${\bf B}{\bf y}$ the Committee on Appropriations

	576-03520-13 20131520
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to Medicaid; amending s. 395.602,
3	F.S.; providing that certain rural hospitals remain
4	rural hospitals under specified circumstances;
5	amending s. 409.905, F.S.; requiring the Agency for
6	Health Care Administration to implement a prospective
7	payment system for inpatient hospital services using
8	diagnosis-related groups (DRGs); deleting provisions
9	directing the agency to develop a plan to convert
10	hospital reimbursement for inpatient services to a
11	prospective payment system; requiring hospital
12	reimbursement for outpatient services to be based on
13	allowable costs; providing that adjustments may not be
14	made after a certain date; providing for the
15	reconciliation of errors in source data or
16	calculations; amending s. 409.908, F.S.; revising
17	exceptions to limitations on hospital reimbursement
18	for inpatient services; providing parameters for
19	submission of letters of agreement by local
20	governmental entities to the agency relating to funds
21	for special payments; creating s. 409.909, F.S.;
22	establishing the Statewide Medicaid Residency Program;
23	providing the purposes of the program; providing
24	definitions; providing a formula and limitations for
25	allocating funds to participating hospitals;
26	authorizing the agency to adopt rules; amending s.
27	409.911, F.S.; updating references to data used for
28	calculations in the disproportionate share program;
29	amending s. 409.9118, F.S.; amending parameters for

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30	the disproportionate share program for specialty
31	hospitals; limiting reimbursement to tuberculosis
32	services provided under contract with the Department
33	of Health; providing an effective date.
34	
35	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
36	
37	Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section
38	395.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
39	395.602 Rural hospitals
40	(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this part:
41	(e) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital licensed
42	under this chapter, which has having 100 or fewer licensed beds
43	and an emergency room, and which is:
44	1. The sole provider within a county <u>that has</u> with a
45	population density of <u>up to</u> no greater than 100 persons per
46	square mile;
47	2. An acute care hospital, in a county that has with a
48	population density of <u>up to</u> no greater than 100 persons per
49	square mile, which is at least 30 minutes of travel time, on
50	normally traveled roads under normal traffic conditions, from
51	any other acute care hospital within the same county;
52	3. A hospital supported by a tax district or subdistrict
53	whose boundaries encompass a population of 100 persons or fewer
54	persons per square mile;
55	4. A hospital in a constitutional charter county <u>that has</u>
56	with a population of more than over 1 million persons which that
57	has imposed a local option health service tax pursuant to law
58	and in an area that was directly impacted by a catastrophic

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576-03520-13 20131520_ 59 event on August 24, 1992, for which the Governor of Florida 60 declared a state of emergency pursuant to chapter 125, and has 61 120 beds or fewer beds which less that serves an agricultural 62 community that has with an emergency room utilization of at 63 least no less than 20,000 visits and a Medicaid inpatient 64 utilization rate greater than 15 percent;

65 5. A hospital that has with a service area that has a 66 population of 100 persons or fewer persons per square mile. As used in this subparagraph, the term "service area" means the 67 68 fewest number of zip codes that account for 75 percent of the 69 hospital's discharges for the most recent 5-year period, based 70 on information available from the hospital inpatient discharge 71 database in the Florida Center for Health Information and Policy 72 Analysis at the agency for Health Care Administration; or

73 6. A hospital designated as a critical access hospital, as
74 defined in s. 408.07(15).

75

76 Population densities used in this paragraph must be based upon 77 the most recently completed United States census. A hospital 78 that received funds under s. 409.9116 for a quarter beginning no 79 later than July 1, 2002, is deemed to have been and shall 80 continue to be a rural hospital from that date through June 30, 81 2015, if the hospital continues to have 100 or fewer licensed 82 beds and an emergency room, or meets the criteria of subparagraph 4. An acute care hospital that has not previously 83 84 been designated as a rural hospital and that meets the criteria 85 of this paragraph shall be granted such designation upon 86 application, including supporting documentation, to the agency 87 for Health Care Administration. A hospital that was licensed as

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88	<u>a rural hospital during the 2010-2011 or 2011-2012 fiscal year</u>
89	shall continue to be a rural hospital from the date of
90	designation through June 30, 2015, if the hospital continues to
91	have 100 or fewer licensed beds and an emergency room.
92	Section 2. Paragraphs (c), (d), and (f) of subsection (5)
93	and subsection (6) of section 409.905, Florida Statutes, are
94	amended to read:
95	409.905 Mandatory Medicaid services.—The agency may make
96	payments for the following services, which are required of the
97	state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by
98	Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be
99	eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any
100	service under this section shall be provided only when medically
101	necessary and in accordance with state and federal law.
102	Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to
103	Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. Nothing in
104	this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency
105	from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay,
106	number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments
107	necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any
108	limitations or directions provided for in the General
109	Appropriations Act or chapter 216.
110	(5) HOSPITAL INPATIENT SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for
111	all covered services provided for the medical care and treatment
112	of a recipient who is admitted as an inpatient by a licensed
113	physician or dentist to a hospital licensed under part I of
114	chapter 395. However, the agency shall limit the payment for
115	inpatient hospital services for a Medicaid recipient 21 years of
116	age or older to 45 days or the number of days necessary to

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20131520 576-03520-13 117 comply with the General Appropriations Act. Effective August 1, 118 2012, the agency shall limit payment for hospital emergency 119 department visits for a nonpregnant Medicaid recipient 21 years 120 of age or older to six visits per fiscal year. 121 (c) The agency shall implement a prospective payment 122 methodology for establishing base reimbursement rates for 123 inpatient hospital services each hospital based on allowable 124 costs, as defined by the agency. Rates shall be calculated 125 annually and take effect July 1 of each year based on the most 126 recent complete and accurate cost report submitted by each 127 hospital. The methodology shall categorize each inpatient 128 admission into a diagnosis-related group (DRG) and assign a 129 relative payment weight to be used to adjust the base rate 130 according to the average relative amount of hospital resources 131 used to treat a patient in a specific DRG category. The agency 132 may adopt the most recent relative weights calculated and made 133 available by the Nationwide Inpatient Sample maintained by the 134 Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality or may adopt alternative weights if the agency finds that Florida-specific 135 136 weights deviate with statistical significance from national 137 weights for high-volume DRGs. The agency shall establish a 138 single, uniform base rate for all hospitals unless specifically exempt pursuant to s. 409.908(1). The uniform base rate is 139 140 limited by the hospital inpatient appropriation specified in the General Appropriations Act before the inclusion of 141 142 intergovernmental transfers, authorized under s. 409.908(1) or 143 under the General Appropriations Act, which may be provided in 144 order to adjust inpatient reimbursement. 145 1. Adjustments may not be made to the rates after October

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576-03520-13 20131520 146 31 of the state fiscal year in which the rates take effect, 147 except for cases of insufficient collections of intergovernmental transfers authorized under s. 409.908(1) or 148 149 the General Appropriations Act. In such cases, the agency shall 150 submit a budget amendment or amendments under chapter 216 151 requesting approval of rate reductions by amounts necessary for 152 the aggregate reduction to equal the dollar amount of 153 intergovernmental transfers not collected and the corresponding 154 federal match. Notwithstanding the \$1 million limitation on 155 increases to an approved operating budget contained in ss. 156 216.181(11) and 216.292(3), a budget amendment exceeding that 157 dollar amount is subject to notice and objection procedures set 158 forth in s. 216.177. 159 2. Errors in source data or calculations cost reporting or 160 calculation of rates discovered after October 31 must be 161 reconciled in a subsequent rate period. However, the agency may 162 not make any adjustment to a hospital's reimbursement rate more than 5 years after a hospital is notified of an audited rate 163

164 established by the agency. The prohibition against adjustments 165 requirement that the agency may not make any adjustment to a 166 hospital's reimbursement rate more than 5 years after 167 notification a hospital is notified of an audited rate 168 established by the agency is remedial and applies to actions by providers involving Medicaid claims for hospital services. 169 Hospital reimbursement is rates are subject to such limits or 170 171 ceilings as may be established in law or described in the agency's hospital reimbursement plan. Specific exemptions to the 172 173 limits or ceilings may be provided in the General Appropriations 174 Act.

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175 (d) The agency shall implement a comprehensive utilization 176 management program for hospital neonatal intensive care stays in 177 certain high-volume participating hospitals, select counties, or 178 statewide, and replace existing hospital inpatient utilization 179 management programs for neonatal intensive care admissions. The 180 program shall be designed to manage appropriate admissions and 181 discharges the lengths of stay for children being treated in 182 neonatal intensive care units and must seek the earliest medically appropriate discharge to the child's home or other 183 less costly treatment setting. The agency may competitively bid 184 a contract for the selection of a qualified organization to 185 186 provide neonatal intensive care utilization management services. 187 The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this 188 initiative.

189 (f) The agency shall develop a plan to convert Medicaid 190 inpatient hospital rates to a prospective payment system that 191 categorizes each case into diagnosis-related groups (DRG) and 192 assigns a payment weight based on the average resources used to 193 treat Medicaid patients in that DRG. To the extent possible, the 194 agency shall propose an adaptation of an existing prospective 195 payment system, such as the one used by Medicare, and shall 196 propose such adjustments as are necessary for the Medicaid 197 population and to maintain budget neutrality for inpatient 198 hospital expenditures.

199 1. The plan must:

200 a. Define and describe DRGs for inpatient hospital care 201 specific to Medicaid in this state;

202	b.	-Determ	ine the	use of	resources	needed fo	r each DRG;
203	c.	Apply	current	statewi	de levels	of fundin	g to DRCs based

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204	on the associated resource value of DRGs. Current statewide
205	funding levels shall be calculated both with and without the use
206	of intergovernmental transfers;
207	d. Calculate the current number of services provided in the
208	Medicaid program based on DRGs defined under this subparagraph;
209	e. Estimate the number of cases in each DRC for future
210	years based on agency data and the official workload estimates
211	of the Social Services Estimating Conference;
212	f. Calculate the expected total Medicaid payments in the
213	current year for each hospital with a Medicaid provider
214	agreement, based on the DRGs and estimated workload;
215	g. Propose supplemental DRG payments to augment hospital
216	reimbursements based on patient acuity and individual hospital
217	characteristics, including classification as a children's
218	hospital, rural hospital, trauma center, burn unit, and other
219	characteristics that could warrant higher reimbursements, while
220	maintaining budget neutrality; and
221	h. Estimate potential funding for each hospital with a
222	Medicaid provider agreement for DRGs defined pursuant to this
223	subparagraph and supplemental DRG payments using current funding
224	levels, calculated both with and without the use of
225	intergovernmental transfers.
226	2. The agency shall engage a consultant with expertise and
227	experience in the implementation of DRG systems for hospital
228	reimbursement to develop the DRG plan under subparagraph 1.
229	3. The agency shall submit the DRG plan, identifying all
230	steps necessary for the transition and any costs associated with
231	plan implementation, to the Governor, the President of the
232	Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later

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576-03520-13 20131520 than January 1, 2013. The plan shall include a timeline 233 234 necessary to complete full implementation by July 1, 2013. If, 235 during implementation of this paragraph, the agency determines 236 that these timeframes might not be achievable, the agency shall 237 report to the Legislative Budget Commission the status of its 238 implementation efforts, the reasons the timeframes might not be 239 achievable, and proposals for new timeframes. 240 (6) HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT SERVICES.-(a) The agency shall pay for preventive, diagnostic, 241 242 therapeutic, or palliative care and other services provided to a recipient in the outpatient portion of a hospital licensed under 243 244 part I of chapter 395, and provided under the direction of a 245 licensed physician or licensed dentist, except that payment for 246 such care and services is limited to \$1,500 per state fiscal 247 year per recipient, unless an exception has been made by the 248 agency, or the services were provided to and with the exception 249 of a Medicaid recipient under age 21, in which case the only 250 limitation is medical necessity. 251 (b) The agency shall implement a methodology for 252 establishing base reimbursement rates for outpatient services 253 for each hospital based on allowable costs, as defined by the 254 agency. Rates shall be calculated annually and take effect July 255 1 of each year based on the most recent complete and accurate 256 cost report submitted by each hospital. 1. Adjustments may not be made to the rates after October 257 258 31 of the state fiscal year in which the rates take effect, 259 except for cases of insufficient collections of 260 intergovernmental transfers authorized under s. 409.908(1) or 261 the General Appropriations Act. In such cases, the agency shall

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262	submit a budget amendment or amendments under chapter 216
263	requesting approval of rate reductions by amounts necessary for
264	the aggregate reduction to equal the dollar amount of
265	intergovernmental transfers not collected and the corresponding
266	federal match. Notwithstanding the \$1 million limitation on
267	increases to an approved operating budget under ss. 216.181(11)
268	and 216.292(3), a budget amendment exceeding that dollar amount
269	is subject to notice and objection procedures set forth in s.
270	216.177.
271	2. Errors in source data or calculations discovered after
272	October 31 must be reconciled in a subsequent rate period.
273	However, the agency may not make any adjustment to a hospital's
274	reimbursement more than 5 years after a hospital is notified of
275	an audited rate established by the agency. The prohibition
276	against adjustments 5 years after notification is remedial and
277	applies to actions by providers involving Medicaid claims for
278	hospital services. Hospital reimbursement is subject to such
279	limits or ceilings as may be established in law or described in
280	the agency's hospital reimbursement plan. Specific exemptions to
281	the limits or ceilings may be provided in the General
282	Appropriations Act.
283	Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
284	409.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
285	409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providersSubject to
286	specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid
287	providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according
288	to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in
289	policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein.
290	These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement

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576-03520-13 20131520 291 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive 292 bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency 293 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or 294 goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based 295 on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost 296 report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate 297 for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester 298 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and 299 full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected 300 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost 301 reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost 302 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on 303 behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the 304 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 305 provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. 306 Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent 307 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, 308 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or 309 making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 310 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 311 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the 312 adjustment is consistent with legislative intent. 313 (1) Reimbursement to hospitals licensed under part I of 314 chapter 395 must be made prospectively or on the basis of 315 negotiation. 316 (a) Reimbursement for inpatient care is limited as provided 317 for in s. 409.905(5), except for the following:

318 1. If authorized by the General Appropriations Act, the 319 agency may modify reimbursement for specific types of services

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320	or diagnoses, recipient ages, and hospital provider types $rac{ extsf{The}}{ extsf{The}}$
321	raising of rate reimbursement caps, excluding rural hospitals.
322	2. While maintaining budget neutrality, the agency may
323	modify reimbursement to any provider determined to be a long-
324	term acute care hospital Recognition of the costs of graduate
325	medical education.
326	3. The agency may establish an alternative methodology to
327	the DRG-based prospective payment system to set reimbursement
328	rates for:
329	a. State-owned psychiatric hospitals.
330	b. Newborn hearing screening services.
331	c. Transplant services for which the agency has established
332	a global fee.
333	d. Recipients who have tuberculosis that is resistant to
334	therapy who are in need of long-term, hospital-based treatment
335	Other methodologies recognized in the General Appropriations
336	Act.
337	
338	During the years funds are transferred from the Department of
339	Health, any reimbursement supported by such funds is shall be
340	subject to certification by the Department of Health that the
341	hospital has complied with s. 381.0403. The agency <u>may</u> is
342	authorized to receive funds from state entities, including, but
343	not limited to, the Department of Health, local governments, and
344	other local political subdivisions, for the purpose of making
345	special exception payments, including federal matching funds,
346	through the Medicaid inpatient reimbursement methodologies.
347	Funds received from state entities or local governments for this
348	purpose shall be separately accounted for and <u>may</u> shall not be

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576-03520-13 20131520 349 commingled with other state or local funds in any manner. The 350 agency may certify all local governmental funds used as state 351 match under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, to the extent 352 and in the manner authorized under that the identified local 353 health care provider that is otherwise entitled to and is 354 contracted to receive such local funds is the benefactor under 355 the state's Medicaid program as determined under the General 356 Appropriations Act and pursuant to an agreement between the 357 agency for Health Care Administration and the local governmental 358 entity. In order for the agency to certify such local 359 governmental funds, a local governmental entity must submit a 360 final, executed letter of agreement to the agency, which must be 361 received by October 1 of each fiscal year and provide the total 362 amount of local governmental funds authorized by the entity for 363 that fiscal year under this paragraph, paragraph (b), or the 364 General Appropriations Act. The local governmental entity shall 365 use a certification form prescribed by the agency. At a minimum, 366 the certification form must shall identify the amount being 367 certified and describe the relationship between the certifying 368 local governmental entity and the local health care provider. 369 The agency shall prepare an annual statement of impact which 370 documents the specific activities undertaken during the previous 371 fiscal year pursuant to this paragraph, to be submitted to the 372 Legislature annually by no later than January 1, annually. 373 Section 4. Section 409.909, Florida Statutes, is created to 374 read: 375 409.909 Statewide Medicaid Residency Program.-376 (1) The Statewide Medicaid Residency Program is established 377 to improve the quality of care and access to care for Medicaid

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378	recipients, expand graduate medical education on an equitable
379	basis, and increase the supply of highly trained physicians
380	statewide. The agency shall make payments to hospitals licensed
381	under part I of chapter 395 for graduate medical education
382	associated with the Medicaid program. This system of payments is
383	designed to generate federal matching funds under Medicaid and
384	distribute the resulting funds to participating hospitals on a
385	quarterly basis in each fiscal year for which an appropriation
386	is made.
387	(2) On or before September 15 of each year, the agency
388	shall calculate an allocation fraction to be used for
389	distributing funds to participating hospitals. On the final
390	business day of each quarter of a state fiscal year, the agency
391	shall distribute to each participating hospital one-fourth of
392	that hospital's annual allocation calculated under subsection
393	(4). The allocation fraction for each participating hospital is
394	based on the hospital's number of full-time equivalent residents
395	and the amount of its Medicaid payments. As used in this
396	section, the term:
397	(a) "Full-time equivalent," or "FTE," means a resident who
398	is in his or her initial residency period, which is defined as
399	the minimum number of years of training required before the
400	resident may become eligible for board certification by the
401	American Osteopathic Association Bureau of Osteopathic
402	Specialists or the American Board of Medical Specialties in the
403	specialty in which he or she first began training, not to exceed
404	5 years. A resident training beyond the initial residency period
405	is counted as half of one FTE, unless his or her chosen
406	specialty is in general surgery or primary care, in which case

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     the resident is counted as 1.0 FTE. For the purposes of this
407
408
     section, primary care specialties include:
409
          1. Family medicine;
410
          2. General internal medicine;
411
          3. General pediatrics;
412
          4. Preventive medicine;
413
          5. Geriatric medicine;
414
          6. Osteopathic general practice;
415
          7. Obstetrics and gynecology; and
416
          8. Emergency medicine.
417
          (b) "Medicaid payments" means payments made to reimburse a
     hospital for direct inpatient services during the fiscal year
418
419
     preceding the date on which the allocation factor is calculated,
420
     as determined by the agency.
          (c) "Resident" means a medical intern, fellow, or resident
421
422
     enrolled in a program accredited by the Accreditation Council
423
     for Graduate Medical Education, the American Association of
424
     Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine, or the American Osteopathic
425
     Association at the beginning of the state fiscal year during
426
     which the allocation fraction is calculated, as reported by the
427
     hospital to the agency.
428
          (3) The agency shall use the following formula to calculate
429
     a participating hospital's allocation fraction:
430
431
                HAF = [0.9 \times (HFTE/TFTE)] + [0.1 \times (HMP/TMP)]
432
433
     Where:
434
          HAF=A hospital's allocation fraction.
435
          HFTE=A hospital's total number of FTE residents.
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436	TFTE=The total FTE residents for all participating
437	hospitals.
438	HMP=A hospital's Medicaid payments.
439	TMP=The total Medicaid payments for all participating
440	hospitals.
441	
442	(4) A hospital's annual allocation shall be calculated by
443	multiplying the funds appropriated for the Statewide Medicaid
444	Residency Program in the General Appropriations Act by that
445	hospital's allocation fraction. If the calculation results in an
446	annual allocation that exceeds \$50,000 per FTE resident, the
447	hospital's annual allocation shall be reduced to a sum equaling
448	no more than \$50,000 per FTE resident. The funds calculated for
449	that hospital in excess of \$50,000 per FTE resident shall be
450	redistributed to participating hospitals whose annual allocation
451	does not exceed \$50,000 per FTE resident, using the same
452	methodology and payment schedule specified in this section.
453	(5) The agency may adopt rules to administer this section.
454	Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
455	409.911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
456	409.911 Disproportionate share programSubject to specific
457	allocations established within the General Appropriations Act
458	and any limitations established pursuant to chapter 216, the
459	agency shall distribute, pursuant to this section, moneys to
460	hospitals providing a disproportionate share of Medicaid or
461	charity care services by making quarterly Medicaid payments as
462	required. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 409.915, counties
463	are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special
464	reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of

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465	low-income patients.
466	(2) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall use the
467	following actual audited data to determine the Medicaid days and
468	charity care to be used in calculating the disproportionate
469	share payment:
470	(a) The average of the 2004, 2005, and 2006 <u>, and 2007</u>
471	audited disproportionate share data to determine each hospital's
472	Medicaid days and charity care for the $2013-2014$ $2012-2013$ state
473	fiscal year.
474	Section 6. Section 409.9118, Florida Statutes, is amended
475	to read:
476	409.9118 Disproportionate share program for specialty
477	hospitals.—The agency for Health Care Administration shall
478	design and implement a system of making disproportionate share
479	payments to those hospitals <u>under contract with the Department</u>
480	of Health to provide licensed in accordance with part I of
481	chapter 395 as a specialty hospital <u>services and</u> which meet all
482	requirements <u>specified</u> listed in subsection (2). Notwithstanding
483	s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the
484	cost of this special reimbursement for patients.
485	(1) The following formula shall be used by the agency to
486	calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate
487	under this section:
488	
489	$TAE=(MD/TMD) \times TA$
490	
491	Where:
492	TAE=total amount earned by a specialty hospital.
493	TA=total appropriation for payments to hospitals that

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494	qualify under this program.
495	MD=total Medicaid days for each qualifying hospital.
496	TMD=total Medicaid days for all hospitals that qualify
497	under this program.
498	
499	(2) In order to receive payments under this section, a
500	hospital must be licensed in accordance with part I of chapter
501	395, to participate in the Florida Title XIX program, and meet
502	the following requirements:
503	(a) Be certified or certifiable to be a provider of Title
504	XVIII services.
505	(b) Restrict services to tuberculosis services for patients
506	who were initially referred to the Department of Health's
507	tuberculosis control services program Receive all of its
508	inpatient clients through referrals or admissions from county
509	public health departments, as defined in chapter 154, and which
510	are provided pursuant to a contract with the department for
511	admissions and treatment.
512	(c) Require a diagnosis for the control of a communicable
513	disease for all admissions for inpatient tuberculosis treatment
514	provided pursuant to a contract with the Department of Health.
515	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

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