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A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to water quality credit trading; 3 reenacting s. 373.4595(1)(n), F.S., relating to water 4 quality credit trading, to incorporate the amendments 5 made to s. 403.067, F.S., in a reference thereto; 6 amending s. 403.067, F.S.; authorizing the department 7 to implement water quality credit trading in adopted 8 basin management action plans on an ongoing basis; 9 deleting a requirement that voluntary trading of water credits be limited to the Lower St. Johns River Basin; 10 authorizing additional water quality protection 11 12 programs to participate in water quality credit trading; revising provisions relating to rulemaking 13 for water quality credit trading programs; eliminating 14 15 a requirement that water quality credit trading be limited to the Lower St. Johns River Basin as a pilot 16 17 project; deleting a required report; making technical changes; reenacting s. 403.088(2)(e), F.S., relating 18 19 to water pollution operation permits, to incorporate the amendments made to s. 403.067, F.S., in a 20 reference thereto; providing an effective date. 21 22 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 23 24 25 For the purpose of incorporating the amendment Section 1. 26 made by this act to section 403.067, Florida Statutes, in a 27 reference thereto, paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section 373.4595, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 28

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29 373.4595 Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection 30 Program.-

31

(1) FINDINGS AND INTENT.-

32 It is the intent of the Legislature that the (n) 33 coordinating agencies encourage and support the development of creative public-private partnerships and programs, including 34 opportunities for water storage and quality improvement on 35 private lands and water quality credit trading, to facilitate or 36 37 further the restoration of the surface water resources of the Lake Okeechobee watershed, the Caloosahatchee River watershed, 38 39 and the St. Lucie River watershed, consistent with s. 403.067.

40 Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (7) and 41 subsections (8) through (14) of section 403.067, Florida 42 Statutes, are amended to read:

43 403.067 Establishment and implementation of total maximum
44 daily loads.-

45 (7) DEVELOPMENT OF BASIN MANAGEMENT PLANS AND
46 IMPLEMENTATION OF TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOADS.—

47

(a) Basin management action plans.-

In developing and implementing the total maximum daily 48 1. 49 load for a water body, the department, or the department in 50 conjunction with a water management district, may develop a 51 basin management action plan that addresses some or all of the 52 watersheds and basins tributary to the water body. Such a plan 53 must integrate the appropriate management strategies available 54 to the state through existing water quality protection programs 55 to achieve the total maximum daily loads and may provide for 56 phased implementation of these management strategies to promote

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57 timely, cost-effective actions as provided for in s. 403.151. 58 The plan must establish a schedule for implementing the 59 management strategies, establish a basis for evaluating the 60 plan's effectiveness, and identify feasible funding strategies 61 for implementing the plan's management strategies. The 62 management strategies may include regional treatment systems or 63 other public works, where appropriate, and, in the basin listed 64 in subsection (10) for which a basin management action plan has 65 been adopted, voluntary trading of water quality credits to achieve the needed pollutant load reductions. 66

A basin management action plan must equitably allocate, 67 2. 68 pursuant to paragraph (6) (b), pollutant reductions to individual 69 basins, as a whole to all basins, or to each identified point 70 source or category of nonpoint sources, as appropriate. For 71 nonpoint sources for which best management practices have been 72 adopted, the initial requirement specified by the plan must be those practices developed pursuant to paragraph (c). Where 73 appropriate, the plan may take into account the benefits of 74 pollutant load reduction achieved by point or nonpoint sources 75 76 that have implemented management strategies to reduce pollutant 77 loads, including best management practices, before prior to the 78 development of the basin management action plan. The plan must 79 also identify the mechanisms that will address potential future 80 increases in pollutant loading.

3. The basin management action planning process is
intended to involve the broadest possible range of interested
parties, with the objective of encouraging the greatest amount
of cooperation and consensus possible. In developing a basin

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85 management action plan, the department shall assure that key 86 stakeholders, including, but not limited to, applicable local 87 governments, water management districts, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, other appropriate state 88 89 agencies, local soil and water conservation districts, 90 environmental groups, regulated interests, and affected 91 pollution sources, are invited to participate in the process. 92 The department shall hold at least one public meeting in the 93 vicinity of the watershed or basin to discuss and receive comments during the planning process and shall otherwise 94 95 encourage public participation to the greatest practicable 96 extent. Notice of the public meeting must be published in a 97 newspaper of general circulation in each county in which the 98 watershed or basin lies not less than 5 days nor more than 15 99 days before the public meeting. A basin management action plan 100 does shall not supplant or otherwise alter any assessment made under subsection (3) or subsection (4) or any calculation or 101 102 initial allocation.

4. The department shall adopt all or any part of a basin
management action plan and any amendment to such plan by
secretarial order pursuant to chapter 120 to implement the
provisions of this section.

5. The basin management action plan must include milestones for implementation and water quality improvement, and an associated water quality monitoring component sufficient to evaluate whether reasonable progress in pollutant load reductions is being achieved over time. An assessment of progress toward these milestones shall be conducted every 5

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113 years, and revisions to the plan shall be made as appropriate. 114 Revisions to the basin management action plan shall be made by 115 the department in cooperation with basin stakeholders. Revisions 116 to the management strategies required for nonpoint sources must 117 follow the procedures set forth in subparagraph (c)4. Revised 118 basin management action plans must be adopted pursuant to 119 subparagraph 4.

120 6. In accordance with procedures adopted by rule under 121 paragraph (9)(c), basin management action plans, and other 122 pollution control programs under local, state, or federal 123 authority as provided in subsection (4), may allow point or 124 nonpoint sources that will achieve greater pollutant reductions 125 than required by an adopted total maximum load or wasteload allocation to generate, register, and trade water quality 126 127 credits for the excess reductions to enable other sources to achieve their allocation; however, the generation of water 128 129 quality credits does not remove the obligation of a source or 130 activity to meet applicable technology requirements or adopted best management practices. Such plans must allow trading between 131 132 NPDES permittees, and trading that may or may not involve NPDES 133 permittees, where the generation or use of the credits involve 134 an entity or activity not subject to department water discharge 135 permits whose owner voluntarily elects to obtain department authorization for the generation and sale of credits. 136

The provisions of the department's rule relating to the
equitable abatement of pollutants into surface waters <u>do not</u>
<u>apply</u> shall not be applied to water bodies or water body
segments for which a basin management plan that takes into

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141 account future new or expanded activities or discharges has been 142 adopted under this section.

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(b) Total maximum daily load implementation.-

144 1. The department shall be the lead agency in coordinating 145 the implementation of the total maximum daily loads through 146 existing water quality protection programs. Application of a total maximum daily load by a water management district must be 147 consistent with this section and does shall not require the 148 149 issuance of an order or a separate action pursuant to s. 150 120.536(1) or s. 120.54 for the adoption of the calculation and 151 allocation previously established by the department. Such 152 programs may include, but are not limited to:

a. Permitting and other existing regulatory programs,
 including water-quality-based effluent limitations;

b. Nonregulatory and incentive-based programs, including
best management practices, cost sharing, waste minimization,
pollution prevention, agreements established pursuant to s.
403.061(21), and public education;

159 c. Other water quality management and restoration
160 activities, for example surface water improvement and management
161 plans approved by water management districts or basin management
162 action plans developed pursuant to this subsection;

163 d. Trading of water quality credits or other equitable164 economically based agreements;

e. Public works including capital facilities; or

f. Land acquisition.

167 2. For a basin management action plan adopted pursuant to 168 paragraph (a), any management strategies and pollutant reduction

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169 requirements associated with a pollutant of concern for which a 170 total maximum daily load has been developed, including effluent 171 limits set forth for a discharger subject to NPDES permitting, 172 if any, must be included in a timely manner in subsequent NPDES 173 permits or permit modifications for that discharger. The 174 department may shall not impose limits or conditions implementing an adopted total maximum daily load in an NPDES 175 176 permit until the permit expires, the discharge is modified, or 177 the permit is reopened pursuant to an adopted basin management action plan. 178

179 Absent a detailed allocation, total maximum daily loads a. 180 must shall be implemented through NPDES permit conditions that 181 provide for a compliance schedule. In such instances, a 182 facility's NPDES permit must allow time for the issuance of an 183 order adopting the basin management action plan. The time 184 allowed for the issuance of an order adopting the plan may shall 185 not exceed 5 years. Upon issuance of an order adopting the plan, the permit must be reopened or renewed, as necessary, and permit 186 conditions consistent with the plan must be established. 187 188 Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subparagraph, upon request by an NPDES permittee, the department as part of a 189 190 permit issuance, renewal, or modification may establish 191 individual allocations before prior to the adoption of a basin 192 management action plan.

b. For holders of NPDES municipal separate storm sewer system permits and other stormwater sources, implementation of a total maximum daily load or basin management action plan must be achieved, to the maximum extent practicable, through the use of

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197 best management practices or other management measures.

c. The basin management action plan does not relieve the
discharger from any requirement to obtain, renew, or modify an
NPDES permit or to abide by other requirements of the permit.

d. Management strategies set forth in a basin management action plan to be implemented by a discharger subject to permitting by the department must be completed pursuant to the schedule set forth in the basin management action plan. This implementation schedule may extend beyond the 5-year term of an NPDES permit.

e. Management strategies and pollution reduction requirements set forth in a basin management action plan for a specific pollutant of concern <u>are shall</u> not <del>be</del> subject to challenge under chapter 120 at the time they are incorporated, in an identical form, into a subsequent NPDES permit or permit modification.

f. For nonagricultural pollutant sources not subject to NPDES permitting but permitted pursuant to other state, regional, or local water quality programs, the pollutant reduction actions adopted in a basin management action plan <u>must</u> shall be implemented to the maximum extent practicable as part of those permitting programs.

g. A nonpoint source discharger included in a basin management action plan must demonstrate compliance with the pollutant reductions established under subsection (6) by either implementing the appropriate best management practices established pursuant to paragraph (c) or conducting water quality monitoring prescribed by the department or a water

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225 management district. A nonpoint source discharger may, in 226 accordance with department rules, supplement the implementation 227 of best management practices with water quality credit trades in 228 order to demonstrate compliance with the pollutant reductions 229 established under subsection (6).

h. A nonpoint source discharger included in a basin
management action plan may be subject to enforcement action by
the department or a water management district based upon a
failure to implement the responsibilities set forth in subsubparagraph g.

235 A landowner, discharger, or other responsible person i. 236 who is implementing applicable management strategies specified 237 in an adopted basin management action plan may shall not be 238 required by permit, enforcement action, or otherwise to 239 implement additional management strategies, including water quality credit trading, to reduce pollutant loads to attain the 240 241 pollutant reductions established pursuant to subsection (6) and shall be deemed to be in compliance with this section. This 242 subparagraph does not limit the authority of the department to 243 244 amend a basin management action plan as specified in 245 subparagraph (a) 5.

246

(8) WATER QUALITY CREDIT TRADING.-

(a) Water quality credit trading must be consistent withfederal law and regulation.

(b) Water quality credit trading must be implemented
through permits, including water quality credit trading permits,
other authorizations, or other legally binding agreements as
established by department rule.

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(c) The department shall establish the pollutant load
reduction value of water quality credits and <u>is shall be</u>
responsible for authorizing their use.

256 A person who that acquires water quality credits (d) 257 ("buyer") shall timely submit to the department an affidavit, 258 signed by the buyer and the credit generator ("seller"), 259 disclosing the term of acquisition, number of credits, unit 260 credit price paid, and any state funding received for the 261 facilities or activities that generate the credits. The 262 department may shall not participate in the establishment of 263 credit prices.

(e) Sellers of water quality credits are responsible for achieving the load reductions on which the credits are based and complying with the terms of the department authorization and any trading agreements into which they may have entered.

(f) Buyers of water quality credits are responsible for complying with the terms of the department water discharge permit.

271 The department shall take appropriate action to (q) 272 address the failure of a credit seller to fulfill its 273 obligations, including, as necessary, deeming the seller's 274 credits invalid if the seller cannot achieve the load reductions 275 on which the credits were based in a reasonable time. If the 276 department determines duly acquired water quality credits to be invalid, in whole or in part, thereby causing the credit buyer 277 278 to be unable to timely meet its pollutant reduction obligations 279 under this section, the department shall issue an order 280 establishing the actions required of the buyer to meet its

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obligations by alternative means and a reasonable schedule for completing the actions. The invalidation of credits <u>does</u> <del>shall</del> not, <u>in and of</u> itself, constitute a violation of the buyer's water discharge permit.

285 The department may authorize water quality trading in (h) 286 adopted basin management action plans. Participation in water 287 quality credit trading is entirely voluntary. Entities that 288 participate in water quality credit trades shall timely report 289 to the department the prices for credits, how the prices were 290 determined, and any state funding received for the facilities or 291 activities that generated the credits. The department may not 292 participate in the establishment of credit prices.

(9) RULES.—The department <u>may</u> is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 for:

(a) Delisting water bodies or water body segments from the
list developed under subsection (4) pursuant to the guidance
under subsection (5).

(b) Administering of funds to implement the total maximumdaily load and basin management action planning programs.

300 (c) Water quality credit trading among the pollutant 301 sources to a water body or water body segment. By September 1, 302 2008, rulemaking must be initiated which provides The rules must 303 provide for the following:

The process to be used to determine how credits are
 generated, quantified, and validated.

306 2. A publicly accessible water quality credit trading 307 registry that tracks water quality credits, trading activities, 308 and prices paid for credits.

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309 3. Limitations on the availability and use of water 310 quality credits, including a list of eligible pollutants or 311 parameters and minimum water quality requirements and, where 312 appropriate, adjustments to reflect best management practice 313 performance uncertainties and water-segment-specific location 314 factors.

315 4. The timing and duration of credits and allowance for316 credit transferability.

317 5. Mechanisms for determining and ensuring compliance with
318 trading procedures, including recordkeeping, monitoring,
319 reporting, and inspections.

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321 At the time of publication of the draft rules on water quality 322 credit trading, the department shall submit a copy to the United 323 States Environmental Protection Agency for review.

(d) The total maximum daily load calculation in accordance
with paragraph (6) (a) immediately upon the effective date of
this act, for those eight water segments within Lake Okeechobee
proper as submitted to the United States Environmental
Protection Agency pursuant to subsection (2).

329

(e) Implementation of other specific provisions.

330 (10) Water quality credit trading shall be limited to the 331 Lower St. Johns River Basin, as defined by the department, as a 332 pilot project. The department may authorize water quality credit 333 trading and establish specific requirements for trading in the 334 adopted basin management action plan for the Lower St. Johns 335 River Basin prior to the adoption of rules under paragraph 336 (9) (c) in order to effectively implement the pilot project.

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337 Entities that participate in water quality credit trades shall 338 timely report to the department the prices for credits, how the prices were determined, and any state funding received for the 339 340 facilities or activities that generated the credits. The 341 department shall not participate in the establishment of credit 342 prices. No later than 24 months after adoption of the basin 343 management action plan for the Lower St. Johns River, the 344 department shall submit a report to the Governor, the President 345 of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the effectiveness of the pilot project, including the 346 347 following information: (a) A summary of how water quality credit trading was 348 349 implemented, including the number of pounds of pollutants 350 traded. 351 (b) A description of the individual trades and estimated 352 pollutant load reductions that are expected to result from each 353 trade. 354 (c) A description of any conditions placed on trades. 355 (d) Prices associated with the trades, as reported by the 356 traders. (e) A recommendation as to whether other areas of the 357 358 state would benefit from water quality credit trading and, if 359 so, an identification of the statutory changes necessary to 360 expand the scope of trading.

361 <u>(10)(11)</u> APPLICATION.—The provisions of this section are 362 intended to supplement existing law, and <u>may not</u> nothing in this 363 section shall be construed as altering any applicable state 364 water quality standards or as restricting the authority

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365 otherwise granted to the department or a water management 366 district under this chapter or chapter 373. The exclusive means 367 of state implementation of s. 303(d) of the Clean Water Act, 368 Pub. L. No. 92-500, 33 U.S.C. ss. 1251 et seq. shall be in 369 accordance with the identification, assessment, calculation and 370 allocation, and implementation provisions of this section.

371 <u>(11)(12)</u> CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in This section does not 372 <u>limit shall be construed as limiting</u> the applicability or 373 consideration of any mixing zone, variance, exemption, site 374 specific alternative criteria, or other moderating provision.

(12) (13) IMPLEMENTATION OF ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS.-

(a) The department <u>may shall</u> not implement, without prior
legislative approval, any additional regulatory authority
pursuant to s. 303(d) of the Clean Water Act or 40 C.F.R. part
130, if such implementation would result in water quality
discharge regulation of activities not currently subject to
regulation.

(b) Interim measures, best management practices, or other measures may be developed and voluntarily implemented pursuant to paragraph (7)(c) for any water body or segment for which a total maximum daily load or allocation has not been established. The implementation of such pollution control programs may be considered by the department in the determination made pursuant to subsection (4).

389 <u>(13) (14)</u> <u>RULE CHALLENGES.</u>In order to provide adequate due 390 process while ensuring timely development of total maximum daily 391 loads, proposed rules and orders authorized by this act <u>are</u> 392 shall be ineffective pending resolution of a s. 120.54(3), s.

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393 120.56, s. 120.569, or s. 120.57 administrative proceeding. 394 However, the department may go forward prior to resolution of 395 such administrative proceedings with subsequent agency actions 396 authorized by subsections (2)-(6) if  $\frac{1}{7}$  provided that the 397 department can support and substantiate those actions using the 398 underlying bases for the rules or orders without the benefit of 399 any legal presumption favoring, or in deference to, the 400 challenged rules or orders.

401 Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 402 made by this act to section 403.067, Florida Statutes, in a 403 reference thereto, paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 404 403.088, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

405 406 403.088 Water pollution operation permits; conditions.(2)

407 (e) However, if the discharge will not meet permit
408 conditions or applicable statutes and rules, the department may
409 issue, renew, revise, or reissue the operation permit if:

410 1. The applicant is constructing, installing, or placing 411 into operation, or has submitted plans and a reasonable schedule 412 for constructing, installing, or placing into operation, an 413 approved pollution abatement facility or alternative waste 414 disposal system;

415 2. The applicant needs permission to pollute the waters 416 within the state for a period of time necessary to complete 417 research, planning, construction, installation, or operation of 418 an approved and acceptable pollution abatement facility or 419 alternative waste disposal system;

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3. There is no present, reasonable, alternative means of

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421 disposing of the waste other than by discharging it into the 422 waters of the state;

423 4. The granting of an operation permit will be in the424 public interest;

425 5. The discharge will not be unreasonably destructive to426 the quality of the receiving waters; or

427 6. A water quality credit trade that meets the428 requirements of s. 403.067.

429 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.