81

82

83

8485

86

87

20131514er

purposes, duties, and responsibilities of the Florida Virtual Campus; amending s. 1007.271, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the full-time equivalent student membership value for dual enrolled students; revising dual enrollment articulation agreement requirements; revising funding provisions delineating costs incurred by the institution providing instruction; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; revising the date in which the Board of Governors is required to submit a report regarding tuition differential; repealing s. 1010.79, F.S., relating to the Sophomore Level Test Trust Fund; terminating the Sophomore Level Test Trust Fund and providing for the transfer of funds and payment of outstanding obligations; amending s. 1010.81, F.S.; renaming the Knott Data Center Working Capital Trust Fund and revising the deposit and use of funds; amending s. 1011.61, F.S.; revising and clarifying the definition of a full-time equivalent student; revising provisions relating to funding based on student completion of end-of-course examinations; revising provisions relating to the maximum value for funding a student; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; revising the fiscal years in which certain school districts may use funds for supplemental academic instruction and research-based reading instruction to provide additional intensive reading instruction; revising provisions relating to the full-time equivalent student membership value for dual enrolled students; creating s. 1011.622, F.S.;

89

90

91 92

9394

95

96

97

98 99

100

101102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

20131514er

providing for funding adjustments for students without a common student identifier; amending ss. 1012.885, 1012.886, 1012.975, and 1012.976, F.S.; extending indefinitely provisions relating to remuneration of Florida College System institution presidents, Florida College System institution administrative employees, state university presidents, and state university administrative employees; specifying the formula to be used for the 2012-2013 fiscal year in calculating the alternate compliance calculation amounts to the class size operating categorical fund, notwithstanding certain other provisions of law; requiring that the Commissioner of Education modify payments to school districts; authorizing a school board or charter school board to distribute salary increases at any time before a specified month; authorizing a state university to enter into a local development agreement with an affected host local government for specified purposes; authorizing a university board of trustees to expend reserve or carryforward balances from previous years' appropriations for deferred maintenance needs at a specified civic center; requiring the Commissioner of Education to recalculate, and the principals of the Florida Education Finance Program Appropriation Allocation Conference to replicate, certain school district allocations by a specified date; providing a basis for the revised allocations; requiring the revised allocations to be calculated for certain districts and

_	20131514e:
117	lab schools; providing effective dates.
118	
119	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
120	
121	Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section
122	288.8175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
123	288.8175 Linkage institutes between postsecondary
124	institutions in this state and foreign countries
125	(4) The institutes are:
126	(e) Florida-China Institute (University of West Florida,
127	University of South Florida, and <u>Eastern Florida State</u> Brevard
128	Community College).
129	Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
130	1000.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
131	1000.21 Systemwide definitions.—As used in the Florida K-20
132	Education Code:
133	(3) "Florida College System institution" except as
134	otherwise specifically provided, includes all of the following
135	public postsecondary educational institutions in the Florida
136	College System and any branch campuses, centers, or other
137	affiliates of the institution:
138	(a) Eastern Florida State Brevard Community College, which
139	serves Brevard County.
140	Section 3. <u>Section 1001.27</u> , Florida Statutes, is repealed.
141	Section 4. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 1001.28,
142	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
143	1001.28 Distance learning duties.—The duties of the
144	Department of Education concerning distance learning include,
145	but are not limited to, the duty to:

(8) Manage the state's satellite transponder resources and enter into lease agreements to maximize the use of available transponder time. All net revenue realized through the leasing of available transponder time, after deducting the costs of performing the management function, shall be recycled to support the public education distance learning in this state based upon an allocation formula of one-third to the Department of Education, one-third to Florida College System institutions, and one-third to state universities.

(8) (9) Hire appropriate staff which may include a position that shall be exempt from part II of chapter 110 and is included in the Senior Management Service in accordance with s. 110.205.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to abrogate, supersede, alter, or amend the powers and duties of any state agency, district school board, Florida College System institution board of trustees, university board of trustees, the Board of Governors, or the State Board of Education.

Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 1001.281, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.281 Operating Trust Fund.-

(2) The fund is established for use as a depository for funds to be used for program operations funded by program revenues. Moneys to be credited to the trust fund include, but are not limited to, revenues received from the payment of fees associated with high school equivalency examinations leasing of available transponder time for the state's satellite transponder resources.

Section 6. Subsection (23) of section 1001.42, Florida

20131514er

Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

(23) FLORIDA VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION SCHOOL.—Provide students with access to courses available through a virtual instruction program option, including the Florida Virtual School and other approved providers, and award credit for successful completion of such courses. Access shall be available to students during and after the normal school day and through summer school enrollment.

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and subsections (7) and (10) of section 1002.3305, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.3305 College-Preparatory Boarding Academy Pilot Program for at-risk students.—

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Eligible student" means a student who is a resident of the state and entitled to attend school in a participating school district, is at risk of academic failure, is currently enrolled in grade 5 or 6, is from a family whose gross income is at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines, is eligible for benefits or services funded by Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) or Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, and who meets at least one of the following additional risk factors:
- 1. The child is in foster care or has been declared an adjudicated dependent by a court.
 - 2. The student's head of household is not the student's

204 custodial parent.

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

213

214

215

216217

218219

220

221

222

223

224225

226

227

228

229230

231

232

- 3. The student resides in a household that receives a housing voucher or has been determined eligible for public housing assistance.
- 4. A member of the student's immediate family has been incarcerated.
- 5. The child is covered under the terms of the state's Child Welfare Waiver Demonstration project with the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- (7) FUNDING.—The college-preparatory boarding academy must be a public school and part of the state's program of education. If The program may receive receives state and federal funding from noneducation sources, and such funds may be transferred between state agencies to provide for the operations of the program. The State Board of Education shall coordinate, streamline, and simplify any requirements to eliminate duplicate, redundant, or conflicting requirements and oversight by various governmental programs or agencies. Funding for the operation of the boarding academy is contingent on the development of a plan by the Department of Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Department of Children and Family Services which details how educational and noneducational funds that would otherwise be committed to the students in the school and their families can be repurposed to provide for the operation of the school and related services. Such plans must be based on federal and state funding streams for children and families meeting the eligibility criteria for eligible students as specified in paragraph (2)(b) and include recommendations for modifications to the criteria for eligible

20131514er

students which further the program's goals or improve the feasibility of using existing funding sources. The plan shall be submitted, together with relevant budget requests, through the legislative budget request process under s. 216.023 or through requests for budget amendments to the Legislative Budget Commission in accordance with s. 216.181.

(10) ADMISSION.—An eligible student may apply for admission to the program. If more eligible students apply for admission than the number of students permitted by the capacity established by the board of trustees, admission shall be determined by lottery. The college preparatory boarding academy may enter into an agreement with the Department of Children and Families to admit a designated number of students who are covered under the state's Child Welfare Waiver Demonstration project and develop an alternative admissions process for these eligible students.

Section 8. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (3), subsection (6), and paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.-

- (3) Funding for the Florida Virtual School shall be provided as follows:
- (a)1. For a student in grades 9 through 12, a "full-time equivalent student" is one student who has successfully completed six full-credit courses that count toward the minimum number of credits required for high school graduation. A student who completes fewer than six full-credit courses is a fraction of a full-time equivalent student. Half-credit course completions shall be included in determining a full-time

equivalent student. Credit completed by a student in excess of the minimum required for that student for high school graduation is not eligible for funding.

- 2. For a student in kindergarten through grade 8, a "full-time equivalent student" is one student who has successfully completed six courses or the prescribed level of content that counts toward promotion to the next grade. A student who completes fewer than six courses or the prescribed level of content shall be a fraction of a full-time equivalent student.
- 3. For a student in a home education program, funding shall be provided in accordance with this subsection upon course completion if the parent verifies, upon enrollment for each course, that the student is registered with the school district as a home education student pursuant to s. 1002.41(1)(a).

 Beginning in the 2016-2017 2014-2015 fiscal year, when s. 1008.22(3)(g) is implemented, the reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if after the student does not pass completes the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for home education program students who choose not to take an end-of-course assessment or for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

For purposes of this paragraph, the calculation of "full-time equivalent student" shall be as prescribed in s.

289 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(V) and is subject to the requirements in s.

290 1011.61(4).

20131514er

- (d) Full-time equivalent student credit completion for courses offered through the Florida Virtual School shall be reported only by the Florida Virtual School. School districts shall report full-time equivalent student membership only for courses for which the district provides the instruction. Courses delivered by the Florida Virtual School on a public school campus shall be reported only by the school district in which the student is enrolled.
- (6) The board of trustees shall annually submit to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education a complete and detailed report setting forth:
- (a) The operations and accomplishments of the Florida Virtual School within the state and those occurring outside the state as Florida Virtual School Global.
- (b) The marketing and operational plan for the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, including recommendations regarding methods for improving the delivery of education through the Internet and other distance learning technology.
- (c) The assets and liabilities of the Florida Virtual School $\underline{\text{and Florida Virtual School Global}}$ at the end of the fiscal year.
- (d) A copy of an annual financial audit of the accounts and records of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, conducted by an independent certified public accountant and performed in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General.
 - (e) Recommendations regarding the unit cost of providing

services to students through the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global. In order to most effectively develop public policy regarding any future funding of the Florida Virtual School, it is imperative that the cost of the program is accurately identified. The identified cost of the program must be based on reliable data.

(f) Recommendations regarding an accountability mechanism to assess the effectiveness of the services provided by the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global.

(8)

(b) For students receiving part-time instruction in kindergarten through grade 5 and students receiving full-time instruction in kindergarten through grade 12 from the Florida Virtual School, the <u>full-time equivalent student enrollment</u> calculated under this subsection is subject to the requirements in s. 1011.61(4) combined total of all FTE reported by both the school district and the Florida Virtual School may not exceed 1.0 FTE.

Section 9. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), and subsection (7) of section 1002.45, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.45 Virtual instruction programs.

- (1) PROGRAM.—
- (b) Each school district that is eligible for the sparsity supplement pursuant to s. 1011.62(7)(a) and (b) shall provide all enrolled public school students within its boundaries the option of participating in part-time and full-time virtual instruction programs. Each school district that is not eligible for the sparsity supplement pursuant to s. 1011.62(7)(a) and (b)

20131514er

shall provide at least three options for part-time and full-time virtual instruction. All school districts must provide parents with timely written notification of at least one open enrollment period for full-time students of 90 days or more which ends 30 days before the first day of the school year. The purpose of the program is to make quality virtual instruction available to students using online and distance learning technology in the nontraditional classroom. A school district virtual instruction program shall consist of the following:

- 1. Full-time <u>and part-time</u> virtual instruction for students enrolled in kindergarten through grade 12.
- 2. Part-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in kindergarten through grade 12 courses that are measured pursuant to subparagraph (8)(a)2.
- 2.3. Full-time or part-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in dropout prevention and academic intervention programs under s. 1003.53, Department of Juvenile Justice education programs under s. 1003.52, core-curricula courses to meet class size requirements under s. 1003.03, or Florida College System institutions under this section.
- (c) To provide students with the option of participating in virtual instruction programs as required by paragraph (b), a school district may:
- 1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School or establish a franchise of the Florida Virtual School for the provision of a program under paragraph (b). Using this option is subject to the requirements of this section and s. $\underline{1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(III)}$ and $\underline{(IV)}$ and $\underline{(4)}$. A district may report full-time equivalent student membership for credit earned by a student who is enrolled in a

20131514er

virtual education course provided by the district which was completed after the end of the regular school year if the FTE is reported no later than the deadline for amending the final student membership report for that year 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(III) and (IV).

- 2. Contract with an approved provider under subsection (2) for the provision of a full-time or part-time program under paragraph (b) subparagraph (b) 1. or subparagraph (b) 3. or a part-time program under subparagraph (b) 2. or subparagraph (b) 3.
- 3. Enter into an agreement with other school districts to allow the participation of its students in an approved virtual instruction program provided by the other school district. The agreement must indicate a process for the transfer of funds required by paragraph (7)(f).
- 4. Establish school district operated part-time or full-time kindergarten through grade 12 virtual instruction programs under paragraph (b) for students enrolled in the school district. A full-time program shall operate under its own Master School Identification Number.
- 5. Enter into an agreement with a virtual charter school authorized by the school district under s. 1002.33.

Contracts under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. may include multidistrict contractual arrangements that may be executed by a regional consortium for its member districts. A multidistrict contractual arrangement or an agreement under subparagraph 3. is not subject to s. 1001.42(4)(d) and does not require the participating school districts to be contiguous. These arrangements may be used to fulfill the requirements of

407 paragraph (b).

408

409

410

411

412

413414

415

416

417

418

419 420

421

422423

424

425

426427

428429

430

431

432

433

434

435

- (d) A virtual charter school may provide full-time virtual instruction for students in kindergarten through grade 12 if the virtual charter school has a charter approved pursuant to s. 1002.33 authorizing full-time virtual instruction. A virtual charter school may:
 - 1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School.
 - 2. Contract with an approved provider under subsection (2).
- 3. Enter into an agreement with a school district to allow the participation of the virtual charter school's students in the school district's virtual instruction program. The agreement must indicate a process for reporting of student enrollment and the transfer of funds required by paragraph (7)(f).
 - (2) PROVIDER QUALIFICATIONS.-
- (a) The department shall annually publish online a list of providers approved to offer virtual instruction programs. To be approved by the department, a provider must document that it:
- 1. Is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and operations;
- 2. Complies with the antidiscrimination provisions of s. 1000.05;
- 3. Locates an administrative office or offices in this state, requires its administrative staff to be state residents, requires all instructional staff to be Florida-certified teachers under chapter 1012_{τ} and conducts background screenings for all employees or contracted personnel, as required by s. 1012.32, using state and national criminal history records;
- 4. Provides to parents and students specific information posted and accessible online that includes, but is not limited

20131514er

- to, the following teacher-parent and teacher-student contact information for each course:
- a. How to contact the instructor via phone, e-mail, or online messaging tools.
- b. How to contact technical support via phone, e-mail, or online messaging tools.
- c. How to contact the administration office via phone, e-mail, or online messaging tools.
- d. Any requirement for regular contact with the instructor for the course and clear expectations for meeting the requirement.
- e. The requirement that the instructor in each course must, at a minimum, conduct one contact via phone with the parent and the student each month.
- 5.4. Possesses prior, successful experience offering online courses to elementary, middle, or high school students as demonstrated by quantified student learning gains in each subject area and grade level provided for consideration as an instructional program option. However, for a provider without sufficient prior, successful experience offering online courses, the department may conditionally approve the provider to offer courses measured pursuant to subparagraph (8) (a) 2. Conditional approval shall be valid for 1 school year only and, based on the provider's experience in offering the courses, the department shall determine whether to grant approval to offer a virtual instruction program;
- $\underline{6.5.}$ Is accredited by a regional accrediting association as defined by State Board of Education rule;
 - 7.6. Ensures instructional and curricular quality through a

466

467

468

469

470471

472

473

474 475

476

477

478

479480

481

482 483

484

485 486

487

488

489

492

493

20131514er

detailed curriculum and student performance accountability plan that addresses every subject and grade level it intends to provide through contract with the school district, including:

- a. Courses and programs that meet the standards of the International Association for K-12 Online Learning and the Southern Regional Education Board.
- b. Instructional content and services that align with, and measure student attainment of, student proficiency in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.
- c. Mechanisms that determine and ensure that a student has satisfied requirements for grade level promotion and high school graduation with a standard diploma, as appropriate;
- 8.7. Publishes for the general public, in accordance with disclosure requirements adopted in rule by the State Board of Education, as part of its application as a provider and in all contracts negotiated pursuant to this section:
- a. Information and data about the curriculum of each full-time and part-time program.
 - b. School policies and procedures.
- c. Certification status and physical location of all administrative and instructional personnel.
- d. Hours and times of availability of instructional personnel.
 - e. Student-teacher ratios.
 - f. Student completion and promotion rates.
- g. Student, educator, and school performance accountability outcomes;
 - 9.8. If the provider is a Florida College System institution, employs instructors who meet the certification

20131514er

requirements for instructional staff under chapter 1012; and 10.9. Performs an annual financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant which is in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General, is conducted in compliance with generally accepted auditing standards, and includes a report on financial statements presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

- (7) VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION PROGRAM AND VIRTUAL CHARTER SCHOOL FUNDING.—
- (a) Students enrolled in a virtual instruction program or a virtual charter school shall be funded through the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in the General Appropriations Act. However, such funds may not be provided for the purpose of fulfilling the class size requirements in ss. 1003.03 and 1011.685.
- (b) For purposes of a virtual instruction program or a virtual charter school, "full-time equivalent student" has the same meaning as provided in s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(III) or (IV).
- (c) For a student enrolled in a kindergarten through grade 12 virtual instruction program, a "full-time equivalent student" has the same meaning as provided in s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(III) and (IV).
- (d) The full-time equivalent student membership calculated under this subsection is subject to the requirements in s.

 1011.61(4). A student may not be reported as more than 1.0 full-time equivalent student in any given school year.
- (e) Beginning in the 2016-2017 2014-2015 fiscal year, when s. 1008.22(3) (g) is implemented, the reported full-time

20131514er

equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if after the student does not pass completes the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

- (f) The school district providing virtual instruction shall report full-time equivalent students for a virtual instruction program or a virtual charter school to the department in a manner prescribed by the department, and funding shall be provided through the Florida Education Finance Program.
- (g) A Florida College System institution provider may not report students who are served in a virtual instruction program for funding under the Florida College System Program Fund.

Section 10. Section 1003.498, Florida Statues, is amended to read:

1003.498 School district virtual course offerings.-

(1) School districts may deliver courses in the traditional school setting by personnel certified pursuant to s. 1012.55 who provide direct instruction through virtual instruction or through blended learning courses consisting of both traditional classroom and online instructional techniques. Students in a blended learning course must be full-time students of the school and receive the online instruction in a classroom setting at the school. The funding, performance, and accountability requirements for blended learning courses are the same as those for traditional courses. To facilitate the delivery and coding of blended learning courses, the department shall provide

20131514er

being used for blended learning courses for the purpose of ensuring the efficient reporting of such courses. A district may report full-time equivalent student membership for credit earned by a student who is enrolled in a virtual education course provided by the district which is completed after the end of the regular school year if the FTE is reported no later than the deadline for amending the final student membership report for that year.

- (2) School districts may offer virtual courses for students enrolled in the school district. These courses must be identified in the course code directory. Students who meet the eligibility requirements of s. 1002.455 may participate in these virtual course offerings.
- (a) Any eligible student who is enrolled in a school district may register and enroll in an online course offered by his or her school district.
- (b) $\underline{1.}$ Any eligible student who is enrolled in a school district may register and enroll in an online course offered by any other school district in the state, except as limited by the following:
- 1. A student may not enroll in a course offered through a virtual instruction program provided pursuant to s. 1002.45.
- 2. A student may not enroll in a virtual course offered by another school district if:
- a. The course is offered online by the school district in which the student resides; or
- b. The course is offered in the school in which the student is enrolled. However, a student may enroll in an online course

20131514er

offered by another school district if the school in which the student is enrolled offers the course but the student is unable to schedule the course in his or her school.

- 3. The school district in which the student completes the course shall report the student's completion of that course for funding pursuant to s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(VI), and the home school district shall not report the student for funding for that course.
- 2. The full-time equivalent student membership calculated under this subsection is subject to the requirements in s.

 1011.61(4). For purposes of this paragraph, the combined total of all school district reported FTE may not be reported as more than 1.0 full-time equivalent student in any given school year. The Department of Education shall establish procedures to enable interdistrict coordination for the delivery and funding of this online option.
- (3) A school district may not require a public school student to take a course outside the school day that is in addition to the student's courses for a given term or on school grounds.

Section 11. Present subsection (4) of section 1006.29, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (5), and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

1006.29 State instructional materials reviewers.-

(4) By October 1, 2013, the department shall publish minimum and recommended technology requirements that include specifications for hardware, software, networking, security, and guidelines on the number of students per device necessary to ensure that students can access all electronic and digital

20131514er

instructional materials.

Section 12. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (1), subsection (2), paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (5), and subsection (6) of section 1006.73, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (i) is added to subsection (5) of that section, to read:

1006.73 Florida Virtual Campus.—

- (1) The Florida Virtual Campus is established to provide access to online student and library support services and to serve as a statewide resource and clearinghouse for public postsecondary education distance learning courses and degree programs. The primary purposes of the Florida Virtual Campus are to:
- (b) Provide information and Enhance and expand educational access to distance learning courses and degree programs offered by the state's and increase public postsecondary education institutions degree attainment across the state.
- (c) Coordinate with the Florida College System and the State University System to identify and provide online academic support services and resources when the multi-institutional provision of such services and resources is more cost or operationally effective. Address the educational needs of traditional students, place-bound students, time-bound students, and adult learners.
- (d) Increase workforce skills and expand professional development opportunities.
- (2) The chancellors of the Florida College System and the State University System shall exercise joint oversight of the Florida Virtual Campus and shall establish its governance and

20131514er

reporting structure, administrative and operational guidelines and processes, staffing requirements, and operational budget. Effective January 31, 2014, all data center services needed by the Florida Virtual Campus shall be provided by the Northwest Regional Data Center a primary data center established pursuant to s. ss. 282.201 and 1004.649. The chancellors may delegate the authority and responsibility granted in this subsection.

- (a) In carrying out the purposes of this section:
- 1. The campus is not an "agency" as defined in s. 20.03(11) and is not subject to chapter 287.
- 2. The campus shall be deemed to be acting as an instrumentality of the state for purposes of sovereign immunity pursuant to s. 768.28(2).
- 3. All records of the campus are public records unless made confidential or exempt from law.
- (b) The campus shall maintain an unencumbered balance of not less than 5 percent of its approved operating budget.
- (c) The campus may secure comprehensive general liability coverage, professional liability coverage, property and casualty coverage, and any other insurance coverage deemed appropriate by the chancellors.
- (d) The campus may contract for administrative services with a public postsecondary education institution. The administrative overhead costs charged by the institution may not exceed the actual cost of providing the services and shall require a specific appropriation in the General Appropriations Act.
 - (5) The Florida Virtual Campus shall:
 - (b) Develop and manage a statewide Internet-based catalog

20131514er

of distance learning courses, degree programs, and resources offered by public postsecondary education institutions which is intended to assist in the coordination and collaboration of articulation and access pursuant to parts II and III of chapter 1007. The campus shall establish operational guidelines and procedures for the catalog which must:

- 1. Require participating institutions to provide information concerning the distance learning course or degree program to include course number and classification of instructional programs number and information on the availability of the course or degree program; the type of required technology; any prerequisite course or technology competency or skill; the availability of academic support services and financial aid resources; and course costs, fees, and payment policies.
- 2. Require that distance learning courses and degree programs meet applicable accreditation standards and criteria.
- 3. Require that, at a minimum, the catalog is reviewed at the start of each academic semester to ensure that distance learning courses and degree programs comply with all operational guidelines and procedures.
- 4. Define and describe the catalog's search and retrieval options that, at a minimum, will allow users to search by academic term or course start date; institution, multiple institutions, or all institutions; and course or program delivery method, course type, course availability, subject or discipline, and course number or classification of instructional programs number.
 - 5.4. Use an Internet-based analytic tool that allows for

20131514er

the collection and analysis of data, including, but not limited to:

- a. The number and type of students who use the catalog to search for distance learning courses and degree programs.
- b. The number and type of requests for information on distance learning courses and degree programs that are not listed in the catalog.
- c. A summary of specific requests by course type or course number, delivery method, offering institution, and semester.
- $\underline{6.5.}$ Periodically obtain and analyze data from the Florida College System and the State University System concerning:
 - a. Costs of distance learning courses and degree programs.
- b. <u>Completion</u>, graduation, and retention rates of students enrolled in distance learning course and degree programs.
 - c. Distance learning course completion.
- (c) Implement a streamlined, automated, online admissions application process for undergraduate transient students who are currently enrolled and pursuing a degree at a public postsecondary education institution and who enroll in a course offered by a public postsecondary education institution that is not the student's degree-granting institution. The Florida Virtual Campus shall work with the Florida College System and the State University System to implement this process which requires all Florida College System institutions and state universities to:
- 1. Use the transient student admissions application available through the statewide computer-assisted student advising system established pursuant to paragraph (d). This admissions application is the only application required for the

20131514er

enrollment of a transient student as described in this paragraph.

- 2. Implement the financial aid procedures required by the transient student admissions application process.
- 3. Transfer credit awarded by the institutions offering the course to the transient student's degree-granting institution.
- 4. By December 1, 2012, Provide for an interface between the institutional advising system and the statewide computerassisted student advising system established pursuant to paragraph (d) in order to electronically send, receive, and process the transient student admissions application.
- (i) In consultation with the public postsecondary education institutions, develop and implement a plan that describes the services and resources available at the Florida Virtual Campus to encourage current and prospective students' use of such services and resources.
- (6) Beginning September 30, 2013, and annually thereafter, the chancellors of the Florida College System and the State University System shall jointly publish a report regarding the activities of the Florida Virtual Campus in the prior fiscal year. The report shall include, but not be limited to, information related to the provision of library services and electronic resources, to include those resources licensed pursuant to s. 1006.72; distance learning resources; the computer-assisted student advising system; the transient student online admissions process; and other provided programs, activities, and services.

Section 13. Subsections (2) and (4) and paragraph (n) of subsection (21) of section 1007.271, Florida Statutes, are

amended to read:

755

756

757

758

759

760

761

762

763

764

765 766

767

768

769

770771

772

773

774

775

776

777

778

779

780 781

782

783

1007.271 Dual enrollment programs.

(2) For the purpose of this section, an eligible secondary student is a student who is enrolled in a Florida public secondary school or in a Florida private secondary school which is in compliance with s. 1002.42(2) and provides a secondary curriculum pursuant to s. 1003.428, s. 1003.429, or s. 1003.43. Students who are eligible for dual enrollment pursuant to this section may enroll in dual enrollment courses conducted during school hours, after school hours, and during the summer term. However, if the student is projected to graduate from high school before the scheduled completion date of a postsecondary course, the student may not register for that course through dual enrollment. The student may apply to the postsecondary institution and pay the required registration, tuition, and fees if the student meets the postsecondary institution's admissions requirements under s. 1007.263. Instructional time for dual enrollment may vary from 900 hours; however, the full-time equivalent student membership value shall be subject to the provisions in school district may only report the student for a maximum of 1.0 FTE, as provided in s. 1011.61(4). Any student enrolled as a dual enrollment student is exempt from the payment of registration, tuition, and laboratory fees. Vocationalpreparatory instruction, college-preparatory instruction, and other forms of precollegiate instruction, as well as physical education courses that focus on the physical execution of a skill rather than the intellectual attributes of the activity, are ineligible for inclusion in the dual enrollment program. Recreation and leisure studies courses shall be evaluated

20131514er

individually in the same manner as physical education courses for potential inclusion in the program.

- (4) District school boards may not refuse to enter into a dual enrollment articulation agreement with a local Florida College System institution if that Florida College System institution has the capacity to offer dual enrollment courses. A Florida College System institution may limit dual enrollment participation based upon capacity. Such limitation must be clearly specified in the dual enrollment articulation agreement.
- (21) Each district school superintendent and Florida
 College System institution president shall develop a
 comprehensive dual enrollment articulation agreement for the
 respective school district and Florida College System
 institution. The superintendent and president shall establish an
 articulation committee for the purpose of developing the
 agreement. Each state university president may designate a
 university representative to participate in the development of a
 dual enrollment articulation agreement. A dual enrollment
 articulation agreement shall be completed and submitted annually
 by the Florida College System institution to the Department of
 Education on or before August 1. The agreement must include, but
 is not limited to:
- (n) A funding provision that delineates costs incurred by each entity. School districts shall pay the standard tuition rate per credit hour from funds provided in the Florida

 Education Finance Program to the institution providing instruction when such instruction takes place on the postsecondary campus should share funding to cover instructional and support costs incurred by the postsecondary institution.

20131514er

When dual enrollment is provided on the high school site by postsecondary institution faculty, the school district shall reimburse the costs associated with the proportion of salary and benefits and other actual costs of the postsecondary institution to provide the instruction. When dual enrollment is provided on the high school site by school district faculty, the school district shall be responsible only for the postsecondary institution's actual costs associated with offering the program. A postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement with the school district to authorize teachers who teach dual enrollment courses at the high school site or the postsecondary institution. A school district may not deny a student access to dual enrollment unless the student is ineligible to participate in the program subject to provisions specifically outlined in this section.

Section 14. Paragraph (e) of subsection (16) of section 1009.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.24 State university student fees.-

- (16) Each university board of trustees may establish a tuition differential for undergraduate courses upon receipt of approval from the Board of Governors. The tuition differential shall promote improvements in the quality of undergraduate education and shall provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need.
- (e) The Board of Governors shall submit a report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor describing the implementation of the provisions of this subsection no later than February 1 of January 1, 2010, and no later than January 1 each year

20131514er

thereafter. The report shall summarize proposals received by the board during the preceding fiscal year and actions taken by the board in response to such proposals. In addition, the report shall provide the following information for each university that has been approved by the board to assess a tuition differential:

- 1. The course or courses for which the tuition differential was assessed and the amount assessed.
- 2. The total revenues generated by the tuition differential.
- 3. With respect to waivers authorized under subparagraph (b)8., the number of students eligible for a waiver, the number of students receiving a waiver, and the value of waivers provided.
- 4. Detailed expenditures of the revenues generated by the tuition differential.
- 5. Changes in retention rates, graduation rates, the percentage of students graduating with more than 110 percent of the hours required for graduation, pass rates on licensure examinations, the number of undergraduate course offerings, the percentage of undergraduate students who are taught by faculty, student-faculty ratios, and the average salaries of faculty who teach undergraduate courses.
- Section 15. Section 1010.79, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

 Section 16. (1) The Sophomore Level Test Trust Fund, FLAIR

 number 48-2-646, within the Department of Education is

 terminated.
- (2) All current balances remaining in, and all revenues of, the trust fund shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.
 - (3) The Department of Education shall pay any outstanding

20131514er

debts or obligations of the terminated trust fund as soon as practicable, and the Chief Financial Officer shall close out and remove the terminated trust fund from the various state accounting systems using generally accepted accounting principles concerning warrants outstanding, assets, and liabilities.

Section 17. Section 1010.81, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1010.81 Education Knott Data Center Working Capital Trust Fund.—Chapter 99-29, Laws of Florida, re-created The Education Knott Data Center Working Capital Trust Fund shall be administered by the Department of Education as a depository for funds received to record the revenue from fees paid for services provided by the department's technology office, interest earnings, and cash advances from customer entities. Moneys deposited in the trust fund shall be used to fund the services provided by the department's technology office Department of Education's data center and disbursements to pay the costs of operating the data center as authorized in s. 216.272.

Section 18. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and subsection (4) of section 1011.61, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1011.61 Definitions.—Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 1000.21, the following terms are defined as follows for the purposes of the Florida Education Finance Program:

- (1) A "full-time equivalent student" in each program of the district is defined in terms of full-time students and part-time students as follows:
 - (c) 1. A "full-time equivalent student" is:
 - a. A full-time student in any one of the programs listed in

s. 1011.62(1)(c); or

b. A combination of full-time or part-time students in any one of the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) which is the equivalent of one full-time student based on the following calculations:

- (I) A full-time student in a combination of programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) shall be a fraction of a full-time equivalent membership in each <u>special</u> program equal to the number of net hours per school year for which he or she is a member, divided by the appropriate number of hours set forth in subparagraph (a)1. or subparagraph (a)2. The difference between that fraction or sum of fractions and the maximum value as set forth in subsection (4) for each full-time student is presumed to be the balance of the student's time not spent in a special program and shall be recorded as time in the appropriate basic program. The sum of the fractions for each program may not exceed the maximum value set forth in subsection (4).
- (II) A prekindergarten student with a disability shall meet the requirements specified for kindergarten students.
- (III) A full-time equivalent student for students in kindergarten through grade 12 in a full-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 or a virtual charter school under s. 1002.33 shall consist of six full-credit completions or the prescribed level of content that counts toward promotion to the next grade in programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c). Credit completions may be a combination of full-credit courses or half-credit courses. Beginning in the 2016-2017 2014-2015 fiscal year, when s. 1008.22(3)(g) is implemented, the reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students

20131514er

enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment <u>under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school</u> <u>diploma</u> shall be adjusted <u>if after</u> the student <u>does not pass completes</u> the end-of-course assessment. <u>However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.</u>

- (IV) A full-time equivalent student for students in kindergarten through grade 12 in a part-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 shall consist of six full-credit completions in programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c)1. and 3. Credit completions may be a combination of full-credit courses or half-credit courses. Beginning in the 2016-2017 2014-2015 fiscal year, when s. 1008.22(3)(g) is implemented, the reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if after the student does not pass completes the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.
- (V) A Florida Virtual School full-time equivalent student shall consist of six full-credit completions or the prescribed level of content that counts toward promotion to the next grade in the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c)1. and 3. for students participating in kindergarten through grade 12 part-time virtual instruction and the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) for students participating in kindergarten through grade 12 full-time virtual instruction. Credit completions may be a combination of full-credit courses or half-credit courses.

20131514er

Beginning in the 2016-2017 2014-2015 fiscal year, when s. 1008.22(3)(g) is implemented, the reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if after the student does not pass completes the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

(VI) Each successfully completed full-credit course earned through an online course delivered by a district other than the one in which the student resides shall be calculated as 1/6 FTE.

(VII) Each successfully completed credit earned under the alternative high school course credit requirements authorized in s. 1002.375, which is not reported as a portion of the 900 net hours of instruction pursuant to subparagraph (1)(a)1., shall be calculated as 1/6 FTE.

(VII) (VIII) (A) A full-time equivalent student for courses requiring passage of a statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(e)2.a. shall be defined and reported based on the number of instructional hours as provided in this subsection until the 2016-2017 fiscal year for the first 3 years of administering the end-of-course assessment. Beginning in the 2016-2017 fiscal year fourth year of administering the end-of-course assessment, the FTE for the course shall be assessment-based credit-based and each course shall be equal to 1/6 FTE. The reported FTE shall be adjusted if after the student does not pass successfully completes the end-of-course

20131514er

assessment pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(c)2.a. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

(VIII) (B) For students enrolled in a school district as a full-time student, the district may report 1/6 FTE for each student who passes a statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment without being enrolled in the corresponding course.

- (C) The FTE earned under this sub-sub-subparagraph and any FTE for courses or programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) that do not require passing a statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment are subject to the requirements in subsection (4).
- 2. A student in membership in a program scheduled for more or less than 180 school days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education is a fraction of a full-time equivalent membership equal to the number of instructional hours in membership divided by the appropriate number of hours set forth in subparagraph (a)1.; however, for the purposes of this subparagraph, membership in programs scheduled for more than 180 days is limited to students enrolled in:
 - a. Juvenile justice education programs.
 - b. and The Florida Virtual School.
- c. Virtual instruction programs and virtual charter schools for the purpose of course completion and credit recovery pursuant to ss. 1002.45 and 1003.498. Course completion applies only to a student who is reported during the second or third membership surveys and who does not complete a virtual education course by the end of the regular school year. The course must be completed no later than the deadline for amending the final

student enrollment survey for that year. Credit recovery applies only to a student who has unsuccessfully completed a traditional or virtual education course during the regular school year and must re-take the course in order to be eligible to graduate with the student's class.

3. The department shall determine and implement an equitable method of equivalent funding for experimental schools and for schools operating under emergency conditions, which schools have been approved by the department to operate for less than the minimum school day.

- The full-time equivalent student enrollment calculated under this subsection is subject to the requirements in subsection (4).
- (4) The maximum value for funding a student in kindergarten through grade 12 or in a prekindergarten program for exceptional children as provided in s. 1003.21(1)(e) shall be the sum of the calculations in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) as calculated by the department is one full-time equivalent student membership for a school year or equivalent.
- (a) The sum of the student's full-time equivalent student membership value for the school year or the equivalent derived from paragraphs (1) (a) and (b), subparagraph (1) (c)1., subsubparagraphs (1) (c)2.b. and c., subparagraph (1) (c)3., and subsection (2). If the sum is greater than 1.0, the full-time equivalent student membership value for each program or course shall be reduced by an equal proportion so that the student's total full-time equivalent student membership value is equal to 1.0.

20131514er

- (b) If the result in paragraph (a) is less than 1.0 full-time equivalent student and the student has full-time equivalent student enrollment pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph
 (1) (c) 1.b. (VIII), calculate an amount that is the lesser of the value in sub-sub-subparagraph (1) (c) 1.b. (VIII) or the value of 1.0 less the value in paragraph (a).
- (c) The full-time equivalent student enrollment value in sub-subparagraph (1)(c)2.a.

Section 19. Paragraphs (f) and (i) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
 - (f) Supplemental academic instruction; categorical fund.-
- 1. There is created a categorical fund to provide supplemental academic instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12. This paragraph may be cited as the "Supplemental Academic Instruction Categorical Fund."
- 2. Categorical funds for supplemental academic instruction shall be allocated annually to each school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds

1075

1076

1077

1078

10791080

1081

1082

1083

1084

1085

1086 1087

1088 1089

1090

10911092

1093

1094

10951096

1097

1098

1099

1100

1101

1102

20131514er

shall be in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program and shall be included in the total potential funds of each district. These funds shall be used to provide supplemental academic instruction to students enrolled in the K-12 program. For the 2012-2013, and 2013-2014, and 2014-2015 fiscal years, each school district that has one or more of the 100 lowestperforming elementary schools based on the state reading assessment shall use these funds, together with the funds provided in the district's research-based reading instruction allocation and other available funds, to provide an additional hour of instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the entire school year for intensive reading instruction for the students in each of these schools. This additional hour of instruction must be provided only by teachers or reading specialists who are effective in teaching reading. Students enrolled in these schools who have level 5 assessment scores may participate in the additional hour of instruction on an optional basis. Exceptional student education centers shall not be included in the 100 schools. After this requirement has been met, supplemental instruction strategies may include, but are not limited to: modified curriculum, reading instruction, afterschool instruction, tutoring, mentoring, class size reduction, extended school year, intensive skills development in summer school, and other methods for improving student achievement. Supplemental instruction may be provided to a student in any manner and at any time during or beyond the regular 180-day term identified by the school as being the most effective and efficient way to best help that student progress from grade to

grade and to graduate.

- 3. Effective with the 1999-2000 fiscal year, funding on the basis of FTE membership beyond the 180-day regular term shall be provided in the FEFP only for students enrolled in juvenile justice education programs or in education programs for juveniles placed in secure facilities or programs under s. 985.19. Funding for instruction beyond the regular 180-day school year for all other K-12 students shall be provided through the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund and other state, federal, and local fund sources with ample flexibility for schools to provide supplemental instruction to assist students in progressing from grade to grade and graduating.
- 4. The Florida State University School, as a lab school, is authorized to expend from its FEFP or Lottery Enhancement Trust Fund allocation the cost to the student of remediation in reading, writing, or mathematics for any graduate who requires remediation at a postsecondary educational institution.
- 5. Beginning in the 1999-2000 school year, dropout prevention programs as defined in ss. 1003.52, 1003.53(1)(a), (b), and (c), and 1003.54 shall be included in group 1 programs under subparagraph (d)3.
- (i) Calculation of full-time equivalent membership with respect to dual enrollment instruction.—Students enrolled in dual enrollment instruction pursuant to s. 1007.271 may be included in calculations of full-time equivalent student memberships for basic programs for grades 9 through 12 by a district school board. Instructional time for dual enrollment may vary from 900 hours; however, the <u>full-time equivalent</u>

1132 student membership value shall be subject to the provisions in 1133 school district may only report the student for a maximum of 1.0 1134 full-time equivalent student membership, as provided in s. 1135 1011.61(4). Dual enrollment full-time equivalent student 1136 membership shall be calculated in an amount equal to the hours 1137 of instruction that would be necessary to earn the full-time 1138 equivalent student membership for an equivalent course if it 1139 were taught in the school district. Students in dual enrollment 1140 courses may also be calculated as the proportional shares of 1141 full-time equivalent enrollments they generate for a Florida 1142 College System institution or university conducting the dual 1143 enrollment instruction. Early admission students shall be considered dual enrollments for funding purposes. Students may 1144 be enrolled in dual enrollment instruction provided by an 1145 1146 eligible independent college or university and may be included 1147 in calculations of full-time equivalent student memberships for 1148 basic programs for grades 9 through 12 by a district school 1149 board. However, those provisions of law which exempt dual 1150 enrolled and early admission students from payment of 1151 instructional materials and tuition and fees, including laboratory fees, shall not apply to students who select the 1152 1153 option of enrolling in an eligible independent institution. An independent college or university which is located and chartered 1154 1155 in Florida, is not for profit, is accredited by the Commission 1156 on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools 1157 or the Accrediting Council for Independent Colleges and Schools, 1158 and confers degrees as defined in s. 1005.02 shall be eligible 1159 for inclusion in the dual enrollment or early admission program. 1160 Students enrolled in dual enrollment instruction shall be exempt

1162

1163

1164 1165

1166

11671168

1169

1170

11711172

1173

11741175

1176

1177

1178

1179

1180

11811182

1183

1184

1185

1186 1187

1188

1189

20131514er

from the payment of tuition and fees, including laboratory fees. No student enrolled in college credit mathematics or English dual enrollment instruction shall be funded as a dual enrollment unless the student has successfully completed the relevant section of the entry-level examination required pursuant to s. 1008.30.

- (9) RESEARCH-BASED READING INSTRUCTION ALLOCATION. -
- (a) The research-based reading instruction allocation is created to provide comprehensive reading instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12. For the 2012-2013, and 2013-2014, and 2014-2015 fiscal years, in each school district that has one or more of the 100 lowest-performing elementary schools based on the state reading assessment, priority shall be given to providing an additional hour per day of intensive reading instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the entire school year for the students in each school. Students enrolled in these schools who have level 5 assessment scores may participate in the additional hour of instruction on an optional basis. Exceptional student education centers shall not be included in the 100 schools. The intensive reading instruction delivered in this additional hour and for other students shall include: research-based reading instruction that has been proven to accelerate progress of students exhibiting a reading deficiency; differentiated instruction based on student assessment data to meet students' specific reading needs; explicit and systematic reading development in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, with more extensive opportunities for guided practice, error correction, and feedback; and the integration of social studies,

20131514er

science, and mathematics-text reading, text discussion, and writing in response to reading. For the 2012-2013 and 2013-2014 fiscal years, a school district may not hire more reading coaches than were hired during the 2011-2012 fiscal year unless all students in kindergarten through grade 5 who demonstrate a reading deficiency, as determined by district and state assessments, including students scoring Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Reading, are provided an additional hour per day of intensive reading instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the entire school year.

Section 20. Section 1011.622, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1011.622 Adjustments for students without a common student identifier.—The Florida Education Finance Program funding calculations, including the calculations authorized in ss.
1011.62, 1011.67, 1011.68, and 1011.685, shall include funding for a student only when all of the student's records are reported to the Department of Education under a common student identifier. The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, to implement this section.

Section 21. Subsection (4) of section 1012.885, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.885 Remuneration of Florida College System institution presidents; limitations.—

(4) LIMITATION ON REMUNERATION.—Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, for the 2012-2013 fiscal year, a Florida College System institution president may not receive more than \$200,000 in remuneration from appropriated state

1223

1224

1225

1226

1227

1228

1229

1230

1231

1232

12331234

1235

12361237

1238

1239

1240

1241

1242

1243

1244

1245

1246

1247

20131514er

funds. Only compensation, as defined in s. 121.021(22), provided to a Florida College System institution president may be used in calculating benefits under chapter 121.

Section 22. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (4) of section 1012.886, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.886 Remuneration of Florida College System institution administrative employees; limitations.—

(4) EXPIRATION.—This section expires June 30, 2013.

Section 23. Subsection (4) of section 1012.975, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.975 Remuneration of state university presidents; limitations.—

(4) LIMITATION ON REMUNERATION.—Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, for the 2012-2013 fiscal year, a state university president may not receive more than \$200,000 in remuneration from public funds. Only compensation, as defined in s. 121.021(22), provided to a state university president may be used in calculating benefits under chapter 121.

Section 24. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (4) of section 1012.976, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.976 Remuneration of state university administrative employees; limitations.—

(4) EXPIRATION.—This section expires June 30, 2013.

Section 25. Notwithstanding the required review by the Legislative Budget Commission pursuant to s. 1003.03(4)(c), Florida Statutes, for the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the alternate compliance calculation amounts to the class size operating

20131514er

categorical fund authorized by s. 1003.03(4)(c), Florida
Statutes, shall be the reduction calculation required by s.

1003.03(4), Florida Statutes. The Commissioner of Education
shall modify payments to districts as required by s. 1003.03(4),

Florida Statutes, for the 2012-2013 fiscal year. This section
shall take effect upon this act becoming a law.

Section 26. Notwithstanding the distribution provisions in the salary increase portion of the proviso following Specific Appropriation 87 contained in Senate Bill 1500, enacted during the 2013 Regular Session of the Florida Legislature, a district school board or charter school board may distribute salary increases at any time before June 2014, in conformance with requirements of the proviso or board-approved evaluation plan, and as negotiated with collective bargaining units and educators, as appropriate.

Section 27. Notwithstanding subsections (10), (11), (12) and (13) of s. 1013.30, Florida Statutes, and subsection (4) of s. 1013.51, Florida Statutes, for the 2013-2014 fiscal year, a state university may enter into a local development agreement with an affected host local government, to identify specific projects in the university's campus master plan to be constructed by the university, for purposes of negotiating mitigation of the impact of such projects on the host local government.

Section 28. In order to implement Specific Appropriation

142 of the 2013-2014 General Appropriations Act and

notwithstanding any other law, for the 2013-2014 and 2014-2015

fiscal years only, a university board of trustees may expend

reserve or carryforward balances from previous years'

1278

1279

1280

1281

1282

1283

1284

1285

1286

1287

1288

1289 1290

1291

1292

1293

1294

20131514er

operational and programmatic appropriations for deferred maintenance needs at the Donald L. Tucker Civic Center. Section 29. Notwithstanding the school district allocations for Technology Transformation Grants for Rural School Districts provided in Specific Appropriation 102A contained in Senate Bill 1500 enacted during the 2013 Regular Session of the Florida Legislature, allocations for this purpose shall be recalculated by the Commissioner of Education and replicated by the principals of the Florida Education Finance Program Appropriation Allocation Conference no later than July 15, 2013. The revised allocations shall be based on each entity's proportionate share of unweighted FTE and shall be calculated for all districts and lab schools receiving funds in Specific Appropriation 102A plus any other member school district of a regional consortium service organization as of April 30, 2013. Section 30. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon

becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2013.